

Operator's Manual

PRISM WALL MOUNT WITH MECHANIZED CLEANING



For use with extraction arms having Product Numbers:

13108 MERV 16 filter Single Arm

13109 MERV 16 filter Dual Arm



Register your machine:

www.lincolnelectric.com/register

Authorized Service and Distributor Locator:

www.lincolnelectric.com/locator

Save for future reference

Date Purchased

Code: (ex: 10859)

Serial: (ex: U1060512345)

Need Help? Call 1.888.935.3877

to talk to a Service Representative

Hours of Operation:

8:00 AM to 6:00 PM (ET) Mon. thru Fri.

After hours?

Use "Ask the Experts" at lincolnelectric.com
A Lincoln Service Representative will contact you
no later than the following business day.

For Service outside the USA:

Email: globalservice@lincolnelectric.com

THANK YOU FOR SELECTING A QUALITY PRODUCT BY LINCOLN ELECTRIC.

PLEASE EXAMINE CARTON AND EQUIPMENT FOR DAMAGE IMMEDIATELY

When this equipment is shipped, title passes to the purchaser upon receipt by the carrier. Consequently, claims for material damaged in shipment must be made by the purchaser against the transportation company at the time the shipment is received.

SAFETY DEPENDS ON YOU

Lincoln arc welding and cutting equipment is designed and built with safety in mind. However, your overall safety can be increased by proper installation ... and thoughtful operation on your part. **DO NOT INSTALL, OPERATE OR REPAIR THIS EQUIPMENT WITHOUT READING THIS MANUAL AND THE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS CONTAINED THROUGHOUT.** And, most importantly, think before you act and be careful.

WARNING

This statement appears where the information must be followed exactly to avoid serious personal injury or loss of life.

CAUTION

This statement appears where the information must be followed to avoid minor personal injury or damage to this equipment.



KEEP YOUR HEAD OUT OF THE FUMES.

DON'T get too close to the arc. Use corrective lenses if necessary to stay a reasonable distance away from the arc.

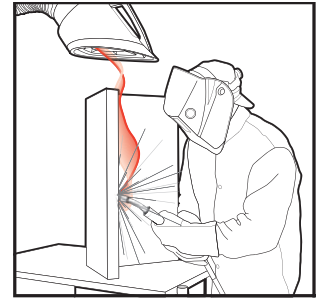
READ and obey the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) and the warning label that appears on all containers of welding materials.

USE ENOUGH VENTILATION or exhaust at the arc, or both, to keep the fumes and gases from your breathing zone and the general area.

IN A LARGE ROOM OR OUTDOORS, natural ventilation may be adequate if you keep your head out of the fumes (See below).

USE NATURAL DRAFTS or fans to keep the fumes away from your face.

If you develop unusual symptoms, see your supervisor. Perhaps the welding atmosphere and ventilation system should be checked.



WEAR CORRECT EYE, EAR & BODY PROTECTION

PROTECT your eyes and face with welding helmet properly fitted and with proper grade of filter plate (See ANSI Z49.1).

PROTECT your body from welding spatter and arc flash with protective clothing including woolen clothing, flame-proof apron and gloves, leather leggings, and high boots.

PROTECT others from splatter, flash, and glare with protective screens or barriers.

IN SOME AREAS, protection from noise may be appropriate.

BE SURE protective equipment is in good condition.

Also, wear safety glasses in work area **AT ALL TIMES.**



SPECIAL SITUATIONS

DO NOT WELD OR CUT containers or materials which previously had been in contact with hazardous substances unless they are properly cleaned. This is extremely dangerous.

DO NOT WELD OR CUT painted or plated parts unless special precautions with ventilation have been taken. They can release highly toxic fumes or gases.

Additional precautionary measures

PROTECT compressed gas cylinders from excessive heat, mechanical shocks, and arcs; fasten cylinders so they cannot fall.

BE SURE cylinders are never grounded or part of an electrical circuit.

REMOVE all potential fire hazards from welding area.

ALWAYS HAVE FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE AND KNOW HOW TO USE IT.



SECTION A: WARNINGS



CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 WARNINGS



WARNING: Breathing diesel engine exhaust exposes you to chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

- Always start and operate the engine in a well-ventilated area.
- If in an exposed area, vent the exhaust to the outside.
- Do not modify or tamper with the exhaust system.
- Do not idle the engine except as necessary.

For more information go to www.P65warnings.ca.gov/diesel

WARNING: This product, when used for welding or cutting, produces fumes or gases which contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause birth defects and, in some cases, cancer. (California Health & Safety Code § 25249.5 *et seq.*)



WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm
www.P65warnings.ca.gov

ARC WELDING CAN BE HAZARDOUS. PROTECT YOURSELF AND OTHERS FROM POSSIBLE SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH. KEEP CHILDREN AWAY. PACEMAKER WEARERS SHOULD CONSULT WITH THEIR DOCTOR BEFORE OPERATING.

Read and understand the following safety highlights. For additional safety information, it is strongly recommended that you purchase a copy of "Safety in Welding & Cutting - ANSI Standard Z49.1" from the American Welding Society, P.O. Box 351040, Miami, Florida 33135 or CSA Standard W117.2-1974. A Free copy of "Arc Welding Safety" booklet E205 is available from the Lincoln Electric Company, 22801 St. Clair Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio 44117-1199.

BE SURE THAT ALL INSTALLATION, OPERATION, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR PROCEDURES ARE PERFORMED ONLY BY QUALIFIED INDIVIDUALS.



FOR ENGINE POWERED EQUIPMENT.

- 1.a. Turn the engine off before troubleshooting and maintenance work unless the maintenance work requires it to be running.
- 1.b. Operate engines in open, well-ventilated areas or vent the engine exhaust fumes outdoors.
- 1.c. Do not add the fuel near an open flame welding arc or when the engine is running. Stop the engine and allow it to cool before refueling to prevent spilled fuel from vaporizing on contact



with hot engine parts and igniting. Do not spill fuel when filling tank. If fuel is spilled, wipe it up and do not start engine until fumes have been eliminated.

- 1.d. Keep all equipment safety guards, covers and devices in position and in good repair. Keep hands, hair, clothing and tools away from V-belts, gears, fans and all other moving parts when starting, operating or repairing equipment.
- 1.e. In some cases it may be necessary to remove safety guards to perform required maintenance. Remove guards only when necessary and replace them when the maintenance requiring their removal is complete. Always use the greatest care when working near moving parts.
- 1.f. Do not put your hands near the engine fan. Do not attempt to override the governor or idler by pushing on the throttle control rods while the engine is running.
- 1.g. To prevent accidentally starting gasoline engines while turning the engine or welding generator during maintenance work, disconnect the spark plug wires, distributor cap or magneto wire as appropriate.
- 1.h. To avoid scalding, do not remove the radiator pressure cap when the engine is hot.



ELECTRIC AND MAGNETIC FIELDS MAY BE DANGEROUS



- 2.a. Electric current flowing through any conductor causes localized Electric and Magnetic Fields (EMF). Welding current creates EMF fields around welding cables and welding machines
- 2.b. EMF fields may interfere with some pacemakers, and welders having a pacemaker should consult their physician before welding.
- 2.c. Exposure to EMF fields in welding may have other health effects which are now not known.
- 2.d. All welders should use the following procedures in order to minimize exposure to EMF fields from the welding circuit:
 - 2.d.1. Route the electrode and work cables together - Secure them with tape when possible.
 - 2.d.2. Never coil the electrode lead around your body.
 - 2.d.3. Do not place your body between the electrode and work cables. If the electrode cable is on your right side, the work cable should also be on your right side.
 - 2.d.4. Connect the work cable to the workpiece as close as possible to the area being welded.
 - 2.d.5. Do not work next to welding power source.



ELECTRIC SHOCK CAN KILL.



- 3.a. The electrode and work (or ground) circuits are electrically “hot” when the welder is on. Do not touch these “hot” parts with your bare skin or wet clothing. Wear dry, hole-free gloves to insulate hands.
- 3.b. Insulate yourself from work and ground using dry insulation. Make certain the insulation is large enough to cover your full area of physical contact with work and ground.

In addition to the normal safety precautions, if welding must be performed under electrically hazardous conditions (in damp locations or while wearing wet clothing; on metal structures such as floors, gratings or scaffolds; when in cramped positions such as sitting, kneeling or lying, if there is a high risk of unavoidable or accidental contact with the workpiece or ground) use the following equipment:

- Semiautomatic DC Constant Voltage (Wire) Welder.
 - DC Manual (Stick) Welder.
 - AC Welder with Reduced Voltage Control.
- 3.c. In semiautomatic or automatic wire welding, the electrode, electrode reel, welding head, nozzle or semiautomatic welding gun are also electrically “hot”.
 - 3.d. Always be sure the work cable makes a good electrical connection with the metal being welded. The connection should be as close as possible to the area being welded.
 - 3.e. Ground the work or metal to be welded to a good electrical (earth) ground.
 - 3.f. Maintain the electrode holder, work clamp, welding cable and welding machine in good, safe operating condition. Replace damaged insulation.
 - 3.g. Never dip the electrode in water for cooling.
 - 3.h. Never simultaneously touch electrically “hot” parts of electrode holders connected to two welders because voltage between the two can be the total of the open circuit voltage of both welders.
 - 3.i. When working above floor level, use a safety belt to protect yourself from a fall should you get a shock.
 - 3.j. Also see Items 6.c. and 8.



ARC RAYS CAN BURN.



- 4.a. Use a shield with the proper filter and cover plates to protect your eyes from sparks and the rays of the arc when welding or observing open arc welding. Headshield and filter lens should conform to ANSI Z87.1 standards.
- 4.b. Use suitable clothing made from durable flame-resistant material to protect your skin and that of your helpers from the arc rays.
- 4.c. Protect other nearby personnel with suitable, non-flammable screening and/or warn them not to watch the arc nor expose themselves to the arc rays or to hot spatter or metal.



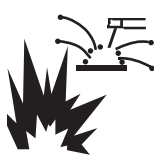
FUMES AND GASES CAN BE DANGEROUS.



- 5.a. Welding may produce fumes and gases hazardous to health. Avoid breathing these fumes and gases. When welding, keep your head out of the fume. Use enough ventilation and/or exhaust at the arc to keep fumes and gases away from the breathing zone. **When welding hardfacing (see instructions on container or SDS) or on lead or cadmium plated steel and other metals or coatings which produce highly toxic fumes, keep exposure as low as possible and within applicable OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV limits using local exhaust or mechanical ventilation unless exposure assessments indicate otherwise. In confined spaces or in some circumstances, outdoors, a respirator may also be required. Additional precautions are also required when welding on galvanized steel.**
5. b. The operation of welding fume control equipment is affected by various factors including proper use and positioning of the equipment, maintenance of the equipment and the specific welding procedure and application involved. Worker exposure level should be checked upon installation and periodically thereafter to be certain it is within applicable OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV limits.
- 5.c. Do not weld in locations near chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors coming from degreasing, cleaning or spraying operations. The heat and rays of the arc can react with solvent vapors to form phosgene, a highly toxic gas, and other irritating products.
- 5.d. Shielding gases used for arc welding can displace air and cause injury or death. Always use enough ventilation, especially in confined areas, to insure breathing air is safe.
- 5.e. Read and understand the manufacturer’s instructions for this equipment and the consumables to be used, including the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) and follow your employer’s safety practices. SDS forms are available from your welding distributor or from the manufacturer.
- 5.f. Also see item 1.b.



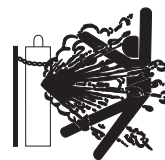
WELDING AND CUTTING SPARKS CAN CAUSE FIRE OR EXPLOSION.



- 6.a. Remove fire hazards from the welding area. If this is not possible, cover them to prevent the welding sparks from starting a fire. Remember that welding sparks and hot materials from welding can easily go through small cracks and openings to adjacent areas. Avoid welding near hydraulic lines. Have a fire extinguisher readily available.
- 6.b. Where compressed gases are to be used at the job site, special precautions should be used to prevent hazardous situations. Refer to "Safety in Welding and Cutting" (ANSI Standard Z49.1) and the operating information for the equipment being used.
- 6.c. When not welding, make certain no part of the electrode circuit is touching the work or ground. Accidental contact can cause overheating and create a fire hazard.
- 6.d. Do not heat, cut or weld tanks, drums or containers until the proper steps have been taken to insure that such procedures will not cause flammable or toxic vapors from substances inside. They can cause an explosion even though they have been "cleaned". For information, purchase "Recommended Safe Practices for the Preparation for Welding and Cutting of Containers and Piping That Have Held Hazardous Substances", AWS F4.1 from the American Welding Society (see address above).
- 6.e. Vent hollow castings or containers before heating, cutting or welding. They may explode.
- 6.f. Sparks and spatter are thrown from the welding arc. Wear oil free protective garments such as leather gloves, heavy shirt, cuffless trousers, high shoes and a cap over your hair. Wear ear plugs when welding out of position or in confined places. Always wear safety glasses with side shields when in a welding area.
- 6.g. Connect the work cable to the work as close to the welding area as practical. Work cables connected to the building framework or other locations away from the welding area increase the possibility of the welding current passing through lifting chains, crane cables or other alternate circuits. This can create fire hazards or overheat lifting chains or cables until they fail.
- 6.h. Also see item 1.c.
- 6.i. Read and follow NFPA 51B "Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting and Other Hot Work", available from NFPA, 1 Batterymarch Park, PO box 9101, Quincy, MA 022690-9101.
- 6.j. Do not use a welding power source for pipe thawing.



