September, 2010

# RED-D-ARC LN-25™ PRO EXTREME (CE)

For use with machines having Code Numbers: 11533, 11719

# Red-D-Arc Welderentals<sub>®</sub>

### OPERATOR'S MANUAL

#### Red-D-Arc Spec-Built Welding Equipment

This **RED-D-ARC** welder is built to **RED-D-ARC Extreme Duty** design specifications by Lincoln Electric.

#### Safety Depends on You

This welder is designed and built with safety in mind.

However, your overall safety can be increased by proper installation ... and thoughtful operation on your part.

DO NOT INSTALL, OPERATE OR REPAIR THIS EQUIPMENT WITHOUT READING THIS MANUAL AND THE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS CONTAINED THROUGHOUT.

And, most importantly, think before you act and be careful.

1-800-245-3660

North America's Largest Fleet of Welding Equipment

#### **A** WARNING



Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.

The Above For Diesel Engines

The engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

The Above For Gasoline Engines

ARC WELDING CAN BE HAZARDOUS. PROTECT YOURSELF AND OTHERS FROM POSSIBLE SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH. KEEP CHILDREN AWAY. PACEMAKER WEARERS SHOULD CONSULT WITH THEIR DOCTOR BEFORE OPERATING.

Read and understand the following safety highlights. For additional safety information, it is strongly recommended that you purchase a copy of "Safety in Welding & Cutting - ANSI Standard Z49.1" from the American Welding Society, P.O. Box 351040, Miami, Florida 33135 or CSA Standard W117.2-1974. A Free copy of "Arc Welding Safety" booklet E205 is available from the Lincoln Electric Company, 22801 St. Clair Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio 44117-1199.

BE SURE THAT ALL INSTALLATION, OPERATION, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR PROCEDURES ARE PERFORMED ONLY BY QUALIFIED INDIVIDUALS.



# FOR ENGINE powered equipment.

 Turn the engine off before troubleshooting and maintenance work unless the maintenance work requires it to be running.



 Deperate engines in open, well-ventilated areas or vent the engine exhaust fumes outdoors.



- 1.c. Do not add the fuel near an open flame welding arc or when the engine is running. Stop the engine and allow it to cool before refueling to prevent spilled fuel from vaporizing on contact with hot engine parts and igniting. Do not spill fuel when filling tank. If fuel is spilled, wipe it up and do not start engine until fumes have been eliminated.
- 1.d. Keep all equipment safety guards, covers and devices in position and in good repair. Keep hands, hair, clothing and tools away from V-belts, gears, fans and all other moving parts when starting, operating or repairing equipment.
- 1.e. In some cases it may be necessary to remove safety guards to perform required maintenance. Remove guards only when necessary and replace them when the maintenance requiring their removal is complete. Always use the greatest care when working near moving parts.



- 1.f. Do not put your hands near the engine fan. Do not attempt to override the governor or idler by pushing on the throttle control rods while the engine is running.
- 1.g. To prevent accidentally starting gasoline engines while turning the engine or welding generator during maintenance work, disconnect the spark plug wires, distributor cap or magneto wire as appropriate.



 To avoid scalding, do not remove the radiator pressure cap when the engine is hot.



# ELECTRIC AND MAGNETIC FIELDS may be dangerous

- 2.a. Electric current flowing through any conductor causes localized Electric and Magnetic Fields (EMF). Welding current creates EMF fields around welding cables and welding machines
- EMF fields may interfere with some pacemakers, and welders having a pacemaker should consult their physician before welding.
- Exposure to EMF fields in welding may have other health effects which are now not known.
- 2.d. All welders should use the following procedures in order to minimize exposure to EMF fields from the welding circuit:
  - 2.d.1. Route the electrode and work cables together Secure them with tape when possible.
  - 2.d.2. Never coil the electrode lead around your body.
  - 2.d.3. Do not place your body between the electrode and work cables. If the electrode cable is on your right side, the work cable should also be on your right side.
  - 2.d.4. Connect the work cable to the workpiece as close as possible to the area being welded.
  - 2.d.5. Do not work next to welding power source.



#### **ELECTRIC SHOCK can**

#### kill.

- 3.a. The electrode and work (or ground) circuits are electrically "hot" when the welder is on. Do not touch these "hot" parts with your bare skin or wet clothing. Wear dry, hole-free gloves to insulate hands.
- 3.b. Insulate yourself from work and ground using dry insulation. Make certain the insulation is large enough to cover your full area of physical contact with work and ground.

In addition to the normal safety precautions, if welding must be performed under electrically hazardous conditions (in damp locations or while wearing wet clothing; on metal structures such as floors, gratings or scaffolds; when in cramped positions such as sitting, kneeling or lying, if there is a high risk of unavoidable or accidental contact with the workpiece or ground) use the following equipment:

- Semiautomatic DC Constant Voltage (Wire) Welder.
- DC Manual (Stick) Welder.
- AC Welder with Reduced Voltage Control.
- 3.c. In semiautomatic or automatic wire welding, the electrode, electrode reel, welding head, nozzle or semiautomatic welding gun are also electrically "hot".
- 3.d. Always be sure the work cable makes a good electrical connection with the metal being welded. The connection should be as close as possible to the area being welded.
- 3.e. Ground the work or metal to be welded to a good electrical (earth) ground.
- 3.f. Maintain the electrode holder, work clamp, welding cable and welding machine in good, safe operating condition. Replace damaged insulation.
- 3.g. Never dip the electrode in water for cooling.
- 3.h. Never simultaneously touch electrically "hot" parts of electrode holders connected to two welders because voltage between the two can be the total of the open circuit voltage of both welders.
- 3.i. When working above floor level, use a safety belt to protect yourself from a fall should you get a shock.
- 3.j. Also see Items 6.c. and 8.



#### ARC RAYS can burn.

- 4.a. Use a shield with the proper filter and cover plates to protect your eyes from sparks and the rays of the arc when welding or observing open arc welding. Headshield and filter lens should conform to ANSI Z87. I standards.
- 4.b. Use suitable clothing made from durable flame-resistant material to protect your skin and that of your helpers from the arc rays.
- 4.c. Protect other nearby personnel with suitable, non-flammable screening and/or warn them not to watch the arc nor expose themselves to the arc rays or to hot spatter or metal.



# FUMES AND GASES can be dangerous.

5.a. Welding may produce fumes and gases hazardous to health. Avoid breathing these fumes and gases. When welding, keep your head out of the fume. Use enough ventilation and/or exhaust at the arc to keep

fumes and gases away from the breathing zone. When welding with electrodes which require special ventilation such as stainless or hard facing (see instructions on container or MSDS) or on lead or cadmium plated steel and other metals or coatings which produce highly toxic fumes, keep exposure as low as possible and within applicable OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV limits using local exhaust or mechanical ventilation. In confined spaces or in some circumstances, outdoors, a respirator may be required. Additional precautions are also required when welding on galvanized steel.

- 5. b. The operation of welding fume control equipment is affected by various factors including proper use and positioning of the equipment, maintenance of the equipment and the specific welding procedure and application involved. Worker exposure level should be checked upon installation and periodically thereafter to be certain it is within applicable OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV limits.
- 5.c. Do not weld in locations near chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors coming from degreasing, cleaning or spraying operations. The heat and rays of the arc can react with solvent vapors to form phosgene, a highly toxic gas, and other irritating products
- 5.d. Shielding gases used for arc welding can displace air and cause injury or death. Always use enough ventilation, especially in confined areas, to insure breathing air is safe.
- 5.e. Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions for this equipment and the consumables to be used, including the material safety data sheet (MSDS) and follow your employer's safety practices. MSDS forms are available from your welding distributor or from the manufacturer.
- 5.f. Also see item 1.b.



# WELDING and CUTTING SPARKS can cause fire or explosion.

6.a. Remove fire hazards from the welding area. If this is not possible, cover them to prevent the welding sparks from starting a fire.

Remember that welding sparks and hot materials from welding can easily go through small cracks and openings to adjacent areas. Avoid welding near hydraulic lines. Have a fire extinguisher readily available.

- 6.b. Where compressed gases are to be used at the job site, special precautions should be used to prevent hazardous situations. Refer to "Safety in Welding and Cutting" (ANSI Standard Z49.1) and the operating information for the equipment being used.
- 6.c. When not welding, make certain no part of the electrode circuit is touching the work or ground. Accidental contact can cause overheating and create a fire hazard.
- 6.d. Do not heat, cut or weld tanks, drums or containers until the proper steps have been taken to insure that such procedures will not cause flammable or toxic vapors from substances inside. They can cause an explosion even though they have been "cleaned". For information, purchase "Recommended Safe Practices for the Preparation for Welding and Cutting of Containers and Piping That Have Held Hazardous Substances", AWS F4.1 from the American Welding Society (see address above).
- Vent hollow castings or containers before heating, cutting or welding. They may explode.
- 6.f. Sparks and spatter are thrown from the welding arc. Wear oil free protective garments such as leather gloves, heavy shirt, cuffless trousers, high shoes and a cap over your hair. Wear ear plugs when welding out of position or in confined places. Always wear safety glasses with side shields when in a welding area.
- 6.g. Connect the work cable to the work as close to the welding area as practical. Work cables connected to the building framework or other locations away from the welding area increase the possibility of the welding current passing through lifting chains, crane cables or other alternate circuits. This can create fire hazards or overheat lifting chains or cables until they fail.
- 6.h. Also see item 1.c.
- 6.I. Read and follow NFPA 51B "Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting and Other Hot Work", available from NFPA, 1 Batterymarch Park, PO box 9101, Quincy, Ma 022690-9101.
- 6.j. Do not use a welding power source for pipe thawing.



# CYLINDER may explode if damaged.

- 7.a. Use only compressed gas cylinders containing the correct shielding gas for the process used and properly operating regulators designed for the gas and pressure used. All hoses, fittings, etc. should be suitable for the application and maintained in good condition.
- Always keep cylinders in an upright position securely chained to an undercarriage or fixed support.
- 7.c. Cylinders should be located:
  - Away from areas where they may be struck or subjected to physical damage.
  - A safe distance from arc welding or cutting operations and any other source of heat, sparks, or flame.
- 7.d. Never allow the electrode, electrode holder or any other electrically "hot" parts to touch a cylinder.
- Keep your head and face away from the cylinder valve outlet when opening the cylinder valve.
- 7.f. Valve protection caps should always be in place and hand tight except when the cylinder is in use or connected for use.
- 7.g. Read and follow the instructions on compressed gas cylinders, associated equipment, and CGA publication P-I, "Precautions for Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Cylinders," available from the Compressed Gas Association 1235 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, VA 22202.



# FOR ELECTRICALLY powered equipment.

- 8.a. Turn off input power using the disconnect switch at the fuse box before working on the equipment.
- 8.b. Install equipment in accordance with the U.S. National Electrical Code, all local codes and the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 8.c. Ground the equipment in accordance with the U.S. National Electrical Code and the manufacturer's recommendations.

Refer to <a href="http://www.lincolnelectric.com/safety">http://www.lincolnelectric.com/safety</a> for additional safety information.

