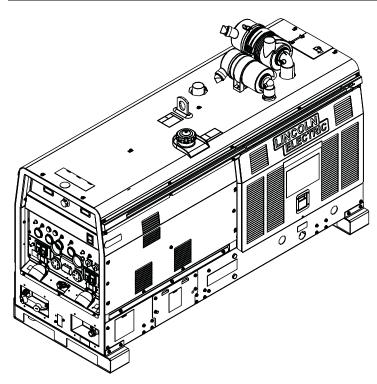


Operator's Manual

AIR VANTAGE [®] 650 CUMMINS



For use with machines having Code Numbers: **11654, 12378**



Register your machine: www.lincolnelectric.com/register

Authorized Service and Distributor Locator: www.lincolnelectric.com/locator

Save for future reference

Date Purchased

Code: (ex: 10859)

Serial: (ex: U1060512345)

Need Help? Call 1.888.935.3877 to talk to a Service Representative

Hours of Operation: 8:00 AM to 6:00 PM (ET) Mon. thru Fri.

After hours?

Use "Ask the Experts" at lincolnelectric.com A Lincoln Service Representative will contact you no later than the following business day.

For Service outside the USA:

Email: globalservice@lincolnelectric.com

■ Lincoln Global, Inc. All Rights Reserved.

THE LINCOLN ELECTRIC COMPANY 22801 St. Clair Avenue • Cleveland, OH • 44117-1199 • U.S.A. Phone: +1.216.481.8100 • www.lincolnelectric.com

THANK YOU FOR SELECTING A QUALITY PRODUCT BY LINCOLN ELECTRIC.

PLEASE EXAMINE CARTON AND EQUIPMENT FOR DAMAGE IMMEDIATELY

When this equipment is shipped, title passes to the purchaser upon receipt by the carrier. Consequently, claims for material damaged in shipment must be made by the purchaser against the transportation company at the time the shipment is received.

SAFETY DEPENDS ON YOU

Lincoln arc welding and cutting equipment is designed and built with safety in mind. However, your overall safety can be increased by proper installation ... and thoughtful operation on your part. DO NOT INSTALL, OPERATE OR REPAIR THIS EQUIPMENT WITHOUT READING THIS MANUAL AND THE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS CONTAINED THROUGHOUT. And, most importantly, think before you act and be careful.

This statement appears where the information must be followed exactly to avoid serious personal injury or loss of life.

This statement appears where the information must be followed to avoid minor personal injury or damage to this equipment.

KEEP YOUR HEAD OUT OF THE FUMES.

DON'T get too close to the arc. Use corrective lenses if necessary to stay a reasonable distance away from the arc.

READ and obey the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) and the warning label that appears on all containers of welding materials.

USE ENOUGH VENTILATION or exhaust at the arc, or both, to

keep the fumes and gases from your breathing zone and the general area.

IN A LARGE ROOM OR OUTDOORS, natural ventilation may be adequate if you keep your head out of the fumes (See below).

USE NATURAL DRAFTS or fans to keep the fumes away from your face.

If you develop unusual symptoms, see your supervisor. Perhaps the welding atmosphere and ventilation system should be checked.



WEAR CORRECT EYE, EAR & BODY PROTECTION

PROTECT your eyes and face with welding helmet properly fitted and with proper grade of filter plate (See ANSI Z49.1).

PROTECT your body from welding spatter and arc flash with protective clothing including woolen clothing, flame-proof apron and gloves, leather leggings, and high boots.

PROTECT others from splatter, flash, and glare with protective screens or barriers.

IN SOME AREAS, protection from noise may be appropriate.

BE SURE protective equipment is in good condition.

Also, wear safety glasses in work area **AT ALL TIMES.**



SPECIAL SITUATIONS

DO NOT WELD OR CUT containers or materials which previously had been in contact with hazardous substances unless they are properly cleaned. This is extremely dangerous.

DO NOT WELD OR CUT painted or plated parts unless special precautions with ventilation have been taken. They can release highly toxic fumes or gases.



Additional precautionary measures

PROTECT compressed gas cylinders from excessive heat, mechanical shocks, and arcs; fasten cylinders so they cannot fall.

BE SURE cylinders are never grounded or part of an electrical circuit.

REMOVE all potential fire hazards from welding area.

ALWAYS HAVE FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE AND KNOW HOW TO USE IT.









CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 WARNINGS



WARNING: Breathing diesel engine exhaust exposes you to chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects. or other reproductive harm.

- Always start and operate the engine in a well-ventilated area.
- If in an exposed area, vent the exhaust to the outside.
- Do not modify or tamper with the exhaust system.
- Do not idle the engine except as necessary.

For more information go to www.P65 warnings.ca.gov/diesel

WARNING: This product, when used for welding or cutting, produces fumes or gases which contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause birth defects and, in some cases, cancer. (California Health & Safety Code § 25249.5 et seq.)



WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm www.P65warnings.ca.gov

ARC WELDING CAN BE HAZARDOUS. PROTECT YOURSELF AND OTHERS FROM POSSIBLE SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH. KEEP CHILDREN AWAY. PACEMAKER WEARERS SHOULD CONSULT WITH THEIR DOCTOR BEFORE OPERATING.

Read and understand the following safety highlights. For additional safety information, it is strongly recommended that you purchase a copy of "Safety in Welding & Cutting -ANSI Standard Z49.1" from the American Welding Society, P.O. Box 351040, Miami, Florida 33135 or CSA Standard W117.2-1974. A Free copy of "Arc Welding Safety" booklet E205 is available from the Lincoln Electric Company, 22801 St. Clair Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio 44117-1199.

BE SURE THAT ALL INSTALLATION, OPERATION, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR PROCEDURES ARE PERFORMED ONLY BY QUALIFIED INDIVIDUALS.

FOR ENGINE POWERED EQUIPMENT.



- 1.a. Turn the engine off before troubleshooting and maintenance work unless the maintenance work requires it to be running.
- 1.b. Operate engines in open, well-ventilated areas or vent the engine exhaust fumes outdoors.
- 1.c. Do not add the fuel near an open flame welding arc or when the engine is running. Stop the engine and allow it to cool before refueling to prevent spilled fuel from vaporizing on contact



with hot engine parts and igniting. Do not spill fuel when filling tank. If fuel is spilled, wipe it up and do not start engine until fumes have been eliminated.

1.d. Keep all equipment safety guards, covers and devices in position and in good repair. Keep hands, hair, clothing and tools away from V-belts, gears, fans and all other moving parts when starting, operating or repairing equipment.



- 1.e. In some cases it may be necessary to remove safety guards to perform required maintenance. Remove guards only when necessary and replace them when the maintenance requiring their removal is complete. Always use the greatest care when working near moving parts.
- 1.f. Do not put your hands near the engine fan. Do not attempt to override the governor or idler by pushing on the throttle control rods while the engine is running.
- 1.g. To prevent accidentally starting gasoline engines while turning the engine or welding generator during maintenance work, disconnect the spark plug wires, distributor cap or magneto wire as appropriate.
- 1.h. To avoid scalding, do not remove the radiator pressure cap when the engine is hot.



ELECTRIC AND MAGNETIC FIELDS MAY **BE DANGEROUS**



- 2.a. Electric current flowing through any conductor causes localized Electric and Magnetic Fields (EMF). Welding current creates EMF fields around welding cables and welding machines
- 2.b. EMF fields may interfere with some pacemakers, and welders having a pacemaker should consult their physician before welding.
- 2.c. Exposure to EMF fields in welding may have other health effects which are now not known.
- 2.d. All welders should use the following procedures in order to minimize exposure to EMF fields from the welding circuit:
 - 2.d.1. Route the electrode and work cables together Secure them with tape when possible.
 - 2.d.2. Never coil the electrode lead around your body.
 - 2.d.3. Do not place your body between the electrode and work cables. If the electrode cable is on your right side, the work cable should also be on your right side.
 - 2.d.4. Connect the work cable to the workpiece as close as possible to the area being welded.
 - 2.d.5. Do not work next to welding power source.



ELECTRIC SHOCK CAN KILL.



- 3.a. The electrode and work (or ground) circuits are electrically "hot" when the welder is on. Do not touch these "hot" parts with your bare skin or wet clothing. Wear dry, hole-free gloves to insulate hands.
- 3.b. Insulate yourself from work and ground using dry insulation. Make certain the insulation is large enough to cover your full area of physical contact with work and ground.

In addition to the normal safety precautions, if welding must be performed under electrically hazardous conditions (in damp locations or while wearing wet clothing; on metal structures such as floors, gratings or scaffolds; when in cramped positions such as sitting, kneeling or lying, if there is a high risk of unavoidable or accidental contact with the workpiece or ground) use the following equipment:

- Semiautomatic DC Constant Voltage (Wire) Welder.
- DC Manual (Stick) Welder.
- AC Welder with Reduced Voltage Control.
- 3.c. In semiautomatic or automatic wire welding, the electrode, electrode reel, welding head, nozzle or semiautomatic welding gun are also electrically "hot".
- 3.d. Always be sure the work cable makes a good electrical connection with the metal being welded. The connection should be as close as possible to the area being welded.
- 3.e. Ground the work or metal to be welded to a good electrical (earth) ground.
- 3.f. Maintain the electrode holder, work clamp, welding cable and welding machine in good, safe operating condition. Replace damaged insulation.
- 3.g. Never dip the electrode in water for cooling.
- 3.h. Never simultaneously touch electrically "hot" parts of electrode holders connected to two welders because voltage between the two can be the total of the open circuit voltage of both welders.
- 3.i. When working above floor level, use a safety belt to protect yourself from a fall should you get a shock.
- 3.j. Also see Items 6.c. and 8.





- 4.a. Use a shield with the proper filter and cover plates to protect your eyes from sparks and the rays of the arc when welding or observing open arc welding. Headshield and filter lens should conform to ANSI Z87. I standards.
- 4.b. Use suitable clothing made from durable flame-resistant material to protect your skin and that of your helpers from the arc rays.
- 4.c. Protect other nearby personnel with suitable, non-flammable screening and/or warn them not to watch the arc nor expose themselves to the arc rays or to hot spatter or metal.

FUMES AND GASES CAN BE DANGEROUS.



- 5.a. Welding may produce fumes and gases hazardous to health. Avoid breathing these
 - fumes and gases. When welding, keep your head out of the fume. Use enough ventilation and/or exhaust at the arc to keep fumes and gases away from the breathing zone. When welding hardfacing (see instructions on container or SDS) or on lead or cadmium plated steel and other metals or coatings which produce highly toxic fumes, keep exposure as low as possible and within applicable OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV limits using local exhaust or mechanical ventilation unless exposure assessments indicate otherwise. In confined spaces or in some circumstances, outdoors, a respirator may also be required. Additional precautions are also required when welding
 - on galvanized steel.
- 5. b. The operation of welding fume control equipment is affected by various factors including proper use and positioning of the equipment, maintenance of the equipment and the specific welding procedure and application involved. Worker exposure level should be checked upon installation and periodically thereafter to be certain it is within applicable OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV limits.
- 5.c. Do not weld in locations near chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors coming from degreasing, cleaning or spraying operations. The heat and rays of the arc can react with solvent vapors to form phosgene, a highly toxic gas, and other irritating products.
- 5.d. Shielding gases used for arc welding can displace air and cause injury or death. Always use enough ventilation, especially in confined areas, to insure breathing air is safe.
- 5.e. Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions for this equipment and the consumables to be used, including the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) and follow your employer's safety practices. SDS forms are available from your welding distributor or from the manufacturer.
- 5.f. Also see item 1.b.

WELDING AND CUTTING SPARKS CAN CAUSE FIRE OR EXPLOSION.



- 6.a. Remove fire hazards from the welding area. If this is not possible, cover them to prevent the welding sparks from starting a fire. Remember that welding sparks and hot materials from welding can easily go through small cracks and openings to adjacent areas. Avoid welding near hydraulic lines. Have a fire extinguisher readily available.
- 6.b. Where compressed gases are to be used at the job site, special precautions should be used to prevent hazardous situations. Refer to "Safety in Welding and Cutting" (ANSI Standard Z49.1) and the operating information for the equipment being used.
- 6.c. When not welding, make certain no part of the electrode circuit is touching the work or ground. Accidental contact can cause overheating and create a fire hazard.
- 6.d. Do not heat, cut or weld tanks, drums or containers until the proper steps have been taken to insure that such procedures will not cause flammable or toxic vapors from substances inside. They can cause an explosion even though they have been "cleaned". For information, purchase "Recommended Safe Practices for the Preparation for Welding and Cutting of Containers and Piping That Have Held Hazardous Substances", AWS F4.1 from the American Welding Society (see address above).
- 6.e. Vent hollow castings or containers before heating, cutting or welding. They may explode.
- 6.f. Sparks and spatter are thrown from the welding arc. Wear oil free protective garments such as leather gloves, heavy shirt, cuffless trousers, high shoes and a cap over your hair. Wear ear plugs when welding out of position or in confined places. Always wear safety glasses with side shields when in a welding area.
- 6.g. Connect the work cable to the work as close to the welding area as practical. Work cables connected to the building framework or other locations away from the welding area increase the possibility of the welding current passing through lifting chains, crane cables or other alternate circuits. This can create fire hazards or overheat lifting chains or cables until they fail.
- 6.h. Also see item 1.c.
- 6.I. Read and follow NFPA 51B "Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting and Other Hot Work", available from NFPA, 1 Batterymarch Park, PO box 9101, Quincy, MA 022690-9101.
- 6.j. Do not use a welding power source for pipe thawing.

CYLINDER MAY EXPLODE IF DAMAGED.

7.a. Use only compressed gas cylinders containing the correct shielding gas for the process used and properly operating regulators designed for the gas and pressure used. All hoses, fittings, etc. should be suitable for the application and maintained in good condition.



- 7.b. Always keep cylinders in an upright position securely chained to an undercarriage or fixed support.
- 7.c. Cylinders should be located:
 - Away from areas where they may be struck or subjected to physical damage.
 - A safe distance from arc welding or cutting operations and any other source of heat, sparks, or flame.
- 7.d. Never allow the electrode, electrode holder or any other electrically "hot" parts to touch a cylinder.
- 7.e. Keep your head and face away from the cylinder valve outlet when opening the cylinder valve.
- 7.f. Valve protection caps should always be in place and hand tight except when the cylinder is in use or connected for use.
- 7.g. Read and follow the instructions on compressed gas cylinders, associated equipment, and CGA publication P-I, "Precautions for Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Cylinders," available from the Compressed Gas Association, 14501 George Carter Way Chantilly, VA 20151.

FOR ELECTRICALLY POWERED EQUIPMENT.



- 8.a. Turn off input power using the disconnect switch at the fuse box before working on the equipment.
- 8.b. Install equipment in accordance with the U.S. National Electrical Code, all local codes and the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 8.c. Ground the equipment in accordance with the U.S. National Electrical Code and the manufacturer's recommendations.

Refer to http://www.lincolnelectric.com/safety for additional safety information.

Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)

Conformance

Products displaying the CE mark are in conformity with European Community Council Directive of 15 Dec 2004 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility, 2004/108/EC. It was manufactured in conformity with a national standard that implements a harmonized standard: EN 60974-10 Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Product Standard for Arc Welding Equipment. It is for use with other Lincoln Electric equipment. It is designed for industrial and professional use.

Introduction

All electrical equipment generates small amounts of electromagnetic emission. Electrical emission may be transmitted through power lines or radiated through space, similar to a radio transmitter. When emissions are received by other equipment, electrical interference may result. Electrical emissions may affect many kinds of electrical equipment; other nearby welding equipment, radio and TV reception, numerical controlled machines, telephone systems, computers, etc. Be aware that interference may result and extra precautions may be required when a welding power source is used in a domestic establishment.

Installation and Use

The user is responsible for installing and using the welding equipment according to the manufacturer's instructions. If electromagnetic disturbances are detected then it shall be the responsibility of the user of the welding equipment to resolve the situation with the technical assistance of the manufacturer. In some cases this remedial action may be as simple as earthing (grounding) the welding circuit, see Note. In other cases it could involve construction of an electromagnetic screen enclosing the power source and the work complete with associated input filters. In all cases electromagnetic disturbances must be reduced to the point where they are no longer troublesome.

Note: The welding circuit may or may not be earthed for safety reasons according to national codes. Changing the earthing arrangements should only be authorized by a person who is competent to access whether the changes will increase the risk of injury, e.g., by allowing parallel welding current return paths which may damage the earth circuits of other equipment.

Assessment of Area

Before installing welding equipment the user shall make an assessment of potential electromagnetic problems in the surrounding area. The following shall be taken into account:

- a) other supply cables, control cables, signaling and telephone cables; above, below and adjacent to the welding equipment;
- b) radio and television transmitters and receivers;
- c) computer and other control equipment;
- d) safety critical equipment, e.g., guarding of industrial equipment;
- e) the health of the people around, e.g., the use of pacemakers and hearing aids;
- f) equipment used for calibration or measurement
- g) the immunity of other equipment in the environment. The user shall ensure that other equipment being used in the environment is compatible. This may require additional protection measures;
- h) the time of day that welding or other activities are to be carried out.

Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)

The size of the surrounding area to be considered will depend on the structure of the building and other activities that are taking place. The surrounding area may extend beyond the boundaries of the premises.