CYLINDER MAY EXPLODE IF DAMAGED.



- 7.a. Use only compressed gas cylinders containing the correct shielding gas for the process used and properly operating regulators designed for the gas and pressure used. All hoses, fittings, etc. should be suitable for the application and maintained in good condition.
- 7.b. Always keep cylinders in an upright position securely chained to an undercarriage or fixed support.
- 7.c. Cylinders should be located:
 - Away from areas where they may be struck or subjected to physical damage.
 - A safe distance from arc welding or cutting operations and any other source of heat, sparks, or flame.
- 7.d. Never allow the electrode, electrode holder or any other electrically "hot" parts to touch a cylinder.
- 7.e. Keep your head and face away from the cylinder valve outlet when opening the cylinder valve.
- 7.f. Valve protection caps should always be in place and hand tight except when the cylinder is in use or connected for use.
- 7.g. Read and follow the instructions on compressed gas cylinders, associated equipment, and CGA publication P-1, "Precautions for Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Cylinders," available from the Compressed Gas Association, 14501 George Carter Way Chantilly, VA 20151.



FOR ELECTRICALLY POWERED EQUIPMENT.



- 8.a. Turn off input power using the disconnect switch at the fuse box before working on the equipment.
- 8.b. Install equipment in accordance with the U.S. National Electrical Code, all local codes and the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 8.c. Ground the equipment in accordance with the U.S. National Electrical Code and the manufacturer's recommendations.

Refer to
<http://www.lincolnelectric.com/safety>
for additional safety information.

As a rule of thumb, for many mild steel electrode, if the air is visibly clear and you are comfortable, then the ventilation is generally adequate for your work. The most accurate way to determine if the worker exposure does not exceed the applicable exposure limit for compounds in the fumes and gases is to have an industrial hygienist take and analyze a sample of the air you are breathing. This is particularly important if you are welding with stainless, hardfacing or Special Ventilation products. All Lincoln MSDS have a maximum fume guideline number. If exposure to total fume is kept below that number, exposure to all fume from the electrode (not coatings or plating on the work) will be below the TLV.

There are steps that you can take to identify hazardous substances in your welding environment. Read the product label and material safety data sheet for the electrode posted in the work place or in the electrode or flux container to see what fumes can be reasonably expected from use of the product and to determine if special ventilation is needed. Secondly, know what the base metal is and determine if there is any paint, plating, or coating that could expose you to toxic fumes and/or gases. Remove it from the metal being welded, if possible. If you start to feel uncomfortable, dizzy or nauseous, there is a possibility that you are being overexposed to fumes and gases, or suffering from oxygen deficiency. Stop welding and get some fresh air immediately. Notify your supervisor and co-workers so the situation can be corrected and other workers can avoid the hazard. Be sure you are following these safe practices, the consumable labeling and MSDS to improve the ventilation in your area. Do not continue welding until the situation has been corrected.

NOTE: The MSDS for all Lincoln consumables is available on Lincoln's website: www.lincolnelectric.com

Before we turn to the methods available to control welding fume exposure, you should understand a few basic terms:

Natural Ventilation is the movement of air through the workplace caused by natural forces. Outside, this is usually the wind. Inside, this may be the flow of air through open windows and doors.

Mechanical Ventilation is the movement of air through the workplace caused by an electrical device such as a portable fan or permanently mounted fan in the ceiling or wall.

Source Extraction (Local Exhaust) is a mechanical device used to capture welding fume at or near the arc and filter contaminants out of the air.

The ventilation or exhaust needed for your application depends upon many factors such as:

- Workspace volume
- Workspace configuration
- Number of welders
- Welding process and current
- Consumables used (mild steel, hardfacing, stainless, etc.)
- Allowable levels (TLV, PEL, etc.)
- Material welded (including paint or plating)
- Natural airflow

Your work area has adequate ventilation when there is enough ventilation and/or exhaust to control worker exposure to hazardous materials in the welding fumes and gases so the applicable limits for those materials is not exceeded. See chart of TLV and PEL for Typical Electrode Ingredients, the OSHA PEL

(Permissible Exposure Limit), and the recommended guideline, the ACGIH TLV (Threshold Limit Value), for many compounds found in welding fume.

Ventilation

There are many methods which can be selected by the user to provide adequate ventilation for the specific application. The following section provides general information which may be helpful in evaluating what type of ventilation equipment may be suitable for your application. When ventilation equipment is installed, you should confirm worker exposure is controlled within applicable OSHA PEL and/or ACGIH TLV. According to OSHA regulations, when welding and cutting (mild steels), natural ventilation is usually considered sufficient to meet requirements, provided that:

1. The room or welding area contains at least 10,000 cubic feet (about 22' x 22' x 22') for each welder.
2. The ceiling height is not less than 16 feet.
3. Cross ventilation is not blocked by partitions, equipment, or other structural barriers.
4. Welding is not done in a confined space.

Spaces that do not meet these requirements should be equipped with mechanical ventilating equipment that exhausts at least 2000 CFM of air for each welder, except where local exhaust hoods or booths, or air-line respirators are used.

Important Safety Note:

When welding with electrodes which require special ventilation such as stainless or hardfacing (see instructions on container or MSDS) or on lead or cadmium plated steel and other metals or coatings which produce hazardous fumes, keep exposure as low as possible and below exposure limit values (PEL and TLV) for materials in the fume using local exhaust or mechanical ventilation. In coned spaces or in some circumstances, for example outdoors, a respirator may be required if exposure cannot be controlled to the PEL or TLV. (See MSDS and chart of TLV and PEL for Typical Electrode Ingredients.) Additional precautions are also required when welding on galvanized steel.

BIBLIOGRAPHY AND SUGGESTED READING

ANSI Z87.1, Practice for Occupational and Educational Eye and Face Protection, American National Standards Institute, 11 West 42nd Street, New York, NY 10036.

Arc Welding and Your Health: A Handbook of Health Information for Welding. Published by The American Industrial Hygiene Association, 2700 Prosperity Avenue, Suite 250, Fairfax, VA 22031-4319.

NFPA Standard 51B, Cutting and Welding Processes, National Fire Protection Association, 1 Batterymarch Park, P.O. Box 9146, Quincy, MA 02269-9959.

OSHA General Industry Standard 29 CFR 1910 Subpart Q. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200. Available from the Occupational Safety and Health Administration at <http://www.osha.org> or contact your local OSHA office.

The following publications are published by The American Welding Society, P.O. Box 351040, Miami, Florida 33135. AWS publications may be purchased from the American Welding Society at <http://www.aws.org> or by contacting the AWS at 800-443-9353.

ANSI, Standard Z49.1, Safety in Welding, Cutting and Allied Processes. Z49.1 is now available for download at no charge at <http://www.lincolnelectric.com/community/safety/> or at the AWS website <http://www.aws.org>.

AWS F1.1, Method for Sampling Airborne Particulates Generated by Welding and Allied Processes.

AWS F1.2, Laboratory Method for Measuring Fume Generation Rates and Total Fume Emission of Welding and Allied Processes.

AWS F1.3, Evaluating Contaminants in the Welding Environment: A Strategic Sampling Guide.

AWS F1.5, Methods for Sampling and Analyzing Gases from Welding and Allied Processes.

AWS F3.2, Ventilation Guide for Welding Fume Control

AWS F4.1, Recommended Safe Practices for the Preparation for Welding and Cutting of Containers and Piping That Have Held Hazardous Substances.

AWS SHF, Safety and Health Facts Sheets. Available free of charge from the AWS website at <http://www.aws.org>.

LISTED BELOW ARE SOME TYPICAL INGREDIENTS IN WELDING ELECTRODES AND THEIR TLV (ACGIH) GUIDELINES AND PEL (OSHA) EXPOSURE LIMITS

INGREDIENTS	CAS No.	TLV mg/m ³	PEL mg/m ³
Aluminum and/or aluminum alloys (as Al)*****	7429-90-5	1.0	15
Aluminum oxide and/or Bauxite*****	1344-28-1	1.0	5**
Barium compounds (as Ba)*****	513-77-9	0.5	0.5
Chromium and chromium alloys or compounds (as Cr)*****	7440-47-3	0.5(b)	0.5(b)
Hexavalent Chromium (Cr VI)	18540-29-9	0.05(b)	.005(b)
Copper Fume	7440-50-8	0.2	0.1
Cobalt Compounds	7440-48-4	0.02	0.1
Fluorides (as F)	7789-75-5	2.5	2.5
Iron	7439-89-6	10*	10*
Limestone and/or calcium carbonate	1317-65-3	10*	15
Lithium compounds (as Li)	554-13-2	15	10*
Magnesite	1309-48-4	10	15
Magnesium and/or magnesium alloys and compounds (as Mg)	7439-95-4	10*	10*
Manganese and/or manganese alloys and compounds (as Mn)*****	7439-96-5	0.02	5.0(c)
Mineral silicates	1332-58-7	5**	5**
Molybdenum alloys (as Mo)	7439-98-7	10	10
Nickel*****	7440-02-0	0.1	1
Silicates and other binders	1344-09-8	10*	10*
Silicon and/or silicon alloys and compounds (as Si)	7440-21-3	10*	10*
Strontium compounds (as Sr)	1633-05-2	10*	10*
Zirconium alloys and compounds (as Zr)	12004-83-0	5	5

Supplemental Information:

(*) Not listed. Nuisance value maximum is 10 milligrams per cubic meter. PEL value for iron oxide is 10 milligrams per cubic meter. TLV value for iron oxide is 5 milligrams per cubic meter.

(**) As respirable dust.

(****) Subject to the reporting requirements of Sections 311, 312, and 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 and of 40CFR 370 and 372.

(b) The PEL for chromium (VI) is .005 milligrams per cubic meter as an 8 hour time weighted average. The TLV for water-soluble chromium (VI) is 0.05 milligrams per cubic meter. The TLV for insoluble chromium (VI) is 0.01 milligrams per cubic meter.

(c) Values are for manganese fume. STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) is 3.0 milligrams per cubic meter. OSHA PEL is a ceiling value.

(****) The TLV for soluble barium compounds is 0.5 mg/m³.

TLV and PEL values are as of October 2013. Always check Safety Data Sheet (SDS) with product or on the Lincoln Electric website at <http://www.lincolnelectric.com>

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONSA-1
 GENERAL DESCRIPTIONA-2
 UNPACKING - SINGLE ARMA-3
 UNPACKING - DUAL ARMA-3

INSTALLATION.....A-4
 PRISM WALL MOUNT WITH MECHANIZED CLEANING SINGLE ARMA-4
 PRISM WALL MOUNT WITH MECHANIZED CLEANING.....A-5
 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONA-7

OPERATION.....B-1
 USERSB-2
 INTENDED USEB-2
 MODIFICATIONS.....B-2
 OPERATIONB-2
 USEB-3
 FILTER MAINTENANCE INDICATOR.....B-3

ACCESSORIES.....C-1

MAINTENANCED-1
 DISPOSAL.....D-1
 PERIODIC MAINTENANCE.....D-1
 DISPOSAL.....D-3
 FILTER REPLACEMENTD-3

TROUBLESHOOTINGE-1

PARTS LIST.....PARTS.LINCOLNELECTRIC.COM

CONTENT/DETAILS MAY BE CHANGED OR UPDATED WITHOUT NOTICE. FOR MOST CURRENT INSTRUCTION MANUALS, GO TO PARTS.LINCOLNELECTRIC.COM.

