INVERTEC™V350-PIPE

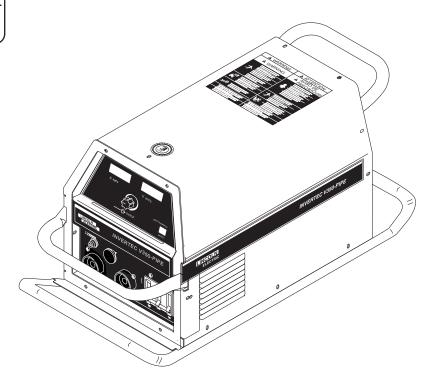
For use with machines Code 10891



This manual covers equipment which is no longer in production by The Lincoln Electric Co. Specifications and availability of optional features may have changed.

Safety Depends on You

Lincoln arc welding and cutting equipment is designed and built with safety in mind. However, your overall safety can be increased by proper installation ... and thoughtful operation on your part. DO NOT INSTALL, OPERATE OR REPAIR THIS EQUIPMENT WITHOUT READING THIS MANUAL AND THE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS CONTAINED THROUGHOUT. And, most importantly, think before you act and be careful.





OPERATOR'S MANUAL





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• World's Leader in Welding and Cutting Products •

• Sales and Service through Subsidiaries and Distributors Worldwide •

A WARNING

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 WARNINGS

Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.

The Above For Diesel Engines

The engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

The Above For Gasoline Engines

ARC WELDING CAN BE HAZARDOUS. PROTECT YOURSELF AND OTHERS FROM POSSIBLE SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH. KEEP CHILDREN AWAY. PACEMAKER WEARERS SHOULD CONSULT WITH THEIR DOCTOR BEFORE OPERATING.

Read and understand the following safety highlights. For additional safety information, it is strongly recommended that you purchase a copy of "Safety in Welding & Cutting - ANSI Standard Z49.1" from the American Welding Society, P.O. Box 351040, Miami, Florida 33135 or CSA Standard W117.2-1974. A Free copy of "Arc Welding Safety" booklet E205 is available from the Lincoln Electric Company, 22801 St. Clair Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio 44117-1199.

BE SURE THAT ALL INSTALLATION, OPERATION, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR PROCEDURES ARE PERFORMED ONLY BY QUALIFIED INDIVIDUALS.



FOR ENGINE powered equipment.

 Turn the engine off before troubleshooting and maintenance work unless the maintenance work requires it to be running.



 Doperate engines in open, well-ventilated areas or vent the engine exhaust fumes outdoors.



- 1.c. Do not add the fuel near an open flame welding arc or when the engine is running. Stop the engine and allow it to cool before refueling to prevent spilled fuel from vaporizing on contact with hot engine parts and igniting. Do not spill fuel when filling tank. If fuel is spilled, wipe it up and do not start engine until fumes have been eliminated.
- 1.d. Keep all equipment safety guards, covers and devices in position and in good repair. Keep hands, hair, clothing and tools away from V-belts, gears, fans and all other moving parts when starting, operating or repairing equipment.
- 1.e. In some cases it may be necessary to remove safety guards to perform required maintenance. Remove guards only when necessary and replace them when the maintenance requiring their removal is complete. Always use the greatest care when working near moving parts.



- 1.f. Do not put your hands near the engine fan. Do not attempt to override the governor or idler by pushing on the throttle control rods while the engine is running.
- 1.g. To prevent accidentally starting gasoline engines while turning the engine or welding generator during maintenance work, disconnect the spark plug wires, distributor cap or magneto wire as appropriate.



 To avoid scalding, do not remove the radiator pressure cap when the engine is hot



ELECTRIC AND MAGNETIC FIELDS may be dangerous

- 2.a. Electric current flowing through any conductor causes localized Electric and Magnetic Fields (EMF). Welding current creates EMF fields around welding cables and welding machines
- 2.b. EMF fields may interfere with some pacemakers, and welders having a pacemaker should consult their physician before welding.
- Exposure to EMF fields in welding may have other health effects which are now not known.
- 2.d. All welders should use the following procedures in order to minimize exposure to EMF fields from the welding circuit:
 - 2.d.1. Route the electrode and work cables together Secure them with tape when possible.
 - 2.d.2. Never coil the electrode lead around your body.
 - 2.d.3. Do not place your body between the electrode and work cables. If the electrode cable is on your right side, the work cable should also be on your right side.
 - 2.d.4. Connect the work cable to the workpiece as close as possible to the area being welded.
 - 2.d.5. Do not work next to welding power source.