#### PRÉCAUTIONS DE SÛRETÉ

Pour votre propre protection lire et observer toutes les instructions et les précautions de sûreté specifiques qui parraissent dans ce manuel aussi bien que les précautions de sûreté générales suivantes:

#### Sûreté Pour Soudage A L'Arc

- 1. Protegez-vous contre la secousse électrique:
  - a. Les circuits à l'électrode et à la piéce sont sous tension quand la machine à souder est en marche. Eviter toujours tout contact entre les parties sous tension et la peau nue ou les vétements mouillés. Porter des gants secs et sans trous pour isoler les mains.
  - b. Faire trés attention de bien s'isoler de la masse quand on soude dans des endroits humides, ou sur un plancher metallique ou des grilles metalliques, principalement dans les positions assis ou couché pour lesquelles une grande partie du corps peut être en contact avec la masse.
  - c. Maintenir le porte-électrode, la pince de masse, le câble de soudage et la machine à souder en bon et sûr état defonctionnement.
  - d.Ne jamais plonger le porte-électrode dans l'eau pour le refroidir.
  - e. Ne jamais toucher simultanément les parties sous tension des porte-électrodes connectés à deux machines à souder parce que la tension entre les deux pinces peut être le total de la tension à vide des deux machines.
  - f. Si on utilise la machine à souder comme une source de courant pour soudage semi-automatique, ces precautions pour le porte-électrode s'applicuent aussi au pistolet de soudage.
- Dans le cas de travail au dessus du niveau du sol, se protéger contre les chutes dans le cas ou on recoit un choc. Ne jamais enrouler le câble-électrode autour de n'importe quelle partie du corps.
- Un coup d'arc peut être plus sévère qu'un coup de soliel, donc:
  - a. Utiliser un bon masque avec un verre filtrant approprié ainsi qu'un verre blanc afin de se protéger les yeux du rayonnement de l'arc et des projections quand on soude ou quand on regarde l'arc.
  - b. Porter des vêtements convenables afin de protéger la peau de soudeur et des aides contre le rayonnement de l'arc.
  - c. Protéger l'autre personnel travaillant à proximité au soudage à l'aide d'écrans appropriés et non-inflammables.
- 4. Des gouttes de laitier en fusion sont émises de l'arc de soudage. Se protéger avec des vêtements de protection libres de l'huile, tels que les gants en cuir, chemise épaisse, pantalons sans revers, et chaussures montantes.

- Toujours porter des lunettes de sécurité dans la zone de soudage. Utiliser des lunettes avec écrans lateraux dans les zones où l'on pique le laitier.
- Eloigner les matériaux inflammables ou les recouvrir afin de prévenir tout risque d'incendie dû aux étincelles.
- 7. Quand on ne soude pas, poser la pince à une endroit isolé de la masse. Un court-circuit accidental peut provoquer un échauffement et un risque d'incendie.
- 8. S'assurer que la masse est connectée le plus prés possible de la zone de travail qu'il est pratique de le faire. Si on place la masse sur la charpente de la construction ou d'autres endroits éloignés de la zone de travail, on augmente le risque de voir passer le courant de soudage par les chaines de levage, câbles de grue, ou autres circuits. Cela peut provoquer des risques d'incendie ou d'echauffement des chaines et des câbles jusqu'à ce qu'ils se rompent.
- Assurer une ventilation suffisante dans la zone de soudage.
   Ceci est particuliérement important pour le soudage de tôles galvanisées plombées, ou cadmiées ou tout autre métal qui produit des fumeés toxiques.
- 10. Ne pas souder en présence de vapeurs de chlore provenant d'opérations de dégraissage, nettoyage ou pistolage. La chaleur ou les rayons de l'arc peuvent réagir avec les vapeurs du solvant pour produire du phosgéne (gas fortement toxique) ou autres produits irritants.
- Pour obtenir de plus amples renseignements sur la sûreté, voir le code "Code for safety in welding and cutting" CSA Standard W 117.2-1974.

### PRÉCAUTIONS DE SÛRETÉ POUR LES MACHINES À SOUDER À TRANSFORMATEUR ET À REDRESSEUR

- Relier à la terre le chassis du poste conformement au code de l'électricité et aux recommendations du fabricant. Le dispositif de montage ou la piece à souder doit être branché à une bonne mise à la terre.
- 2. Autant que possible, l'installation et l'entretien du poste seront effectués par un électricien qualifié.
- 3. Avant de faires des travaux à l'interieur de poste, la debrancher à l'interrupteur à la boite de fusibles.
- Garder tous les couvercles et dispositifs de sûreté à leur place.



#### **Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)**

#### Conformance

Products displaying the CE mark are in conformity with European Community Council Directive of 15 Dec 2004 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility, 2004/108/EC. It was manufactured in conformity with a national standard that implements a harmonized standard: EN 60974-10 Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Product Standard for Arc Welding Equipment. It is for use with other Lincoln Electric equipment. It is designed for industrial and professional use.

#### Introduction

All electrical equipment generates small amounts of electromagnetic emission. Electrical emission may be transmitted through power lines or radiated through space, similar to a radio transmitter. When emissions are received by other equipment, electrical interference may result. Electrical emissions may affect many kinds of electrical equipment; other nearby welding equipment, radio and TV reception, numerical controlled machines, telephone systems, computers, etc. Be aware that interference may result and extra precautions may be required when a welding power source is used in a domestic establishment.

#### Installation and Use

The user is responsible for installing and using the welding equipment according to the manufacturer's instructions. If electromagnetic disturbances are detected then it shall be the responsibility of the user of the welding equipment to resolve the situation with the technical assistance of the manufacturer. In some cases this remedial action may be as simple as earthing (grounding) the welding circuit, see Note. In other cases it could involve construction of an electromagnetic screen enclosing the power source and the work complete with associated input filters. In all cases electromagnetic disturbances must be reduced to the point where they are no longer troublesome.

Note: The welding circuit may or may not be earthed for safety reasons according to national codes. Changing the earthing arrangements should only be authorized by a person who is competent to access whether the changes will increase the risk of injury, e.g., by allowing parallel welding current return paths which may damage the earth circuits of other equipment.

#### **Assessment of Area**

Before installing welding equipment the user shall make an assessment of potential electromagnetic problems in the surrounding area. The following shall be taken into account:

- a) other supply cables, control cables, signaling and telephone cables; above, below and adjacent to the welding equipment;
- b) radio and television transmitters and receivers;
- c) computer and other control equipment;
- d) safety critical equipment, e.g., guarding of industrial equipment;
- e) the health of the people around, e.g., the use of pacemakers and hearing aids;
- f) equipment used for calibration or measurement
- g) the immunity of other equipment in the environment. The user shall ensure that other equipment being used in the environment is compatible. This may require additional protection measures;
- h) the time of day that welding or other activities are to be carried out.

#### **Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)**

The size of the surrounding area to be considered will depend on the structure of the building and other activities that are taking place. The surrounding area may extend beyond the boundaries of the premises.

#### **Methods of Reducing Emissions**

#### **Mains Supply**

Welding equipment should be connected to the mains supply according to the manufacturer's recommendations. If interference occurs, it may be necessary to take additional precautions such as filtering of the mains supply. Consideration should be given to shielding the supply cable of permanently installed welding equipment, in metallic conduit or equivalent. Shielding should be electrically continuous throughout its length. The shielding should be connected to the welding power source so that good electrical contact is maintained between the conduit and the welding power source enclosure.

#### **Maintenance of the Welding Equipment**

The welding equipment should be routinely maintained according to the manufacturer's recommendations. All access and service doors and covers should be closed and properly fastened when the welding equipment is in operation. The welding equipment should not be modified in any way except for those changes and adjustments covered in the manufacturers instructions. In particular, the spark gaps of arc striking and stabilizing devices should be adjusted and maintained according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

#### **Welding Cables**

The welding cables should be kept as short as possible and should be positioned close together, running at or close to floor level.

#### **Equipotential Bonding**

Bonding of all metallic components in the welding installation and adjacent to it should be considered. However, metallic components bonded to the work piece will increase the risk that the operator could receive a shock by touching these metallic components and the electrode at the same time. The operator should be insulated from all such bonded metallic components.

#### **Earthing of the Workpiece**

Where the workpiece is not bonded to earth for electrical safety, not connected to earth because of its size and position, e.g., ships hull or building steelwork, a connection bonding the workpiece to earth may reduce emissions in some, but not all instances. Care should be taken to prevent the earthing of the workpiece increasing the risk of injury to users, or damage to other electrical equipment. Where necessary, the connection of the workpiece to earth should be made by a direct connection to the workpiece, but in some countries where direct connection is not permitted, the bonding should be achieved by suitable capacitance, selected according to national regulations.

#### **Screening and Shielding**

Selective screening and shielding of other cables and equipment in the surrounding area may alleviate problems of interference. Screening of the entire welding installation may be considered for special applications 1.

Portions of the preceding text are contained in EN 60974-10: "Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) product standard for arc welding equipment."

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# Thank You-

for selecting one of our **QUALITY** products. We want you to take pride in operating this product ••• as much pride as we have in bringing this product to you!

#### **CUSTOMER ASSISTANCE POLICY**

The business of our company is manufacturing and selling high quality welding equipment. Our challenge is to meet the needs of our customers and to exceed their expectations. On occasion, purchasers may ask us for advice or information about their use of our products. We respond to our customers based on the best information in our possession at that time. We are not in a position to warrant or guarantee such advice, and assume no liability, with respect to such information or advice. We expressly disclaim any warranty of any kind, including any warranty of fitness for any customer's particular purpose, with respect to such information or advice. As a matter of practical consideration, we also cannot assume any responsibility for updating or correcting any such information or advice once it has been given, nor does the provision of information or advice create, expand or alter any warranty with respect to the sale of our products.

We are a responsive manufacturer, but the selection and use of specific products sold by us is solely within the control of, and remains the sole responsibility of the customer. Many variables beyond our control affect the results obtained in applying these types of fabrication methods and service requirements.

Subject to Change - This information is accurate to the best of our knowledge at the time of printing.

#### Please Examine Carton and Equipment For Damage Immediately

When this equipment is shipped, title passes to the purchaser upon receipt by the carrier. Consequently, Claims for material damaged in shipment must be made by the purchaser against the transportation company at the time the shipment is received.

Please record your equipment identification information below for future reference. This information can be found on your machine nameplate.

Product
Model Number
Code Number or Date Code (if available)
Serial Number (if available)
Date Purchased
Where Purchased
Whenever you request replacement parts or information on this equipment, always supply the information you have recorded above.

**Read this Operators Manual completely** before attempting to use this equipment. Save this manual and keep it handy for quick reference. Pay particular attention to the safety instructions we have provided for your protection. The level of seriousness to be applied to each is explained below:

#### WARNING

This statement appears where the information must be followed exactly to avoid serious personal injury or loss of life.

#### **A** CAUTION

This statement appears where the information must be followed to avoid minor personal injury or damage to this equipment.

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# TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS - RED-D-ARC LN-25™ PRO DUAL POWER (K2614-2)

INPUT VOLTAGE and CURRENT							
	INPUT VOLTAGE ± 10% INPUT AMPERES						PUT AMPERES
	Across the	e Arc 15-1	10 VDC				4A
	Conrol C	able 24-42	2 VACX				4A
	RA	TED O	UTPU	T @ 10	4°F (40°C)		
DUTY	CYCLE				INPUT AI	MPERE	S
60%	rating				45	50	
	rating				32	<u></u> 25	
		NIDE E	1440	CDEED	RANGE-WIF		7=
GEAR	iling - v			SPEEL	NANGE-WIF	FCAV	
GEARING		GMAW		FCAVV			
	WFS F	WFS RANGE WIRE		SIZES	WFS RANGE		WIRE SIZES
Standard Speed	F0 7	00 in m	000	1/101	50 700 in m		.030 - 5/64
K2614-2	(1.3 - 17)	00 ipm .7m/min)	.023 – 1/16" (0.6 – 1.6mm)		50 – 700 ipm (1.3 – 17.7m/min)		(0.8 - 2.0mm)
		DUVC		DIMEN	CIONC		
HEIGHT			WIDTH	DIMEN	SIONS		WEIGHT
——————————————————————————————————————		<u> </u>	MIDIN		DEFIN		WEIGHT
440 la ala a			7		00.0 km ala a a		07 11
14.8 Inches (376 mm)		8.7 Inches ( 221 mm)			22.2 Inches (589 mm)		37 lbs (17 kg)
Handle folded o	own			, l	(555)		(** 1.9)
		TEMP	ERAT	URE R	ANGE		
OPERATION:			-40°F	to 104°F	(-40°C to 40°C)		
STORAGE:					(-40°C to 85°C)		

#### SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

#### **M** WARNING



#### **ELECTRIC SHOCK CAN KILL.**

- Turn the input power OFF at the disconnect switch or fuse box before attempting to connect or disconnect input power lines, output cables or control cables.
- Only qualified personnel should perform this installation.
- Do not touch metal portions of the work clip when the welding power source is on.
- · Do not attach the work clip to the wire feeder.
- Connect the work clip directly to the work, as close as possible to the welding arc.
- Turn power off at the welding power source before disconnecting the work clip from the work.
- Only use on power sources with open circuit voltages less than 110 VDC.