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS -

13108 MERV 16 filter Single Arm
13109 MERV 16 filter Dual Arm

OPERATING CAPACITY	
EXTRACTOR TYPE	LOW VACUUM; HIGH VOLUME

AIRFLOW RATE	
PRISM WALL MOUNTSINGLE ARM	MAX. 735 CFM (1,250 M ³ /H)
PRISM WALL MOUNT DUAL ARM	MAX. 1,200 CFM (2,040 M ³ /H) AT SIMULTANEOUS USE OF TWO PRISM 2400

INPUT VOLTAGE
1~60Hz : 115V, 0.5A
1~50/60Hz : 230V, 0.25A

Min SOOW 18AWG cable with max 1/2" OD

COMPRESSED AIR	
COMPRESSED AIR CONNECTION	1/4 INCH MALE PNEUMATIC QUICK DISCONNECT (ISO 6150 B profile - 1/4")
COMPRESSED AIR PRESSURE	70 - 120 PSI (5 - 8 BAR)
REQUIRED COMPRESSED AIR QUALITY	DRY AND OIL-FREE
COMPRESSED AIR CONSUMPTION	5 CFM

WEIGHT	
SINGLE ARM	270 LBS (122 KGS)
DUAL ARM	290 LBS (131 KGS)

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS		
LENGTH	DEPTH	HEIGHT
34 IN. (86 CM)	36 IN. (91 CM)	38 IN. (97 CM)

AMBIENT CONDITIONS	
MIN. OPERATING TEMP	41°F (5°C)
NOM. OPERATING TEMP	68°F (20°C)
MAX. OPERATING TEMP	104°F (40°C)
MAX. RELATIVE HUMIDITY	80%

FILTER TYPE	
PRISM WALL MOUNT W/ MERV 16	DISPOSABLE CELLULOSE / POLYESTER BLEND LONGLIFE FILTER

MERV 16 FILTER CLASS TO DIN EN 60335-2-69
M

MAIN FILTER SURFACE AREA
2 X 284 FT ² (2 X 26 M ²)

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The PRISM WALL MOUNT WITH MECHANIZED CLEANING Wall-Mounted Filter Unit provides efficient filtration for use with a Lincoln PRISM 2400 Stationary Fan and PRISM 10 ft or 13 ft or PRISM 7 ft Arms. The PRISM WALL MOUNT WITH MECHANIZED CLEANING features a spark arrester and a paper filter cartridge with a filtration efficiency of 99.8%.

The PRISM WALL MOUNT WITH MECHANIZED CLEANING uses an automatic filter cleaning system to maintain the filter and reduce maintenance costs. Fume collected on the outside of the filter is knocked off by a blast of compressed air from the cleaning system. Fume then drops into the dust collection tray inside the unit.

When the pressure drop across the filter reaches a set point due to an increase in fume on the outside of the filter, a solenoid releases air from a compressed air reservoir tank mounted inside the filter cartridge. This air goes through several holes in the cleaning tube, cleaning one section of the filter with multiple air jets. The cleaning tube then shifts to the next section of the filter until the pressure drop again reaches the set point, triggering the next cleaning pulse.

A manual cleaning cycle is initiated by pressing the Start button on the face of the machine. The system pauses between pulses, allowing the air tank to repressurize. The PRISM WALL MOUNT WITH MECHANIZED CLEANING requires 70-120 psi of clean, dry compressed air to function properly.

The PRISM WALL MOUNT WITH MECHANIZED CLEANING Filter Unit and PRISM 2400 Stationary Fan can be combined with an PRISM, 10 ft. Extraction Arm, an PRISM, 13 ft. Extraction Arm, or a PRISM 7 ft Telescopic Extraction Arm to form a complete extraction system. Extension cranes in 7 ft. and 14 ft. lengths may also be used with the wall-mounted system including PRISM WALL MOUNT WITH MECHANIZED CLEANING Filter.

A Starter/Overload Switch or Lamp Kit for Wall-Mounted Systems must be included with any wall-mounted extraction system to power the PRISM 2400 Fan

Lamp Kits for wall mounted systems, either with or without automatic start/stop arc sensor, are available with capabilities of starting and stopping the PRISM 2400 fan from a remote switch at the end of the arm.

24V AC powers the PC board for the cleaning system inside the PRISM WALL MOUNT WITH MECHANIZED CLEANING.

Available Equipment:

In order to operate the PRISM WALL MOUNT WITH MECHANIZED CLEANING system, selection of following products is required:

- K1656-9 PRISM 2400 extraction fan required
 - K1655-8 PRISM 10 ft. extraction arm; or
 - K1655-9 PRISM 13 ft. extraction arm; or
 - K1655-12 PRISM 7 ft flexible extraction arm; or
 - K1655-13 PRISM-LC 13 ft. Low Ceiling extraction arm; or
 - K1655-10 PRISM 7 ft telescopic extraction arm; or
 - K1655-14 PRISM 7ft-CW telescopic extraction arm required*
 - K1494-2 (2) starter/overload switch for PRISM 2400 fan (not required if using optional K1669-4 Lamp Kit with Arc Sensor)
 - K1494-10 starter/overload switch for PRISM 4200 fan (K1656-4
 - K1657-1 (2) Mounting Bracket (for PRISM 10FT and 4.1 extraction arms); or
 - K1657-2 (2) Mounting Bracket (for LFA 2.0. PRISM 7 ft and PRISM-LC extraction arms)
 - K1671-1 Extension Crane (7 ft) and K1671-2 Extension Crane (14 ft)
- * Depending on specific application and work requirements, various combinations of extraction arms can be used -e.g. (1) K1655-9 PRISM 10FT arm and (1) K1655-10 LFA 2.0 arm.

UNPACKING - SINGLE ARM

Check that the product package is complete. The package should contain:

PRISM WALL MOUNT WITH MECHANIZED CLEANING SINGLE ARM

- A.) Complete filter unit, with prefilter / spark arrestor and filter cartridge installed - (1)
- B.) Mounting bracket (attached on the back side of the unit) - (1)
- C.) 8 in. Diameter Connection hoses, extended length 59" - (1)
- D.) 8 in. Diameter Hose clamps - (2)
- F.) Reducers - (1)
- G.) Inlet Flanges - (1)
- H.) Sealing Rings - (1)
- I.) Rubber sealing bands - (2)
- J.) Sheet metal screws - (3)
- K.) Instruction manual - (1)

If parts are missing or damaged, contact Lincoln Electric Automation Service 888-935-3878.

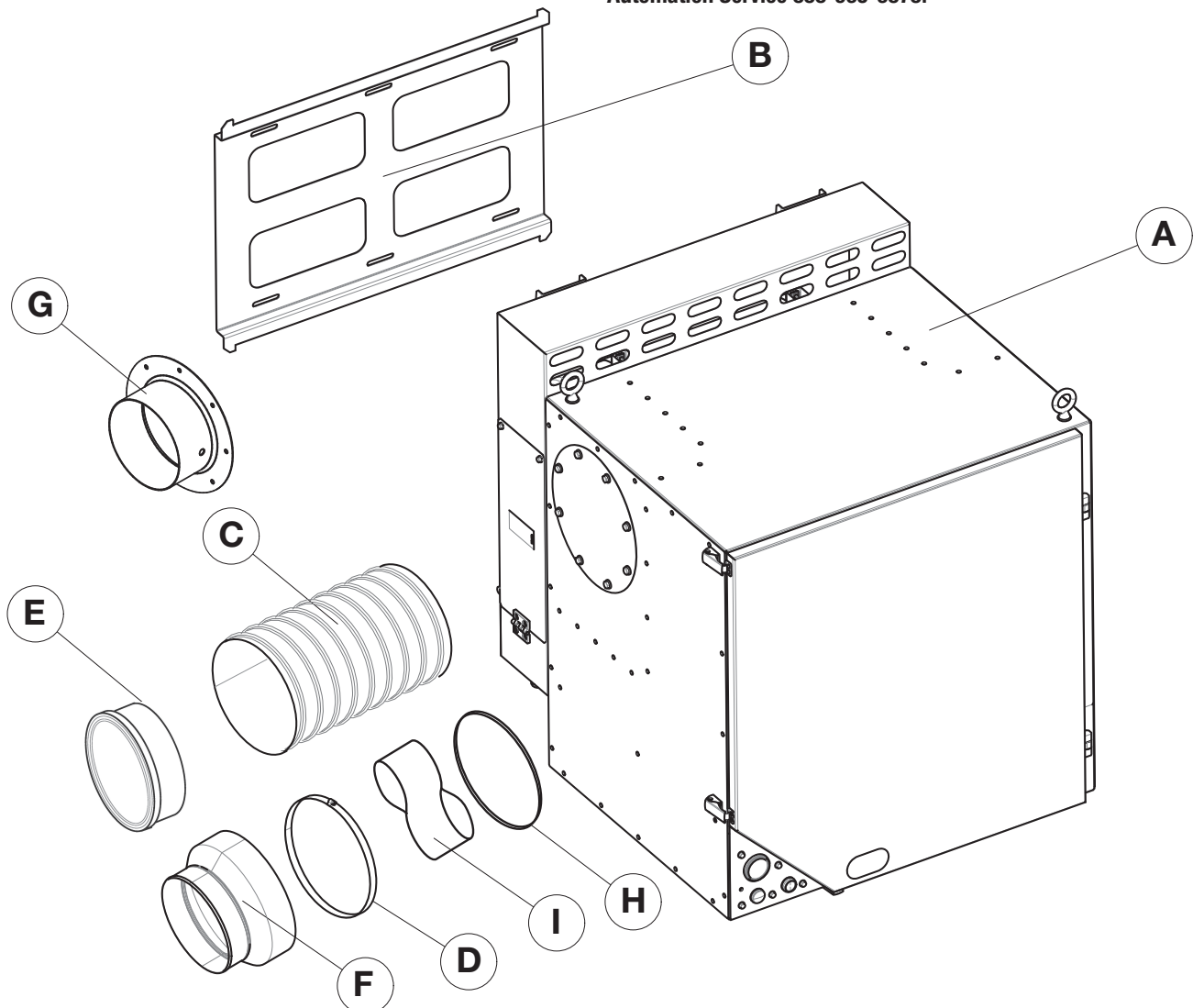
UNPACKING - DUAL ARM

Check that the product package is complete. The package should contain:

PRISM WALL MOUNT WITH MECHANIZED CLEANING DUAL ARM

- A.) Complete filter unit, with prefilter / spark arrestor and filter cartridge installed - (1)
- B.) Mounting bracket (attached on the back side of the unit) - (1)
- C.) 8 in. Diameter Connection hoses, extended length 59" - (2)
- D.) 8 in. Diameter Hose clamps - (4)
- E.) 8 in. Diameter Non-return valves - (2)
- F.) Reducers - (2)
- G.) Inlet Flanges - (2)
- H.) Sealing Rings - (2)
- I.) Rubber sealing bands - (4)
- J.) Sheet metal screws - (6)
- K.) Instruction manual - (1)

If parts are missing or damaged, contact Lincoln Electric Automation Service 888-935-3878.



INSTALLATION

For information on installation of fume extraction arm(s) and extraction fan(s), refer to the corresponding manuals.

NOTE: Mount the PRISM WALL MOUNT WITH MECHANIZED CLEANING, extraction fan(s) and fume extraction arm(s) as close as possible to the source of welding.

PRISM WALL MOUNT WITH MECHANIZED CLEANING SINGLE ARM

NOTE: In the standard configuration of the PRISM WALL MOUNT WITH MECHANIZED CLEANING Single Arm system, the filter unit is positioned on the right side of the fan. However, it may be mounted on either side, as long as the connection hose reaches from the outlet of the fan to the inlet of the PRISM WALL MOUNT WITH MECHANIZED CLEANING.

! WARNING

- The installer is responsible for following federal, state and local safety codes and regulations.
- Before drilling, verify locations of existing gas, water or electrical conduits.

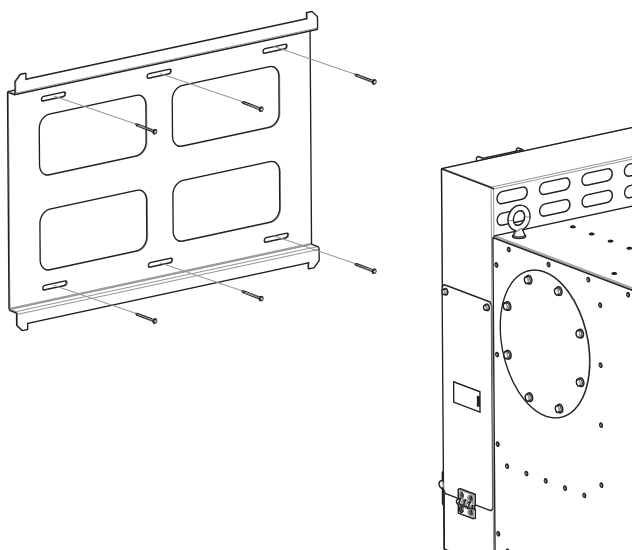


Step 1

Refer Figure A.1, Based on the available space / space requirements for the install, decide the locations for the Fan Mounting (Refer Instruction manual attached with fan) and PRISM WALL MOUNT WITH MECHANIZED CLEANING.

- Remove the wall mount bracket attached to the filter unit on the back side. Loosen the screws (2 places) on the bottom sides and take the wall mount bracket out. Do not completely remove the screws. These screws are required for securing the unit to the mounting bracket when installed on the wall.
- Carefully review and follow the distances mentioned in the set-up diagram Figure A.7 or A.8. Install the wall mount bracket to the wall. Use appropriate screws (not included) to attach the bracket to wall. Use the slots (6 places) provided in the mounting bracket to attach the screws (6 places required).