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ELECTRIC SHOCK can

kill.

3.a. The electrode and work (or ground) circuits are electrically "hot" when the welder is on. Do not touch these "hot" parts with your bare skin or wet clothing. Wear dry, hole-free gloves to insulate hands.

3.b. Insulate yourself from work and ground using dry insulation. Make certain the insulation is large enough to cover your full area of physical contact with work and ground.

In addition to the normal safety precautions, if welding must be performed under electrically hazardous conditions (in damp locations or while wearing wet clothing; on metal structures such as floors, gratings or scaffolds; when in cramped positions such as sitting, kneeling or lying, if there is a high risk of unavoidable or accidental contact with the workpiece or ground) use the following equipment:

- Semiautomatic DC Constant Voltage (Wire) Welder.
- DC Manual (Stick) Welder.
- AC Welder with Reduced Voltage Control.
- 3.c. In semiautomatic or automatic wire welding, the electrode, electrode reel, welding head, nozzle or semiautomatic welding gun are also electrically "hot".
- 3.d. Always be sure the work cable makes a good electrical connection with the metal being welded. The connection should be as close as possible to the area being welded.
- 3.e. Ground the work or metal to be welded to a good electrical (earth) ground.
- 3.f. Maintain the electrode holder, work clamp, welding cable and welding machine in good, safe operating condition. Replace damaged insulation.
- 3.g. Never dip the electrode in water for cooling.
- 3.h. Never simultaneously touch electrically "hot" parts of electrode holders connected to two welders because voltage between the two can be the total of the open circuit voltage of both welders.
- 3.i. When working above floor level, use a safety belt to protect yourself from a fall should you get a shock.
- 3.j. Also see Items 6.c. and 8.



ARC RAYS can burn.

- 4.a. Use a shield with the proper filter and cover plates to protect your eyes from sparks and the rays of the arc when welding or observing open arc welding. Headshield and filter lens should conform to ANSI Z87. I standards.
- 4.b. Use suitable clothing made from durable flame-resistant material to protect your skin and that of your helpers from the arc rays.
- 4.c. Protect other nearby personnel with suitable, non-flammable screening and/or warn them not to watch the arc nor expose themselves to the arc rays or to hot spatter or metal.



FUMES AND GASES can be dangerous.

5.a. Welding may produce fumes and gases hazardous to health. Avoid breathing these fumes and gases. When welding, keep your head out of the fume. Use enough ventilation and/or exhaust at the arc to keep

fumes and gases away from the breathing zone. When welding with electrodes which require special ventilation such as stainless or hard facing (see instructions on container or MSDS) or on lead or cadmium plated steel and other metals or coatings which produce highly toxic fumes, keep exposure as low as possible and below Threshold Limit Values (TLV) using local exhaust or mechanical ventilation. In confined spaces or in some circumstances, outdoors, a respirator may be required. Additional precautions are also required when welding on galvanized steel.

- 5.b. Do not weld in locations near chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors coming from degreasing, cleaning or spraying operations. The heat and rays of the arc can react with solvent vapors to form phosgene, a highly toxic gas, and other irritating products.
- 5.c. Shielding gases used for arc welding can displace air and cause injury or death. Always use enough ventilation, especially in confined areas, to insure breathing air is safe.
- 5.d. Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions for this equipment and the consumables to be used, including the material safety data sheet (MSDS) and follow your employer's safety practices. MSDS forms are available from your welding distributor or from the manufacturer.
- 5.e. Also see item 1.b.

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WELDING SPARKS can cause fire or explosion.

6.a. Remove fire hazards from the welding area. If this is not possible, cover them to prevent the welding sparks from starting a fire. Remember that welding sparks and hot

materials from welding can easily go through small cracks and openings to adjacent areas. Avoid welding near hydraulic lines. Have a fire extinguisher readily available.