Methods of Reducing Emissions

Mains Supply

Welding equipment should be connected to the mains supply according to the manufacturer's recommendations. If interference occurs, it may be necessary to take additional precautions such as filtering of the mains supply. Consideration should be given to shielding the supply cable of permanently installed welding equipment, in metallic conduit or equivalent. Shielding should be electrically continuous throughout its length. The shielding should be connected to the welding power source so that good electrical contact is maintained between the conduit and the welding power source enclosure.

Maintenance of the Welding Equipment

The welding equipment should be routinely maintained according to the manufacturer's recommendations. All access and service doors and covers should be closed and properly fastened when the welding equipment is in operation. The welding equipment should not be modified in any way except for those changes and adjustments covered in the manufacturers instructions. In particular, the spark gaps of arc striking and stabilizing devices should be adjusted and maintained according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

Welding Cables

The welding cables should be kept as short as possible and should be positioned close together, running at or close to floor level.

Equipotential Bonding

Bonding of all metallic components in the welding installation and adjacent to it should be considered. However, metallic components bonded to the work piece will increase the risk that the operator could receive a shock by touching these metallic components and the electrode at the same time. The operator should be insulated from all such bonded metallic components.

Earthing of the Workpiece

Where the workpiece is not bonded to earth for electrical safety, not connected to earth because of its size and position, e.g., ships hull or building steelwork, a connection bonding the workpiece to earth may reduce emissions in some, but not all instances. Care should be taken to prevent the earthing of the workpiece increasing the risk of injury to users, or damage to other electrical equipment. Where necessary, the connection of the workpiece to earth should be made by a direct connection to the workpiece, but in some countries where direct connection is not permitted, the bonding should be achieved by suitable capacitance, selected according to national regulations.

Screening and Shielding

Selective screening and shielding of other cables and equipment in the surrounding area may alleviate problems of interference. Screening of the entire welding installation may be considered for special applications¹.

¹ Portions of the preceding text are contained in EN 60974-10: "Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) product standard for arc welding equipment."

Page

Istallation	Section A
Technical Specifications	A-1
Safety Precautions	A-2
VRD (Voltage Reduction Device)	A-2
Location and Ventilation	
Storing	A-2
Stacking	A-3
Angle of Operation	A-3
Lifting	
High Altitude Operation	A-3
High Temperature Operation	
Towing	
Vehicle Mounting	A-3
Pre-Operation Engine and Compressor Service	
Oil	
Fuel and Fuel Cap	
Engine Coolant System	
Battery Connections	
Muffler Outlet Pipe	
Spark Arrestor	
Air Cleaner Inlet Hood	A-5
Welding Terminals	
Welding Output Cables	A-5
Machine Grounding	
Remote Control	
Auxiliary Power Receptacles and Standby Power Connections	
Premises Wiring	
Connection of Lincoln Electric Wire Feeders	
Electrical Device used with this Product	

Operation Section B

Safety Precautions	B-1
General Description	B-1
Auxiliary Power	B-1
Engine Operation	B-1
Add Fuel	B-2
Hand Primer Button	B-2
Recommended Applications	
Air Compressor	B-2
Generator	
Welder Controls	B-3 thru B-4
Engine Controls	B-5
Engine Operations	B-7
Welder Operations	B-8 thru B-10
Auxiliary Power Operation	B-11
Simultaneous Welding and Auxiliary Power Loads	B-11
Accessories	
Optional Field Installed Accessories	C-1

Maintenance	Section D
Safety Precautions	D-1
Routine and Periodic Maintenance	D-1
Compressor Maintenance	D-1
Engine Maintenance	D-1
Air Filter	D-1
Service Instructions for Engine Air Cleaner	D-2
Fuel Filters	
Cooling System	D-3
Battery Handling	D-4
Charging the Battery	
Servicing Muffler with Internal Spark Arrester	D-4
Nameplate / Warning Decal Maintenance	D-5
Welder / Generator Maintenance	D-5
Engine Maintenance Components	D-5
GFCI Receptacle Testing and Reseting Procedure	D-6
Troubleshooting	Section E
Connection Diagrams, Wiring Diagrams and Dimension Print	Section F
Parts Listpar	ts.lincolnelectric.com
Content/details may be changed or updated without notice. For most current Instr parts.lincolnelectric.com.	uction Manuals, go to

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS - AIR VANTAGE® 650 CUMMINS (K2961-1)

			INPUT - DIE	SEL ENGINE			
Make/Model	Description		Speed (RPM)	Displacement cu. in. (ltrs.)	Starting System	Dry Capacities	
4 cylinder Cummins® 69 HP (51.		N)	High Idle 1860	199(3.3)	12VDC Battery & starter	Fuel: 25 gal. (94.6 L)	
B3.3T	1800 RPM Turbo Charge	í	Full Load 1860	Bore x Stroke inch (mm)		0il: 2 gal. (7.6L)	
	Diesel Engine		Low Idle 1500	3.74 X 4.53 (95 x 115mm)		Radiator Coolant 4.0gal. (15.1L)	
		RATE	D OUTPUT @ 10	04°F(40°C) - WELD	ER	U	
Duty Cycle			Welding Output		Volts at Rated A	mps	
100%		6	00 Amps (DC multi-j	ourpose)	44 Volts		
60%		6	50 Amps (DC multi-	ourpose)	40 volts		
40%			00 Amps (DC multi-		38 volts		
	00	TPUT @	2 104°F(40°C) -	WELDER AND GENE	RATOR		
			Welding	Range			
			30 - 700 Am	-			
			20 - 250 A				
			Open Circui				
60 Max OCV @ 1860 RPM Auxiliary Power ۱۱۰							
			-	40 VAC			
) Hz., Single Phase			
				0 Hz., Three Phase			
			COMPRESSOR S	SPECIFICATIONS			
Compressor Model	Descriptio	n	Delivery	Maximum System Pressure	Compressor Protection	Capacities	
VMAC [®] Belt-Drive S700159 Screw Air			High Idle Mode: 60 SCFM @ 100PSI (28.3 Ltr/sec. @ 7.0 kg/cm)	150 PSI (10.5 kg/cm²)	Safety Relief Valve 200 PSI (14.1 kg/cm ²)	1.3 gal.(5.0 ltrs)	
					High Temperature Automatic Shutdown 290° F (143°C)		
Height ⁽²⁾		Width ⁽³⁾		DIMENSIONS Depth	Weigh	nt	
36.9 in				77.0 in.	2018 lt		
(937mm)		28.5 in. (724 mm)		(1956 mm)	(915 kg) (Approx.)		

Lift Bail weight rating 2500 lbs. (1134 kg.) Maximum.

Output rating in watts is equivalent to volt-amperes at unity power factor. (1)

Output voltage is within +/- 10% at all loads up to rated capacity. When welding, available auxiliary power will be reduced. Top of Enclosure, add 8.3" (211mm) for exhaust pipe, also add 3.65" (93mm) for metal skid.

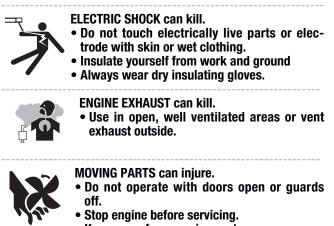
(2) (3)

Without metal skid.

FIGURE A.1

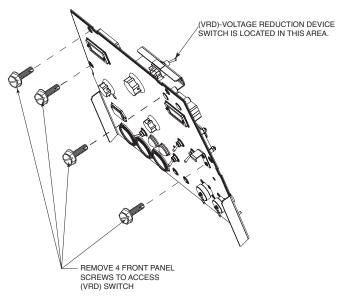
🏠 WARNING

Do not attempt to use this equipment until you have thoroughly read the engine manufacturer's manual supplied with your welder. It includes important safety precautions, detailed engine starting, operating and maintenance instructions, and parts lists.



- · Keep away from moving parts.
- hoop and, hom hornig partor

See additional warning information at front of this operator's manual.



LOCATION AND VENTILATION

The welder should be located to provide an unrestricted flow of clean, cool air to the cooling air inlets and to avoid restricting the cooling air outlets. Also, locate the welder so that the engine exhaust fumes are properly vented to an outside area.

DO NOT MOUNT OVER COMBUSTIBLE SURFACES

A CAUTION

Where there is a combustible surface directly under stationary or fixed electrical equipment, that surface should be covered with a steel plate at least .06"(1.6mm) thick, which should extend not less than 5.90"(150mm) beyond the equipment on all sides.

VRD (VOLTAGE REDUCTION DEVICE)

The VRD feature provides additional safety in the CC-Stick mode especially in an environment with a higher risk of electric shock such as wet areas and hot humid sweaty conditions.

The VRD reduces the OCV (Open Circuit Voltage) at the welding output terminals while not welding to less than **30V** DC when the resistance of the output circuit is above 200Ω (ohms).

The VRD requires that the welding cable connections be kept in good electrical condition because poor connections will contribute to poor starting. Having good electrical connections also limits the possibility of other safety issues such as heat-generated damage, burns and fires.

The machine is shipped with the VRD switch in the "Off" position. To turn it "On" or "Off":

- Turn the engine "Off".
- Disconnect the negative battery cable.
- Lower the control panel by removing 4 front panel screws. (See Figure A.1)
- Place the VRD switch in the "On or "Off" position. (See Figure A.1)

With the VRD switch in the "On" position, the VRD lights are enabled.

STORING

- 1. Store the machine in a cool, dry place when it is not in use. Protect it from dust and dirt. Keep it where it can't be accidentally damaged from construction activities, moving vehicles, and other hazards.
- Drain the engine oil and refill with fresh 10W30 oil. Run the engine for about five minutes to circulate oil to all the parts. See the MAINTENANCE section of this manual for details on changing oil.
- 3. Remove the battery, recharge it, and adjust the electrolyte level. Store the battery in a dry, dark place.

STACKING

AIR VANTAGE® 650 CUMMINS machines cannot be stacked.

ANGLE OF OPERATION

To achieve optimum engine performance the AIR VANTAGE[®] 650 CUMMINS should be run in a level position.

The maximum angle of operation for the machine with the compressor running is 25 degrees continuous in all directions.

The maximum angle of operation for the machine with the compressor not running is 35 degrees continuous in all directions.

When operating the welder at an angle, provisions must be made for checking and maintaining the oil level at the normal (FULL) oil capacity. Also the effective fuel capacity will be slightly less than the specified 25 gal.(94.6 ltrs.).

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS Only qualified personnel should install, use, or service this equipment.

LIFTING

The AIR VANTAGE® 650 CUMMINS weighs approximately 2188 lbs.(992 kg) with a full tank of fuel, 2018 lbs.(915kg) less fuel. A lift bail is mounted to the machine and should always be used when lifting the machine.

A WARNING



- Lift only with equipment of adequate lifting capacity.
- Be sure machine is stable when lifting.
- Do not lift this machine using lift bail if it is equipped with a heavy accessory such as trailer or gas cylinder.

FALLING EQUIPMENT can cause injury.

• Do not operate machine while

damaged.

suspended from lift bail.

• Do not lift machine if lift bail is

• DO NOT EXCEED MAXIMUM LIFT BAIL WEIGHT RATING. (SEE TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS PAGE)

HIGH ALTITUDE OPERATION

At higher altitudes, output derating may be necessary. For maximum rating, derate the welder output 4% for every 300 meters (984 ft.) above 1500 meters (4920 ft.). For output of 500A and below, derate the welder output 4% for every 300 meters (984 ft.) above 2100 meters (6888 ft.).

Contact a Cummins Service Representative for any engine adjustments that may be required.

HIGH TEMPERATURE OPERATION

At temperatures above 40°C (104°F), output voltage derating may be necessary. For maximum output current ratings, derate welder voltage rating 2 volts for every 10°C (21°F) above 40°C (104°F).

TOWING

The recommended trailer for use with this equipment for road, in-plant and yard towing by a vehicle ⁽¹⁾ is Lincoln's K2637-2. If the user adapts a non-Lincoln trailer, he must assume responsibility that the method of attachment and usage does not result in a safety hazard nor damage the welding equipment. Some of the factors to be considered are as follows:

- 1. Design capacity of trailer vs. weight of Lincoln equipment and likely additional attachments.
- Proper support of, and attachment to, the base of the welding equipment so that there will be no undue stress to the trailer's framework.
- 3. Proper placement of the equipment on the trailer to insure stability side to side and front to back when being moved and when standing by itself.
- 4. Typical conditions of use, such as travel speed, roughness of surface on which the trailer will be operated, and environmental conditions.
- 5. Proper preventative maintenance of trailer.
- 6. Conformance with federal, state and local laws⁽¹⁾.
- ⁽¹⁾ Consult applicable federal, state and local laws regarding specific requirements for use on public highways.

VEHICLE MOUNTING

Improperly mounted concentrated loads may cause unstable vehicle handling and tires or other components to fail.

• Only transport this Equipment on serviceable vehicles which are rated and designed for such loads.

A WARNING

- Distribute, balance and secure loads so vehicle is stable under conditions of use.
- Do not exceed maximum rated loads for components such as suspension, axles and tires.
- Mount equipment base to metal bed or frame of vehicle.
- Follow vehicle manufacture's instructions.

PRE-OPERATION ENGINE AND COMPRESSOR SERVICE

READ the engine and compressor operating and maintenance instructions supplied with this machine.

WARNING



• Keep hands away from the engine muffler or HOT engine parts.

- Stop engine and allow to cool before fuelling.
- · Do not smoke when fuelling.
- Fill fuel tank at a moderate rate and do not over-fill.
- · Wipe up spilled fuel and allow fumes to clear before starting engine.
- Keep sparks and flame away from tank.



The AIR VANTAGE[®] 650 CUMMINS is shipped with the engine crankcase filled with high quality SAE 10W-30 oil (API class CD or better). Check the engine and compressor oil levels before starting the engine. If it is not up to the full mark on the dip stick, add oil as required. Check the oil level every four hours of running time during the first 35 running hours. Refer to the engine and compressor Operator's Manuals for specific oil recommendations and break-in information. The oil change interval is dependent on the quality of the oil and the operating environment. Refer to the engine and compressor Operator's Manuals for the proper service and maintenance intervals.

FUEL

- **USE DIESEL FUEL ONLY**
- Fill the fuel tank with clean, fresh diesel fuel. The capacity of the fuel tank is approximately 25 gallons (95 liters). See engine Operator's Manual for specific fuel recommendations. Running out of fuel may require bleeding the fuel injection pump.

NOTE: Before starting the engine, open the fuel shutoff valve (pointer to be in line with hose).

FUEL CAP

Remove the plastic cap covering from the Fuel Tank Filler neck and install the Fuel Cap.

ENGINE COOLANT

\Lambda WARNING

HOT COOLANT can burn skin.

•Do not remove cap if radiator is hot.

The welder is shipped with the engine and radiator filled with a 50% mixture of ethylene glycol and water. See the MAINTE-NANCE section and the engine Operator's Manual for more information on coolant.

BATTERY CONNECTION

A WARNING

GASES FROM BATTERY can explode.

· Keep sparks, flame and cigarettes away from battery.

To prevent EXPLOSION when:

- INSTALLING A NEW BATTERY disconnect negative cable from old battery first and connect to new battery last.
- CONNECTING A BATTERY CHARGER remove battery from welder by disconnecting negative cable first, then positive cable and battery clamp. When reinstalling, connect negative cable last. Keep well ventilated.
- USING A BOOSTER connect positive lead to battery first then connect negative lead to negative battery lead at engine foot.



BATTERY ACID can burn eyes and skin.

- Wear gloves and eye protection and be careful when working near battery.
- Follow instructions printed on battery.

IMPORTANT: To prevent ELECTRICAL DAMAGE WHEN:

a) Installing new batteries.

b) Using a booster.

Use correct polarity — Negative Ground.

AIR VANTAGE® 650 CUMMINS

The AIR VANTAGE[®] 650 CUMMINS is shipped with the negative battery cable disconnected. Before you operate the machine, make sure the Engine Switch is in the **OFF** position and attach the disconnected cable securely to the negative (-) battery terminal.

Remove the insulating cap from the negative battery terminal. Replace and tighten negative battery cable terminal. **NOTE:** This machine is furnished with a wet charged battery; if unused for several months, the battery may require a booster charge. Be sure to use the correct polarity when charging the battery.

MUFFLER OUTLET PIPE

Remove the plastic plug covering the muffler outlet tube. Using the clamp provided secure the outlet pipe to the outlet tube with the pipe positioned such that it will direct the exhaust in the desired position.

SPARK ARRESTOR

Some federal, state or local laws may require that petrol or diesel engines be equipped with exhaust spark arrestors when they are operated in certain locations where unarrested sparks may present a fire hazard. The standard muffler included with this welder has an internal spark arrestor. When required by local regulations, a suitable spark arrestor, must be installed and properly maintained.

An incorrect arrestor may lead to damage to the engine or adversely affect performance.

AIR CLEANER INLET HOOD

Remove the plastic plug covering the air cleaner inlet. Install the air cleaner inlet hood to the air cleaner.

WELDING TERMINALS

The AIR VANTAGE[®] 650 CUMMINS is equipped with a toggle switch for selecting "hot" welding terminals when in the "WELD TERMINALS ON" position or "cold" welding terminals when in the "REMOTELY CONTROLLED" position.

WELDING OUTPUT CABLES

With the engine off, route the electrode and work cables thru the strain relief bracket provided on the front of the base and connect to the terminals provided. These connections should be checked periodically and tightened if necessary.