FIGURE A.1



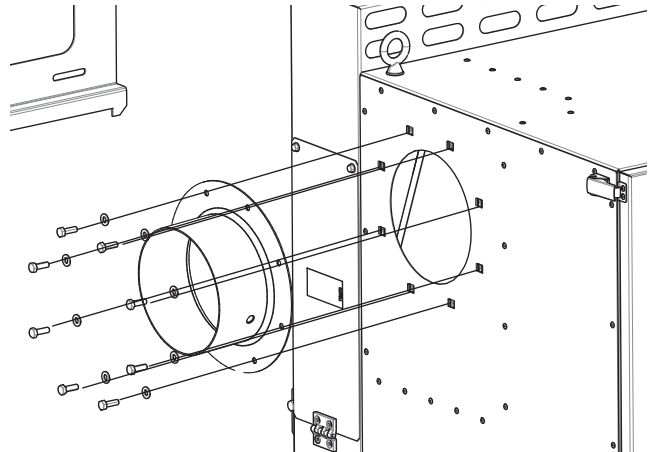
! ATTENTION

Use adequate mounting hardware for installing the unit, corresponding with the type of wall. Be aware, the weight of the unit when unpacked is approx. 260 LBS (118 kg). As filter saturates it will increase in weight.

Step : 2

- Refer Figure A.2, Remove the inlet plate and replace it with Inlet flanges. Re-use the same screws to assemble the inlet flange.

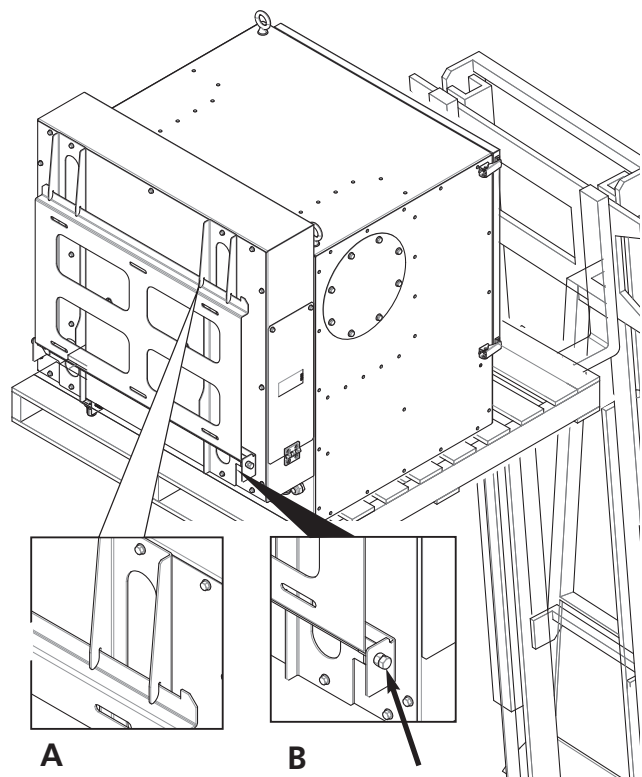
FIGURE A.2



Step : 3

- Refer Figure A.3, Hang the Filter Unit on to the wall mount bracket (inset A), and secure it by tightening the two bolts loosened in step 1 (inset B) from both sides on to the wall mount bracket.

FIGURE A.3



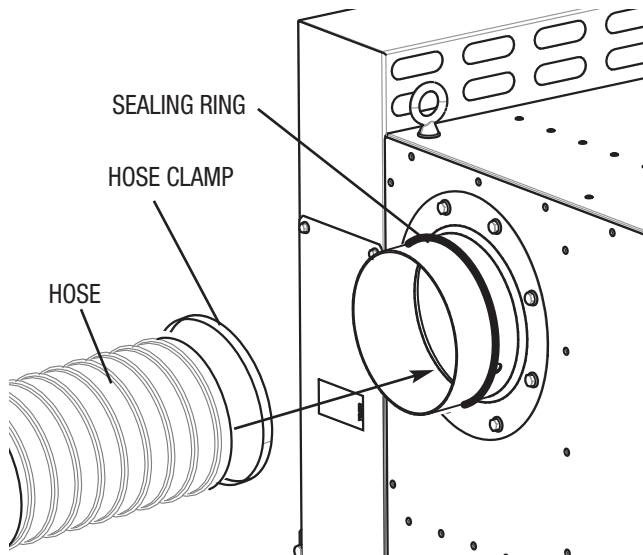
Step : 4

- Mount the PRISM 2400 fan. Refer Figure A.7 and manual provided with the fan. Maintain the axis alignment between the inlet of the PRISM WALL MOUNT WITH MECHANIZED CLEANING filter unit and outlet of the fan

Step : 5

- Install the 8 in. sealing ring on inlet flanges of the PRISM WALL MOUNT WITH MECHANIZED CLEANING Unit.
- Fit the 8 in. diameter connection hose over the sealing ring on the inlet flange and secure them with a 8 in. diameter hose clamp and rubber sealing band (not shown). Half the band should cover the end of the hose, and half the band should cover the inlet flange.

FIGURE A.4

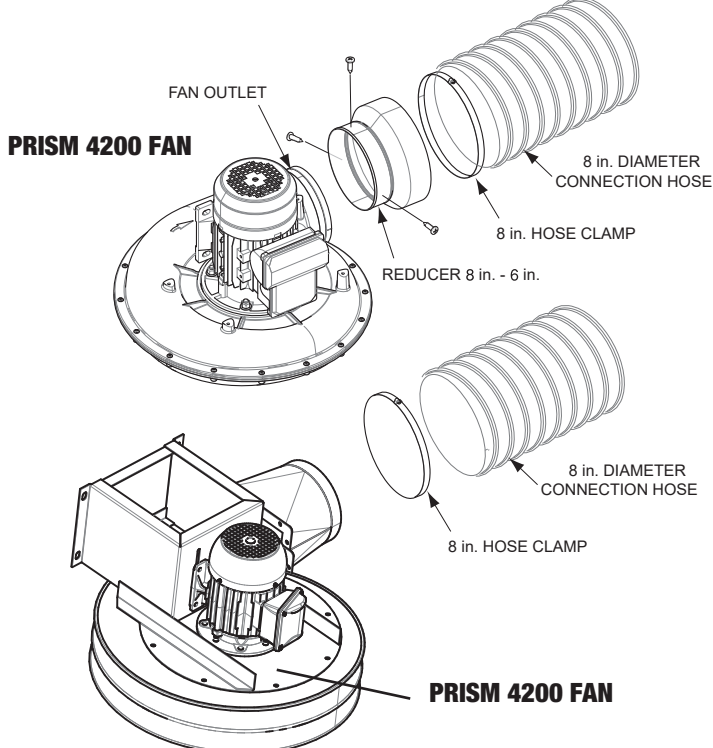


Step : 6

Fit the other ends of the 8 in. connection hose over the 8 in. diameter reducer and secure them with a 8 in. diameter hose clamp and sealing band.

Slide the 6 in. side of the reducer over the outlet of the fan and sealing ring, then secure with screws provided. Refer Figure A.5

FIGURE A.5 FOR SINGLE ARM



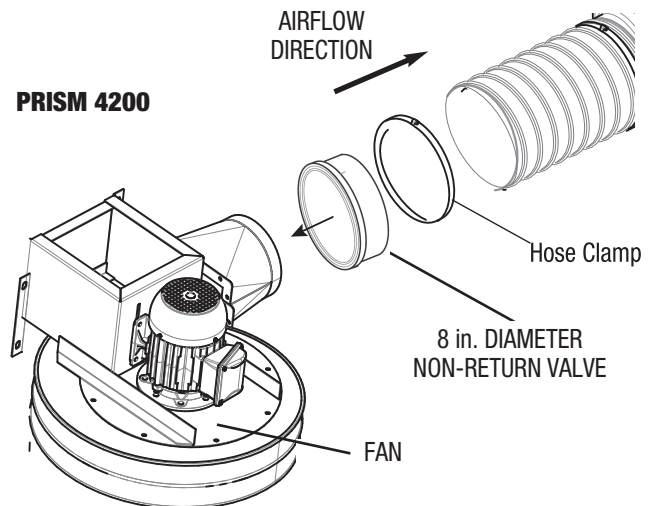
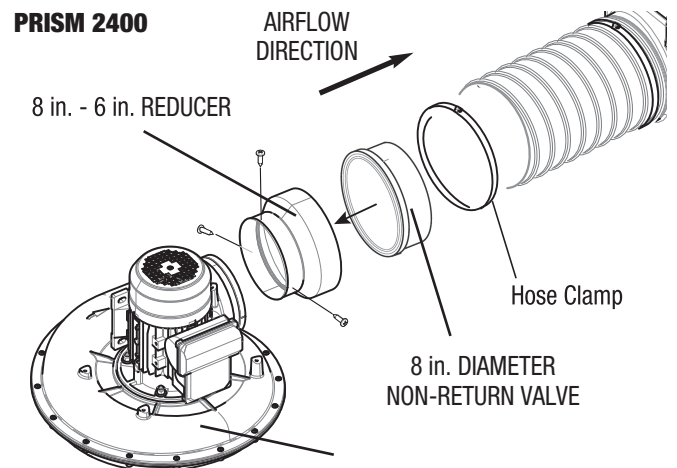
PRISM WALL MOUNT WITH MECHANIZED CLEANING DUAL ARM.

Follow steps 1 thru 5 for each arm of the dual arm system.

Step : 6

Install the Non-return valves (NRV) as shown in figure A.6 below for the dual arm systems of PRISM 2400 and PRISM 4200. Insert the non-return valve into the 8 in. diameter side of the reducer (or 8 in. outlet connection of the PRISM 4200 fan). See figure A.6. Verify the airflow direction from fan to filter unit. If non-return valves are installed backwards, airflow will be blocked. Secure the hose to the 8 in. side of the REDUCER, or outlet CONNECTOR, with an 8 in. hose clamp. DO NOT secure the hose to the non-return valve, it will not be secure. Slide the 6.4 in. side of the reducer over the outlet of the fan and sealing ring, then secure with 3 sheet metal screws. Verify the flow direction of the non-return valve.

FIGURE A.6 FOR DUAL ARM

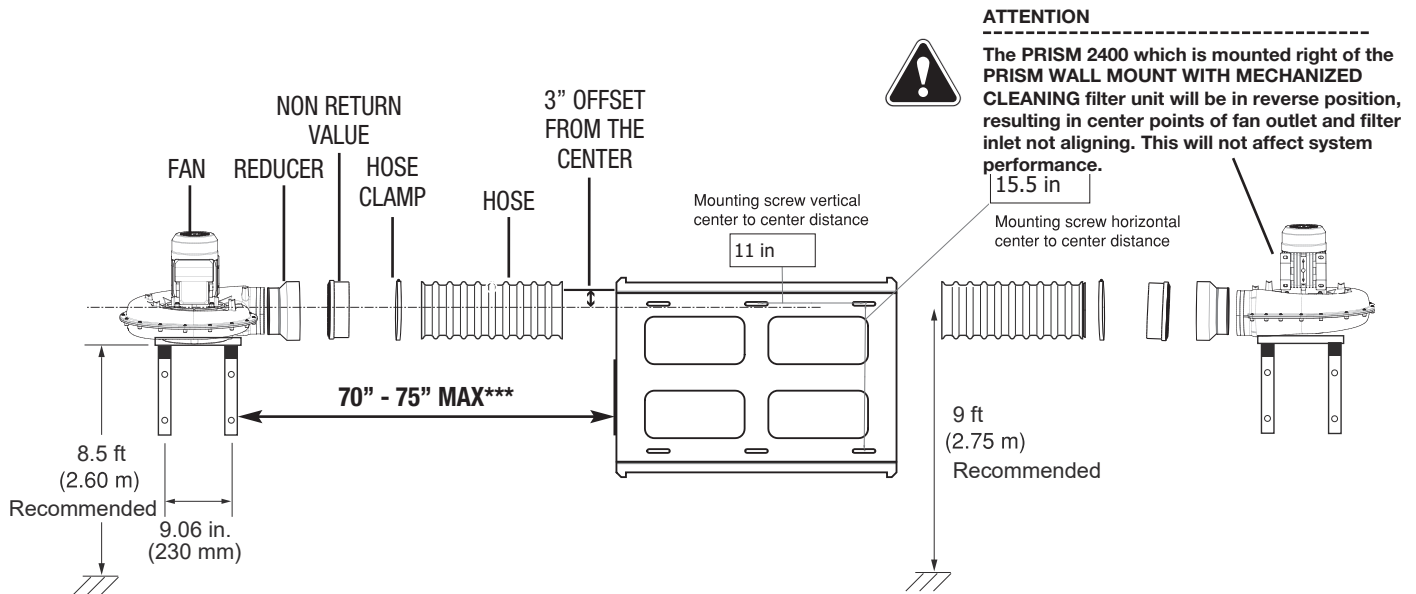


- Install the ARMS. Refer to manual provided with the ARMS.
- Connect the PRISM WALL MOUNT WITH MECHANIZED CLEANING unit and Fans to the power supply and on /off controls