- 6.b. Where compressed gases are to be used at the job site, special precautions should be used to prevent hazardous situations. Refer to "Safety in Welding and Cutting" (ANSI Standard Z49.1) and the operating information for the equipment being used.
- 6.c. When not welding, make certain no part of the electrode circuit is touching the work or ground. Accidental contact can cause overheating and create a fire hazard.
- 6.d. Do not heat, cut or weld tanks, drums or containers until the proper steps have been taken to insure that such procedures will not cause flammable or toxic vapors from substances inside. They can cause an explosion even though they have been "cleaned". For information, purchase "Recommended Safe Practices for the Preparation for Welding and Cutting of Containers and Piping That Have Held Hazardous Substances", AWS F4.1 from the American Welding Society (see address above).
- 6.e. Vent hollow castings or containers before heating, cutting or welding. They may explode.
- 6.f. Sparks and spatter are thrown from the welding arc. Wear oil free protective garments such as leather gloves, heavy shirt, cuffless trousers, high shoes and a cap over your hair. Wear ear plugs when welding out of position or in confined places. Always wear safety glasses with side shields when in a welding area.
- 6.g. Connect the work cable to the work as close to the welding area as practical. Work cables connected to the building framework or other locations away from the welding area increase the possibility of the welding current passing through lifting chains, crane cables or other alternate circuits. This can create fire hazards or overheat lifting chains or cables until they fail.
- 6.h. Also see item 1.c.



CYLINDER may explode if damaged.

- 7.a. Use only compressed gas cylinders containing the correct shielding gas for the process used and properly operating regulators designed for the gas and pressure used. All hoses, fittings, etc. should be suitable for the application and maintained in good condition.
- 7.b. Always keep cylinders in an upright position securely chained to an undercarriage or fixed support.
- 7.c. Cylinders should be located:
 - Away from areas where they may be struck or subjected to physical damage.
 - A safe distance from arc welding or cutting operations and any other source of heat, sparks, or flame.
- 7.d. Never allow the electrode, electrode holder or any other electrically "hot" parts to touch a cylinder.
- 7.e. Keep your head and face away from the cylinder valve outlet when opening the cylinder valve.
- 7.f. Valve protection caps should always be in place and hand tight except when the cylinder is in use or connected for use
- 7.g. Read and follow the instructions on compressed gas cylinders, associated equipment, and CGA publication P-I, "Precautions for Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Cylinders," available from the Compressed Gas Association 1235 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, VA 22202.



FOR ELECTRICALLY powered equipment.

- 8.a. Turn off input power using the disconnect switch at the fuse box before working on the equipment.
- 8.b. Install equipment in accordance with the U.S. National Electrical Code, all local codes and the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 8.c. Ground the equipment in accordance with the U.S. National Electrical Code and the manufacturer's recommendations.

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PRÉCAUTIONS DE SÛRETÉ

Pour votre propre protection lire et observer toutes les instructions et les précautions de sûreté specifiques qui parraissent dans ce manuel aussi bien que les précautions de sûreté générales suivantes:

Sûreté Pour Soudage A L'Arc

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- 1. Protegez-vous contre la secousse électrique:
 - a. Les circuits à l'électrode et à la piéce sont sous tension quand la machine à souder est en marche. Eviter toujours tout contact entre les parties sous tension et la peau nue ou les vétements mouillés. Porter des gants secs et sans trous pour isoler les mains.
 - b. Faire trés attention de bien s'isoler de la masse quand on soude dans des endroits humides, ou sur un plancher metallique ou des grilles metalliques, principalement dans les positions assis ou couché pour lesquelles une grande partie du corps peut être en contact avec la masse.
 - c. Maintenir le porte-électrode, la pince de masse, le câble de soudage et la machine à souder en bon et sûr état defonctionnement.
 - d.Ne jamais plonger le porte-électrode dans l'eau pour le refroidir.
 - e. Ne jamais toucher simultanément les parties sous tension des porte-électrodes connectés à deux machines à souder parce que la tension entre les deux pinces peut être le total de la tension à vide des deux machines.
 - f. Si on utilise la machine à souder comme une source de courant pour soudage semi-automatique, ces precautions pour le porte-électrode s'applicuent aussi au pistolet de soudage.
- Dans le cas de travail au dessus du niveau du sol, se protéger contre les chutes dans le cas ou on recoit un choc. Ne jamais enrouler le câble-électrode autour de n'importe quelle partie du corps.
- Un coup d'arc peut être plus sévère qu'un coup de soliel, donc:
 - a. Utiliser un bon masque avec un verre filtrant approprié ainsi qu'un verre blanc afin de se protéger les yeux du rayonnement de l'arc et des projections quand on soude ou quand on regarde l'arc.
 - b. Porter des vêtements convenables afin de protéger la peau de soudeur et des aides contre le rayonnement de l'arc
 - c. Protéger l'autre personnel travaillant à proximité au soudage à l'aide d'écrans appropriés et non-inflammables.
- 4. Des gouttes de laitier en fusion sont émises de l'arc de soudage. Se protéger avec des vêtements de protection libres de l'huile, tels que les gants en cuir, chemise épaisse, pantalons sans revers, et chaussures montantes.
- Toujours porter des lunettes de sécurité dans la zone de soudage. Utiliser des lunettes avec écrans lateraux dans les zones où l'on pique le laitier.