#### LOCATION

For best wire feeding performance, place the Red-D-Arc LN-25™ PRO DUAL POWER on a stable and dry surface. Keep the wire feeder in a vertical position. Do not operate the wire feeder on an angled surface of more than 15 degrees.

Do not submerge the Red-D-Arc LN-25™ PRO DUAL POWER.

The Red-D-Arc LN-25™ PRO DUAL POWER is rated IP23 and is suitable for outdoor use. The handle of the Red-D-Arc LN-25™ PRO DUAL POWER is intended for moving the wire feeder about the work place only.

When suspending a wire feeder, insulate the hanging device from the wire feeder enclosure.

#### A CAUTION

#### HIGH FREQUENCY PROTECTION

Locate the Red-D-Arc LN-25<sup>™</sup> PRO DUAL POWER away from radio controlled machinery. The normal operation of the Red-D-Arc LN-25<sup>™</sup> PRO DUAL POWER may adversely affect the operation of RF controlled equipment, which may result in bodily injury or damage to the equipment.

#### **WELD CABLE SIZE**

Table A.1 located below are copper cable sizes recommended for different currents and duty cycles. Lengths stipulated are the distance from the welder to work and back to the welder again. Cable sizes are increased for greater lengths primarily for the purpose of minimizing cable drop.

TABLE A.1

REC	RECOMMENDED CABLE SIZES (RUBBER COVERED COPPER - RATED 167°F or 75°C)**							
AMPERES	PERCENT	CABLE SIZES F	CABLE SIZES FOR COMBINED LENGTHS OF ELECTRODE AND WORK CABLES					
	DUTY CYCLE	0 to 50Ft. (0 to15m)	50 to 100Ft. (15 to 30m)	100 to 150 Ft. (30 to 46m)	150 to 200 Ft. (46 to 61m)	200 to 250 Ft. (61 to 76m)		
200	60	2	2	2	1	1/0		
200	100	2	2	2	1	1/0		
225	20	4 or 5	3	2	1	1/0		
225	40 & 30	3	3	2	1	1/0		
250	30	3	3	2	1	1/0		
250	40	2	2	1	1	1/0		
250	60	1	1	1	1	1/0		
250	100	1	1	1	1	1/0		
300	60	1	1	1	1/0	2/0		
325	100	2/0	2/0	2/0	2/0	3/0		
350	60	1/0	1/0	2/0	2/0	3/0		
400	60	2/0	2/0	2/0	3/0	4/0		
400	100	3/0	3/0	3/0	3/0	4/0		
500	60	2/0	2/0	3/0	3/0	4/0		

<sup>\*\*</sup> Tabled values are for operation at ambient temperatures of 104°F(40°C) and below. Applications above 104°F(40°C) may require cables larger than recommended, or cables rated higher than 167°F(75°C).

#### **CABLE CONNECTIONS**

There is one circular connector for the gun trigger on the front of the Red-D-Arc LN-25™ PRO DUAL POWER.

Picture		Function	Pin	Wiring
Т		5-pin trigger	Α	Trigger
		connector for	В	Not used
- 10	(C B)	push-guns	C	Common
- 1'	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	only.	D	Not used
			Е	Not used

#### CONTROL CABLE CONNECTOR

The control cable connector is present only on the Dual Power and Control Cable Feeders.

Picture		Wiring
WIRE FEEDER	Α	Not used
	В	Not used
JO OA	С	Output Control to Power Source (2-4)
// 10 OKOB	D	Output Control to Power Source (2-4)
(HO NO OL OC)	Е	Remote Voltage Control 77
I	F	Remote Voltage Control (wiper) 76
$  \setminus G \cap OM \cap J /  $	G	Remote Voltage Control 75
FO OE	Н	Work Sense Lead 21
	Ι	42VAC
	J	Not used
	K	42VAC
	Ĺ	Not used
	М	Not used
	N	Electrode Sense Lead 67

#### **A** WARNING



#### **ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.**

- Do not touch electrically live parts.
- Welding Voltage is present on pins H, I, K and N when Dual Power feeders are operating as Accross the Arc feeder.

#### SHIELDING GAS CONNECTION

#### **A** WARNING



CYLINDER may explode if damaged.

- Keep cylinder upright and chained to support.
- Keep cylinder away from areas where it may be damaged.
- Never lift welder with cylinder attached.
- · Never allow welding electrode to touch cylinder.
- Keep cylinder away from welding or other live electrical circuits.



- BUILD UP OF SHIELDING GAS MAY HARM HEALTH OR KILL.
- Shut off shielding gas supply when not in use.
- See American National Standard Z-49.1, "Safety in Welding and Cutting" Published by the American Welding Society.

Maximum inlet pressure is 100 psi. (6.9 bar.)

Install the shielding gas supply as follows:

- 1. Secure the cylinder to prevent it from falling.
- 2. Remove the cylinder cap. Inspect the cylinder valves and regulator for damaged threads, dirt, dust, oil or grease. Remove dust and dirt with a clean cloth. DO NOT ATTACH THE REGULATOR IF OIL, GREASE OR DAMAGE IS PRESENT! Inform your gas supplier of this condition. Oil or grease in the presence of high pressure oxygen is explosive.
- Stand to one side away from the outlet and open the cylinder valve for an instant. This blows away any dust or dirt which may have accumulated in the valve outlet
- 4. Attach the flow regulator to the cylinder valve and tighten the union nut(s) securely with a wrench. Note: if connecting to 100% CO<sub>2</sub> cylinder, insert regulator adapter between regulator and cylinder valve. If adapter is equipped with a plastic washer, be sure it is seated for connection to the CO<sub>2</sub> cylinder.
- Attach one end of the inlet hose to the outlet fitting of the flow regulator. Attach the other end to the welding system shielding gas inlet. Tighten the union nuts with a wrench.
- Before opening the cylinder valve, turn the regulator adjusting knob counterclockwise until the adjusting spring pressure is released.
- 7. Standing to one side, open the cylinder valve slowly a fraction of a turn. When the cylinder pressure gage stops moving, open the valve fully.
- 8. The flow regulator is adjustable. Adjust it to the flow rate recommended for the procedure and process being used before making a weld.

#### WIRE DRIVE CONFIGURATION

(See Figure A.2)

# CHANGING THE GUN RECEIVER BUSHING

#### **WARNING**



#### **ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.**

- Turn the input power OFF at the welding power source before installation or changing drive rolls and/or guides.
- Do not touch electrically live parts.
- When inching with the gun trigger, electrode and drive mechanism are "hot" to work and ground and could remain energized several seconds after the gun trigger is released.
- Do not operate with covers, panels or guards removed or open.
- Only qualified personnel should perform maintenance work.

#### Tools required:

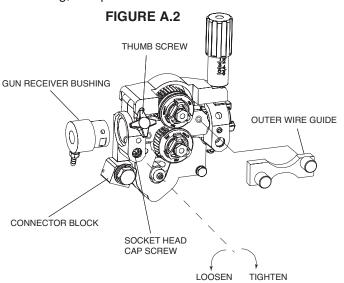
• 1/4" hex key wrench.

Note: Some gun bushings do not require the use of the thumb screw.

- 1. Turn power off at the welding power source.
- 2. Remove the welding wire from the wire drive.
- 3. Remove the thumb screw from the wire drive.
- 4. Remove the welding gun from the wire drive.
- 5. Loosen the socket head cap screw that holds the connector bar against the gun bushing.

### Important: Do not attempt to completely remove the socket head cap screw.

- 6. Remove the outer wire guide, and push the gun bushing out of the wire drive. Because of the precision fit, light tapping may be required to remove the gun bushing.
- 7. Disconnect the shielding gas hose from the gun bushing, if required.



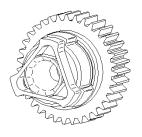
- 8. Connect the shielding gas hose to the new gun bushing, if required.
- Rotate the gun bushing until the thumb screw hole aligns with the thumb screw hole in the feed plate.
   Slide the gun receiver bushing into the wire drive and verify the thumb screw holes are aligned.
- 10. Tighten the socket head cap screw.
- 11. Insert the welding gun into the gun bushing and tighten the thumb screw.

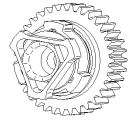
# PROCEDURE TO INSTALL DRIVE ROLLS AND WIRE GUIDES

#### **WARNING**



- Turn the input power OFF at the welding power source before installation or changing drive rolls and/or guides.
- · Do not touch electrically live parts.
- When inching with the gun trigger, electrode and drive mechanism are "hot" to work and ground and could remain energized several seconds after the gun trigger is released.
- Do not operate with covers, panels or guards removed or open.
- Only qualified personnel should perform maintenance work.
- 1. Turn power off at the welding power source.
- 2. Release the idle roll pressure arm.
- 3. Remove the outer wire guide by turning the knurled thumbscrews counter-clockwise to unscrew them from the feed plate.
- 4. Rotate the triangular lock and remove the drive rolls.





UNLOCKED POSITION

LOCKED POSITION

- 5. Remove the inner wire guide.
- 6. Insert the new inner wire guide, groove side out, over the two locating pins in the feed plate.
- 7. Install a drive roll on each hub assembly secure with the triangular lock.
- 8. Install the outer wire guide by aligning it with the pins and tightening the knurled thumbscrews.
- 9. Close the idle arm and engage the idle roll pressure arm. Adjust the pressure appropriately.

#### PRESSURE ARM ADJUSTMENT

#### **▲** WARNING



#### ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

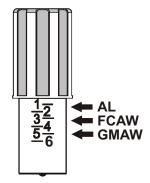
- Turn the input power OFF at the welding power source before installation or changing drive rolls and/or guides.
- · Do not touch electrically live parts.
- When inching with the gun trigger, electrode and drive mechanism are "hot" to work and ground and could remain energized several seconds after the gun trigger is released.
- Do not operate with covers, panels or guards removed or open.
- Only qualified personnel should perform maintenance work.

The pressure arm controls the amount of force the drive rolls exert on the wire. Proper adjustment of the pressure arm gives the best welding performance.

Set the pressure arm as follows: (See Figure A.3)

Aluminum wires between 1 and 3 Cored wires between 3 and 4 Steel, Stainless wires between 4 and 6

#### **FIGURE A.3**



#### LOADING SPOOLS OF WIRE

#### **WARNING**

 Keep hands, hair, clothing and tools away from rotating equipment.



- Do not wear gloves when threading wire or changing wire spool.
- Only qualified personnel should install, use or service this equipment.

Loading 10 to 15 lb. (4.5 - 6.8 kg) Spools.

A K468 spindle adapter is required for loading 2" (51mm) wide spools on 2" (51mm) spindles. Use a K468 spindle adapter for loading 2-1/2" (64mm) wide spools.