⚠ ATTENTION

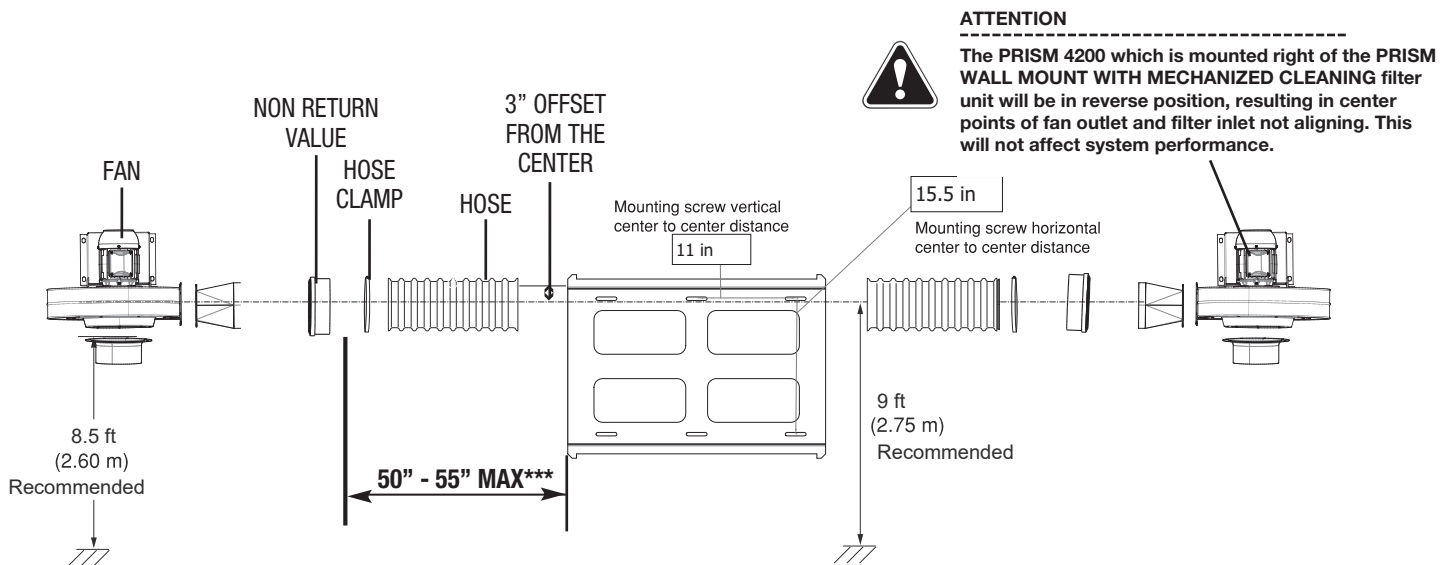
In case the filter unit is mounted left of the fan, the fan will be in reverse position, resulting in centerpoints of fan outlet and PRISM WALL MOUNT WITH MECHANIZED CLEANING inlet not aligning. This will not affect system performance.

FIGURE A.7 DUAL ARM SETUP - PRISM 2400 EXTRACTION FANS



Note - *** This is the recommended maximum distance (both sides) using the flexible hose (Dia 8") provided with the unit. Minimum distance is based on the space availability at install, cut the hose to the required length on both sides. Maximum distance can be increased if hard ducting is used – contact Lincoln Electric for more details.

FIGURE A.8 DUAL ARM SETUP - PRISM 4200 EXTRACTION FANS



Note - *** This is the recommended maximum distance (both sides) using the flexible hose (Dia 8") provided with the unit. Minimum distance is based on the space availability at install, cut the hose to the required length on both sides. Maximum distance can be increased if hard ducting is used – contact Lincoln Electric for more details.

ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

⚠ WARNING

ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

- DISCONNECT FROM SUPPLY CIRCUIT BEFORE OPENING THE ACCESS DOOR
- Only qualified personnel should install, use, or service this equipment.
- Do not operate with covers, panels, or guards removed.



INPUT VOLTAGE	
1 ~ 60 HZ	1 ~ 50/60 HZ
115 V	230 V
0.5 A	0.25 A

Step : 1

Remove the two screws and open the access door. Refer to Figure A.8.

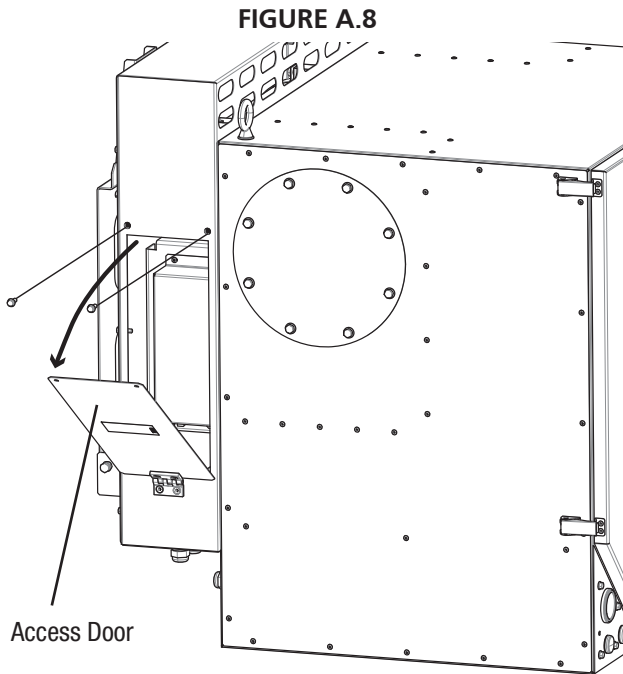


FIGURE A.8

Step : 2

Remove the four screws that hold the cover plate and remove the cover plate. Refer to Figure A.9.

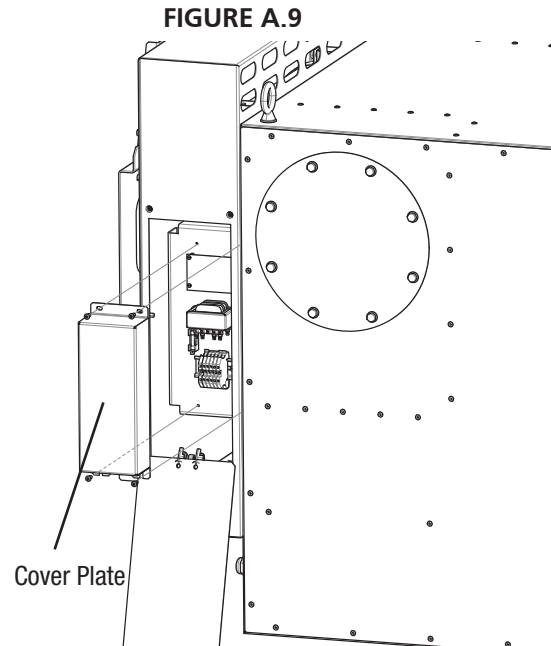


FIGURE A.9

Step : 3

Route the main power cord (not included with the product) through the strain relief shown in Figure A.10.

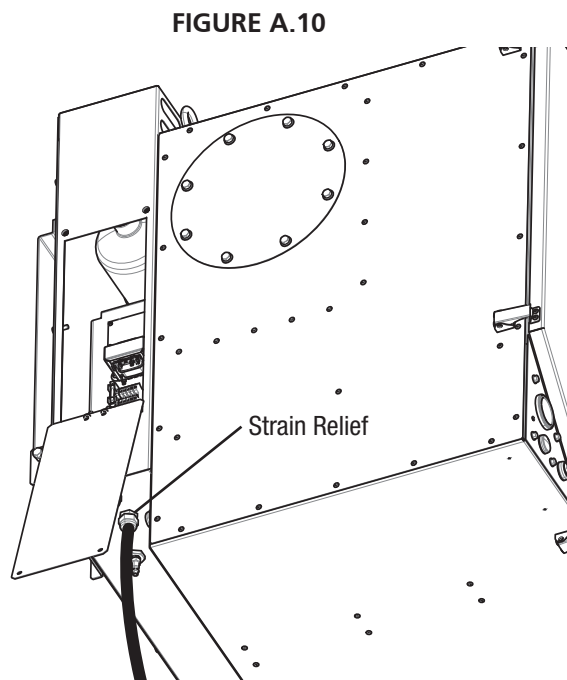


FIGURE A.10

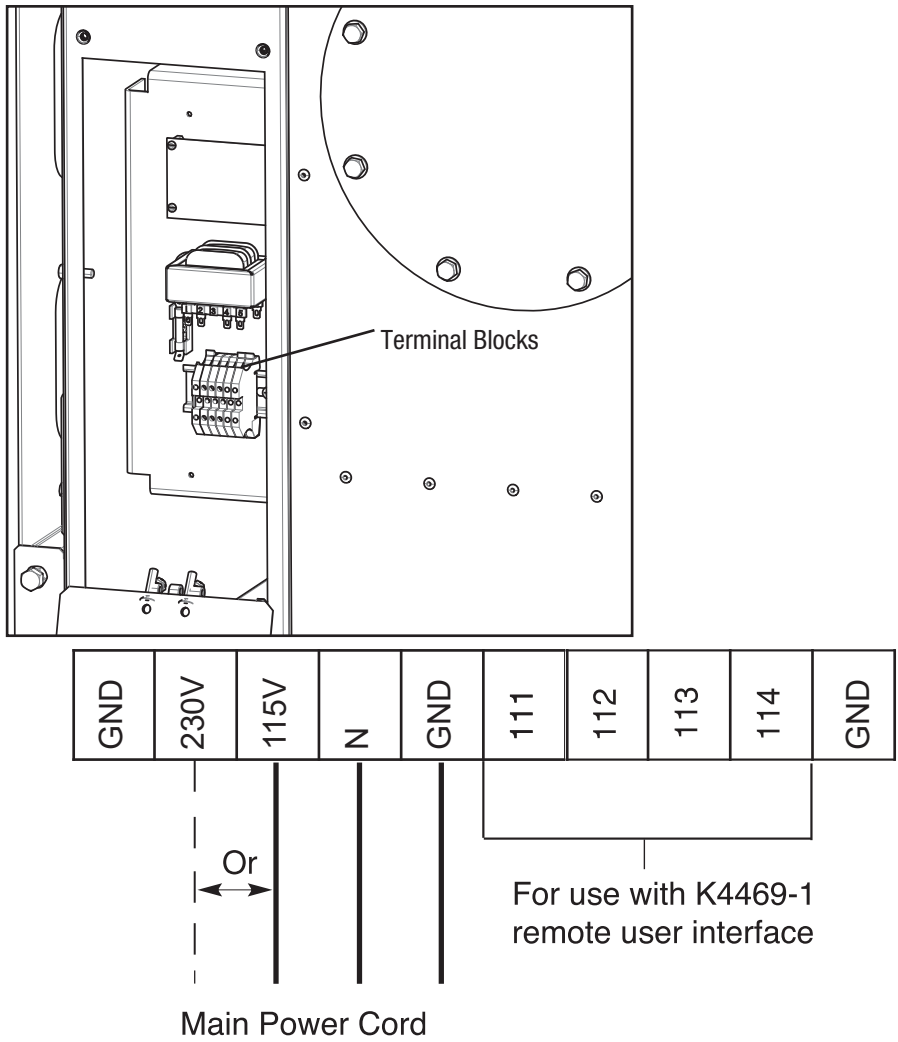
The 3 conductor cable (1 conductor is a ground) shall be sized for .5 amps at 115V and .25 amps at 230V. The minimum wire type should be S00W 18AWG cable with a maximum 1/2" OD. This cable only powers the PRISM WALL MOUNT WITH MECHANIZED CLEANING controls and filter cleaning. It does not power the PRISM 2400 or PRISM 4200 fan motors or controls. See figures A.12 and A.13 for an overview of the entire system electrical connections. Refer to the installation section of the fans, controls and extraction arms operators manuals.

Step : 4

Connect the main power cord to the terminal blocks as shown in Figure A.11.

Refer to the wiring diagram on page F-1 for more details.

FIGURE A.11



Tightening Torque 0.6 N-m / 5.3 lb-in.

Step : 5

Secure the main power cord by tightening the Strain relief.

Step : 6

Reassemble the cover plate using all four screws.

Step : 7

Close the access door, secure with two screws.