Listed in Table A.1 are copper cable sizes recommended for the rated current and duty cycle. Lengths stipulated are the distance from the welder to work and back to the welder again. Cable sizes are increased for greater lengths primarily for the purpose of minimizing cable voltage drop.

Table A.1 Combined Length of Electrode and Work Cables.

TOTAL COMBINED LENGTH OF ELECTRODE AND WORK CABLES

Cable Length	Parallel Cables	Cable Size for 600 Amps 100% Duty Cycle
Lengths up to 150 ft. (46m)		1/0 AWG (53mm ²⁾
150 ft. (46m) to 200 ft. (61m)	2	2/0 AWG (67mm ²⁾
200 ft. (61m) to 250 ft. (76m)		3/0 AWG(85mm ²⁾

MACHINE GROUNDING

()

Because this portable engine driven welder creates its own power, it is not necessary to connect its frame to an earth ground, unless the machine is connected to premises wiring (home, shop, etc.).

To prevent dangerous electric shock, other equipment to which this engine driven welder supplies power must:

A WARNING

- Be grounded to the frame of the welder using a grounded type plug or be double insulated.
- Do not ground the machine to a pipe that carries explosive or combustible material.

When this welder is mounted on a truck or trailer, its frame must be securely connected to the metal frame of the vehicle. When this engine driven welder is connected to premises wiring such as that in a home or shop, its frame must be connected to the system earth ground. See further connection instructions in the section entitled "Standby Power Connections" as well as the article on grounding in the latest National Electrical Code and the local codes.

In general, if the machine is to be grounded, it should be connected with a #8 or larger copper wire to a solid earth ground such as a metal ground stake going into the ground for at least 10 Feet or to the metal framework of a building which has been effectively grounded.

The National Electric Code lists a number of alternate means of grounding electrical equipment. A machine grounding stud marked with the symbol is provided on the front of the welder.

REMOTE CONTROL

The AIR VANTAGE[®] 650 CUMMINS is equipped with a 6-pin and a 14-pin connector. The 6-pin connector is for connecting the K857 or K857-1 Remote Control or for TIG welding, the K870 foot Amptrol or the K963-3 hand Amptrol. When in the CC-STICK, ARC GOUGING or CV-WIRE modes and when a remote control is connected to the 6-pin Connector, the auto-sensing circuit auto-matically switches the OUTPUT control from control at the welder to remote control.

When in TOUCH START TIG mode and when a Amptrol is connected to the 6-Pin Connector, the OUTPUT dial is used to set the maximum current range of the CURRENT CONTROL of the Amptrol.

When in the DOWNHILL PIPE mode and when a remote control is connected to the 6-Pin or 14-Pin connector, the output control is used to set the maximum current range of the remote.

EXAMPLE: When the OUTPUT CONTROL on the welder is set to 200 amps the current range on the remote control will be 40-200 amps, rather than the full 40-300 amps. Any current range that is less than the full range provides finer current resolution for more fine tuning of the output.

In the CV-WIRE mode, if the feeder being used has a voltage control when the wire feeder control cable is connected to the 14-Pin Connector, the auto-sensing circuit automatically makes OUTPUT CONTROL inactive and the wire feeder voltage control active. Otherwise, the OUTPUT CONTROL is used to preset the voltage.

The 14-pin connector is used to directly connect a wire feeder control cable. In the CV-WIRE mode, when the control cable is connected to the 14-pin connector, the auto-sensing circuit automatically makes the Output Control inactive and the wire feeder voltage control active.

A WARNING

NOTE: When a wire feeder with a built in welding voltage control is connected to the 14-pin connector, do not connect anything to the 6-pin connector.

AUXILIARY POWER RECEPTACLES

Start the engine and set the "IDLER" control switch to the "High Idle" mode. Voltage is now correct at the receptacles for auxiliary power. This must be done before a tripped GFCI can be reset properly. See the MAINTENANCE section for more detailed information on testing and resetting the GFCI.

The auxiliary power of the AIR VANTAGE[®] 650 CUMMINS consists of two 20 Amp-120 VAC (5-20R) duplex with GFCI protection, one 50 Amp 120/240 VAC (14-50R) receptacle and one 50 Amp 240VAC Three-Phase (15-50R) receptacle.

The auxiliary power capacity is 12,000 Watts Continuous of 60 Hz, single phase power. The auxiliary power capacity rating in watts is equivalent to volt-amperes at unity power factor. The max permissible current of the 240 VAC output is 50 amps.

The 240 VAC output can be split to provide two separate 120 VAC outputs with a max permissible current of 50 Amps per output to two separate 120 VAC branch circuits (these circuits cannot be paralleled). Output voltage is within \pm 10% at all loads up to rated capacity.

The Three-Phases auxiliary power capacity is 20,000 watts continuous. The maximum current is 48 amps.

120 V DUPLEX RECEPTACLE AND GFCI

A GFCI protects the two 120V auxiliary power.

A GFCI (Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter) is a device to protect against electric shock should a piece of defective equipment connected to it develop a ground fault. If this situation should occur, the GFCI will trip, removing voltage from the output of the receptacle. If a GFCI is tripped see the MAINTENANCE section for detailed information on testing and resetting it. A GFCI should be properly tested at least once every month.

The 120 V auxiliary power receptacles should only be used with three wire grounded type plugs or approved double insulated tools with two wire plugs. The current rating of any plug used with the system must be at least equal to the current capacity of the associated receptacle. **NOTE:** The 240 V receptacle has two 120 V circuits, but are of opposite polarities and cannot be paralleled.

All auxiliary power is protected by circuit breakers. The 120V has 20 Amp circuit breakers for each duplex receptacle. The 120/240V Single Phase and the 240V Three-Phases have a 50 Amp 3-pole Circuit Breaker that disconnects both hot leads and all Three Phases simultaneously.

STANDBY POWER CONNECTIONS

The AIR VANTAGE[®] 650 CUMMINS is suitable for temporary, standby or emergency power using the engine manufacturer's recommended maintenance schedule.

The AIR VANTAGE[®] 650 CUMMINS can be permanently installed as a standby power unit for 240 volt-3 wire, 50 amp service. Connections must be made by a licensed electrician who can determine how the 120/240 VAC power can be adapted to the particular installation and comply with all applicable electrical codes. The following information can be used as a guide by the electrician for most applications. Refer to the connection diagram shown in **Figure A.2**.

1. Install the double-pole, double-throw switch between the power company meter and the premises disconnect.

Switch rating must be the same or greater than the customer's premises disconnect and service over current protection.

- 2. Take necessary steps to assure load is limited to the capacity of the AIR VANTAGE[®] 650 CUMMINS by installing a 50 amp, 240 VAC double pole circuit breaker. Maximum rated load for each leg of the 240 VAC auxiliary is 50 amps. Loading above the rated output will reduce output voltage below the allowable -10% of rated voltage which may damage appliances or other motor-driven equipment and may result in overheating of the AIR VANTAGE[®] 650 CUMMINS engine.
- 3. Install a 50 amp 120/240 VAC plug (NEMA Type 14-50) to the double-pole circuit breaker using No. 6, 4 conductor cable of the desired length. (The 50 amp, 120/240 VAC plug is available in the optional K802R plug kit.)
- 4. Plug this cable into the 50 Amp 120/240 Volt receptacle on the AIR VANTAGE® 650 CUMMINS case front.

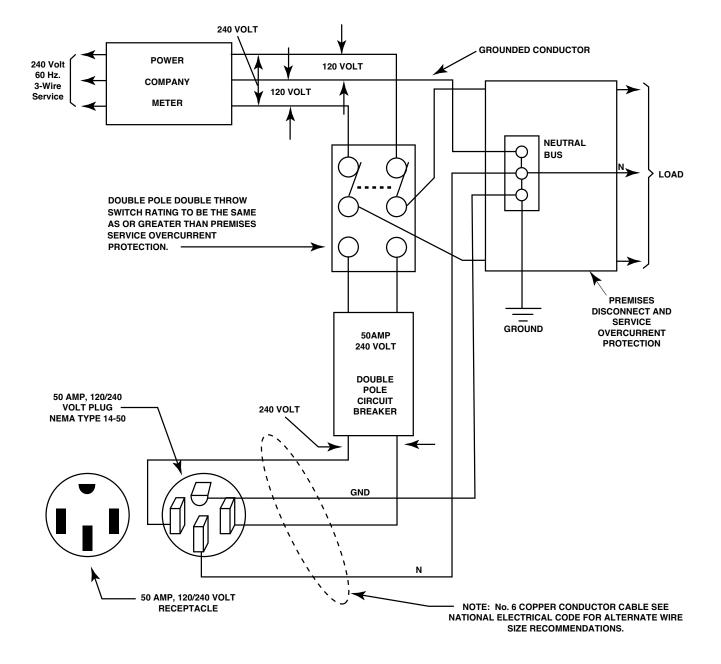


Figure A.2 Connection of the AIR VANTAGE® 650 CUMMINS to Premises Wiring

INSTALLATION

CONNECTION OF LINCOLN ELECTRIC WIRE FEEDERS

\Lambda WARNING

Shut off welder before making any electrical connections.

Connection of LN-7, LN-8 OR LN-742 to the AIR VANTAGE $^{\circ}$ 650 CUMMINS

1. Shut the welder off.

- 2. Connect the LN-7, LN-8 OR LN-742 per instructions on the appropriate connection diagram in Section F.
- 3. Set the "WIRE FEEDER VOLTMETER" switch to either "+" or "-" as required by the electrode being used.
- 4. Set the "MODE" switch to the "CV WIRE " position.
- 5. Set the "ARC CONTROL" knob to "0" initially and adjust to suit.
- 6. Set the "WELD TERMINALS" switch to the "REMOTELY CON-TROLLED" position.
- 7. Set the "IDLE" switch to the "HIGH" position.

Connection of LN-15 to the AIR VANTAGE®650 CUMMINS

These connections instructions apply to both the LN-15 Across-The-Arc and Control Cable models. The LN-15 has an internal contactor and the electrode is not energized until the gun trigger is closed. When the gun trigger is closed the wire will begin to feed and the welding process is started.

1. Shut the welder off.

2. For electrode Positive, connect the electrode cable to the "+" terminal of the welder and work cable to the "-" terminal of the welder. For electrode Negative, connect the electrode cable to the "-" terminal of the welder and work cable to the "+" terminal of the welder.

3. Across The-Arc Model:

- Attach the single lead from the front of the LN-15 to work using the spring clip at the end of the lead. This is a control lead to supply current to the wire feeder motor; it does not carry welding current.
- Set the "WELD TERMINALS" switch to "WELD TERMINALS ON".

 When the gun trigger is closed and an arc has been struck, the current sensing circuit will cause the AIR VANTAGE® 650 CUMMINS engine to go to the high idle speed, the wire will begin to feed and the welding process started. When welding is stopped, the engine will revert to low idle speed after approximately 12 seconds unless welding is resumed.

4. Control Cable Model:

- Connect Control Cable between Engine Welder and Feeder.
- Set the "WELD TERMINALS" switch to "REMOTELY CON-TROLLED"
- Set the MODE switch to the "CV-WIRE " position.
- Set the "WIRE FEEDER VOLTMETER" switch to either "+" or "-" as required by the electrode polarity being used.
- Set the "ARC CONTROL" knob to "0" initially and adjust to suit.
- Set the "IDLE" switch to the "AUTO" position.
- When the gun trigger is closed and an arc has been struck, the current sensing circuit will cause the AIR VANTAGE[®] 650 CUMMINS engine to go to the high idle speed, the wire will begin to feed and the welding process started. When welding is stopped, the engine will revert to low idle speed after approximately 12 seconds unless welding is resumed.

CONNECTION OF THE LN-25 TO THE AIR VANTAGE® 650 CUMMINS.

A WARNING

Shut off welder before making any electrical connections.

The LN-25 with or without an internal contactor may be used with the AIR VANTAGE[®] 650 CUMMINS. See the appropriate connection diagram in Section F.

NOTE: The LN-25 (K431) Remote Control Module and (K432) Remote Cable are not recommended for use with the AIR VAN-TAGE[®] 650 CUMMINS.

1. Shut the welder off.

- 2. For electrode Positive, connect the electrode cable from the LN-25 to the "+" terminal of the welder and work cable to the "-" terminal of the welder. For electrode Negative, connect the electrode cable from the LN-25 to the "-" terminal of the welder and work cable to the "+" terminal of the welder.
- 3. Attach the single lead from the front of the LN-25 to work using the spring clip at the end of the lead. This is a control lead to supply current to the wire feeder motor; it does not carry welding current.
- 4. Set the MODE switch to the "CV-WIRE " position.
- 5. Set the "WELD TERMINALS" switch to "WELD TERMINALS ON"
- 6. Set the "ARC CONTROL" knob to "0" initially and adjust to suit.
- 7. Set the "IDLE" switch to the "AUTO" position. When not welding, the AIR VANTAGE® 650 CUMMINS engine will be at the low idle speed. If you are using an LN-25 with an internal contactor, the electrode is not energized until the gun trigger is closed.
- 8. When the gun trigger is closed and an arc has been struck, the current sensing circuit will cause the AIR VANTAGE® 650 CUMMINS engine to go to the high idle speed, the wire will begin to feed and the welding process started. When welding is stopped, the engine will revert to low idle speed after approximately 12 seconds unless welding is resumed.

A CAUTION

If you are using an LN-25 without an internal contactor, the electrode will be energized when the AIR VANTAGE $^{\circ}$ 650 CUM-MINS is started.

CONNECTION OF AN NA-3 AUTOMATIC WELDING SYSTEM TO THE AIR VANTAGE® 650 CUMMINS

For connection diagrams and instructions for connecting an NA-3 Welding System to the AIR VANTAGE® 650 CUMMINS, refer to the NA-3 Welding System instruction manual. The connection diagram for the LN-8 in Section F can be used for connecting the NA-3.

• Set the Wire Feeder Voltage Switch to 115V.

CONNECTION OF MAGNUM SC SPOOL GUN TO THE AIR VANTAGE® 650 CUMMINS (SEE SECTION F)

Spool Gun (K487-25) and Cobramatic to AIR VANTAGE* 650 CUMMINS

- Shut the welder off.
- Connect per instructions on the appropriate connection diagram in Section F.

A CAUTION

Certain electrical devices cannot be powered by this product. See Table A.2

TABLE A.2 ELECTRICAL DEVICE USE WITH THIS PRODUCT

Туре	Common Electrical Devices	Possible Concerns
Resistive	Heaters, toasters, incandescent light bulbs, electric range, hot pan, skillet, coffee maker.	NONE
Capacitive	TV sets, radios, microwaves, appliances with electrical control.	Voltage spikes or high voltage regulation can cause the capac- itative elements to fail. Surge protection, transient protection, and addi- tional loading is recom- mended for 100% fail-safe operation. DO NOT RUN THESE DEVICES WITHOUT ADDITIONAL RESISTIVE TYPE LOADS.
Inductive	Single-phase induction motors, drills, well pumps, grinders, small refrigerators, weed and hedge trimmers.	These devices require large current inrush for starting. Some synchronous motors may be frequency sensitive to attain maximum output torque, but they SHOULD BE SAFE from any frequency induced failures.
Capacitive / Inductive	Computers, high resolution TV sets, complicated electrical equipment.	An inductive type line condition- er along with transient and surge protection is required, and liabilities still exist. DO NOT USE THESE DEVICES WITH THIS PRODUCT.

The Lincoln Electric Company is not responsible for any damage to electrical components improperly connected to this product.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Read and understand this entire section before operating your AIR VANTAGE® 650 CUMMINS.

A WARNING

Do not attempt to use this equipment until you have thoroughly read the engine manufacturer's manual supplied with your welder. It includes important safety precautions, detailed engine starting, operating and maintenance instructions, and parts lists.



--ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

- Do not touch electrically live parts or electrode with skin or wet clothing.
- Insulate yourself from work and ground
- Always wear dry insulating gloves.

ENGINE EXHAUST can kill.
 Use in open, well ver

 Use in open, well ventilated areas or vent exhaust outside

• Do not stack anything near the engine.



MOVING PARTS can injure.

- Do not operate with doors open or guards off.
- Stop engine before servicing.
- Keep away from moving parts
- Only qualified personnel should operate this equipment.
- Always operate the welder with the sliding door closed and the side panels in place as these provide maximum protection from moving parts and insure proper cooling air flow.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The AIR VANTAGE[®] 650 CUMMINS is a diesel engine-driven welding power source. The machine uses a brush type alternating current generator for DC multi-purpose welding, for 240 VAC single phase. The AIR VANTAGE[®] 650 CUMMINS also has a rotary screw 60 cfm air compressor built in. The DC welding control system uses state of the art Chopper Technology $\boxed{C_{T}}_{@}$ for superior welding performance.

The AIR VANTAGE[®] 650 CUMMINS is fitted with a selectable VRD(Voltage Reduction Device). The VRD operates in the CC-Stick mode reducing the OCV to <13 volts, increasing operator safety when welding is performed in environments with increased hazard of electric shock such as wet areas and hot, humid sweaty conditions.