- 1. Squeeze the release bar on the retaining collar and remove it from the spindle.
- 2. Place the spindle adapter on the spindle, aligning the spindle brake pin with the hole in the adapter.
- 3. Place the spool on the spindle and align the adapter brake tab with one of the holes in the back side of the spool. An indicator mark on the end of the spindle shows the orientation of the brake tab. Be certain the wire feeds off of the spool in the proper direction.
- 4. Re-install the retaining collar. Make sure that the release bar snaps out and that the retaining collar fully engages the groove on the spindle.

#### **GUN CONNECTION**

#### MARNING WARNING



#### ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

- Turn the input power OFF at the welding power source before installation or changing drive rolls and/or guides.
- · Do not touch electrically live parts.
- When inching with the gun trigger, electrode and drive mechanism are "hot" to work and ground and could remain energized several seconds after the gun trigger is released.
- Do not operate with covers, panels or guards removed or open.
- Only qualified personnel should perform maintenance work.

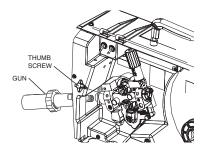
The Red-D-Arc LN-25™ PRO DUAL POWER comes with a K1500-2 gun adapter installed. (See Figure A.4)

To install a gun,

- 1. Turn power OFF.
- 2. Remove the thumb screw.
- 3. Push the gun the completely into the gun bushing.
- 4. Secure the gun in place with the thumb screw.
- 5. Connect the trigger cable from the gun to the trigger connector on the front of the feeder.

Note: Not all gun bushings require the use of the thumb screw.

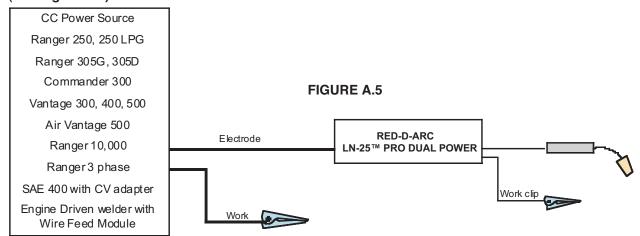
#### **FIGURE A.4**



# POWER SOURCE TO RED-D-ARC LN-25™ PRO DUAL POWER CABLE CONNECTION DIAGRAMS

#### **ACROSS THE ARC SET-UPS**

### CC Power Sources with Output Terminals Always Hot (See Figure A.5)

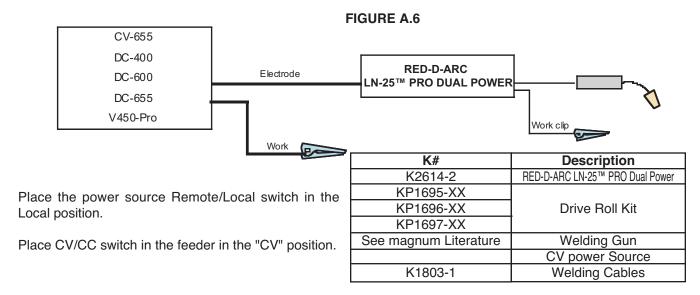


If the power source has a Remote/Local switch, place the switch in the Local position.

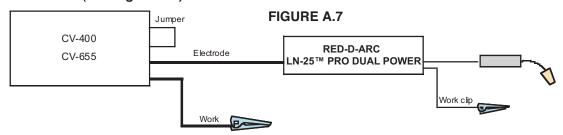
Place the CV/CC switch in the feeder in the "CC" position.

K#	Description		
K2614-2	RED-D-ARC LN-25™ PRO Dual Power		
KP1695-XX			
KP1696-XX	Drive Roll Kit		
KP1697-XX	1		
See Magnum Literature	Welding Gun		
	CC power Source		
K1803-1	Welding Cables		

# CV Power Sources with Stud Connectors and Remote/Local Switch (See Figure A.6)



### CV Power Sources with Stud Connectors and no Remote/Local Switch. (See Figure A.7)

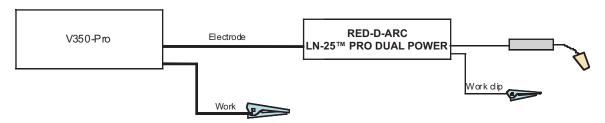


Place CV/CC switch in the feeder in the "CV" position.

K#	Description
K2614-2	RED-D-ARC LN-25™ PRO Dual Power
KP484	Jumper Plug Kit
KP1695-XX	
KP1696-XX	Drive Roll Kit
KP1697-XX	
See Magnum Literature	Welding Gun
	CC power Source
K1803-1	Welding Cables

### CV Power Source with Twist-Mate Connectors and Remote/Local Switch. (See Figure A.8)

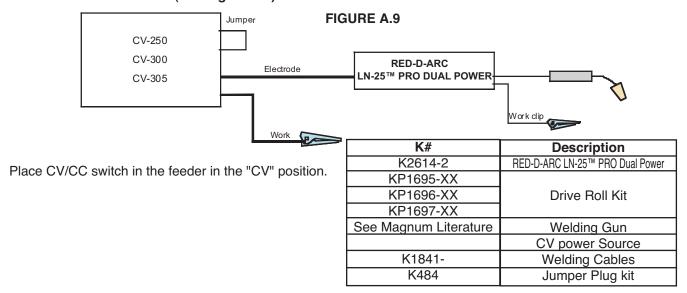
#### **FIGURE A.8**



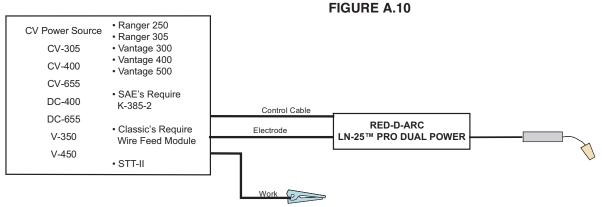
Place CV/CC switch in the feeder in the "CV" position.

K#	Description		
K2614-2	RED-D-ARC LN-25™ PRO Dual Power		
KP1695-XX			
KP1696-XX	Drive Roll Kit		
KP1697-XX	1		
See Magnum Literature	Welding Gun		
	CC power Source		
K1841	Welding Cables		

### CV Power Source with Twist-Mate Connectors and no Remote/Local Switch. (See Figure A.9)



### CV Power Source with 24 or 42 VAC (See Figure A.10)



If present, place the power source Remote/Local Switch in the Remote position.

Place CV/CC switch in the feeder in the "CV" position.

K#	Description
K2614-2	RED-D-ARC LN-25™ PRO Dual Power
KP1695-XX	
KP1696-XX	Drive Roll Kit
KP1697-XX	
K1797-xx	Control Cable
K2335-1	Adapter for Competitive Power Sources
See Magnum Literature	Welding Gun
	CV power source
	Welding Cables
K852-95	Twist-Mate Cable Plug

#### SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

READ AND UNDERSTAND ENTIRE SECTION BEFORE OPERATING MACHINE.

#### **AWARNING**



- ELECTRIC SHOCK CAN KILL. Unless using COLD FEED feature, when feeding with gun trigger, the electrode and drive mechanism are always electrically energized and could remain energized several seconds after the welding ceases..
- Do not touch electrically live part or electrode with skin or wet clothing.
- · Insulate yourself from work and ground.
- · Always wear dry insulating gloves.
- Do not operate with covers, panels or guards removed or open.



- FUMES AND GASSES can be dangerous.
- · Keep your head out of fumes.
- Use ventilation or exhaust to remove fumes from breathing zone.



- WELDING SPARKS can cause fire or explosion.
- · Keep flammable material away.



ARC RAYS can burn.

Wear eye, ear and body protection.

SEE ADDITIONAL WARNING INFORMATION UNDER ARC WELDING SAFETY PRECAUTIONS AND IN THE FRONT OF THIS OPERATING MANUAL.

# GRAPHIC SYMBOLS THAT APPEAR ON THIS MACHINE OR IN THIS MANUAL



**INPUT POWER** 



ON



**OFF** 



**WIRE FEEDER** 



**POSITIVE OUTPUT** 



**NEGATIVE OUTPUT** 



**INPUT POWER** 



**DIRECT CURRENT** 

U<sub>0</sub>

OPEN CIRCUIT

U<sub>1</sub>

**INPUT VOLTAGE** 

Uo

**OUTPUT VOLTAGE** 

11

**INPUT CURRENT** 

12

**OUTPUT CURRENT** 



PROTECTIVE GROUND



WARNING OR CAUTION

#### **DEFINITION OF WELDING TERMS**

#### **WFS**

· Wire Feed Speed

#### CC

Constant Current

#### CV

Constant Voltage

#### **GMAW**

· Gas Metal Arc welding

#### **SMAW**

Shielded Metal Arc welding

#### **FCAW**

Flux Core Arc Welding

#### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### **General Physical Description**

The Red-D-Arc LN-25™ PRO DUAL POWER is specially engineered to be the most rugged portable wire feeder available.

The plastic case is molded from a high impact, flame retardant plastic for durability and low weight. The patent pending design keeps the internal components protected and dry.

The heart of the Red-D-Arc LN-25™ PRO DUAL POWER is the 2 roll MAXTRAC™ drive. The patented features on the wire drive offer tool-less changing of the drive rolls and wire guides for quick spool changes. A tachometer controlled motor powers the patent pending drive rolls for smooth, steady feeding without slippage.

#### **General Functional Description**

The Red-D-Arc LN-25™ PRO DUAL POWER as designed is a simple, robust feeder. Standard features include a calibrated wire feed speed dial, 2 step/trigger interlock switch, CV-CC switch, Gas Purge and Cold Feed.

The Dual Power LN-25 PRO has a patent pending electronic circuit to allow easy transition from Across the Arc operation to Control Cable operation. Simply connect the work clip and the electrode lead for Across the Arc welding. Whenever a control cable is connected, the feeder switches to Control Cable operation.

To improve contactor life, the contactor is always closed when operating as a control cable feeder.

#### **RECOMMENDED PROCESSES**

- GMAW
- FCAW

#### PROCESS LIMITATIONS

- GMAW-P procedures must be qualified by the customer.
- Across-the-Arc models are not recommended for stitch or spot welding.

#### **EQUIPMENT LIMITATIONS**

- The duty cycle of the wire feeder is 325A, 100% and 450A, 60%. Duty cycle is based upon the amount of welding performed in a 10 minute period.
- The maximum spool size is 45 lb, 12" diameter.
- Maximum FCAW gun length is 15 ft.
- Maximum GMAW gun length is 25 ft.
- · Push-pull guns do not work with the wire feeder.
- · Digital displays do not show preset voltage.

#### RECOMMENDED POWER SOURCES

- CV-250
- CV-300
- CV-305
- CV-400
- CV-655
- DC-400
- DC-600
- DC-655
- STT-II
- Invertec V-350 PRO
- Invertec V-450 PRO
- Multi-Weld 350
- Ranger 10,000

- Ranger 3 Phase
- Ranger GXT
- Ranger 250
- Ranger 305
- SAE-400
- Pipeliner 200G
- Classic 300
- Vantage 300
- Vantage 400
- Vantage 500
- Air Vantage 500

#### Wire Feed Speed, CV Operation

When Across the Arc models are operated with CV power sources, the wire feed speed will remain a constant value, independent of arc voltage changes, as along as the arc voltage does not drop below the values per the following table.

CV OPERATION						
Minimum Arc Volts	Maximum WFS Standard Spin Gearing	Maximum WFS (Extra Torque Gearing)				
15 V	280	210				
17 V	340	235				
21 V	440	400				
24 V	520	400				
27 V	600	400				

#### Wire Feed Speed, CC Operation

When Across the Arc models are operated with CC power sources, the wire feed speed changes as the arc voltage changes. When the arc voltage increases, the wire feed speed will increase; and when the arc voltage decreases, the wire feed speed will decrease.