FIGURE A.12 ELECTRICAL CONNECTION - PRISM 2400

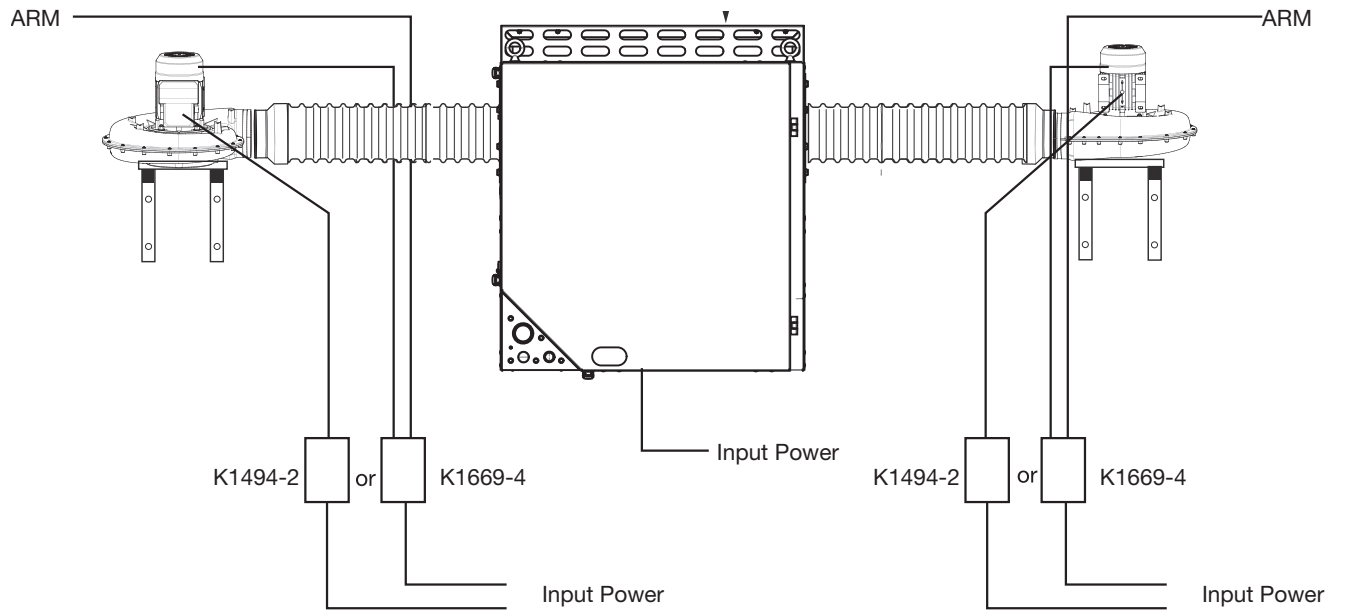
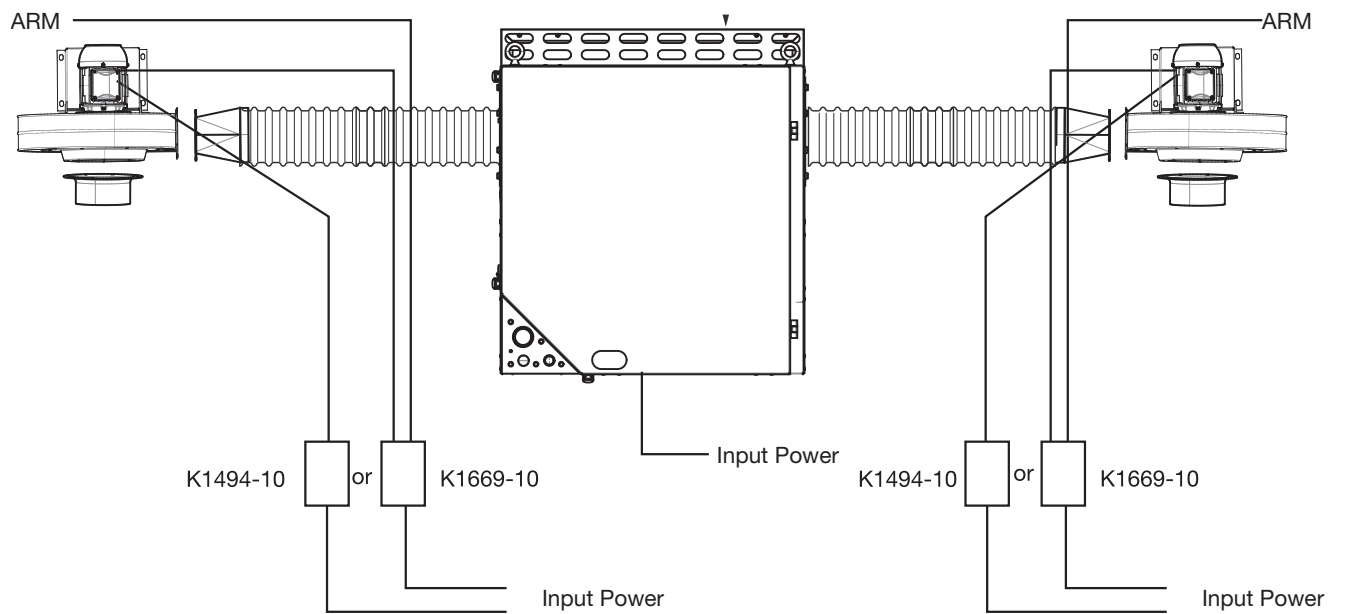


FIGURE A.13 ELECTRICAL CONNECTION - PRISM 4200



OPERATION

Safety Precautions

The manufacturer does not accept any liability for damage to the product caused by a failure to follow the safety and other instructions in this manual, modifications made to equipment or by negligence during installation, use, maintenance and repair of the product mentioned in the safety pages of this document and any corresponding accessories.

Specific working conditions or used accessories may require additional safety instructions. Immediately contact your supplier if you detect a potential hazard when using the product.

WARNING

The operation of welding fume control equipment is affected by various factors including proper use and positioning of the equipment, maintenance of the equipment and the specific welding procedure and application involved. Worker exposure level should be checked upon installation and periodically thereafter to be certain it is within applicable federal, state and/or local regulations and guidelines (i.e. OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV limits in the U.S.).



If the product is used in combination with products or machines mentioned in the introduction of this manual, the safety instructions in the documentation of these products also apply.

- Routinely inspect the product and check it for damage.
- Use common sense. Stay alert and keep your attention to your work. Do not use the product when you are under the influence of drugs, alcohol or medicine.
- Make sure the facility is always sufficiently ventilated; this applies especially to confined spaces.
- Never install the product in front of entrances and exits which must be used by emergency services.
- Make sure that the facility where the equipment is installed contains sufficient approved fire extinguishers.
- The PRISM WALL MOUNT WITH MECHANIZED CLEANING functions only if the welding fumes are blown directly through an extraction fan into the filter. Therefore, never connect the PRISM WALL MOUNT WITH MECHANIZED CLEANING to the suction opening of the extraction fan.
- Air containing gases and particles such as OSHA defined hazardous chemicals, if recirculated, should be tested in accordance with applicable local, state and federal regulations and guidelines, such as OSHA PEL.

WARNING

FUMES and GASES can be dangerous.

Welding may produce fumes and gases hazardous to health. Avoid breathing these fumes and gases.



When welding, keep your head out of the fume. Use enough ventilation and/or exhaust at the arc to keep fumes and gases away from the breathing zone. When welding with electrodes which require special ventilation such as stainless or hard facing (see instructions on container or MSDS) or on lead or cadmium plated steel and other metals or coatings which produce highly toxic fumes, keep exposure as low as possible and within applicable OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV limits using local exhaust or mechanical ventilation. In confined spaces or in some circumstances, outdoors, a respirator may be required. Additional precautions are also required when welding on galvanized steel.

The operation of welding fume control equipment is affected by various factors including proper use and positioning of the equipment, maintenance of the equipment and the specific welding procedure and application involved. Worker exposure level should be checked upon installation and periodically thereafter to be certain it is within applicable OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV.

WARNING

Fire hazard!

Never use the product for filtering inflammable, glowing or burning particles, solids or liquids. Never use the product for filtering of reactive fumes (such as hydrochloric acid) or sharp particles.



WARNING

- Avoid using the product for filtering dust particles which are released when welding surfaces treated with primer.
- Never use the product without prefilter and LongLife filter cartridge.



WARNING

Only use the product for light to medium duty extraction and filtration of welding fume. Avoid using the product for extracting and/or filtering fumes and gases which are released during the following processes:



- oxy-fuel cutting
- aluminum laser cutting
- oil-treated metal
- arc-air gouging
- oil mist
- paint mist
- heavy oil mist in welding fume
- hot gases (more than 40°C/100°F continuously)
- aggressive gases (e.g. from acids)
- plasma cutting
- grinding aluminum and magnesium
- flame spraying
- extraction of cement, saw dust, wood dust etc.
- sucking cigarettes, cigars, oiled tissues and other burning particles, objects and acids
- in all situations where explosions can occur

(This list is not comprehensive.)

If the product is used in above situations it could result in potential fire hazard, non-compliance with local regulations and reduction in product performance and life.

USERS

This product should only be used by authorized, trained and qualified users.

INTENDED USE

The product has been designed exclusively for filtering fume which is released during common weld processes. Using the product for other purposes is considered contrary to its intended use. Lincoln Electric accepts no liability for any damage resulting from such use. Only use the product in mechanically sound condition in accordance with its intended use and the instructions set forth in the user manual.

MODIFICATIONS

Modifications of this product, other than those specified in this manual, are not allowed. Modifications will void the product warranty.

OPERATION

The operation description below applies to all versions of the base unit. The air which contains welding fume is captured, extracted and filtered, in which the filtered air can be either recirculated or exhausted.

- First, the welding fume is extracted through one or two adjustable fume extraction arm(s) by one or two external extraction fan(s).
- Second, the fan unit(s) exhaust(s) the welding fume via a hose or duct into the PRISM WALL MOUNT WITH MECHANIZED CLEANING filter unit.
- Third, as the welding fume enters the Statiflex unit, it passes through the prefilter. The prefilter separates larger particles, debris and sparks prior to the welding fume entering the LongLife filter.
- Fourth, the welding fume passes through the LongLife filter cartridge (stabilized).
- Fifth, after passing through the LongLife filter, the filtered air exits the Statiflex via the outlet opening(s) at top of unit.
- The filter cleaning system inside the Statiflex starts automatically when the pressure drop reaches a certain maximum value during use. The filter cartridges are cleaned from the inside by compressed air pulses. An integrated alarm lamp indicates when the filter cartridges need to be replaced. Pressing the Manual clean button activates the cleaning cycles. It will pulse a total of 10 times, 5 pulses on each filter - refer to figure B.2.

INTENDED USE

! WARNING

Worker exposure level should be checked upon installation and periodically thereafter to be certain it is within applicable federal, state and/or local regulations and guidelines (i.e. OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV limits in the U.S.).

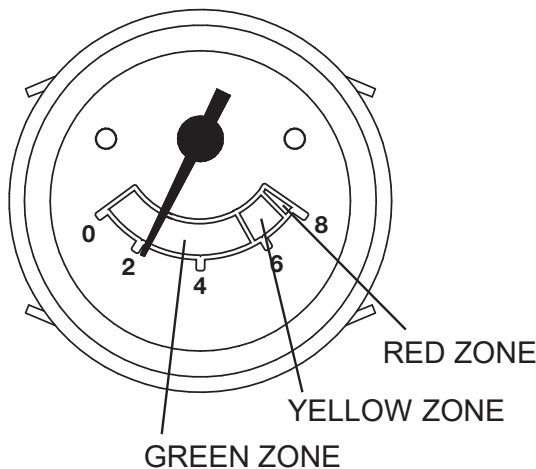


The PRISM WALL MOUNT WITH MECHANIZED CLEANING is intended to be used with Lincoln Electric extraction arm(s) and fan(s). For information on use of these products, refer to the instruction manuals of the corresponding arm and/or fan.

FILTER MAINTENANCE INDICATOR

The PRISM WALL MOUNT WITH MECHANIZED CLEANING is provided with a Filter Maintenance Indicator (See Figure B.1). When using the filter unit, regularly check the Filter Maintenance Indicator when the fan is running. The indicator slowly moves from green to red as filter cartridge becomes saturated or clogged.

FIGURE B.1



When the Filter Maintenance Indicator is red, replace the LongLife® filter cartridge. See Filter Replacement for description.

! ATTENTION

The Filter Maintenance Indicator only functions when the fan(s) is/are in operation and the system is properly configured.