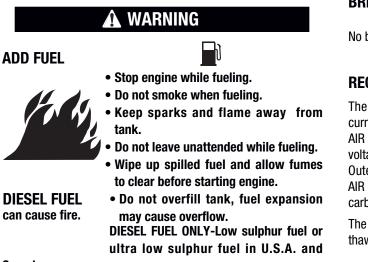
FOR AUXILIARY POWER:

Start the engine and set the IDLER control switch to the desired operating mode. Full power is available regardless of the welding control settings providing no welding current is being drawn.

ENGINE OPERATION

Before Starting the Engine:

- Be sure the machine is on a level surface.
- Open side engine door and remove the engine oil dipstick and wipe it with a clean cloth. Reinsert the dipstick and check the level on the dipstick.
- Add oil (if necessary) to bring the level up to the full mark. Do not overfill. Close engine door.
- Check radiator for proper coolant level. (Fill if necessary).
- Check oil in the compressor for proper level. (Fill if necessary).
- See Engine Owner's Manual for specific oil and coolant recommendations.



Canada.

- Remove the fuel tank cap.
- Fill the tank. DO NOT FILL THE TANK TO THE POINT OF OVER-FLOW.
- Replace the fuel cap and tighten securely.
- See Engine Owner's Manual for specific fuel recommendations.

HAND PRIMER BUTTON

Air in the fuel system will cause the following engine problems:

- · Hard to start
- Run rough
- Misfire
- · Fuel knock

For faster air purge, a small amount of air can be vented from the system by pumping the **hand primer button** on the fuel filter head. (See **Engine Service Side View**)

BREAK-IN PERIOD

No break in period is required for the Cummins engine.

RECOMMENDED APPLICATIONS

The AIR VANTAGE® 650 CUMMINS provides excellent constant current DC welding output for stick (SMAW) and TIG welding. The AIR VANTAGE® 650 CUMMINS also provides excellent constant voltage DC welding output for MIG (GMAW), Innershield (FCAW), Outershield (FCAW-G) and Metal Core welding. In addition the AIR VANTAGE® 650 CUMMINS can be used for Arc Gouging with carbons up to 1/2"(13mm) in diameter.

The AIR VANTAGE® 650 CUMMINS is $\underline{\text{not recommended}}$ for pipe thawing.

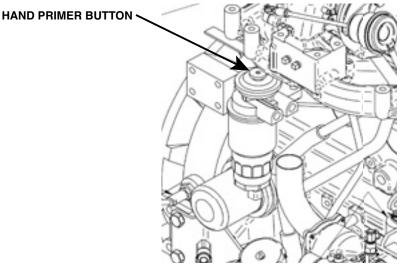
AIR COMPRESSOR

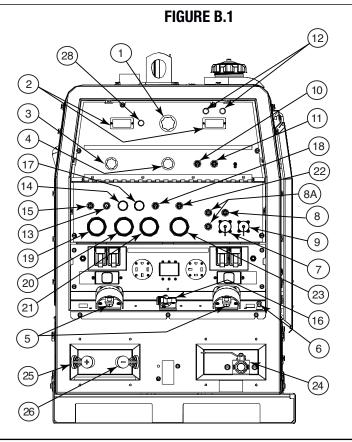
The AIR VANTAGE[®] 650 CUMMINS provides 60 scfm at 100 psi. compressed air for Arc Gouging and Air powered tools.

GENERATOR

The AIR VANTAGE[®] 650 CUMMINS provides smooth 240 VAC single phase and 415V three phase output for auxiliary power and emergency standby power.

Engine Service Side View





WELDING CONTROLS (Figure B.1)

1. OUTPUT CONTROL- The OUTPUT dial is used to preset the output voltage or current as displayed on the digital meters for the five welding modes. When in the ARC GOUGING or CV-WIRE modes and when a remote control is connected to the 6-Pin or 14-Pin Connector, the auto-sensing circuit automatically switches the OUTPUT CONTROL from control at the welder to the remote control.

When in DOWNHILL PIPE and CC-STICK modes if a remote control is connected to the 6-Pin or 14 Pin Connectors, the output is controlled by the remote and the output control on the machine is used to set the maximum current range for the remote.

EXAMPLE: When the OUTPUT CONTROL on the welder is set to 200 amps the current range on the remote control will be MIN-200 amps, rather than the full MIN-MAX amps. Any current range that is less than the full range provides finer current resolution for more fine tuning of the output.

In the CV-WIRE mode, if the feeder being used has a voltage control when the wire feeder control cable is connected to the 14-Pin Connector, the auto-sensing circuit automatically makes OUTPUT CONTROL inactive and the wire feeder voltage control active. Otherwise, the OUTPUT CONTROL is used to preset the voltage

When in the TOUCH START TIG mode and when an Amptrol is connected to the 6-Pin Connector, the OUTPUT dial is used to

set the maximum current range of the CURRENT CONTROL of the Amptrol.

2. DIGITAL OUTPUT METERS-The digital meters allow the output voltage (CV-WIRE mode) or current (CC-STICK, DOWN-HILL PIPE, ARC GOUGING and TIG modes) to be set prior to welding using the OUTPUT control dial. During welding, the meter display the actual output voltage (VOLTS) and current (AMPS). A memory feature holds the display of both meters on for seven seconds after welding is stopped. This allows the operator to read the actual current and voltage just prior to when welding was ceased.

While the display is being held the left-most decimal point in each display will be flashing. The accuracy of the meters is +/-3%.

3. WELD MODE SELECTOR SWITCH-

(Provides five selectable welding modes) CV-WIRE ARC GOUGING DOWNHILL PIPE CC-STICK TOUCH START TIG

AIR VANTAGE® 650 CUMMINS

4. ARC CONTROL- The ARC CONTROL dial is active in the CV-WIRE, CC-STICK and DOWNHILL PIPE modes, and has different functions in these modes. This control is not active in the TIG and ARC GOUGING mode.

CC-STICK mode: In this mode, the ARC CONTROL dial sets the short circuit current (arc-force) during stick welding to adjust for a soft or crisp arc. Increasing the dial from -10 (soft) to +10 (crisp) increases the short circuit current and prevents sticking of the electrode to the plate while welding. This can also increase spatter. It is recommended that the ARC CONTROL be set to the minimum number without electrode sticking. Start with a setting at 0.

DOWNHILL PIPE mode: In this mode, the ARC CONTROL dial sets the short circuit current (arc-force) during stick welding to adjust for a soft or a more forceful digging arc (crisp). Increasing the number from -10 (soft) to +10 (crisp) increases the short circuit current which results in a more forceful digging arc. Typically a forceful digging arc is preferred for root and hot passes. A softer arc is preferred for fill and cap passes where weld puddle control and deposition ("stacking" of iron) are key to fast travel speeds. It is recommended that the ARC CONTROL be set initially at 0.

CV-WIRE mode: In this mode, turning the ARC CONTROL clock wise from -10 (soft) to +10 (crisp) changes the arc from soft and washed-in to crisp and narrow. It acts as an inductance/pinch control. The proper setting depends on the procedure and operator preference. Start with a setting of 0.

- **5. WELD OUTPUT TERMINALS WITH FLANGE NUT-** Provides a connection point for the electrode and work cables.
- **6. GROUND STUD-** (____) Provides a connection point for connecting the machine case to earth ground.
- **7. 14-PIN CONNECTOR-** For attaching wire feeder control cables. Includes contactor closure circuit, auto-sensing remote control circuit, and 42V power. The remote control circuit operates the same as the 6 Pin Amphenol.

8. 42V / 115V WIRE FEEDER VOLTAGE SWITCH:

Toggles output of 14-pin connector to voltage requirement of Wire Feeder. (Located above 14-pin connector.)

8A. 42V and 115V WIRE FEEDER BREAKERS

9. 6-PIN CONNECTOR- For attaching optional remote control equipment. Includes auto-sensing remote control circuit.

10. WELD TERMINALS CONTROL SWITCH-

In the WELD TERMINALS ON position, the output is electrically hot all the time. In the REMOTELY CONTROLLED position, the output is controlled by a wire feeder or amptrol device, and is electrically off until a remote switch is depressed.

11. WIRE FEEDER VOLTMETER SWITCH:

Matches the polarity of the wire feeder voltmeter to the polarity of the electrode.

12. VRD (Voltage Reduction Device) INDICATOR LIGHTS-

On the front panel of the AIR VANTAGE[®] 650 CUMMINS are two indicator lights. A red light when lit indicates OCV(Open Circuit Voltage) is equal to or greater than 30V and a green light when lit indicates OCV(Open Circuit Voltage) is less than 30V.

The VRD "On/Off" switch inside the control panel must be "On" for the VRD function to be active and the lights to be enabled. When the machine is first started with VRD enabled, both lights will illuminate for 5 seconds.

These lights monitor the OCV(Open Circuit Voltage) and weld voltage at all times. In the CC-Stick mode when not welding the green light will illuminate indicating that the VRD has reduced the OCV to less than 30V. During welding the red light will illuminate whenever the arc voltage is equal to or greater than 30V. This means that the red and green light may alternate depending on the weld voltage. This is normal operation.

If the red light remains illuminated when not welding in the CCstick mode, the VRD is not functioning properly. Please refer to your local field service shop for service.

If the VRD is turned "On" and the lights don't come "On", refer to the trouble shooting section.

VRD INDICATOR LIGHTS					
MODE		VRD "OFF	I		
CC-STICK	OCV	Green (OCV Reduced)			
	While	Red or Green			
	Welding	(Depends on Weld Voltage) *			
CV-WIRE	OCV	Green (OCV Reduced)			
		Green (No OCV)			
		Weld Terminals Remotely Controlled			
		Gun Trigger Open	No L	ights	
	While	Red or Green			
	Welding	(Depends on Weld Voltage) *			
PIPE	OCV	Green (No Output)			
	While	Not Applicable (No Output)			
	Welding	g			
ARC GOUGING	OCV	Green (OCV Reduced)			
	While	(Depends on Weld Voltage) *			
	Welding				
TIG	OCV	Green (Process is Low Voltage)			
	While	Green (Process is Low Voltage)			
	Welding				

TABLE B.1

* It is normal for the lights to alternate between colors while welding.

ENGINE CONTROLS:

13. RUN/STOP SWITCH -

Ē

-RUN position energizes the engine prior to starting. STOP position stops the engine. The oil pressure interlock switch prevents battery drain if the switch is left in the RUN position and the engine is not operating.

14. GLOW PLUG PUSH BUTTON -



- When pushed activates the glow plugs. Glow plug should not be activated for more than 20 seconds continuously.
- **15. CIRCUIT BREAKER-** For protection of Battery Charging Circuit.

16. BATTERY DISCONNECT SWITCH

Battery disconnect switch provides lockout/tagout capability. Switch is conveniently located on the front bottom of the machine.

17. START PUSH BUTTON - Energizes the starter motor to crank the engine.

18. IDLER SWITCH- Has two positions as follows:

- 1) In the HIGH position, the engine runs at the high idle speed controlled by the engine governor.
- 2) In the AUTO position, the idler operates as follows:
- When switched from HIGH to AUTO or after starting the engine, the engine will operate at full speed for approximately 12 seconds and then go to low idle speed.
- When the electrode touches the work or power is drawn for lights or tools (approximately 100 Watts minimum), the engine accelerates and operates at full speed.
- When welding ceases or the AC power load is turned off, a fixed time delay of approximately 12 seconds starts. If the welding or AC power load is not restarted before the end of the time delay, the idler reduces the engine speed to low idle speed.
- The engine will automatically return to high idle speed when there is welding load or AC power load reapplied.

19. COMBINATION METER GAUGE (4 FUNCTIONS)

- **1. ENGINE HOUR METER-** When the RUN-STOP switch is in the "ON" position the hour meter displays the total time that the engine has been running. If the engine is not started within 60 seconds the hour meter is turned off automatically. This meter is useful for scheduling prescribed maintenance.
- 2. ELECTRIC FUEL GAUGE- When the RUN-STOP switch is in the "ON" position the electric fuel gauge displays accurate and reliable indication as to how much fuel is in the fuel tank. If the engine is not started within 60 seconds the fuel gauge is turned off automatically.

3. ENGINE PROTECTION LIGHT- A warning indicator light for Low Oil Pressure and/or Coolant Over Temperature.The light is off when the systems are functioning properly. The light will come on and the engine will shutdown when there is Low Oil Pressure and/or the Coolant is Over Temperature.

Note: The light remains off when the RUN-STOP switch is in the "ON" position prior to starting the engine. However if the engine is not started within 60 seconds the light will come on. When this happens the RUN-STOP switch must be returned to the "OFF" position to reset the engine protection system and light.

4. BATTERY CHARGING LIGHT- A warning indicator light for Low/No battery charge. The light is off when the systems are functioning properly. The light will come on if there is a Low/No battery condition but the machine will continue to run.

Note: The light may or may not come on when the RUN-STOP switch is in the "ON" position. It will come on during cranking and stay on until the engine starts. After starting the engine the light will go off unless a Low/No battery charge condition exists.

- **20. COOLANT TEMPERATURE GAUGE-** An indicator of engine coolant temperature.
- **21. OIL PRESSURE GAUGE-** An indicator of engine Oil Pressure.

ENGINE PROTECTION LIGHT- A warning indicator light for Low Oil Pressure and/or Coolant Over Temperature.The light is off when the systems are functioning properly. The light will come on and the engine will shutdown when there is Low Oil Pressure and/or the Coolant is Over Temperature.

Note: The light remains off when the RUN-STOP switch is in the "ON" position prior to starting the engine. However if the engine is not started within 60 seconds the light will come on. When this happens the RUN-STOP switch must be returned to the "OFF" position to reset the engine protection system and light.

AIR COMPRESSOR CONTROLS (22 THRU 24)

22. COMPRESSOR ON/OFF SWITCH

Turns compressor on and off by activating or deactivating the electromagnetic compressor clutch.

23. COMBINED GAUGE (2 FUNCTIONS)

1. COMPRESSOR PROTECTION LIGHT

The yellow compressor protection light remains off with proper compressor oil temperatures. If the lights turn on, the compressor protection system will deactivate the compressor clutch and put the system in standby mode until the temperature reaches allowable limits. Check for proper compressor oil level.

2. COMPRESSOR HOUR METER

The compressor hour meter displays the total time that the compressor has been running (compressor switch must be on).

24. AIR DISCHARGE VALVE

Controls flow of compressed air. A 3/4" NPT (National Pipe Thread) fitting is provided.

BATTERY JUMP START TERMINAL (25-27)

25. POSITIVE BATTERY JUMP START TERMINAL.

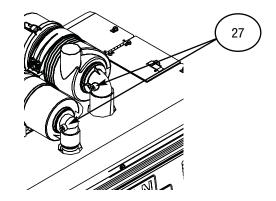
26. NEGATIVE BATTERY JUMP START TERMINAL.

12V battery jump start feature is standard. Covered output studs for convenient access, and protection against accidental impact. can be used to jump-start a utility truck with up to 800 cold cranking amps. Can also be used to jump-start the AIR VANTAGE[®] 650 CUMMINS.

27. AIR CLEANER AND SERVICE INDICATOR

Air cleaner service indicator provides a Go/No-Go visual indication of useful filter service life. Also located inside the engine compartment. (SEE FIGURE B.2)





28. THERMAL LIGHT

This status light indicates the Power Source has been driven into thermal overload. Welding output shuts off to protect the welding system components and resets when the overload condition is resolved. The Engine and Air Compressor will continue to operate.

ENGINE OPERATION

STARTING THE ENGINE

- 1. Open the engine compartment door and check that the fuel shutoff valve located to the left of the fuel filter housing is in the open position (lever to be in line with the hose).
- 2. Make sure battery disconnect switch is in the on position.
- 3. Check for proper oil level and coolant level. Close engine compartment door.
- 4. Remove all plugs connected to the AC power receptacles.
- 5. Set IDLER switch to "AUTO".
- Set the RUN/STOP switch to "RUN". Observe that the engine protection and battery charging lights are on.
- 6a. Press Glow Plug Button and hold 15 to 20 seconds.
- 7. Press START button until the engine starts or for up to 10 seconds.
- 8. Release the engine START button when the engine starts.
- 9. Check that the engine protection and battery charging lights are off. If the engine protection light is on after starting, the engine will shutdown in a few seconds. Investigate any indicated problem.
- 10. Allow the engine to warm up at low idle speed for several minutes before applying a load and/or switching to high idle. Allow a longer warm up time in cold weather.

COLD WEATHER STARTING

With a fully charged battery and the proper weight oil, the engine should start satisfactorily even down to about $0^{\circ}F(-18^{\circ}C)$. If the engine must be frequently started below $10^{\circ}(-12^{\circ}C)$, it may be desirable to install the optional ether start kit (K887-1). For extreme cold conditions it may be desirable to install additional equipment such as a block heater or oil pan pad heater, etcetera.

NOTE: Extreme cold weather starting may require longer glow plug operations.

STOPPING THE ENGINE

1. Switch the RUN/STOP switch to "STOP". This turns off the voltage supplied to the shutdown solenoid. A backup shutdown can be accomplished by shutting off the fuel valve located on the fuel line.

TYPICAL FUEL CONSUMPTION

Refer to Table B.1 for typical fuel consumption of the AIR VAN-TAGE[®] 650 CUMMINS Engine for various operating settings.