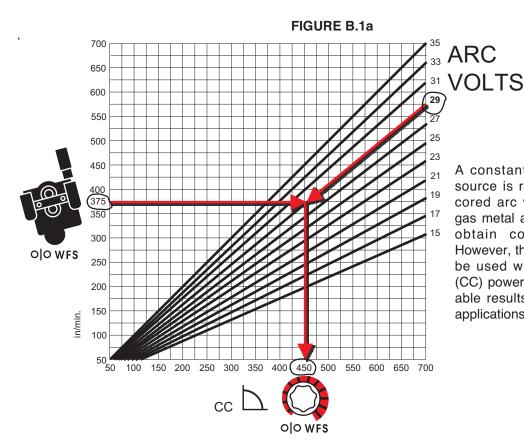
To preset the wire feed speed on CC power sources:

- Set the Wire Feed Mode switch inside the LN-25<sup>™</sup> Pro to "CC".
- Refer to the Figure B.1a graph for the setting for the wire feed speed knob setting. Select the horizontal line representing the Desired Wire Feed Speed. (See Figure B.1a arrow for 375 in/min.)
- 3. Select the diagonal line representing the Arc Volts. (See Figure B.1a for 29 volts.)
- 4. Determine the vertical line representing the CC representing the CC Wire Feed Speed setting where the above two lines cross. (See Figure B.1a arrow line for 450.) Set the LN-25™ Pro wire feed speed knob to this value.

CC WFS dial setting = 
$$\frac{\text{desired WFS x 35}}{\text{Arc Volts}}$$

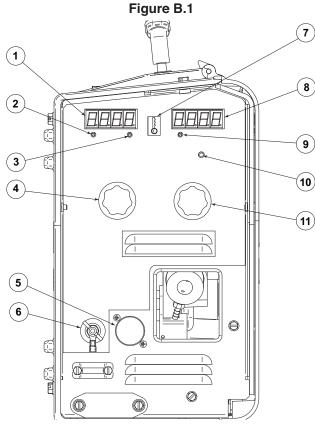
#### Example:

- = 375 in/min. (Horizontal Line) x 35 29 Arc Volts (Diagonal Line)
- = 452.5 (Vertical Line) **Use 450** setting (See Figure B.1a)



A constant voltage (CV) power source is recommended for flux-cored arc welding. (FCAW) and gas metal arc welding (GMAW) to obtain code quality results. However, this wire feeder may also be used with a constant current (CC) power source to obtain passable results for noncritical quality applications.

#### **CASE FRONT CONTROLS**



ITEM	DESCRIPTION
1	Wire Feed Speed/Amperage Display
2	Wire Feed Speed LED
3	Amperage LED
4	Wire Feed Speed Knob
5	5 pin gun trigger connector
6	Work Clip Connection
7	Thermal LED
8	Voltage Display
9	Voltage LED
10	Set-up Push Button
11	Remote Voltage Control Knob

# 83% FUNCTIONALITY (for Innershield® Pipeline welding)

With a special Gun, the LN-25™ Pro incorporates 83% functionality. This feature allows for the reduction of the wire feed speed to 83% of the original set value when activated with a second switch (usually in the gun). The 100% wire feed is adjusted using the wire feed speed knob on the front of the machine, and is displayed on the right LED. When the reduced wire speed switch (mounted on the gun handle) is in Position No. 1, the wire speed feed will be that figure indicated on the display. In Position No. 2, the wire feed speed will be 83% of the figure indicated on the display.

#### 1. WIRE FEED SPEED/ AMPERAGE DIPLAY

#### 2. WIRE FEED SPEED LED

(See displays in Item 1 for LED functions.)

#### 3. AMPERAGE LED

(See displays in Item 1 for LED functions.)

#### 4. WIRE FEED SPEED KNOB

(See displays in Item 1 for LED read out.)

#### 5. 5-PIN GUN TRIGGER CONNECTOR

Control Cable plugs into from Gun and Cable Assembly.

#### 6. WORK CLIP CONNECTION

Connects to the work piece.

#### 7. THERMAL LED

Thermal LED, Motor Overload The thermal light illuminates when the wire drive motor draws too much current. If the thermal light illuminates, the wire drive will automatically shutdown for up



to 30 seconds to allow the motor to cool. To start welding again, release the gun trigger, inspect the gun cable, liner (and conduit). Clean and make repairs as necessary. Start welding again when the problem has been safely resolved.

For best results, keep the gun cable and conduit as straight as possible. Perform regular maintenance and cleaning on the gun liner, conduit and gun. Always use quality electrode, such as L-50 or L-56 from Lincoln Electric.

#### 8. VOLTAGE DISPLAY

(See displays in Item 1 for Voltage functions)

#### 9. VOLTAGE LED

(See displays in **Item 1** for **LED** functions.)

#### 10. SET-UP PUSH BUTTON

#### 11. VOLTAGE KNOB

This knob allows you to control the power source output arc voltage level.

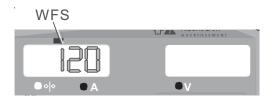
#### **POWER-UP SEQUENCE**

All of the LED's will briefly illuminate during power-up. If the gun trigger is activated during power up, the feeder will not operate until the gun trigger is released.

# 1. WIRE FEED SPEED/AMPERAGE DISPLAY

#### Idle

The left display shows the wire feed speed. The right display is blank. The wire feed speed LED is lit.



#### Welding

The left display shows the amperage and the right display shows the arc voltage. If the wire feeder is connected for electrode negative welding, then the voltage display shows a minus sign. The amperage and voltage LEDs are lit.



#### **After Welding**

The display continues to hold the value of the amperage and arc voltage for five seconds after welding stops. The amperage and voltage displays flash.

#### Set-Up Menu

To enter the set-up menu, use paper clip to press the small button located on the case front.



#### Wire Feed Speed Units

Rotate the WFS knob to the left to use "inches/minute" for the wire feed speed units.



Rotate the WFS knob to the right to use "meters/minute" for the wire feed speed units.



Press the set-up button again.

### RUN-IN (K2614-1,-2 DUAL POWER FEEDERS ONLY)

"Run-in" refers to the wire feed speed during the time from when the trigger is pulled to when an arc is struck.

When Run-in is "ON", the wire feed speed is reduced until an arc is struck. Factory setting is Run-In "OFF".

Model	Run-in Wire Feed Speed
Extra Torque Models	25 in/min
Standard Speed Models	50 in/min

When Run-in is "OFF", the wire feed speed is the same as the welding wire feed speed. Turn Run-In "OFF" for fast, crisp starts, especially when running with .035 or .045 (0.9 or 1.2mm) solid steel wires at high wire feed speeds.

Rotate the WFS knob to the left to turn Run-In OFF.



Rotate the WFS knob to the right to turn Run-In ON.



# WFS CALIBRATION WITH DIGITAL METERS (K2614-1, K2614-2, K2613-4)

To calibrate the wire feed speed, before entering the set-up menu:

Set the display to the desired wire feed speed (example: 400 inches per minute)

Measure the actual wire feed speed (example: 405 inches per minute)

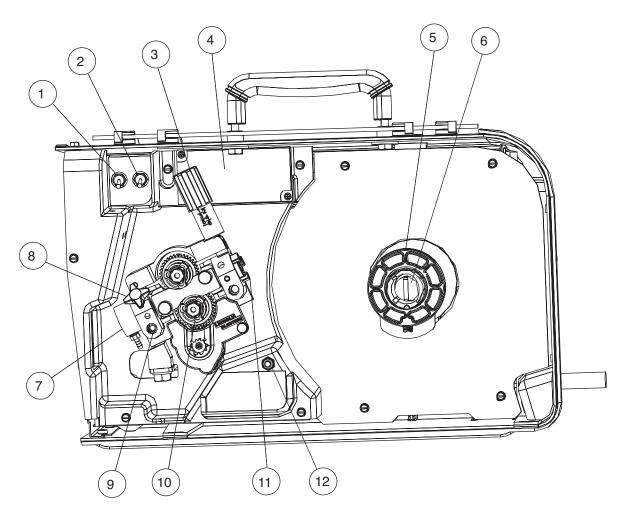
While in the set-up menu, adjust the calibration factor as follows:

 $\frac{Actual WFS}{Set WFS} = Calibration Factor Example \frac{405}{400} = 1.01$ 

Press the set-up button to exit the set-up menu.

#### **INTERNAL CONTROLS**

#### **FIGURE B.2**



DESCRIPTION
2 Step Trigger Interlock Switch
CV / CC Switch
Pressure Adjustment Arm
Optional Timer Kit (See Accessories Section)
Spool Retainer
Spindle Brake
Gun Bushing
Thumb Screw for securing the welding Gun
Socket Head Cap Screw for securing the Gun Bushing
Drive Hubs
Inlet Wire Guide
Cold Feed Pushbutton

#### INTERNAL CONTROLS DESCRIPTION

(See Figure B.2)

#### 2 Step - Trigger Interlock Switch

The 2 Step - Trigger Interlock switch changes the function of the gun trigger. 2 Step trigger operation turns welding on and off in direct response to the trigger. Trigger Interlock operation allows welding to continue when the trigger is released for comfort on long welds.



Place the toggle switch in the DOWN position for 2 Step operation or in the UP position for Trigger Interlock operation.

#### 2 Step Trigger

2 Step trigger operation is the most common. When the gun trigger is pulled, the welding power source energizes the electrode output and the wire feeder feeds wire for welding. The power source and wire feeder continue welding until the trigger is released.

#### **Trigger Interlock**

Trigger Interlock operation provides for operator comfort when making long welds. When the gun trigger is first pulled, the welding power source energizes the output and the wire feeder feeds wire for welding. The gun trigger is then released while the weld is made. To stop welding, the gun trigger is pulled again, and when it is released the welding power source output turns off and the wire feeder stops feeding wire.

#### **A** CAUTION



If the arc goes out while welding with trigger interlock operation, the electrode output from the welding power source remains energized and the wire feeder will continue to feed wire until the gun trigger is again pulled and then released.

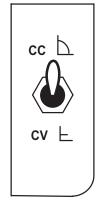
#### CV/CC SWITCH

(See Figure B.2)

The CV/CC switch sets the wire feed speed control method for the wire feeder.

In the CV position, the wire feed speed remains constant during welding. A steady arc voltage is regulated by the power source by adjusting the arc current.

In the CC position, the wire feed speed varies during welding. The arc length is maintained by changing the wire feed speed.



#### **COLD FEED PUSHBUTTON**

(See Figure B.2)

When cold feeding, the wire drive will feed electrode but neither the power source nor the gas solenoid will be energized. Adjust the speed of cold feeding by rotating the WFS knob. Cold feeding, or "cold inching" the electrode is useful for threading the electrode through the gun.



#### **CONSTANT CURRENT WIRE WELDING**

(See Figure B.3)

Most semiautomatic welding processes perform better using constant voltage power sources.

Welding codes usually do not address the power source selection or specifically, whether the welding process is to be operated in the constant voltage or constant current mode. Instead, codes typically specify limitations on the current, voltage, heat input and preheat temperature based on the material to be welded. The intention is to assure that proper weld material properties will develop.

Welding is sometimes performed using constant current power sources. The operation can be more convenient because it may allow the use of an existing stick (SMAW) power source and the power source can be placed at a distant location without any provision for adjusting the output settings.