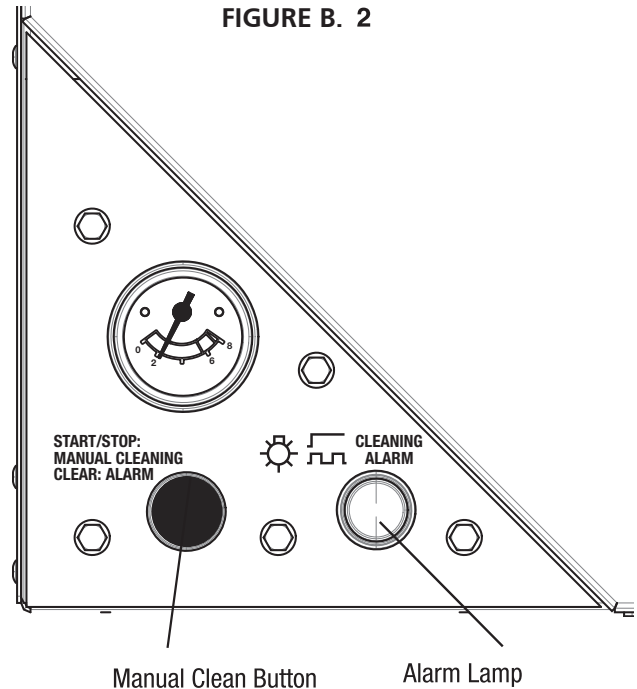
! WARNING

Saturation or clogging of the filter cartridge results in a decrease of the extraction capacity which could result in a higher localized concentration of welding fumes.



When the Filter Maintenance Indicator is entirely red while one fan is in operation, replace the LongLife filter cartridge. Filter replacement is described in Maintenance Section.

FIGURE B. 2



ACCESSORIES

The following products can be obtained as an option:

- **K656-9 PRISM 2400 fan motor**
- **K1656-4 PRISM 4200 fan motor**
- **K1669-4 Lamp + Arc Sensor Kit for PRISM 2400 Fan**
- **K1669-10 Lamp + Arc Sensor Kit for PRISM 4200 Fan**
- **K1494-10 starter/overload switch for PRISM 4200 fan (not required if using optional K1669-10 Lamp + Arc Sensor Kit)**
- **K1671-3 - Extension Crane 7 ft.**
- **K1671-4 - Extension Crane 14 ft.**
- **K4469-1 Remote User Interface**

MAINTENANCE

WARNING

Have qualified personnel do the maintenance work. Turn the power off before working inside the machine. In some cases, it may be necessary to remove safety guards to perform required maintenance. Remove guards only when necessary and replace them when the maintenance requiring their removal is complete. Always use the greatest care when working near moving parts.

Do not put your hands near the blower fan. If a problem cannot be corrected by following the instructions, take the machine to the nearest Lincoln Field Service Shop.

ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

- Do not touch electrically live parts or electrode with skin or wet clothing.
- Insulate yourself from work and ground.
- Always wear dry insulating gloves



FUMES and GASES can be dangerous.

- Use in open, well ventilated areas or vent exhaust outside.



MOVING PARTS can injure.

- Do not operate with doors open or guards off.
- Stop before servicing.
- Keep away from moving parts.



WARNING

Use of equipment with clogged filters can cause fire.



NOTE: This manual clearly makes a distinction between service, maintenance and repair jobs which have to be carried out by the user and those which have to be exclusively carried out by well trained and authorized service engineers.

DISPOSAL

After life of the product, dispose of product in accordance with federal, state or local regulations.

ATTENTION

Do not use compressed air or high pressure water sprayer to clean LongLife filter cartridge.



The product has been designed to function with minimal maintenance. In order to guarantee optimal performance level, periodic maintenance and cleaning activities are required and described in this section.

Maintenance intervals can vary depending on the specific working conditions, such as ambient conditions, welding consumables and process(es), base material, coatings on base material and operator procedure. Therefore, it is required that regular inspection of the entire system is carried out. It is recommended a thorough inspection of the system occurs at least once every year.

Observe the maintenance intervals given in this manual.

Overdue maintenance can lead to additional costs for repair and revisions and can render the warranty null and void.

- Always use tools, materials, lubricants and service techniques which have been approved by the manufacturer. Never use worn tools and do not leave any tools in or on the product.
- Regularly clean or replace the prefilter.
- Replace the LongLife filter cartridge in time.
- Periodically clean the inside and outside housing.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

The maintenance activities in Table D.1 indicated by [*] can be carried out by the user; other activities are strictly reserved for well trained and authorized service engineers.

WARNING

When cleaning equipment or replacing filter use personal protection equipment (PPE) such as gloves, respirators and protective clothing to protect against overexposure to particulate. It is recommended that a vacuum cleaner or wet methods be used to clean up any loose particulate that is present in the extraction arm. It is necessary to use a vacuum cleaner with HEPA rated filtration.



TABLE D.1 – MAINTENANCE SCHEDULES

COMPONENT	ACTION	FREQUENCY		
		Every Week	Every 2 Weeks	Every 12 Months
Prefilters	Check for damage and correct installation. Replace if necessary.	X		
	Clean prefilters using a power washer.		X	
Filter Cartridges	Check for damage and correct installation. Replace if necessary.	X		
Dust drawers	Check for damage and correct installation. Replace if necessary.	X		
	Empty the dust drawer underneath the main filter cartridges, preferably by using an industrial vacuum cleaner.		X	
Doors	Check for damage and correct installation. Replace if necessary.	X		

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

The maintenance activities in the table below are strictly reserved for well trained and authorized service engineers.

DISPOSAL

After life of the product, dispose of it in accordance with state or local regulations.

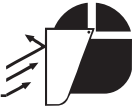
FILTER REPLACEMENT

FILTER CARTRIDGES AND PREFILTERS

If the filter cartridges and/or prefilters are damaged or saturated, they need to be replaced. To replace the filter cartridges or prefilters, proceed as follows:

WARNING

Always wear face mask and gloves during filter replacement. Other appropriate work clothing may be required to protect workers.



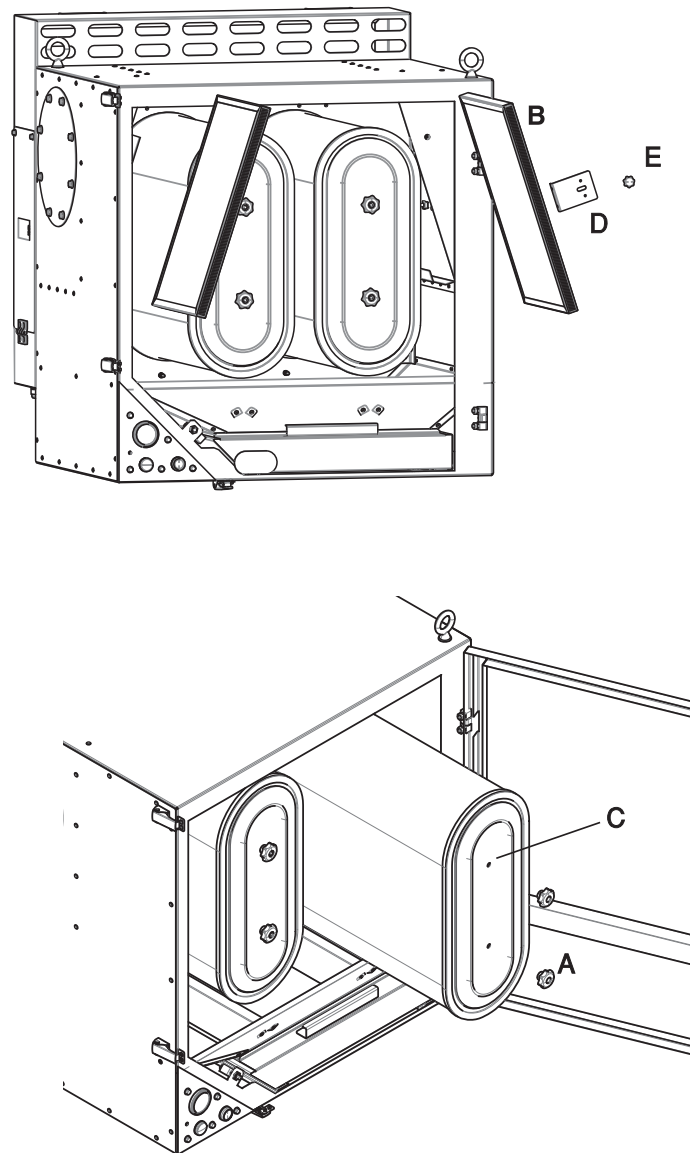
1. Turn off the main switch and remove the input power.
2. Unpack the replacement filter cartridges and prefilters.
3. Save plastic bag.
4. Wear mask and gloves.

WARNING

Wait at least 60 seconds before opening the door to allow the dust in the filter compartment to settle.

5. Remove the knob (item A) that hold the filter retaining plates (item C) in place. Remove the plates, and then remove the used filter cartridges refer to figure D.1 and pack them in the plastic bags in which the new filters are supplied.
6. Seal the bags firmly with the supplied tie-wrap.
7. Loosen the clamps (Item D)/ knobs (Item E) and slide the prefilters (Item B) (2) out through the front door.
8. Clean dust trays and work surfaces by using an industrial vacuum cleaner (HEPA where required) and wet wiping techniques. Clean prefilters with a power washer.
9. Insert the new or clean prefilters and secure them with the clamps and knobs. Install new filter cartridges in unit using filter retaining plates and (4) knobs.
10. Close and lock the door with latches
11. Dispose of filter cartridges and prefilters in accordance with federal, state and/or local regulations.

FIGURE D.1 – FILTER REPLACEMENT



TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE



Service and Repair should only be performed by Lincoln Electric Factory Trained Personnel. Unauthorized repairs performed on this equipment may result in danger to the technician and machine operator and will invalidate your factory warranty. For your safety and to avoid ELECTRICAL SHOCK, please observe all safety notes and precautions detailed throughout this manual.

This Troubleshooting Guide is provided to help you locate and repair possible machine malfunctions. Simply follow the three-step procedure listed below.

Step 1. LOCATE PROBLEM (SYMPTOM).

Look under the column labeled “PROBLEM (SYMPTOMS)”. This column describes possible symptoms that the machine may exhibit. Find the listing that best describes the symptom that the machine is exhibiting.

Step 2. POSSIBLE AREAS OF MISADJUSTMENT(S).

The second column labeled “POSSIBLE AREA(S) OF MISADJUSTMENTS” lists the obvious external possibilities that may contribute to the machine symptom.

Step 3. RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION

This column provides a course of action for the Possible Areas of Misadjustment(s).

Service and Technical Support

For information about specific adjustments, maintenance or repair jobs which are not dealt with in this manual, please contact Lincoln Electric Automation Department 888-935-3878.

Make sure you have the following data on hand:

- product name
- serial number
- purchase order (number + date) for warranty verification



If for any reason you do not understand the test procedures or are unable to perform the tests/repairs safely, contact your Lincoln Authorized Service Facility for technical troubleshooting assistance before you proceed.

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Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual

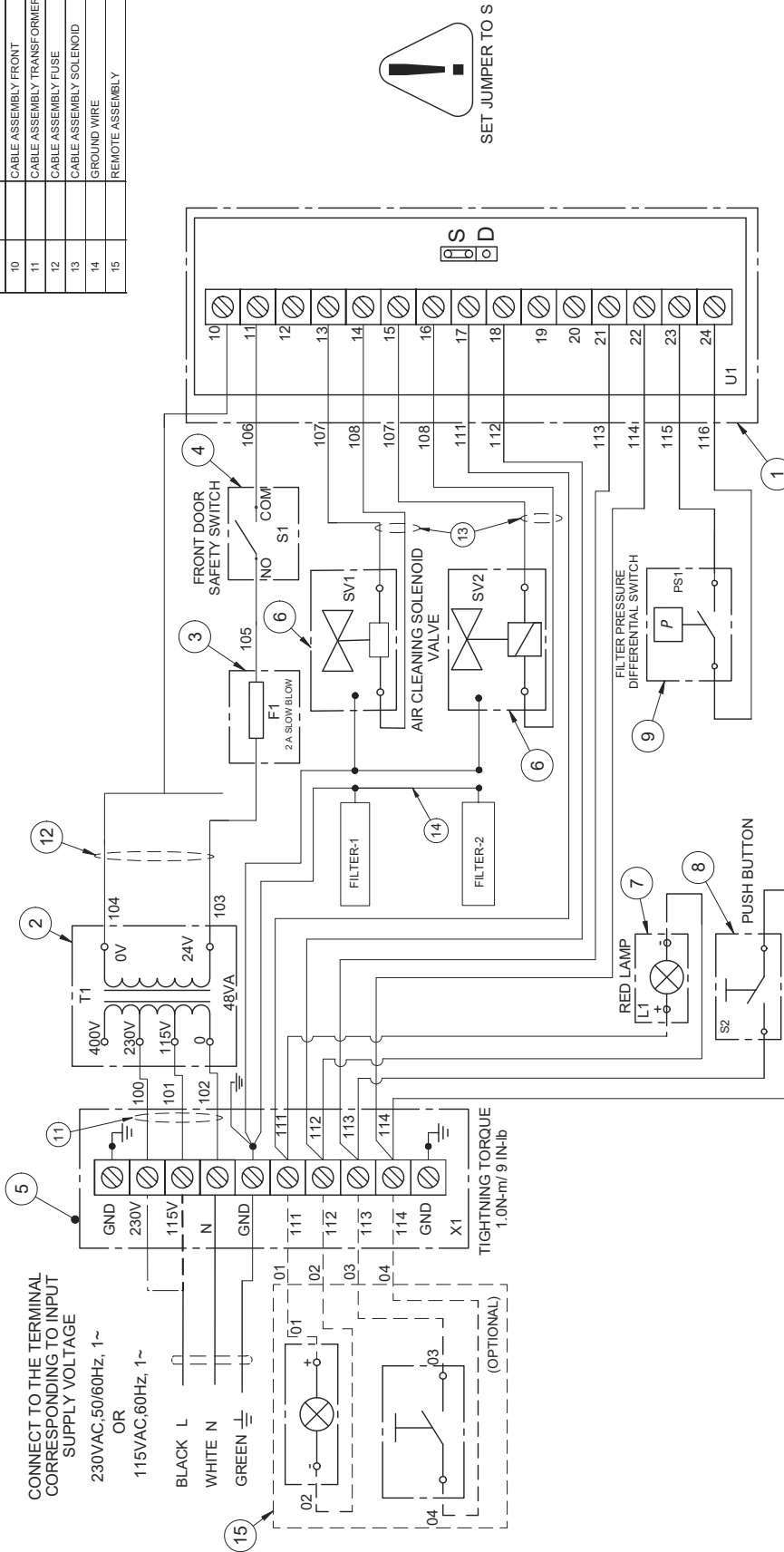
PROBLEMS / SYMPTOM(S)	POSSIBLE CAUSE(S)	RECOMMENDED COURSE(S) OF ACTION
MOTOR DOES NOT START.	No input power.	Verify 120VAC/60Hz, 1ph or 230VAC/50/60Hz, 1ph input power at the machine
	Input cord maybe damaged.	Check the integrity of the input cord
	Loose Contacts	Check the contacts.
	Starter/overload switch damaged or defective.	Contact Lincoln Authorized Service Facility
	Motor maybe damaged or defective.	Contact Lincoln Authorized Service Facility
MOTOR HUMS, BUT NO SUCTION.	Motor capacitor defective or not connected.	Contact Lincoln Authorized Service Facility
MOTOR STOPS AUTOMATICALLY	Motor overload protection activated.	Let the machine cool down for a few minutes.
	Motor defective or damaged	Contact Lincoln Authorized Service Facility
POOR SUCTION.	Leakage.	Check hose connections and integrity.
	Outlet grid blocked.	Remove obstructions from outlet grid.
	Air path in arm blocked.	Remove obstructions from arm.
	Filter blocked (check Maintenance Indicator).	Replace filter.
	Spark arrester blocked.	Clean the spark arrester.
	Blower fan blocked.	Clean excess fume or spatter from fan.
	Fan seal damaged.	Check or replace sealing material of fan.
	Non-return valve installed in the wrong direction.	Course of action - reinstall non-return valve in the correct direction
DUST OR SMOKE COMING OUT OF OUTLET.	Filter damaged, or not seated correctly.	Replace the filter or reseal it.
VIBRATIONS IN THE MACHINE.	Imbalance in the fan.	Clean excess dirt from fan.



If for any reason you do not understand the test procedures or are unable to perform the tests/repairs safely, contact your Lincoln Authorized Service Facility for technical troubleshooting assistance before you proceed.

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ITEM	REF	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	U1	PCB ASSEMBLY	1
2	T1	TRANSFORMER	1
3	F1	FUSE	1
4	S1	SWITCH SAFETY PUSH	1
5	X1	TERMINAL	7
6	SV1,SV2	PULSE VALVE	2
7	L1	ALARM LAMP RED	1
8	S2	PUSH BUTTON, MOMENTARY BLACK	1
9	PS1	DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE SWITCH	1
10		CABLE ASSEMBLY FRONT	1
11		CABLE ASSEMBLY TRANSFORMER	1
12		CABLE ASSEMBLY FUSE	1
13		CABLE ASSEMBLY SOLENOID	2
14		GROUND WIRE	1
15		REMOTE ASSEMBLY	1



NOTES:
 N.A. DISCONNECTING MEANS AND BRANCH CIRCUIT PROTECTION SHALL BE PROVIDED BY THE INSTALLER

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NOTE: This diagram is for reference only. It may not be accurate for all machines covered by this manual. The specific diagram for a particular code is pasted inside the machine on one of the enclosure panels. If the diagram is illegible, write to the Service Department for a replacement. Give the equipment code number.

			
WARNING	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not touch electrically live parts or electrode with skin or wet clothing. Insulate yourself from work and ground. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Keep flammable materials away. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Wear eye, ear and body protection.
Spanish AVISO DE PRECAUCION	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No toque las partes o los electrodos bajo carga con la piel o ropa mojada. Aíslese del trabajo y de la tierra. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mantenga el material combustible fuera del área de trabajo. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Protéjase los ojos, los oídos y el cuerpo.
French ATTENTION	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ne laissez ni la peau ni des vêtements mouillés entrer en contact avec des pièces sous tension. Isolez-vous du travail et de la terre. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Gardez à l'écart de tout matériel inflammable. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Protégez vos yeux, vos oreilles et votre corps.
German WARNUNG	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Berühren Sie keine stromführenden Teile oder Elektroden mit Ihrem Körper oder feuchter Kleidung! Isolieren Sie sich von den Elektroden und dem Erdboden! 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Entfernen Sie brennbares Material! 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Tragen Sie Augen-, Ohren- und Körperschutz!
Portuguese ATENÇÃO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Não toque partes elétricas e electrodos com a pele ou roupa molhada. Isole-se da peça e terra. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mantenha inflamáveis bem guardados. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use proteção para a vista, ouvido e corpo.
Japanese 注意事項	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 通電中の電気部品、又は溶材にヒブやぬれた布で触れないこと。 施工物やアースから身体が絶縁されている様にして下さい。 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 燃えやすいものの側での溶接作業は絶対にしてはなりません。 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 目、耳及び身体に保護具をして下さい。
Chinese 警告	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 皮肤或湿衣物切勿接触带电部件及焊条。 使你自已与地面和工作件绝缘。 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 把一切易燃物品移离工作场所。 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 佩戴眼、耳及身体劳动保护用具。
Korean 위험	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 전도체나 용접봉을 젖은 헝겊 또는 피부로 절대 접촉치 마십시오. 모재와 접지를 접촉치 마십시오. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 인화성 물질을 접근시키지 마십시오. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 눈, 귀와 몸에 보호장구를 착용하십시오.
Arabic تحذير	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> لا تلمس الاجزاء التي يسري فيها التيار الكهربائي أو الألكترود بجسدك أو بالملابس المبللة بالماء. ضع عازلا على جسمك خلال العمل. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ضع المواد القابلة للاشتعال في مكان بعيد. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ضع أدوات وملابس واقية على عينيك وأذنيك وجسمك.

READ AND UNDERSTAND THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTION FOR THIS EQUIPMENT AND THE CONSUMABLES TO BE USED AND FOLLOW YOUR EMPLOYER'S SAFETY PRACTICES.

SE RECOMIENDA LEER Y ENTENDER LAS INSTRUCCIONES DEL FABRICANTE PARA EL USO DE ESTE EQUIPO Y LOS CONSUMIBLES QUE VA A UTILIZAR, SIGA LAS MEDIDAS DE SEGURIDAD DE SU SUPERVISOR.

LISEZ ET COMPRENEZ LES INSTRUCTIONS DU FABRICANT EN CE QUI REGARDE CET EQUIPMENT ET LES PRODUITS A ETRE EMPLOYES ET SUIVEZ LES PROCEDURES DE SECURITE DE VOTRE EMPLOYEUR.

LESEN SIE UND BEFOLGEN SIE DIE BETRIEBSANLEITUNG DER ANLAGE UND DEN ELEKTRODENEINSATZ DES HERSTELLERS. DIE UNFALLVERHÜTUNGSVORSCHRIFTEN DES ARBEITGEBERS SIND EBENFALLS ZU BEACHTEN.

			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Keep your head out of fumes. ● Use ventilation or exhaust to remove fumes from breathing zone. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Turn power off before servicing. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Do not operate with panel open or guards off. 	WARNING
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Los humos fuera de la zona de respiración. ● Mantenga la cabeza fuera de los humos. Utilice ventilación o aspiración para gases. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Desconectar el cable de alimentación de poder de la máquina antes de iniciar cualquier servicio. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● No operar con panel abierto o guardas quitadas. 	Spanish AVISO DE PRECAUCION
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Gardez la tête à l'écart des fumées. ● Utilisez un ventilateur ou un aspirateur pour ôter les fumées des zones de travail. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Débranchez le courant avant l'entretien. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● N'opérez pas avec les panneaux ouverts ou avec les dispositifs de protection enlevés. 	French ATTENTION
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Vermeiden Sie das Einatmen von Schweißrauch! ● Sorgen Sie für gute Be- und Entlüftung des Arbeitsplatzes! 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Strom vor Wartungsarbeiten abschalten! (Netzstrom völlig öffnen; Maschine anhalten!) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Anlage nie ohne Schutzgehäuse oder Innenschutzverkleidung in Betrieb setzen! 	German WARNUNG
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Mantenha seu rosto da fumaça. ● Use ventilação e exaustão para remover fumo da zona respiratória. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Não opere com as tampas removidas. ● Desligue a corrente antes de fazer serviço. ● Não toque as partes elétricas nuas. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Mantenha-se afastado das partes moventes. ● Não opere com os painéis abertos ou guardas removidas. 	Portuguese ATENÇÃO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● ヒュームから頭を離すようにして下さい。 ● 換気や排煙に十分留意して下さい。 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● メンテナンス・サービスに取りかかる際には、まず電源スイッチを必ず切して下さい。 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● パネルやカバーを取り外したままで機械操作をしないで下さい。 	Japanese 注意事項
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 頭部遠離煙霧。 ● 在呼吸區使用通風或排風器除煙。 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 維修前切斷電源。 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 儀表板打開或沒有安全罩時不準作業。 	Chinese 警告
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 얼굴로부터 용접가스를 멀리하십시오. ● 호흡지역으로부터 용접가스를 제거하기 위해 가스제거기나 통풍기를 사용하십시오. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 보수전에 전원을 차단하십시오. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 판넬이 열린 상태로 작동치 마십시오. 	Korean 위험
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● ابعد رأسك بعيداً عن الدخان. ● استعمل التهوية أو جهاز ضغط الدخان للخارج لكي تبعد الدخان عن المنطقة التي تتنفس فيها. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● اقطع التيار الكهربائي قبل القيام بأية صيانة. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● لا تشغيل هذا الجهاز اذا كانت الاغطية الحديدية الواقية ليست عليه. 	Arabic تحذير

LEIA E COMPREENDA AS INSTRUÇÕES DO FABRICANTE PARA ESTE EQUIPAMENTO E AS PARTES DE USO, E SIGA AS PRÁTICAS DE SEGURANÇA DO EMPREGADOR.

使う機械や溶材のメーカーの指示書をよく読み、まず理解して下さい。そして貴社の安全規定に従って下さい。

請詳細閱讀並理解製造廠提供的說明以及應該使用的銀焊材料，並請遵守貴方的有關勞動保護規定。

이 제품에 동봉된 작업지침서를 숙지하시고 귀사의 작업자 안전수칙을 준수하시기 바랍니다.

اقرأ بتمعن وافهم تعليمات المصنع المنتج لهذه المعدات والمواد قبل استعمالها واتبع تعليمات الوقاية لصاحب العمل.

CUSTOMER ASSISTANCE POLICY

The business of The Lincoln Electric Company is manufacturing and selling high quality welding equipment, consumables, and cutting equipment. Our challenge is to meet the needs of our customers and to exceed their expectations. On occasion, purchasers may ask Lincoln Electric for advice or information about their use of our products. We respond to our customers based on the best information in our possession at that time. Lincoln Electric is not in a position to warrant or guarantee such advice, and assumes no liability, with respect to such information or advice. We expressly disclaim any warranty of any kind, including any warranty of fitness for any customer's particular purpose, with respect to such information or advice. As a matter of practical consideration, we also cannot assume any responsibility for updating or correcting any such information or advice once it has been given, nor does the provision of information or advice create, expand or alter any warranty with respect to the sale of our products.

Lincoln Electric is a responsive manufacturer, but the selection and use of specific products sold by Lincoln Electric is solely within the control of, and remains the sole responsibility of the customer. Many variables beyond the control of Lincoln Electric affect the results obtained in applying these types of fabrication methods and service requirements.

Subject to Change – This information is accurate to the best of our knowledge at the time of printing. Please refer to www.lincolnelectric.com for any updated information.

WELD FUME CONTROL EQUIPMENT

The operation of welding fume control equipment is affected by various factors including proper use and positioning of the equipment, maintenance of the equipment and the specific welding procedure and application involved. Worker exposure level should be checked upon installation and periodically thereafter to be certain it is within applicable OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV limits.



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