Table B.1
Cummins B3.3T Engine Fuel Consumption

Cumining Do.or Engine ruei Consumption						
	Cummins B3.3T 69HP	Running Time for 25GAL.(94.6L) (Hours)				
High Idle No Ioad 1860 RPM	1.10 Gal./hour (4.17 L/hour)	22.7				
Low Idle No Ioad 1500 RPM	0.72 Gal./hour (2.72 L/hour)	34.83				
DC CC Weld Output 500A 100% Duty Cycle	2.37 Gal./hour (8.96 L/hour)	10.56				
DC CC Weld Output 500A with Compressor 100% Duty Cycle	3.10 Gal./hour (11.74 L/hour)	8.06				
DC CC Weld Output 600A 100% Duty Cycle	2.92 Gal./hour (11.06 L/hour)	8.56				
DC CC Weld Output 600A with Compressor 100% Duty Cycle	3.91 Gal./hour (14.78 L/hour)	6.4				
DC CC Weld Output 650A 60% Duty Cycle	2.08 Gal./hour (7.87 L/hour)	12.02				
DC CC Weld Output 650A with Compressor 60% Duty Cycle	2.76 Gal./hour (10.46 L/hour)	9.04				
DC CC Weld Output 700A 40% Duty Cycle	1.70 Gal./hour (6.43 L/hour)	14.71				
DC CC Weld Output 700A with Compressor 40% Duty Cycle	2.57 Gal./hour (9.71 L/hour)	9.74				
Aux. 7.2kva	1.28 Gal./hour (4.84 L/hour)	19.55				
Aux. 12kva	1.63 Gal./hour (6.18 L/hour)	15.3				
Aux. 20kva	2.18 Gal./hour (8.25 L/hour)	11.48				

NOTE: This data is for reference only. Fuel consumption is approximate and can be influenced by many factors, including engine maintenance, environmental conditions and fuel quality.

WELDER OPERATION

DUTY CYCLE

Duty Cycle is the percentage of time the load is being applied in a 10 minute period. For example a 60% duty cycle, represents 6 minutes of load and 4 minutes of no load in a 10 minute period.

ELECTRODE INFORMATION

For any electrode the procedures should be kept within the rating of the machine. For information on electrodes and their proper application see (www.lincolnelectric.com) or the appropriate Lincoln publication.

The AIR VANTAGE® 650 CUMMINS can be used with a broad range of DC stick electrodes. The MODE switch provides two stick welding settings as follows:

CONSTANT CURRENT (CC-STICK) WELDING

The CC-STICK position of the MODE switch is designed for horizontal and vertical-up welding with all types of electrodes, especially low hydrogen.

The ARC CONTROL dial sets the short circuit current (arc-force) during stick welding to adjust for a soft or crisp arc. Increasing the number from -10(soft) to +10(crisp) increases the short circuit current and prevents sticking of the electrode to the plate while welding. This can also increase spatter. It is recommended that the ARC CONTROL be set to the minimum number without electrode sticking. Start with the dial set at 0.

NOTE: Due to the low OCV with the VRD on, a very slight delay during striking of the electrodes may occur. Due to the requirement of the resistance in the circuit to be low for a VRD to operate, a good metal-to-metal contact must be made between the metal core of the electrode and the job. A poor connection anywhere in the welding output circuit may limit the operation of the VRD. This includes a good connection of the work clamp to the job. The work clamp should be connected as close as practical to where the welding will be performed.

A. For New Electrodes

E6010 - Touch, Lift to Start the Arc. E7018, E7024 - Touch, Rock Back and Forth in Joint, Lift.

Once the arc is started, normal welding technique for the application is then used.

B. For Re-Striking Electrodes

Some electrodes form a cone at the end of the electrode after the welding arc has been broken, particularly iron powder and low hydrogen electrodes. This cone will need to be broken off in order to have the metal core of the electrode make contact.

E6010 - Push, Twist in Joint, Lift E7018, E7024 - Push, Rock Back and Forth in Joint, Lift.

Once the arc is started, normal welding technique for the application is then used.

For other electrodes the above techniques should be tried first and varied as needed to suit operator preference. The goal for successful starting is good metal to metal contact.

For indicator light operation, see Table B.1.

DOWNHILL PIPE Welding

This slope controlled setting is intended for "out-of-position" and "down hill" pipe welding where the operator would like to control the current level by changing the arc length.

The ARC CONTROL dial sets the short circuit current (arc-force) during stick welding to adjust for a soft or more forceful digging arc (crisp). Increasing the number from -10(soft) to +10(crisp) increases the short circuit current which results in a more forceful digging arc.

Typically a forceful digging arc is preferred for root and hot passes. A softer arc is preferred for fill and cap passes where weld puddle control and deposition ("stacking" of iron) are key to fast travel speeds. This can also increase spatter.

It is recommended that the ARC CONTROL be set to the minimum number without electrode sticking. Start with the dial set at 0.

NOTE: With the VRD switch in the "ON" position (See figure A.1 for location) there is no output in the DOWNHILL PIPE mode. For indicator light operation, see Table B.1.

TIG WELDING

The TOUCH START TIG setting of the MODE switch is for DC TIG (Tungsten Inert Gas) welding. To initiate a weld, the OUTPUT CONTROL dial is first set to the desired current and the tungsten is touched to the work. During the time the tungsten is touching the work there is very little voltage or current and, in general, no tungsten contamination. Then, the tungsten is gently lifted off the work in a rocking motion, which establishes the arc.

When in the TOUCH START TIG mode and when a Amptrol is connected to the 6-Pin connector the OUTPUT CONTROL dial is used to set the maximum current range of the current control of the Amptrol.

The ARC CONTROL is not active in the TIG mode. To STOP a weld, simply pull the TIG torch away from the work.

When the arc voltage reaches approximately 30 Volts the arc will go out and the machine will reset the current to the Touch Start level.

To reinitiate the arc, retouch the tungsten to the work and lift. Alternatively, the weld can be stopped by releasing the Amptrol or arc start switch.

The AIR VANTAGE[®] 650 CUMMINS an be used in a wide variety of DC TIG welding applications. In general the 'Touch Start' feature allows contamination free starting without the use of a Hi-frequency unit.

If desired, the K930-2 TIG Module can be used with the AIR VAN-TAGE® 650 CUMMINS. The settings are for reference. AIR VANTAGE[®] 650 CUMMINS settings when using the K930-2 TIG Module with an Amptrol or Arc Start Switch:

- Set the MODE Switch to the TOUCH START TIG setting.
- Set the "IDLER" Switch to the "AUTO" position.
- Set the "WELDING TERMINALS" switch to the "REMOTELY CONTROLLED" position.

This will keep the "Solid State" contactor open and provide a "cold" electrode until the Amptrol or Arc Start Switch is pressed.

When using the TIG Module, the OUTPUT CONTROL on the AIR VANTAGE[®] 650 CUMMINS is used to set the maximum range of the CURRENT CONTROL on the TIG Module or an Amptrol if connected to the TIG Module.

NOTE: The TIG process is to receive a low voltage welding process. There is no difference in operation with the VRD "On" or "Off" for this mode. For indicator light operation, see Table B.1.

	TYP	ICAL CURREN						
Tungsten Electrode DCEN (-) Diameter in. (mm)				TIG TORCH Nozzle Size (4), (5)				
		1%, 2% Thoriated Tungsten	1%, 2% Thoriated Tungsten	Aluminum	Stainless Steel			
.010 0.020 0.040	(.25) (.50) (1.0)	2-15 5-20 15-80	(3) (3) (3)	3-8 (2-4) 5-10 (3-5) 5-10 (3-5)	3-8 5-10 5-10	(2-4) (3-5) (3-5)	#4, #5, #6	
1/16	(1.6)	70-150	10-20	5-10 (3-5)	9-13	(4-6)	#5, #6	
3/32 1/8	(2.4) (3.2)	150-250 250-400	15-30 25-40	13-17 (6-8) 15-23 (7-11)	11-15 11-15	(5-7) (5-7)	#6, #7, #8	
5/32 3/16 1/4	(4.0) (4.8) (6.4)	400-500 500-750 750-1000	40-55 55-80 80-125	21-25 (10-12) 23-27 (11-13) 28-32 (13-15)	13-17 18-22 23-27	(6-8) (8-10) (11-13)	#8, #10	

TABLE B.3

(1) When used with argon gas. The current ranges shown must be reduced when using argon/helium or pure helium shielding gases

(2) Tungsten electrodes are classified as follows by the American Welding Society (AWS):

(2)	2) rungsten electrodes are classified as follows by the American weiging Society (AwS):				
	Pure	EWP			
	1% Thoriated	EWTh-1			
	2% Thoriated	EWTh-2			
	Though not yet recognized by the AWS, Ceriated Tungsten	is now widely accepted as a substitute for 2% Thoriated Tungsten in AC and DC applications.			
(2)	DCCD is not commonly used in these sizes				

(3) DCEP is not commonly used in these sizes.
 (4) TIG torch nozzle "sizes" are in multiples of 1/16ths of an inch:

nozzle "sizes" are in multip	les of 1/16ths of an
# 4 = 1/4 in.	(6 mm)
# 5 = 5/16 in.	(8 mm)
# 6 = 3/8 in.	(10 mm)
# 7 = 7/16 in.	(11 mm)
# 8 = 1/2 in.	(12.5 mm)
#10 = 5/8 in.	(16 mm)

(5) TIG torch nozzles are typically made from alumina ceramic. Special applications may require lava nozzles, which are less prone to breakage, but cannot withstand high temperatures and high duty cycles.

WIRE WELDING-CV

Connect a wire feeder to the AIR VANTAGE® 650 CUMMINS according to the instructions in INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS Section.

The AIR VANTAGE® 650 CUMMINS in the CV-WIRE mode, permits it to be used with a broad range of flux cored wire (Innershield and Outershield) electrodes and solid wires for MIG welding (gas metal arc welding). Welding can be finely tuned using the ARC CONTROL. Turning the ARC CONTROL clockwise from -10 (soft) to +10 (crisp) changes the arc from soft and washed-in to crisp and narrow. It acts as an inductance/pinch control. The proper setting depends on the procedure and operator preference. Start with the dial set at 0.

ARC GOUGING

1/2"(13.0mm)

The AIR VANTAGE[®] 650 CUMMINS can be used for arc gouging. The minimum output in the arc gouging mode is 200 Amps. For arc gouging below 200 Amps use the CC-Stick Mode. For optimal performance, set the MODE per **TABLE B.4**

The maximum output control range setting is automatically increased in the gouging mode, when the compressor is not turned on. The maximum preset readout on the weld ammeter will increase from approximately 700 Amps to 800 Amps. This feature provides extra capacity by taking advantage of the available engine HP when the internal compressor is not on and an external air supply is used for gouging.

Set the OUTPUT CONTROL knob to adjust output current to the desired level for the gouging electrode being used according to the ratings in the following **Table B.4.**

PARALLELING

When paralleling machines in order to combine their outputs, all units must be operated in the CC-STICK mode only at the same output settings. To achieve this, turn the WELD MODE switch to the CC-STICK position. Operation in other modes may produce erratic outputs, and large output imbalances between the units.

Carbon Diameter	Current Range (DC, elec-	Mode		
	trode positive)			
1/8"(3.2mm)	60-90 Amps	CC-STICK		
5/32"(4.0mm)	90-150 Amps	CC-STICK		
3/16"9(4.8mm)	200-250 Amps	ARC GOUGE		
1/4"(6.4mm)	300-400 Amps	ARC GOUGE		
3/8"(10.0mm)	400-600 Amps	ARC GOUGE		

600-MAX. Amps

The ARC CONTROL is not active in the ARC GOUGING Mode. The ARC CONTROL is automatically set to maximum when the ARC GOUGING mode is selected which provides the best ARC GOUG-ING performance.

TABLE B.4

ARC GOUGE

AUXILIARY POWER OPERATION

If a GFCI is tripped, See the MAINTENANCE section for detailed information on testing and resetting the GFCI.

Start the engine and set the IDLER control switch to the desired operating mode. Full power is available regardless of the welding control settings, if no welding current is being drawn.

The auxiliary power of the AIR VANTAGE® 650 CUMMINS consists of two 20 Amp-120VAC single phase (5-20R) GFCI's, one 50 Amp-120/240VAC single phase (14-50R) receptacle and one 50 Amp 240VAC three phase (15-50R) receptacle. The 120/240VAC receptacle can be split for single phase 120 VAC operation.

The auxiliary power capacity is 12,000 watts of 60 Hz, single phase power or 20,000 watts of 60Hz, three phase power.

The auxiliary power capacity rating in watts is equivalent to voltamperes at unity power factor. The maximum permissible current of the 240 VAC output is 50 Amps. The 240 VAC single phase output can be split to provide two separate 120 VAC outputs with a maximum permissible current of 50 Amps per output to two separate 120 VAC branch circuits. Output voltage is within \pm 10% at all loads up to rated capacity.

NOTE: The two 120V GFCI's and the two 120V circuits of the 120/240V receptacle are connected to different phases and <u>cannot</u> be paralleled.

The auxiliary power receptacles should only be used with three

wire grounded type plugs or approved double insulated tools with two wire plugs.

The current rating of any plug used with the system must be at least equal to the current capacity of the associated receptacle.

SIMULTANEOUS WELDING AND AUXILIARY POWER LOADS

It must be noted that the above auxiliary power ratings are with no welding load.

Simultaneous welding and power loads are specified in table B.5.

WELD		<u>1 PHA</u>	SE	1	<u>3 PHA</u>]	BOTH	I 1 AND 3 PHASE	
AMPS		<u>WATTS</u>	<u>AMPS</u>		<u>WATTS</u>	<u>AMPS</u>		<u>WATTS</u>	AMPS
0		12,000	50		20,000	50			50
100		12,000	50		20,000	50			50
200	PLUS	12,000	50	<u>OR</u>	20,000	50	<u>0R</u>		50
300		12,000	50		16,800	40			40
400		12,000	50		12,000	29		12,000	
500		6,400	26		6,400	15		6,400	
600		0	0		0	0		0	
				1			3		

TABLE B.5 AIR VANTAGE® 650 CUMMINS SIMULTANEOUS WELDING AND POWER LOADS

TABLE B.6

AIR VANTAGE® 650 CUMMINS Extension Cord Length Recommendations (Use the shortest length extension cord possible sized per the following table.)

Current	Voltage	Load	Maximum Allowable Cord Length in ft. (m) for Conductor Size											
(Amps)	(Volts)	(Watts)	14 AWG		12 AWG		10 AWG		8 AWG		6 AWG		4 AWG	
15	120	1800	30	(9)	40	(12)	75	(23)	125	(38)	175	(53)	300	(91)
15	240	3600	60	(18)	75	(23)	150	(46)	225	(69)	350	(107)	600	(183)
20	120	2400			30	(9)	50	(15)	88	(27)	138	(42)	225	(69)
20	240	4800			60	(18)	100	(30)	175	(53)	275	(84)	450	(137)
25	240	6000				. ,	90	(27)	150	(46)	225	(69)	250	(76)
30	240	7200					75	(23)	120	(37)	175	(53)	300	(91)
38	240	9000						. ,	100	(30)	150	(46)	250	(76)
50	240	12000								. ,	125	(38)	200	(61)
Conductor size is based on maximum 2.0% voltage drop.														

OPTIONAL FIELD INSTALLED ACCESSORIES

K802N POWER PLUG KIT - Provides four 120V plugs rated at **20 amps** each and one dual voltage, full KVA plug rated at 120/240V, 50 amps. 120V plug may not be compatible with NEMA common household receptacles.

K802-R POWER PLUG KIT - Provides four 120V plugs rated **15 amps** each and one dual voltage, full KVA plug rated at 120/240V, 50 amps, 120V plug is compatible with NEMA common household receptacles.

K857 25 ft. (7.5 m) or K857-1 100 ft. (30.4 m) REMOTE CONTROL -Portable control provides same dial range as the output control on the welder from a location up to the specified length from the welder. Has convenient plug for easy connection to the welder. The AIR VANTAGE® 650 CUMMINSis equipped with a 6-pin connector for connecting the remote control.

K704 ACCESSORY SET - Includes 35 feet (10 m) of electrode cable and 30 feet (9 m) of work cable, headshield, filter plate, work clamp and electrode holder. Cable is rated at 500 amps, 60% duty cycle.

K2641-2 FOUR WHEELED STEERABLE YARD TRAILER

For in plant and yard towing. Comes standard with a Duo-HitchTM, a 2" Ball and Lunette Eye combination Hitch.

K2637-2 TRAILER - Two-wheeled trailer with optional fender and light package. For highway use, consult applicable federal, state, and local laws regarding possible additional requirements. Comes standard with a Duo-HitchTM, a 2" Ball and Lunette Eye combination hitch. A fender & a light package. **Order: K2637-2 Trailer**

K2639-1 Fender & Light Kit K2640-1 Cable Storage Rack

K887-1 ETHER START KIT - Provides maximum cold weather starting assistance for frequent starting below 10°(-12°C). Required Ether tank is not provided with kit.

A WARNING

Pipe Thawing with an arc welder can cause fire, explosion, damage to electric wiring or to the arc welder if done improperly. The use of an arc welder for pipe thawing is not approved by the CSA, nor is it recommended or supported by Lincoln Electric.

K3088-1 Air Filter Kit - Reduces oil, water and particulates in supply air.