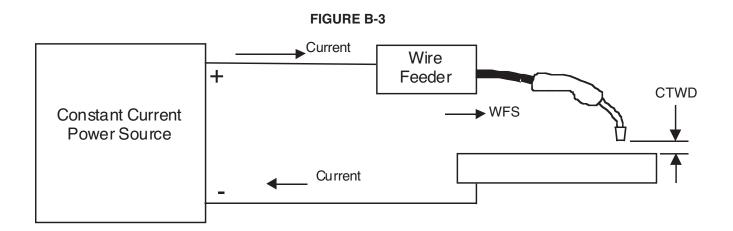
For constant current operation, the power source is set to deliver the specified current. The power source regulates this current regardless of changes in the welding circuit, including cable length, electrode diameter, wire feed speed, contact tip to work distance, etc.

Changes in the wire feed speed (WFS) or contact tip to work distance (CTWD) affect the arc voltage when constant current power sources are used. Lowering the wire feed speed raises the voltage, raising the wire feed speed lowers the voltage. Lengthening the contact tip to work distance raises the voltage, shortening the contact tip to work distance lowers the voltage.

If the contact tip to work distance is properly maintained, a satisfactory operating voltage range may be achieved, and a sound weld may result. However, when a welder uses a longer contact tip to work distance, an arc-sensing wire feeder compensates by increasing the wire feed speed to regulate the voltage. Even if the voltage and current remain unchanged, the increased wire feed speed may result in a deposition rate well beyond the specified range of the electrode. Under these conditions, the specified weld metal properties may not be achieved.

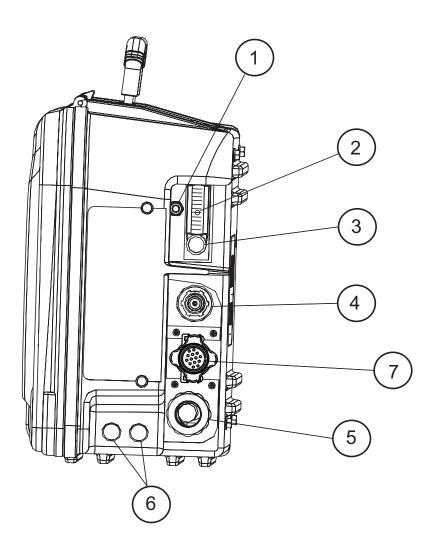
Constant voltage power sources deliver large current surges to stabilize the arc when the electrode is shorted or the arc length is very short. However, a constant current power source does not provide such a response to stabilize the arc. It may be difficult to achieve required weld metal properties, or to achieve the required quality of welds needed to pass nondestructive tests, when such welds are made under constant current operation.

For these reasons, Lincoln Electric does <u>NOT</u> recommend constant current semiautomatic welding for applications which need to meet specified weld metal chemical or mechanical property requirements or weld quality requirements.



#### **REAR CONTROLS:**

**FIGURE B.4** 



ITEM	DESCRIPTION
1	Gas Purge Pushbutton
2	Flow Meter Ball
3	Flow Meter Valve
4	Shielding Gas Inlet
5	Electrode Lead
6	Optional Water cooled gun connections
7	Control Cable input

#### 1. GAS PURGE PUSHBUTTON

(See Figure B.4)

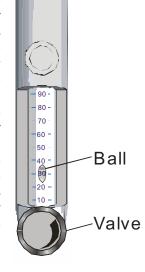
The gas solenoid valve will energize but neither the power source output nor the drive motor will be turned on. The Gas Purge switch is useful for setting the proper flow rate of shielding gas. Flow meters should always be adjusted while the shielding gas is flowing.

#### 2. FLOW METER

The flowmeter shows the flow rate of shielding gas and has a valve to adjust the flow. The flow meter is scaled for CO<sub>2</sub>, Ar, and Ar/CO<sub>2</sub> blends. The middle of the ball indicates the flow rate of shielding gas.

Adjust the flow rate while depressing the GAS PURGE switch by turning the valve at the bottom of the meter. Most weld procedures require 25-40 scfh (11.8 - 18.9 lpm) for sufficient shielding gas coverage. Gun angle, nozzle diameter, joint configuration and wind conditions may effect the amount of shielding gas required.

When using a wire feeder with a flow meter, adjust the regulator at the shield gas bottle or supply to a flow rate that is higher than the flow rate indicated on the feeder flow meter. Note that most regulators are calibrated based upon having low restrictions on the outlet. The valve on the feeder flow meter creates a high restriction and may cause errors in the readings at the supply regulator. Set the gas flow rate using the feeder flow meter reading and not the supply regulator reading.



SCFH	Liter/Min.
10	4.7
20	9.4
30	14.2
40	18.9
50	23.6
60	28.3
70	33.1
80	37.8

#### **FACTORY INSTALLED EQUIPMENT**

• K1500-2 Gun Receiver Bushing.

#### **DRIVE ROLL KITS**

WIRE TYPE	ELECTRODE SIZE	KP KIT		
Steel Wires:	.023030 (0.6-0.8mm)	KP1696-030S		
	.035 (0.9mm)	KP1696-035S		The state of the s
	.045 (1.2mm)	KP1696-045S	Includes: 2 V groove	
	.052 (1.4mm)	KP1696-052S	drive rolls and inner	
	1/16 (1.6mm)	KP1696-1/16S	wire guide.	
	.035,.045 (0.9, 1.2mm)	KP1696-1		The same of the sa
	.040 (1.0mm)	KP1696-2		
	.030035" (0.8-0.9mm)	KP1697-035C		
Cored Wires:	.040045" (1.0-1.2mm)	KP1697-045C		12 144
	.052" (1.4mm)	KP1697-052C	Includes: 2 Knurled	AND THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO I
	1/16" (1.6mm)	KP1697-1/16C	drive rolls and inner	
	.068072" (1.7-1.8mm)	KP1697-068	wire guide.	
	5/64" (2.0mm)	KP1697-5/64		The same
	3/32" (2.4mm)	KP1697-3/32		
	.035" (0.9 mm)	KP1695-035A		
Aluminum Wires:	.040" (1.0mm)	KP1695-040A	Includes: 2 polished	
	3/64" (1.2mm)	KP1695-3/64A		
	1/16" (1.6mm)	KP1695-1/16A	outer wire guide and	
			inner wire guide.	

C-2

K2330-2	Timer Kit	Includes: Panel and harness for adjusting preflow, burnback and postflow times.	
K2596-1	Aluminum Case	Includes: a complete engi- neered aluminum case.	
K2596-2	Plastic Case	Includes: a complete engi- neered plastic case	
K1796-xx	AWG 1/0 Co-Axial Power Cable	Includes: 1/0 Coaxial weld cable of length "xx". Ends of the weld cable have lug connections. Use for Pulse welding.	
K2593-xx	AWG #1 Coaxial Power Cable	Includes: AWG #1 Coaxial weld cable of length "xx". Ends of the weld cable have lug connections. Use for Pulse or STT™ welding.	
K1803-1	Work and Feeder Cables Package	Includes: Twist-Mate to Lug 2/0 cable 14' (1.2m) long with Ground Clamp, and Twist- Mate to Lug 2/0 Cable 9' (2.7m) long.	
K1840-xx	Weld Power Cable, Twist-Mate to Lug	Includes: Twist-Mate to Lug, 1/0 cable of length "xx".	
K1842-xx	Weld Power Cable, Lug to Lug	Ilncludes: Lug to Lug, 3/0 Cable of length "xx" for lengths up to 60' (18.3m). Lug to Lug, 4/0 Cable of length "xx" for lengths greater than 60' (18.3m).	

K1797-xx	Control Cable	Includes: 14 pin to 14 pin wire feeder to power source control cable.	
K2335-1	Adapter for Competitive Power Sources	Includes: Adapter control cable for connecting a Lincoln 42 VAC wire feeder to a 24 VAC Miller power source.  Requires the digital meter/remote voltage control kit.	
K484	Jumper Plug Kit	Includes: 14 pin circular con- nector with jumper for leads 2- 4. For use in power sources for turning the weld terminals "ON" at all times.	
K1520-1 (requires Digital Meter/remote control kit)	42 Volt Transformer Kit	Includes: One transformer kit for operating a 42 VAC wire feeder on a power source sup- plying only 115 VAC.	A VOI I PLANSONE III
K1798 (requires remote control kit	Adapter Cable for Control Cable to Terminal Strip Power Sources	Includes: 14 circular connector with leads to connect to a terminal strip.	Marine Marine

K910-1	Ground Clamp	Includes: One 300 Amp Ground Clamp.	
K910-2	Ground Clamp	Includes: One 500 Amp Ground Clamp.	To and
K1500-1	Gun Receiver Bushing (for guns with K466-1 Lincoln gun connectors; Innershield and Subarc guns)	Includes: Gun receiver bushing, set screw and hex key wrench.	
K1500-2	Gun Receiver Bushing (for guns with K466-2, K466-10 Lincoln gun connectors; Magnum 200/300/400 guns and compatible with Tweco® #2-#4)	Includes: Gun receiver bushing with hose nipple, set screw and hex key wrench.	
K1500-3	Gun Receiver Bushing (for guns with K613-7 Lincoln gun connectors; Magnum 550 guns and compatible with Tweco® #5)	Includes: Gun receiver bushing with hose nipple, set screw and hex key wrench.	

K1500-4	Gun Receiver Bushing (for gun with K466-3 Lincoln gun connectors; compatible with Miller® guns.)	Includes: Gun receiver bushing with hose nipple, set screw and hex key wrench.	
K1500-5	Gun Receiver Bushing (compatible with Oxo® guns.)	Includes: Gun receiver bushing with hose nipple, 4 guide tubes, set screw and hex key wrench.	
K489-7	Gun Receiver Bushing (for Lincoln Fast-Mate guns.)	Includes: Gun receiver bushing with trigger connector.	
K435	Spindle Adapter, for mounting 14 lb. (6.4 kg) Innershield Coils on 2 in (51 mm) spindles.	Includes: Spindle Adapter made from 2 coil retainers. (Electrode not included.)	
K468	Spindle Adapter, for mounting 8in (203mm) diameter spools on 2 in (51 mm) spindles.	Includes: 2 Spindle Adapters, one for 2" wide spools and the other for 3" wide spools.	
K590-6	Water Connection Kit (for European and Control cable mod- els only)	Includes: 2 hoses with female quick connectors at each end, 2 male connectors for 3/16" ID hose, 2 male connectors for _" ID hose, and mounting hardware.	
K586-1	Deluxe Adjustable Gas Regulator	Includes: Deluxe Gas Regulator for Mixed Gases, Adapter for CO2 and 10' (3.0m) Hose.	

# INSTALLATION OF THE K590-6 WATER COOLING KIT

#### **WARNING**

#### **ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.**

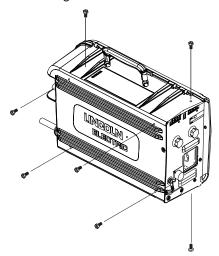


- Turn the input power OFF at the disconnect switch before working on this equipment.
- · Do not touch electrically hot parts.
- Only qualified personnel should install, use or service this equipment.

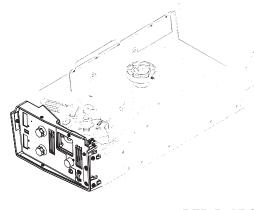
The K590-6 components are rated up to 70 psi (5 bar) and 158°F (70°C). Use a coolant fluid that is compatible with the water cooler and the gun.

#### Tools required:

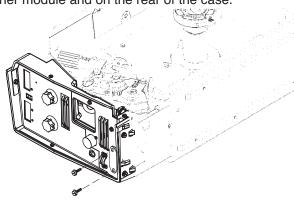
- 3/8" wrench
- 5/16" nut driver
- · medium flat bladed screw driver
- · cutting tool
- 1. Turn power off at the welding power source.
- 2. Remove the screws securing the case to the inner module using a 3/8" wrench.