TIG OPTIONS

K870 Foot Amptrol® - Varies current while welding for making critical TIG welds and crater filling. Depress pedal to increase current. Depressing pedal fully achieves maximum set current. Fully raising the pedal finishes the weld and starts the afterflow cycle on systems so equipped. Includes 25 ft. (7.6m) control cable.

K963-3 Hand Amptrol® - Varies current for making critical TIG welds. Fastens to the torch for convenient thumb control. Comes with a 25 ft. (7.6m) cable. (for larger handle 18 or 26 series torches)

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

A WARNING

- Have qualified personnel do all maintenance and troubleshooting work.
- Turn the engine off before working inside the machine or servicing the engine.
- Remove guards only when necessary to perform maintenance and replace them when the maintenance requiring their removal is complete. If guards are missing from the machine, obtain replacements from a Lincoln Distributor. (See Operating Manual Parts List.)

Read the Safety Precautions in the front of this manual and in the Engine Owner's Manual before working on this machine.

Keep all equipment safety guards, covers, and devices in position and in good repair. Keep hands, hair, clothing, and tools away from the gears, fans, and all other moving parts when starting, operating, or repairing the equipment.

ROUTINE AND PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

DAILY

- Check the Engine and Compressor oil levels .
- Refill the fuel tank to minimize moisture condensation in the tank.
- Open the water drain valve located on the bottom of the water separator element 1 or 2 turns and allow to drain into a container suitable for diesel fuel for 2 to 3 seconds. Repeat the above drainage procedure until diesel fuel is detected in the container.
- · Check coolant level.

\Lambda WARNING

 Only VMAC certified and approved synthetic oil <u>MUST</u> be used. Shut down the Welder/Compressor for 3 minutes, open the pressure supply valve to ensure the system is depressurized prior to removing the compressor oil level dipstick.

WEEKLY

Blow out the machine with low pressure air periodically. In particularly dirty locations, this may be required once a week.

COMPRESSOR MAINTENANCE

Refer to the "Routine Maintenance" section of the compressor owner's manual for the recommended maintenance schedule of the following:

- a. Compressor oil and filter.
- b. Compressor air filter.
- c. Compressor coalescing filter.

VMACTM (VEHICLE MOUNTED AIR COMPRESSORS) www.vmac.ca/index.php?airvantagemanuals

1333 Kipp Road Nanamino British Columbia Canada, V9X1R3

Telephone: (250) 740-3200 Facsimile: (250) 740-3201 Toll Free: 800-738-8622

ENGINE MAINTENANCE

Refer to the "Periodic Checks" section of the Engine Operator's Manual for the recommended maintenance schedule of the following:

- a) Engine Oil and Filter
- b) Air Cleaner
- c) Fuel Filter and Delivery System
- d) Alternator Belt
- e) Battery
- f) Cooling System

Refer to Table D.1 at the end of this section for various engine maintenance components.

AIR FILTER

A CAUTION

• Excessive air filter restriction will result in reduced engine life.

A WARNING

 Never use gasoline or low flash point solvents for cleaning the air cleaner element. A fire or explosion could result.

A CAUTION

• Never run the engine without the air cleaner. Rapid engine wear will result from contaminants, such as dust and dirt being drawn into the engine.

The diesel engine is equipped with a dry type air filter. Never apply oil to it. Service the air cleaner as follows:

Replace the element as indicated by the service indicator. (See Service Instructions and Installation Tips for Engine Air Filter.)

Service Instructions Single- and Two-Stage Engine Air Cleaners

Remove the Filter



Rotate the filter while pulling straight out.

• the Filter Unfasten or unlatch the service cover. Because



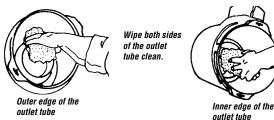
the filter fits tightly over the

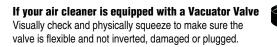
outlet tube to create the critical seal, there will be some initial resistance, similar to breaking the seal on a jar. <u>Gently</u> move the end of the filter back and forth to break the seal then rotate while pulling straight out. Avoid knocking the filter against the housing.

If your air cleaner has a safety filter, replace it every third primary filter change. Remove the safety filter as you would the primary filter. Make sure you cover the air cleaner outlet tube to avoid any unfiltered contaminant dropping into the engine.

2 Clean Both Surfaces of the Outlet Tube and Check the Vacuator™ Valve

Use a clean cloth to wipe the filter sealing surface and the inside of the outlet tube. Contaminant on the sealing surface could hinder an effective seal and cause leakage. Make sure that all contaminant is removed before the new filter is inserted. Dirt accidently transferred to the inside of the outlet tube will reach the engine and cause wear. Engine manufacturers say that it takes only a few grams of dirt to "dust" an engine! Be careful not to damage the sealing area on the tube.





3 Inspect the Old Filter for Leak Clues

Visually inspect the old filter for any signs of leaks. A streak of dust on the clean side of the filter is a telltale sign. Remove any cause of leaks before installing new filter.



Inspect the New Filter for Damage

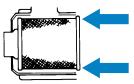
Inspect the new filter carefully, paying attention to the inside of the open end, which is the sealing area. NEVER install a damaged filter. A new Donaldson radial seal filter may have a dry lubricant on the seal to aid installation.



Insert the New Radial Seal Filter Properly

If you're servicing the safety filter, this should be seated into position before installing the primary filter.

Insert the new filter carefully. Seat the filter by hand, making certain it is completely into the air cleaner housing before securing the cover in place.



The critical sealing area will stretch

slightly, adjust itself and distribute the sealing pressure evenly. To complete a tight seal, apply pressure by hand at the outer rim of the filter, not the flexible center. (Avoid pushing on the center of the urethane end cap.) No cover pressure is required to hold the seal. NEVER use the service cover to push the filter into place! Using the cover to push the filter in could cause damage to the housing, cover fasteners and will void the warranty.

If the service cover hits the filter before it is fully in place, remove the cover and push the filter (by hand) further into the air cleaner and try again. The cover should go on with no extra force.

Once the filter is in place, secure the service cover.



Caution

NEVER use the service cover to push the filter into place! Using the cover to push the filter in could cause damage to the housing, cover fasteners and will void the warranty.



b Check Connectors for Tight Fit

Make sure that all mounting bands, clamps, bolts, and connections in the entire air cleaner system are tight. Check for holes in piping and repair if needed. Any leaks in your intake piping will send dust directly to the engine!

FUEL FILTERS



When working on the fuel system:

- Keep naked lights away, do not smoke!
- Do not spill fuel!

The AIR VANTAGE® 650 CUMMINS is equipped with a Fuel Filter located after the lift pump and before fuel injectors. The procedure for changing the filter is as follows.

- 1. Close the fuel shutoff valve.
- 2. Clean the area around the fuel filter head. Remove the filter. Clean the gasket surface of the filter head and replace the oring.
- 3. Fill the clean filter with clean fuel, and lubricate the o-ring seal with clean lubricating oil.
- 4. Install the filter as specified by the filter manufacturer.

A WARNING

Mechanical overtightening will distort the threads, filter element seal or filter can.

COOLING SYSTEM

The AIR VANTAGE® 650 CUMMINS is equipped with a pressure radiator. Keep the radiator cap tight to prevent loss of coolant. S29260 VM Clean and flush the coolant system periodically to prevent clogging the passage and over-heating the engine. When antifreeze is needed, always use the permanent type.

- . When draining the entire contents of the system, remove radiator cap and open vent cock on top of tank (counter clockwise). Next, pull both drain hoses through the access hole in the base and open both valves until system is empty.
- . When refilling, close both valves on drain hoses and open vent cock on top of tank to vent air from system fully. Close vent cock when done. (See Figure D.1)
- CONNECTING A BATTERY CHARGER Remove battery from welder by disconnecting negative cable first, then positive cable and battery clamp. When reinstalling, connect nega-

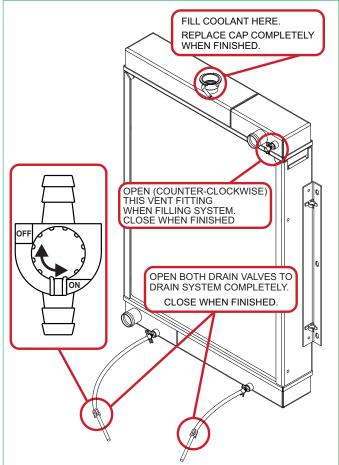


FIGURE D.1

BATTERY HANDLING

GASES FROM BATTERY can explode.



• Keep sparks, flame and cigarettes away from battery.

To prevent EXPLOSION when:

 INSTALLING A NEW BATTERY - disconnect negative cable from old battery first and connect to new battery last.

tive cable last. Keep well ventilated.



 USING A BOOSTER - connect positive lead to battery first then connect negative lead to engine foot.



BATTERY ACID CAN BURN EYES AND SKIN.

• Wear gloves and eye protection and be careful when working near battery. Follow instructions printed on battery.

PREVENTING ELECTRICAL DAMAGE

- 1. When replacing, jumping, or otherwise connecting the battery to the battery cables, the proper polarity must be observed. Failure to observe the proper polarity could result in damage to the charging circuit. The positive (+) battery cable has a red terminal cover.
- 2. If the battery requires charging from an external charger, disconnect the negative battery cable first and then the positive battery cable before attaching the charger leads. Failure to do so can result in damage to the internal charger components. When reconnecting the cables, connect the positive cable first and the negative cable last.

PREVENTING BATTERY DISCHARGE

Turn the RUN/STOP switch to stop when engine is not running.

PREVENTING BATTERY BUCKLING

Tighten nuts on battery clamp until snug.

CHARGING THE BATTERY

When you charge, jump, replace, or otherwise connect battery cables to the battery, be sure the polarity is correct. Improper polarity can damage the charging circuit. The AIR VANTAGE[®]650 CUMMINS positive (+) battery terminal has a red terminal cover.

If you need to charge the battery with an external charger, disconnect the negative cable first, then the positive cable before you attach the charger leads.

After the battery is charged, reconnect the positive battery cable first and the negative cable last. Failure to do so can result in damage to the internal charger components.

Follow the instructions of the battery charger manufacturer for proper charger settings and charging time.

SERVICING MUFFLER WITH INTERNAL SPARK ARRESTOR

CAUTION

• Wear suitable personal protective equipment.

Clean every 100 hours. Remove screw plug on muffler body. Place a metallic container under the plug boss and run the machine until no more debris comes out.

A WARNING

- MUFFLER MAY BE HOT
- ALLOW ENGINE TO COOL BEFORE INSTALLING THE SPARK ARRESTER!
- DO NOT OPERATE ENGINE WHILE INSTALLING THE SPARK ARRESTOR!

D-4

NAMEPLATES / WARNING DECALS MAINTENANCE

Whenever routine maintenance is performed on this machine - or at least yearly - inspect all nameplates and labels for legibility. Replace those which are no longer clear. Refer to the parts list for the replacement item number.

WELDER / GENERATOR MAINTENANCE

STORAGE

Store the AIR VANTAGE $^{\rm \bullet}\,650$ CUMMINS in clean, dry, protected areas.

CLEANING

Blow out the generator and controls periodically with low pressure air. Do this at least once a week in particularly dirty areas.

BRUSH REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT

It is normal for the brushes and slip rings to wear and darken slightly. Inspect the brushes when a generator overhaul is necessary.



Do not attempt to polish slip rings while the engine is running.

	Idbi	e D.T Engine Maintenand	e components
ITEM	MAKE	PART NUMBER	SERVICE INTERVAL
Air Cleaner Element (Engine)	Donaldson	P822768	(With Service Indicator) Clean as Needed, Replace as indicated by Service Indicator.
Air Cleaner Element (Compressor)	Donaldson	P821575	(Without Service Indicator) Clean as Needed, Replace every 200 Hours.
Oil Filter	Cummins Fleetguard	C6002112110 LF16011	Replace every 250 hours or 3 months, whichever is less.
Fan Belt	Cummins	C0412021749	Inspect every 1000 hours or 12 months, whichever is less.
Fuel Strainer	Cummins Fleetguard	3826094 FF5079	Inspect and Replace monthly as required. Replace annually.
Fuel Filter / Water Separator	Fleetguard	FS19594	Replace every 500 hours or 6 months, whichever is less.
Battery		BCI GROUP 34	Inspect every 500 hours
Engine Oil Change	See Manual		Change every 250 hours or 3 months, whichever is less. Check daily.

Table D.1 Engine Maintenance Components

GFCI TESTING AND RESETTING PROCEDURE

The GFCI should be properly tested at least once every month or whenever it is tripped. To properly test and reset the GFCI:

- If the GFCI has tripped, first carefully remove any load and check it for damage.
- If the equipment has been shut down, it must be restarted.
- The equipment needs to be operating at high idle speed and any necessary adjustments made on the control panel so that the equipment is providing at least 80 volts to the receptacle input terminals.
- The circuit breaker for this receptacle must not be tripped. Reset if necessary.
- Push the "Reset" button located on the GFCI. This will assure normal GFCI operation.
- Plug in night-light (with an "ON/OFF" switch) or other product (such as a lamp) into the GFCI and turn the product "ON".
- Push the "Test" button located on the GFCI. The night-light or other product should go "OFF".
- Push the "Reset" button, again. The light or other product should go "ON" again.

If the light or other product remains "ON" when the "Test" button is pushed, the GFCI is not working properly or has been incorrectly installed (miswired). If your GFCI is not working properly, contact a qualified, certified electrician who can assess the situation, rewire the GFCI if necessary or replace the device.

HOW TO USE TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

A WARNING

Service and Repair should only be performed by Lincoln Electric Factory Trained Personnel. Unauthorized repairs performed on this equipment may result in danger to the technician and machine operator and will invalidate your factory warranty. For your safety and to avoid Electrical Shock, please observe all safety notes and precautions detailed throughout this manual.

This Troubleshooting Guide is provided to help you locate and repair possible machine malfunctions. Simply follow the threestep procedure listed below.

Step 1. LOCATE PROBLEM (SYMPTOM).

Look under the column labeled "PROBLEM (SYMPTOMS)". This column describes possible symptoms that the machine may exhibit. Find the listing that best describes the symptom that the machine is exhibiting.

Step 2. POSSIBLE CAUSE.

The second column labeled "POSSIBLE CAUSE" lists the obvious external possibilities that may contribute to the machine symptom.

Step 3. RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION

This column provides a course of action for the Possible Cause, generally it states to contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.

If you do not understand or are unable to perform the Recommended Course of Action safely, contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.

NOTE: See **VMAC** owner's manual for compressor trouble shooting.

VMAСтм

VEHICLE MOUNTED AIR COMPRESSORS www.vmac.ca/index.php?airvantage500manuals

1333 Kipp Road Nanamino British Columbia Canada, V9X1R3

 Telephone:
 (250) 740-3200

 Facsimile:
 (250) 740-3201

 Toll Free:
 800-738-8622

A CAUTION

If for any reason you do not understand the test procedures or are unable to perform the tests/repairs safely, contact your **Local Lincoln Authorized** Field Service Facility for technical troubleshooting assistance before you proceed.

Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual				
PROBLEMS (SYMPTOMS)	POSSIBLE CAUSE	RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION		
Major Physical or Electrical Damage is Evident.	1. Contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.			
Engine will not crank	 Battery low. Loose battery cable connections which may need Inspected, cleaned or tighten. Faulty wiring in engine starting circuit. Faulty engine starter. Contact authorized local Engine Service Shop. Battery disconnect switch is in the off position. 			
Engine will crank but not start.	 Out of fuel. Fuel shut off valve is in the off position make sure the valve lever is in a vertical direction. Engine shut down solenoid not pulling in. On/Off switch on for more than 30 sec. before starting, the On/Off switch will need to be switch off and turned back on. Fuel Filters dirty/clogged, main filter element and/or In-line Fuel Filter may need to be replaced. High water temperature or low oil pressure. (engine protection light lit) 			
Engine shuts down shortly after starting.	 Low oil pressure (engine protection light lit). Check oil level (Consult engine service dealer). High water temperature. Check engine cooling system. (engine protection light lit). Faulty oil pressure switch. Faulty water temperature switch. Contact authorized local Engine Service Shop. 	Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.		
Engine shuts down while under a load.	1. High water temperature.			
Engine runs rough.	 Dirty fuel or air filters may need cleaned/replaced. Water in fuel. 			
Engine will not shut off.	1. Fuel Shutdown solenoid not functioning prop- erly / linkage binding.			

A CAUTION

If for any reason you do not understand the test procedures or are unable to perform the tests/repairs safely, contact your Local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility for technical troubleshooting assistance before you proceed.

Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual				
PROBLEMS (SYMPTOMS)	POSSIBLE CAUSE	RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION		
Battery does not stay charged.	 Faulty battery . Faulty engine alternator. Loose or broken lead in charging circuit. Loose fan belt may need tightening. 			
Engine will not idle down to low speed.	 Idler switch in HIGH idle position, make sure switch is set to AUTO. External load on welder or auxiliary power. Mechanical problem in idler solenoid linkage. Faulty wiring in solenoid circuit. No or low voltage @ idle solenoid Faulty idler solenoid. Faulty Weld Control PCB (Printed Circuit Board) or Engine Control Units. 			
Engine will not go to high idle when attempting to weld.	 Poor work lead connection to work. Broken idler solenoid spring. Welding Terminals switch in wrong position. No open circuit voltage at output studs. Faulty Engine Control Units or Weld Control PCB. 	If all recommended possible areas of mis- adjustment have been checked and the problem persists, Contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.		
Engine will not go to high idle when using auxiliary power.	 Broken wire in auxiliary current sensor wiring. Auxiliary power load is less than 100 watts. Faulty Engine Control Units or Weld Control PCB. 			
Engine goes to low idle but does not stay at low idle.	1. Faulty Idler / Engine Shutdown PCB or Weld Control PCB.			
No welding output or auxiliary output.	 Broken lead in one of the rotor circuits. One of the field diode modules are faulty. Faulty Weld Control PCB. One of the rotors are faulty. 			
L				

A CAUTION

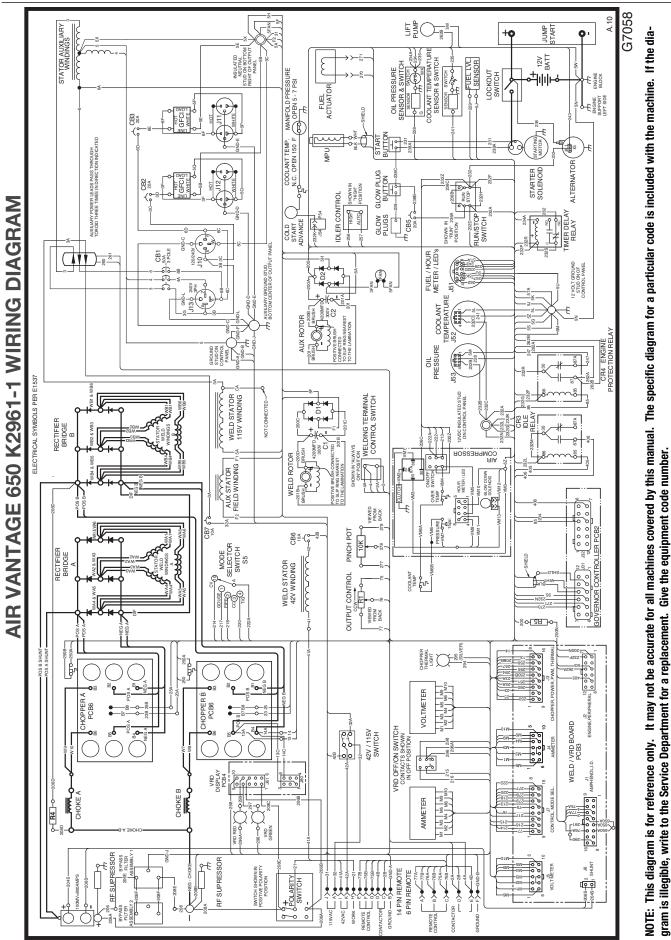
If for any reason you do not understand the test procedures or are unable to perform the tests/repairs safely, contact your Local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility for technical troubleshooting assistance before you proceed.

Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual				
PROBLEMS (SYMPTOMS)	POSSIBLE CAUSE	RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION		
Welder has some/ no output and no control. Auxiliary output OK.	 Faulty remote kit. Faulty output control potentiometer. Faulty output control wiring. Faulty Weld Control PCB, Engine Control Units or Chopper PCB. 			
No welding output. Auxiliary output OK.	 WELDING TERMINALS switch in wrong position, be sure switch is in WELDING TERMINALS ALWAYS ON position. Faulty Weld Control PCB, Engine Control Units or Chopper PCB. 			
No auxiliary power.	 GFCI may have tripped. Follow "GFCI Testing and Resetting Procedure" in the MAINTENANCE section of this manual. Open breakers may need to be reset. Faulty receptacle. Faulty auxiliary circuit wiring. GFCI tripped. 			
Welder load drops off.	 Check thermostat on each of the chopper module. Check fan operation in power electronic component. 			
Wire feeder does not work when control cable is connected to 14 pin connector.	 Wire Feeder Power circuit breaker open. Check 42V or 115V breaker and reset if tripped. Faulty control cable. Repair or replace cable. Faulty wire feeder. Replace wire feeder. 			
No output in Pipe Mode.	 Make sure VRD ON/OFF toggle switch is in the "OFF" position. Poor work lead connection to work. Make sure work clamp is tightly connected to clean base metal. "Weld Terminals" switch in wrong position. Place switch in "Weld Terminals On" position when welding without control cable. Faulty PC board or welder alternator. 			
VRD Lights don't light up.	 Ensure VRD ON/OFF switch is in the "ON" position. If light is burned out, replace both VRD lights. Faulty OCV indicator PC board. 			

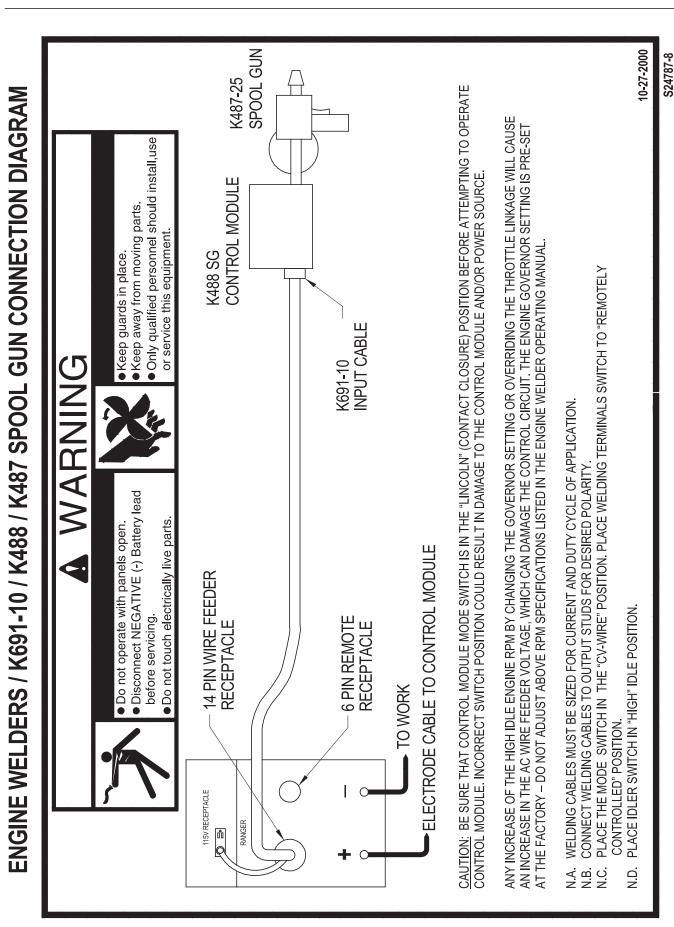
A CAUTION

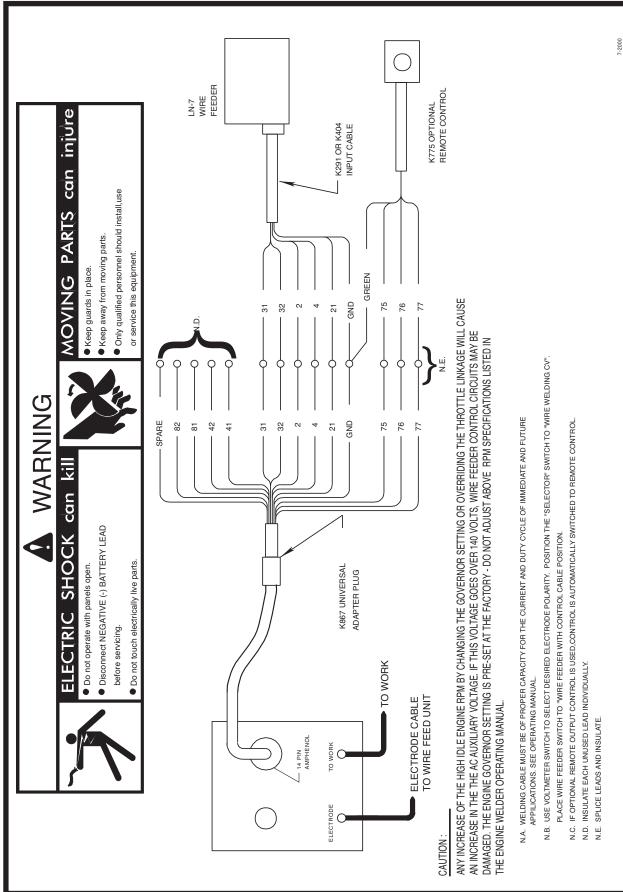
If for any reason you do not understand the test procedures or are unable to perform the tests/repairs safely, contact your Local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility for technical troubleshooting assistance before you proceed.