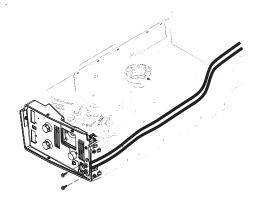
3. Remove the module from the case by lifting the front of the module approximately .25" (6 mm) and then sliding forward.



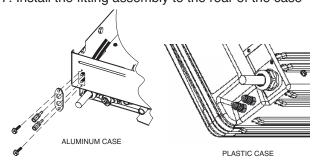
4. Use a 5/16" nut driver to remove the screws holding the water cooling cover on the case front of the inner module and on the rear of the case.



 Install the fitting and hose assembly to the case front. Route the hoses along the bottom of the inner module and out through the cutout of the cover. Slide the module back into the case.



- 6. Secure the module to the case with the screws. (Shown in Step 2)
- 7. Install the fitting assembly to the rear of the case



8. Slide the hose clamps on to the hoses. Trim the hoses to length so that they lay flat on the case bottom. Slide hose clamps on the hose. Slide the hoses on to the fittings on the case rear and secure with the hose clamps.



#### SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

#### **A** WARNING

#### **ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.**



- Turn the input power OFF at the welding power source before installation or changing drive rolls and/or guides.
- Do not touch electrically live parts.
- When inching with the gun trigger, electrode and drive mechanism are "hot" to work and ground and could remain energized several seconds after the gun trigger is released.
- Do not operate with covers, panels or guards removed or open.
- Only qualified personnel should perform maintenance work.

#### **ROUTINE MAINTENANCE**

- Check weld cables, control cables and gas hoses for cuts.
- Clean and tighten all weld terminals.

#### PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

- Clean drive rolls and inner wire guide and replace if worn
- · Blow out or vacuum the inside of the feeder.

#### CALIBRATION SPECIFICATION

#### Flow Meter Validation

Tools required:

- Flow meter reference standard.
- Constant voltage DC welding power source (DC-400, V-350, CV-400 or equivalent).

To verify the flow meter accuracy:

- 1. Turn power OFF.
- 2. Connect the Red-D-Arc LN-25™ PRO DUAL POWER to the constant voltage DC welding power source. The work lead of the Red-D-Arc LN-25™ PRO DUAL POWER must be connected to the work terminal of the power source.
- Connect a supply of CO<sub>2</sub> to the wire feeder. Do not exceed the maximum inlet pressure of the wire feeder.
- 4. Disconnect the shielding gas hose that connects to the gun bushing.

- 5. Connect the shielding gas hose to flow meter reference standard.
- 6. Orient the Red-D-Arc LN-25™ PRO DUAL POWER in a vertical position.
- 7. Turn power ON.
- 8. Adjust the flow meter on the Red-D-Arc LN-25™ PRO DUAL POWER to 40 scfh while pressing the GAS PURGE button.
- Measure the gas flow with the calibrated flow meter while pressing the GAS PURGE button.
- 10. The measured flow rate should be between 35 and 45 scfh.

The Red-D-Arc LN-25™ PRO DUAL POWER flow meter cannot be calibrated. If the flow meter reads incorrectly, check for leaks or kinks in the gas hose. Replace the flow meter if necessary.

#### Wire Feed Speed Validation

(See Figure D.1)

Calibration of the Red-D-Arc LN-25™ PRO DUAL POWER may be required when the p.c. board, wire feed speed potentiometer or motor is replaced or serviced. Calibration matches the scale on the name plate to the actual wire feed speed.

#### Tools required:

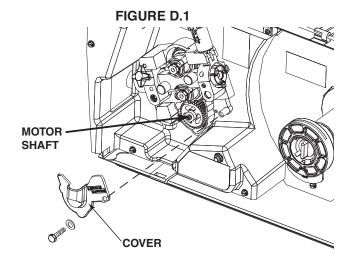
- RPM meter
- Constant voltage DC welding power source (DC-400, V-350, CV-400 or equivalent)
- 7/16" open end wrench

To verify if calibration is necessary:

- 1. Turn power OFF.
- 2. Set the wire feed speed per the table.

		Acceptable Range
Standard Speed	400 in/min	69 - 77 rpm
Extra Torque	150 in/min	52 - 58 rpm

- 3. Remove the plastic cover from the lower portion of the wire drive with a 7/16" wrench.
- 4. Connect the Red-D-Arc LN-25™ PRO DUAL POWER to the constant voltage DC welding power source. The work lead of the Red-D-Arc LN-25™ PRO DUAL POWER must be connected to the work terminal of the power source.
- 5. Turn power ON.
- 6. Measure the motor rpm when the COLD FEED button is pressed.
- 7. Verify the rpm is within the acceptable range.



#### To change the wire feed speed calibration:

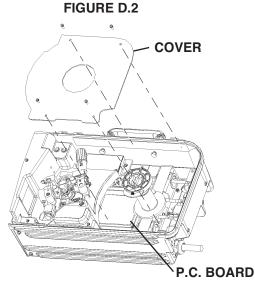
(See Figure D.2)

#### Tools required:

- 5/16" nut driver
- · RPM meter
- Shorting plug. The shorting plug shorts pins 4 & 8 of connector J3 on the p.c. board. J3 is a 8 pin molex connector.
- 1. Turn power OFF.
- 2. Remove the 4 screws holding the rear cover inside the feeder and remove the cover.
- 3. Open the idle arm.
- 4. Set the wire feed speed per the table.

	Wire Feed Speed
Standard Speed	400 in/min
Extra Torque	150 in/min

- 5. Connect the LN-25™ PRO DUAL POWER to the constant voltage DC welding power source. The work lead of the LN-25™ PRO DUAL POWER must be connected to the work terminal of the power source.
- 6. Turn power ON.
- Insert the shorting plug into connector J2 on the p.c. board. The shorting plug shorts pins 1 & 5.
- 8. Remove the shorting plug.
- 9. Turn power OFF.
- 10. Replace the cover and secure with the screws.



#### HOW TO USE TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

#### WARNING

Service and Repair should only be performed by Factory Trained Personnel. Unauthorized repairs performed on this equipment may result in danger to the technician and machine operator and will invalidate your factory warranty. For your safety and to avoid Electrical Shock, please observe all safety notes and precautions detailed throughout this manual.

This Troubleshooting Guide is provided to help you locate and repair possible machine malfunctions. Simply follow the three-step procedure listed below.

#### Step 1. LOCATE PROBLEM (SYMPTOM).

Look under the column labeled "PROBLEM (SYMP-TOMS)". This column describes possible symptoms that the machine may exhibit. Find the listing that best describes the symptom that the machine is exhibiting.

#### Step 2. POSSIBLE CAUSE.

The second column labeled "POSSIBLE CAUSE" lists the obvious external possibilities that may contribute to the machine symptom.

#### Step 3. RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION

This column provides a course of action for the Possible Cause, generally it states to contact your local Authorized Field Service Facility.

If you do not understand or are unable to perform the Recommended Course of Action safely, contact your local Authorized Field Service Facility.



#### **▲** WARNING

#### **ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.**

- Turn the input power OFF at the welding power source before installation or changing drive rolls and/or guides.
- · Do not touch electrically live parts.
- When inching with the gun trigger, electrode and drive mechanism are "hot" to work and ground and could remain energized several seconds after the gun trigger is released.
- Welding power source must be connected to system ground per the National Electrical Code or any applicable local codes.
- Only qualified personnel should perform maintenance work.

#### **A** CAUTION

#### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual

PROBLEMS	POSSIBLE	RECOMMENDED
(SYMPTOMS)	CAUSE	COURSE OF ACTION
	Digital Display Models Error Codes	
Fault Code	Description	Possible Adjustments
Err 81 Motor overload, long term.	The wire drive motor has over- heated.	<ol> <li>Check that the electrode slides easily through the gun and cable.</li> <li>Remove tight bends from the gun and cable.</li> <li>Check that the spindle brake is not too tight.</li> <li>Verify a high quality electrode is being used.</li> <li>Wait for the error to reset and the motor to cool (approximately 1 minute).</li> </ol>
Err 82 Motor overload, short term.	has exceeded limits, usually	Check that motor can turn freely when idle arm is open.     Verify that the gears are free of debris and dirt.

#### **A** CAUTION

#### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual

	Safety Guidelines detailed throughout		
PROBLEMS	POSSIBLE	RECOMMENDED	
(SYMPTOMS)	CAUSE	COURSE OF ACTION	
	Output Problems		
The feeder does power up - no display, no cold feed.	<ol> <li>The work sense lead is disconnected or is a poor electrical connection. (Across the arc models)</li> </ol>		
	The power source is OFF.     The circuit breaker for the wire feeder on power source have tripped. (control cable models)		
	The control cable may be loose or damaged. (control cable models)	4. Tighten, repair or replace the control cable.	
The wire feeder power up but there is no output when the trigger is pulled. The shielding gas is flowing and the drive rolls turn.		Verify the contactor coil connections.     Replace the contactor.	
No shielding gas.	1. The gas supply is OFF or empty.	Verify the gas supply is ON and flowing.	
	2. The gas hose is cut or crushed	Route the gas hose so it avoids sharp corners and make sure nothing is on top of it.  Repair or replace damaged hoses.	
	The flow meter valve is closed.     Dirt or debris is in the solenoid.	<ul><li>3. Open the flow meter valve.</li><li>4. Apply filtered shop at 80psi to the solenoid to remove dirt.</li></ul>	
	5. There is a loose solenoid connection.	Remove the cover and check that all connections are in good condition.	
	6. The solenoid has failed.	Ÿ	
Inconsistent wire feeding or wire not feeding but drive rolls turning.	1. The gun cable is kinked and/or twisted	Keep the gun cable as straight as possible.  Avaid share corners as bonds in the cable.  **The cable of the cable of	
sat anversions tarning.	2. The wire is jammed in the gun and cable.	Avoid sharp corners or bends in the cable.  2. Remove the gun from the wire feeder and pull the jammed wire out of the gun and	
	3. The gun liner is dirty or worn.	cable.  3. Blow dirt out of the liner with low pressure	
	4. The electrode is rusty or dirty.	(40psi or less). Replace the liner if worn. 4. Use only clean electrode. Use quality elec- trode, like L-50 or L-56 from Lincoln	
	5. The contact tip is partially melted or has spatter.	Electric. 5. Replace the contact tip.	
	<ul><li>6. Improper gun liner, tip, drive rolls and/or inner wire guide.</li><li>7. Incorrect tension arm pressure on the drive</li></ul>	7. Adjust the tension arm per the Instruction Manual. Most electrodes feed well at a ten-	
	rolls. 8. The spindle brake is too tight.	sion arm setting of "3".  8. Verify the spool of wire moves with minimal effort.	
	9. Worn drive roll	<ol> <li>Replace the drive rolls if worn or filled with dirt.</li> </ol>	