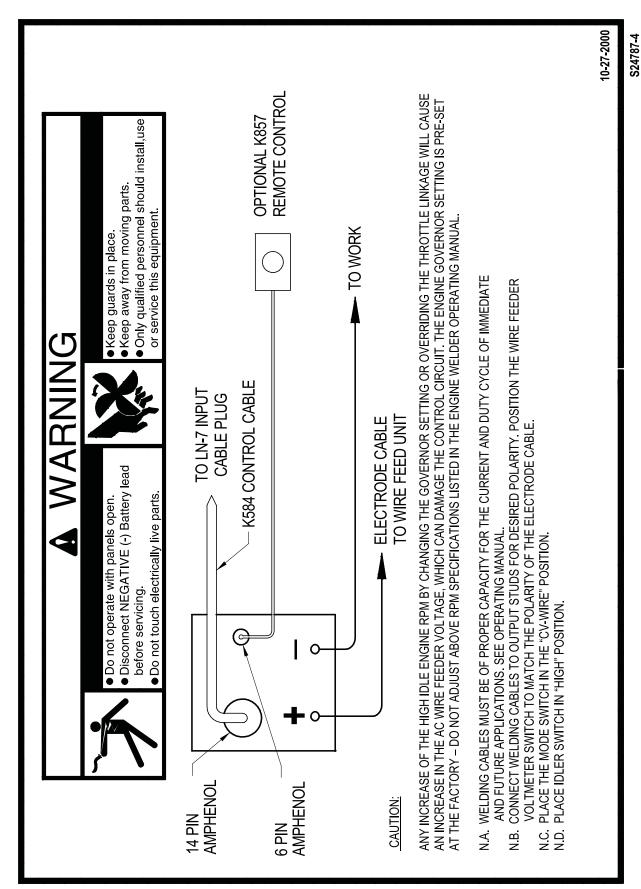


DIAGRAMS

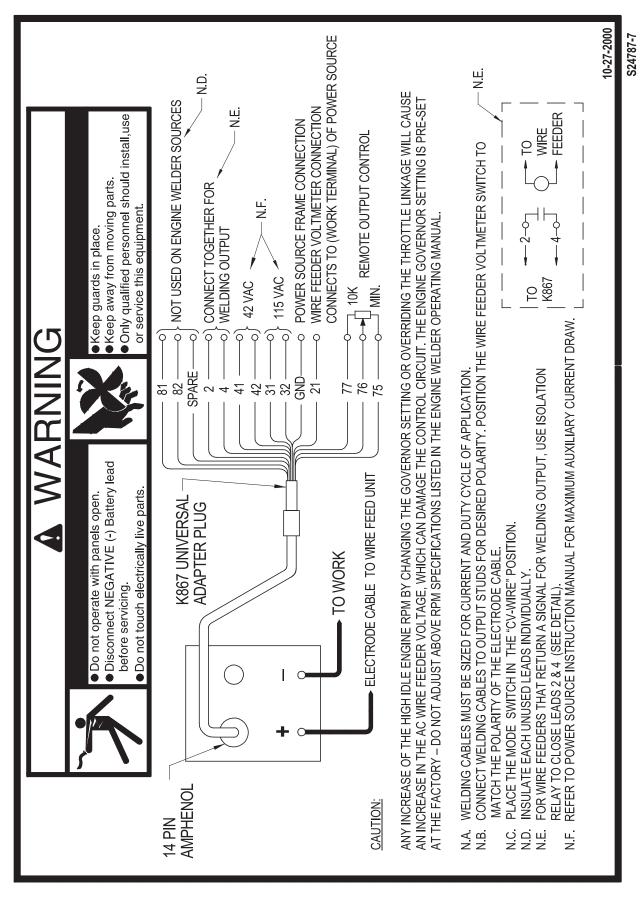


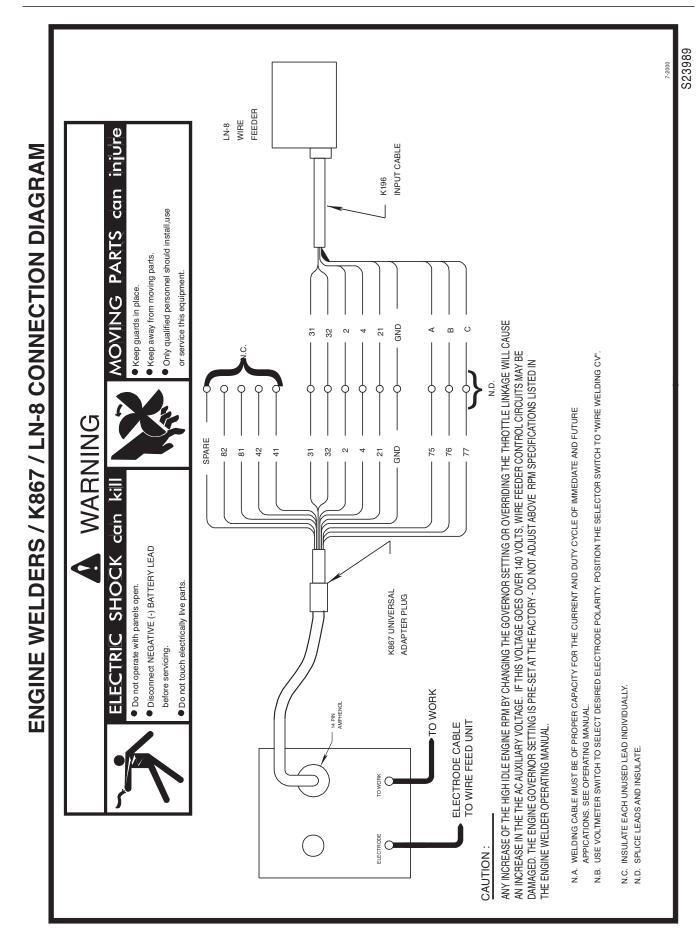


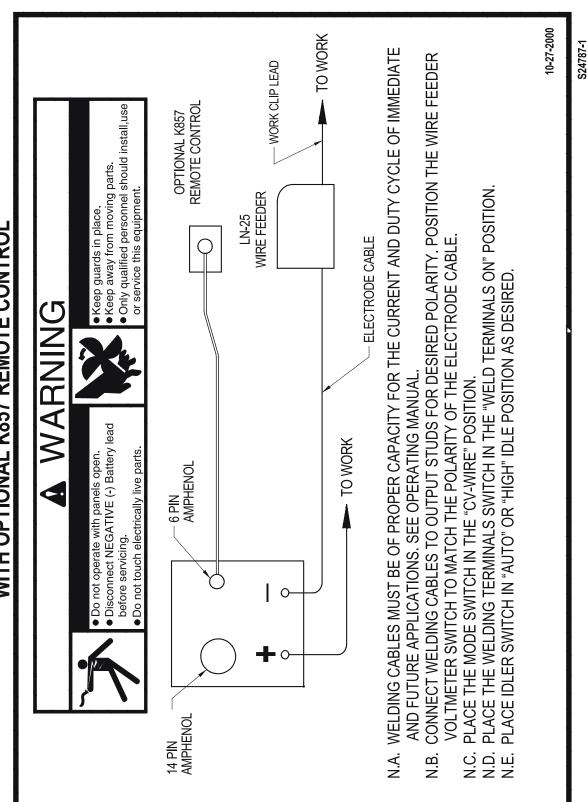
S23983

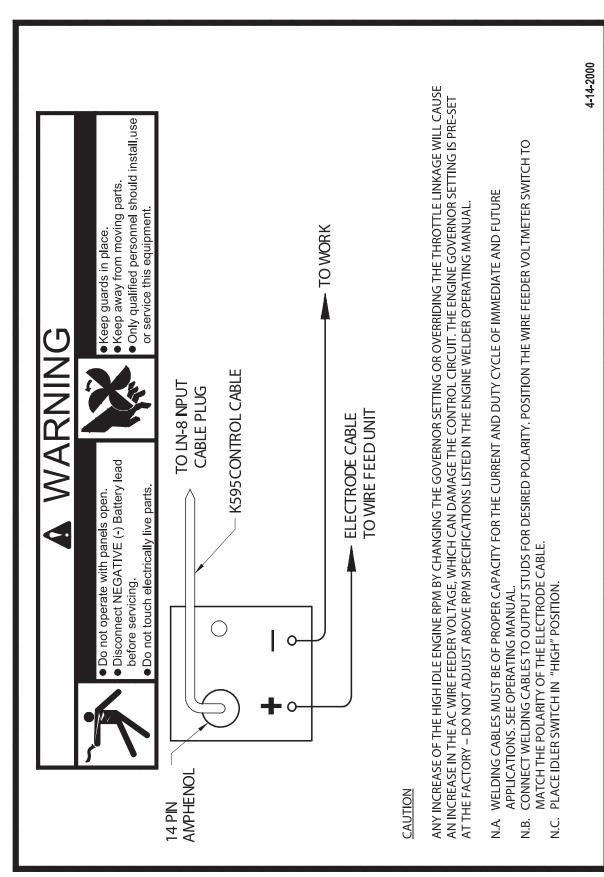


ENGINE WELDERS TO K867 CONTROL CABLE ADAPTER CONNECTION DIAGRAM

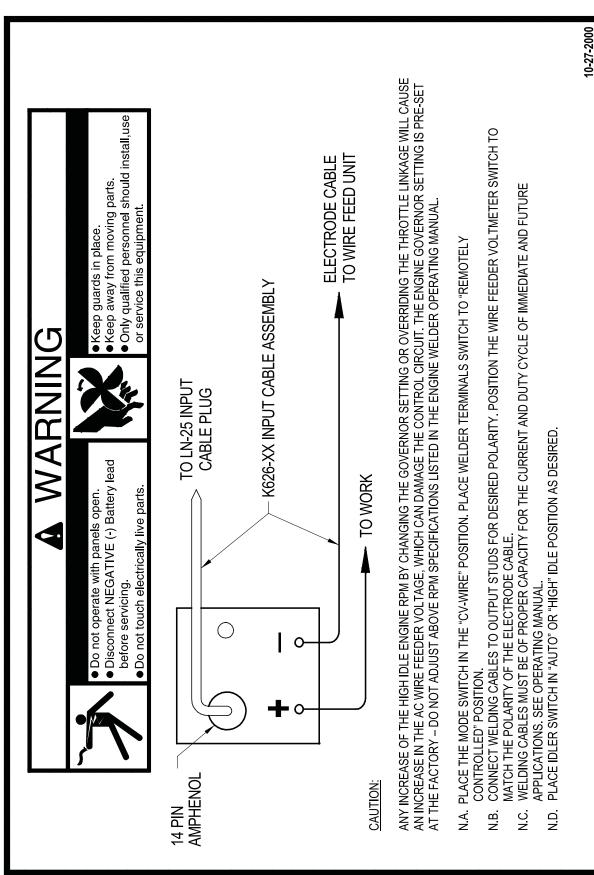






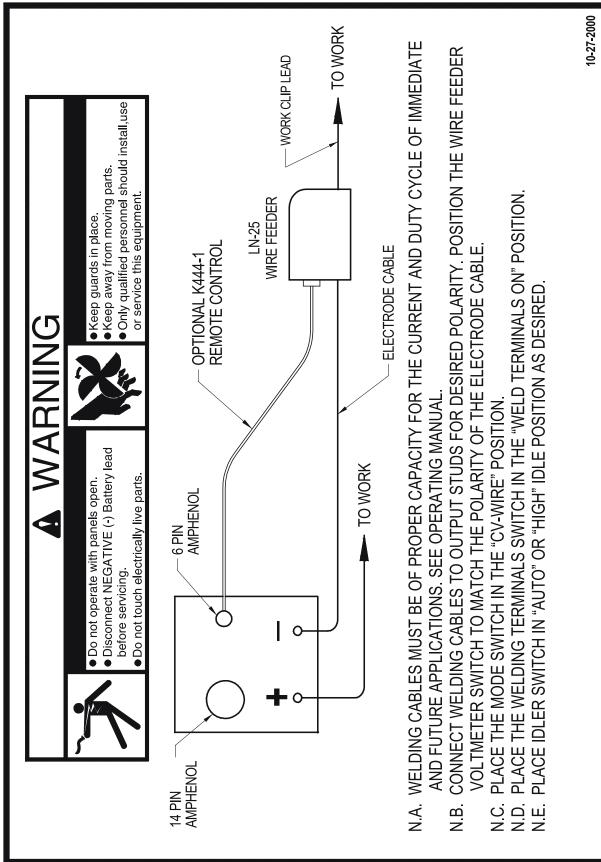


S24787-6

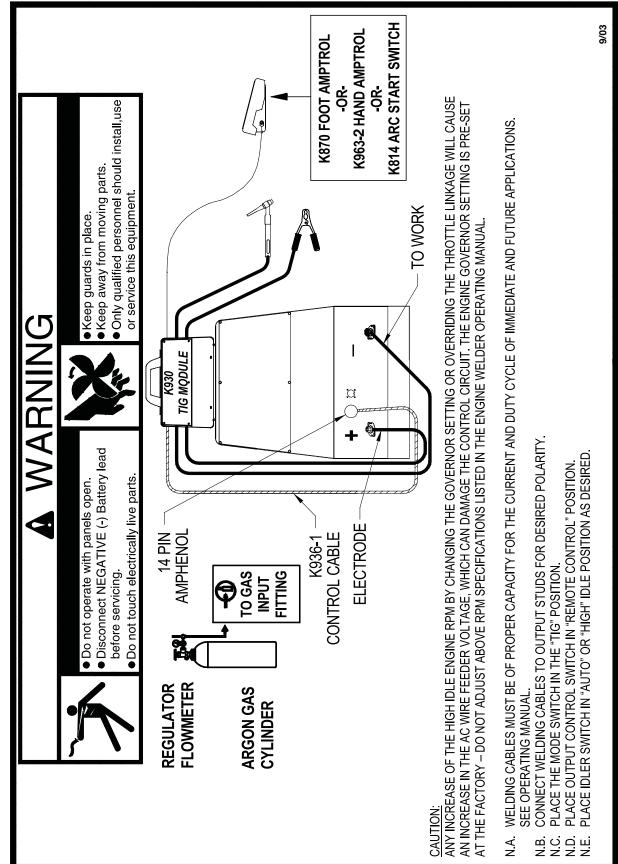


F-9

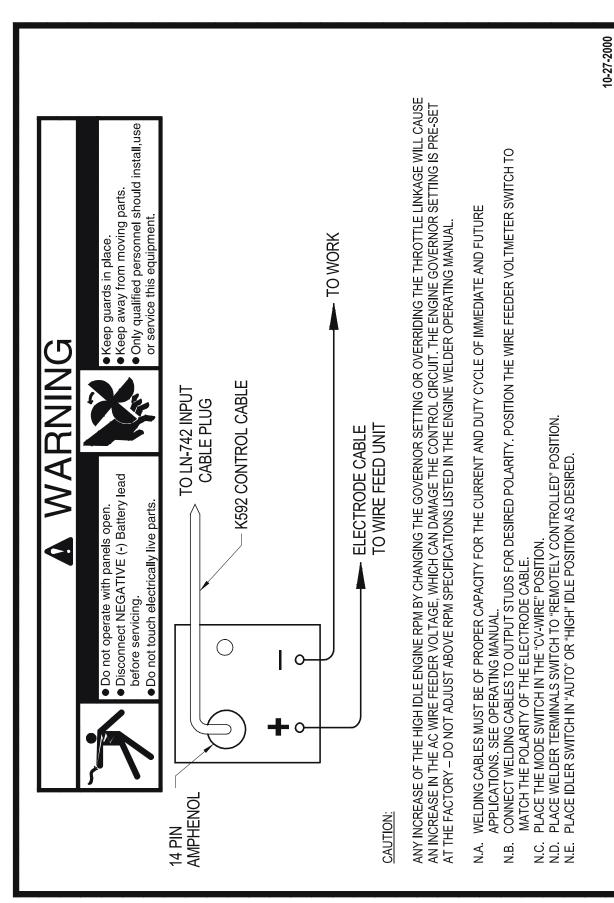
S24787-3



S24787-2

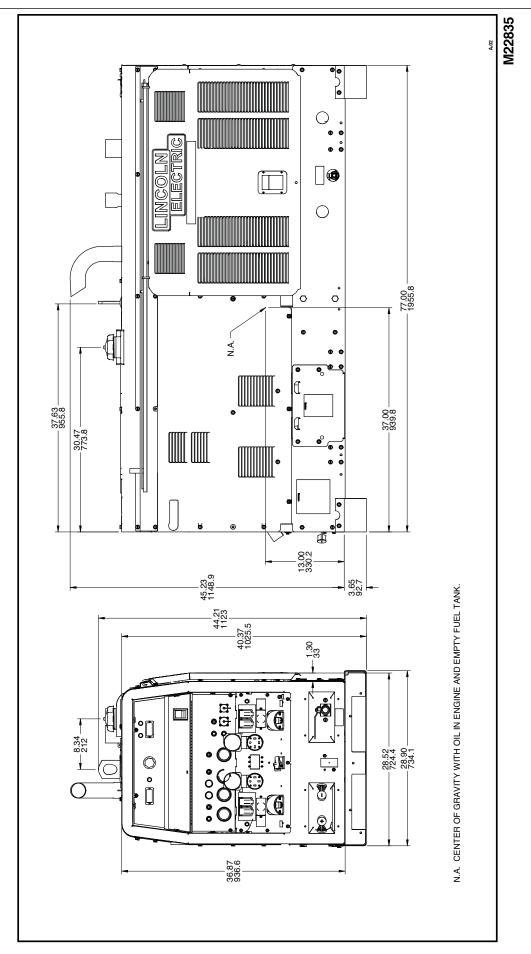


S24787-9



F-12

S24787-5



WARNING	 Do not touch electrically live parts or electrode with skin or wet clothing. Insulate yourself from work and ground. 	• Keep flammable materials away.	• Wear eye, ear and body protection.
AVISO DE PRECAUCION	 No toque las partes o los electrodos bajo carga con la piel o ropa moja- da. Aislese del trabajo y de la tierra. 	 Mantenga el material combustible fuera del área de trabajo. 	 Protéjase los ojos, los oídos y el cuerpo.
French ATTENTION	 Ne laissez ni la peau ni des vête- ments mouillés entrer en contact avec des pièces sous tension. Isolez-vous du travail et de la terre. 	 Gardez à l'écart de tout matériel inflammable. 	 Protégez vos yeux, vos oreilles et votre corps.
German WARNUNG	 Berühren Sie keine stromführenden Teile oder Elektroden mit Ihrem Körper oder feuchter Kleidung! Isolieren Sie sich von den Elektroden und dem Erdboden! 	• Entfernen Sie brennbarres Material!	 Tragen Sie Augen-, Ohren- und Kör- perschutz!
ATENÇÃO	 Não toque partes elétricas e electrodos com a pele ou roupa molhada. Isole-se da peça e terra. 	 Mantenha inflamáveis bem guarda- dos. 	 Use proteção para a vista, ouvido e corpo.
注意事項	 ●通電中の電気部品、又は溶材にヒ フやぬれた布で触れないこと。 ●施工物やアースから身体が絶縁さ れている様にして下さい。 	● 燃えやすいものの側での溶接作業 は絶対にしてはなりません。	● 目、耳及び身体に保護具をして下 さい。
Chinese	 ●皮肤或濕衣物切勿接觸帶電部件及 銲條。 ●使你自己與地面和工件絶縁。 	●把一切易燃物品移離工作場所。	●佩戴眼、耳及身體勞動保護用具。
Korean 위험	● 전도체나 용접봉을 젖은 형겁 또는 피부로 절대 접촉치 마십시요. ● 모재와 접지를 접촉치 마십시요.	●인화성 물질을 접근 시키지 마시요.	●눈, 귀와 몸에 보호장구를 착용하십시요.
Arabic	لا تلمس الاجزاء التي يسري فيها التيار الكهرباني أو الالكترود بجلد الجسم أو بالملابس المبلنة بالماء. ضع عازلا على جسمك خلال العمل.	 ضع المواد القابلة للاشتعال في مكان بعيد. 	 ضع أدوات وملابس واقية على عينيك وأذنيك وجسمك.

READ AND UNDERSTAND THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTION FOR THIS EQUIPMENT AND THE CONSUMABLES TO BE USED AND FOLLOW YOUR EMPLOYER'S SAFETY PRACTICES.

SE RECOMIENDA LEER Y ENTENDER LAS INSTRUCCIONES DEL FABRICANTE PARA EL USO DE ESTE EQUIPO Y LOS CONSUMIBLES QUE VA A UTILIZAR, SIGA LAS MEDIDAS DE SEGURIDAD DE SU SUPERVISOR.

LISEZ ET COMPRENEZ LES INSTRUCTIONS DU FABRICANT EN CE QUI REGARDE CET EQUIPMENT ET LES PRODUITS A ETRE EMPLOYES ET SUIVEZ LES PROCEDURES DE SECURITE DE VOTRE EMPLOYEUR.

LESEN SIE UND BEFOLGEN SIE DIE BETRIEBSANLEITUNG DER ANLAGE UND DEN ELEKTRODENEINSATZ DES HER-Stellers. Die Unfallverhütungsvorschriften des Arbeitgebers sind ebenfalls zu beachten.

	Ĩ,		
 Keep your head out of fumes. Use ventilation or exhaust to remove fumes from breathing zone. 	 Turn power off before servicing. 	 Do not operate with panel open or guards off. 	WARNING
 Los humos fuera de la zona de respiración. Mantenga la cabeza fuera de los humos. Utilice ventilación o aspiración para gases. 	 Desconectar el cable de ali- mentación de poder de la máquina antes de iniciar cualquier servicio. 	 No operar con panel abierto o guardas quitadas. 	AVISO DE PRECAUCION
 Gardez la tête à l'écart des fumées. Utilisez un ventilateur ou un aspira- teur pour ôter les fumées des zones de travail. 	 Débranchez le courant avant l'entre- tien. 	 N'opérez pas avec les panneaux ouverts ou avec les dispositifs de protection enlevés. 	French ATTENTION
 Vermeiden Sie das Einatmen von Schweibrauch! Sorgen Sie für gute Be- und Entlüftung des Arbeitsplatzes! 	 Strom vor Wartungsarbeiten abschalten! (Netzstrom völlig öff- nen; Maschine anhalten!) 	 Anlage nie ohne Schutzgehäuse oder Innenschutzverkleidung in Betrieb setzen! 	German WARNUNG
 Mantenha seu rosto da fumaça. Use ventilação e exhaustão para remover fumo da zona respiratória. 	 Não opere com as tampas removidas. Desligue a corrente antes de fazer serviço. Não toque as partes elétricas nuas. 	 Mantenha-se afastado das partes moventes. Não opere com os paineis abertos ou guardas removidas. 	Portuguese ATENÇÃO
 ● ヒュームから頭を離すようにして 下さい。 ● 換気や排煙に十分留意して下さい。 	● メンテナンス・サービスに取りか かる際には、まず電源スイッチを 必ず切って下さい。	● パネルやカバーを取り外したまま で機械操作をしないで下さい。	注意事項
●頭部遠離煙霧。 ●在呼吸區使用通風或排風器除煙。	● 維修前切斷電源。	●儀表板打開或沒有安全罩時不準作 業。	Chinese 营告
 얼굴로부터 용접가스를 멀리하십시요. 호홉지역으로부터 용접가스를 제거하기 위해 가스제거기나 통풍기를 사용하십시요. 	● 보수전에 전원을 차단하십시요.	● 판넬이 열린 상태로 작동치 마십시요.	Korean 위 험
 ابعد رأسك بعيداً عن الدخان. استعمل التهوية أو جهاز ضغط الدخان للخارج لكي تبعد الدخان عن المنطقة التي تتنفس فيها. 	 اقطع التيار الكهربائي قبل القيام بأية صيانة. 	 لا تشغل هذا الجهاز اذا كانت الاغطية الحديدية الواقية ليست عليه. 	Arabic تحذیر

LEIA E COMPREENDA AS INSTRUÇÕES DO FABRICANTE PARA ESTE EQUIPAMENTO E AS PARTES DE USO, E SIGA AS PRÁTICAS DE SEGURANÇA DO EMPREGADOR.

使う機械や溶材のメーカーの指示書をよく読み、まず理解して下さい。そして貴社の安全規定に従って下さい。

請詳細閱讀並理解製造廠提供的説明以及應該使用的銀捍材料,並請遵守貴方的有関勞動保護規定。

이 제품에 동봉된 작업지침서를 숙지하시고 귀사의 작업자 안전수칙을 준수하시기 바랍니다.

اقرأ بتمعن وافهم تعليمات المصنع المنتج لهذه المعدات والمواد قبل استعمالها واتبع تعليمات الوقاية لصاحب العمل.

CUSTOMER ASSISTANCE POLICY

The business of The Lincoln Electric Company is manufacturing and selling high guality welding equipment, consumables, and cutting equipment. Our challenge is to meet the needs of our customers and to exceed their expectations. On occasion, purchasers may ask Lincoln Electric for advice or information about their use of our products. We respond to our customers based on the best information in our possession at that time. Lincoln Electric is not in a position to warrant or quarantee such advice, and assumes no liability, with respect to such information or advice. We expressly disclaim any warranty of any kind, including any warranty of fitness for any customer's particular purpose, with respect to such information or advice. As a matter of practical consideration, we also cannot assume any responsibility for updating or correcting any such information or advice once it has been given, nor does the provision of information or advice create, expand or alter any warranty with respect to the sale of our products.

Lincoln Electric is a responsive manufacturer, but the selection and use of specific products sold by Lincoln Electric is solely within the control of, and remains the sole responsibility of the customer. Many variables beyond the control of Lincoln Electric affect the results obtained in applying these types of fabrication methods and service requirements.

Subject to Change – This information is accurate to the best of our knowledge at the time of printing. Please refer to www.lincolnelectric.com for any updated information.



THE LINCOLN ELECTRIC COMPANY 22801 St. Clair Avenue • Cleveland, OH • 44117-1199 • U.S.A. Phone: +1.216.481.8100 • www.lincolnelectric.com