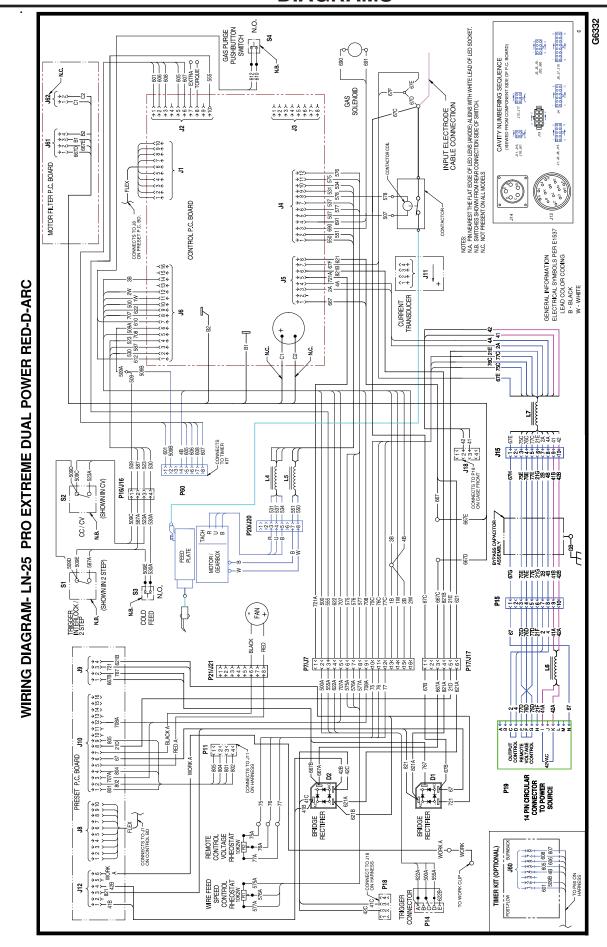
### **A** CAUTION

#### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

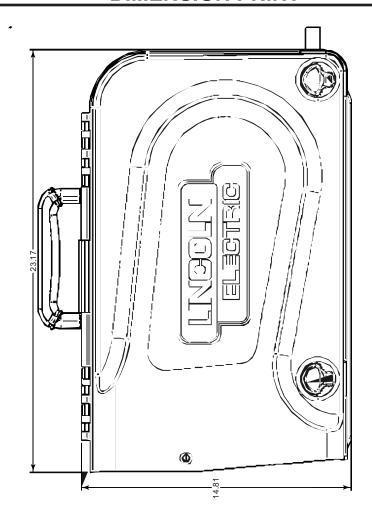
Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual

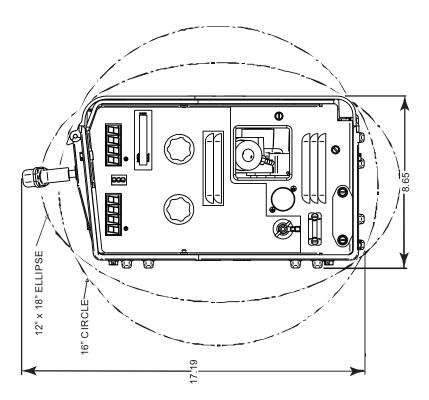
	Safety Guidelines detailed throughout	
PROBLEMS	POSSIBLE CAUSE	RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION
(SYMPTOMS)		COURSE OF ACTION
Wire feed speed consistently operates at the wrong value. The speed changes when the wire feed speed knob is adjusted.	speed/extra torque is connected	<ol> <li>Install the proper pinion gear in the wire drive.</li> <li>Replace the motor/gearbox</li> </ol>
The wire feed speed is fast (maximum) and there is no change when the wire feed speed knob is adjusted.	improperly.	Verify all of the tachometer leads are properly connected.     Replace the motor and tachometer assembly.
Variable or "hunting" arc.	connection.  3. Wrong polarity.  4. The gas nozzle is extended beyond the contact tip or the wire stickout is too long.	<ol> <li>Verify all work and electrode connections are tight and that the cables are in good condition. Clean/replace as necessary.</li> <li>Adjust polarity to the recommended procedure.</li> <li>Adjust the gas nozzle and shorten</li> </ol>
(Digital display models) When the trigger is pulled, the wire feeds slowly.	1. The Run-In switch is "ON"	Place the Run-In switch to the "OFF" position.
(Digital display models) The preset voltage does not match the power source voltage.		Use the set-up menu to change the preset voltage calibration in the feeder to match the power source.
Poor arc starts with sticking or "blast-offs", weld porosity, narrow and ropy looking bead.		1. See "Gas Metal Arc Welding Guide" (GS-100)

### **A** CAUTION



NOTE: This diagram is for reference only. It may not be accurate for all machines covered by this manual. The specific diagram for a particular code is pasted inside the machine on one of the enclosure panels. If the diagram is illegible, write to the Service Department for a replacement. Give the equipment code number.





RED-D-ARC LN-25™ PRO DUAL POWER (CE)
Red-D-Arc
Welderentals.

WARNING	Do not touch electrically live parts or electrode with skin or wet clothing.     Insulate yourself from work and ground.	Keep flammable materials away.	Wear eye, ear and body protection.
AVISO DE PRECAUCION	No toque las partes o los electrodos bajo carga con la piel o ropa moja- da. Aislese del trabajo y de la tierra.	Mantenga el material combustible fuera del área de trabajo.	Protéjase los ojos, los oídos y el cuerpo.
ATTENTION	Ne laissez ni la peau ni des vête- ments mouillés entrer en contact avec des pièces sous tension.     Isolez-vous du travail et de la terre.	Gardez à l'écart de tout matériel inflammable.	Protégez vos yeux, vos oreilles et votre corps.
WARNUNG	Berühren Sie keine stromführenden Teile oder Elektroden mit Ihrem Körper oder feuchter Kleidung!     Isolieren Sie sich von den Elektroden und dem Erdboden!	Entfernen Sie brennbarres Material!	Tragen Sie Augen-, Ohren- und Kör- perschutz!
ATENÇÃO	Não toque partes elétricas e electro- dos com a pele ou roupa molhada.     Isole-se da peça e terra.	Mantenha inflamáveis bem guardados.	Use proteção para a vista, ouvido e corpo.
注意事項	<ul><li>適電中の電気部品、又は溶材にヒ フやぬれた布で触れないこと。</li><li>施工物やアースから身体が絶縁されている様にして下さい。</li></ul>	<ul><li>燃えやすいものの側での溶接作業は絶対にしてはなりません。</li></ul>	● 目、耳及び身体に保護具をして下 さい。
Echinese 警告	<ul><li>皮肤或濕衣物切勿接觸帶電部件及 銲條。</li><li>使你自己與地面和工件絶線。</li></ul>	<ul><li>●把一切易燃物品移離工作場所。</li></ul>	<ul><li>●佩戴眼、耳及身體勞動保護用具。</li></ul>
Rorean 위 험	<ul><li>전도체나 용접봉을 젖은 형겁 또는 피부로 절대 접촉치 마십시요.</li><li>모재와 접지를 접촉치 마십시요.</li></ul>	●인화성 물질을 접근 시키지 마시요	● 눈, 귀와 몸에 보호장구를 착용하십시요.
تحذیر	<ul> <li>لا تلمس الإجزاء التي يسري فيها التيار الكهربائي أو الالكترود بجلد الجسم أو بالملابس المبللة بالماء.</li> <li>ضع عاز لا على جسمك خلال العمل.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ضع المواد القابلة للاشتعال في مكان بعيد.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ضع أدوات وملابس واقية على عينبك وأذنيك وجسمك.</li> </ul>

READ AND UNDERSTAND THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTION FOR THIS EQUIPMENT AND THE CONSUMABLES TO BE USED AND FOLLOW YOUR EMPLOYER'S SAFETY PRACTICES.

SE RECOMIENDA LEER Y ENTENDER LAS INSTRUCCIONES DEL FABRICANTE PARA EL USO DE ESTE EQUIPO Y LOS CONSUMIBLES QUE VA A UTILIZAR, SIGA LAS MEDIDAS DE SEGURIDAD DE SU SUPERVISOR.

LISEZ ET COMPRENEZ LES INSTRUCTIONS DU FABRICANT EN CE QUI REGARDE CET EQUIPMENT ET LES PRODUITS A ETRE EMPLOYES ET SUIVEZ LES PROCEDURES DE SECURITE DE VOTRE EMPLOYEUR.

LESEN SIE UND BEFOLGEN SIE DIE BETRIEBSANLEITUNG DER ANLAGE UND DEN ELEKTRO-DENEINSATZ DES HERSTELLERS. DIE UNFALLVERHÜTUNGSVORSCHRIFTEN DES ARBEITGEBERS SIND EBENFALLS ZU BEACHTEN.

Turn power off before servicing.	Do not operate with panel open or quards off.	
	guards on.	WARNING
Desconectar el cable de ali- mentación de poder de la máquina antes de iniciar cualquier servicio.	No operar con panel abierto o guardas quitadas.	AVISO DE PRECAUCION
Débranchez le courant avant l'entretien.	<ul> <li>N'opérez pas avec les panneaux ouverts ou avec les dispositifs de protection enlevés.</li> </ul>	ATTENTION
Strom vor Wartungsarbeiten abschalten! (Netzstrom völlig öffnen; Maschine anhalten!)	Anlage nie ohne Schutzgehäuse oder Innenschutzverkleidung in Betrieb setzen!	WARNUNG
Não opere com as tampas removidas. Desligue a corrente antes de fazer serviço. Não toque as partes elétricas nuas.	Mantenha-se afastado das partes moventes.     Não opere com os paineis abertos ou guardas removidas.	ATENÇÃO
<ul><li>メンテナンス・サービスに取りか かる際には、まず電源スイッチを 必ず切って下さい。</li></ul>	<ul><li>パネルやカバーを取り外したまま で機械操作をしないで下さい。</li></ul>	注意事項
●維修前切斷電溽	● 艤表板打開或沒有安全罩時不準作 業。	Chinese 警告
● 보수전에 전원을 차단하십시요.	● 판넽이 열린 상태로 작동치 마십시요.	Rorean 위 험
<ul> <li>اقطع الثيار الكهربائي قبل القيام بآية صيائة.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>لا تشغل هذا الجهاز اذا كانت الاعطية الحديدية الواقية ليست عليه.</li> </ul>	تحذير
•	Débranchez le courant avant l'entretien.  Strom vor Wartungsarbeiten abschalten! (Netzstrom völlig öffnen; Maschine anhalten!)  Não opere com as tampas removidas. Desligue a corrente antes de fazer serviço. Não toque as partes elétricas nuas.  メンテナンス・サービスに取りかかる際には、まず電源スイッチを必ず切って下さい。  維修前切断電源	Débranchez le courant avant l'entretien.  - N'opérez pas avec les panneaux ouverts ou avec les dispositifs de protection enlevés.  Strom vor Wartungsarbeiten abschalten! (Netzstrom völlig öffnen; Maschine anhalten!)  - Anlage nie ohne Schutzgehäuse oder Innenschutzverkleidung in Betrieb setzen!  - Mantenha-se afastado das partes moventes.  - Não opere com as tampas removidas.  - Não opere com os paineis abertos ou guardas removidas.  - Não opere com os paineis abertos ou guardas removidas.  - バネルやカバーを取り外したままで機械操作をしないで下さい。  - 水水ルやカバーを取り外したままで機械操作をしないで下さい。  - 株体前切断電源  - ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・

LEIA E COMPREENDA AS INSTRUÇÕES DO FABRICANTE PARA ESTE EQUIPAMENTO E AS PARTES DE USO, E SIGA AS PRÁTICAS DE SEGURANÇA DO EMPREGADOR.

使う機械や溶材のメーカーの指示書をよく読み、まず理解して下さい。そして貴社の安全規定に従って下さい。

請詳細閱讀並理解製造廠提供的説明以及應該使用的銀桿材料,並請遵守貴方的有関勞動保護規定。

이 제품에 동봉된 작업지침서를 숙지하시고 귀사의 작업자 안전수칙을 준수하시기 바랍니다.

اقرأ بتمعن واقهم تعليمات المصنع المنتج لهذه المعدات والمواد قبل استعمالها واتبع تعليمات الوقاية لصاحب العمل.