- Eloigner les matériaux inflammables ou les recouvrir afin de prévenir tout risque d'incendie dû aux étincelles.
- Quand on ne soude pas, poser la pince à une endroit isolé de la masse. Un court-circuit accidental peut provoquer un échauffement et un risque d'incendie.
- 8. S'assurer que la masse est connectée le plus prés possible de la zone de travail qu'il est pratique de le faire. Si on place la masse sur la charpente de la construction ou d'autres endroits éloignés de la zone de travail, on augmente le risque de voir passer le courant de soudage par les chaines de levage, câbles de grue, ou autres circuits. Cela peut provoquer des risques d'incendie ou d'echauffement des chaines et des câbles jusqu'à ce qu'ils se rompent.
- Assurer une ventilation suffisante dans la zone de soudage.
 Ceci est particuliérement important pour le soudage de tôles galvanisées plombées, ou cadmiées ou tout autre métal qui produit des fumeés toxiques.
- 10. Ne pas souder en présence de vapeurs de chlore provenant d'opérations de dégraissage, nettoyage ou pistolage. La chaleur ou les rayons de l'arc peuvent réagir avec les vapeurs du solvant pour produire du phosgéne (gas fortement toxique) ou autres produits irritants.
- Pour obtenir de plus amples renseignements sur la sûreté, voir le code "Code for safety in welding and cutting" CSA Standard W 117.2-1974.

PRÉCAUTIONS DE SÛRETÉ POUR LES MACHINES À SOUDER À TRANSFORMATEUR ET À REDRESSEUR

- Relier à la terre le chassis du poste conformement au code de l'électricité et aux recommendations du fabricant. Le dispositif de montage ou la piece à souder doit être branché à une bonne mise à la terre.
- Autant que possible, l'installation et l'entretien du poste seront effectués par un électricien qualifié.
- 3. Avant de faires des travaux à l'interieur de poste, la debrancher à l'interrupteur à la boite de fusibles.
- Garder tous les couvercles et dispositifs de sûreté à leur place.



V

Thank You -

for selecting a **QUALITY** product by Lincoln Electric. We want you to take pride in operating this Lincoln Electric Company product ••• as much pride as we have in bringing this product to you!

<u>Please Examine Carton and Equipment For Damage Immediately</u>

When this equipment is shipped, title passes to the purchaser upon receipt by the carrier. Consequently, Claims for material damaged in shipment must be made by the purchaser against the transportation company at the time the shipment is received.

Please record your equipment identification information below for future reference. This information can be found on your machine nameplate.

Product
Model Number
Code Number or Date Code
Serial Number
Date Purchased
Where Purchased

Whenever you request replacement parts or information on this equipment, always supply the information you have recorded above. The code number is especially important when identifying the correct replacement parts.

On-Line Product Registration

- Register your machine with Lincoln Electric either via fax or over the Internet.
 - For faxing: Complete the form on the back of the warranty statement included in the literature packet accompanying this machine and fax the form per the instructions printed on it.
- For On-Line Registration: Go to our **WEB SITE at www.lincolnelectric.com.** Choose "Quick Links" and then "Product Registration". Please complete the form and submit your registration.

Read this Operators Manual completely before attempting to use this equipment. Save this manual and keep it handy for quick reference. Pay particular attention to the safety instructions we have provided for your protection. The level of seriousness to be applied to each is explained below:

A WARNING

This statement appears where the information **must** be followed **exactly** to avoid **serious personal injury** or **loss of life**.

A CAUTION

This statement appears where the information **must** be followed to avoid **minor personal injury** or **damage to this equipment**.

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TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS - INVERTEC V350-PIPE

INPUT AC VOLTAGE & DC OUTPUT Product Orderina Input AC Rated DC Output Output Open Name Information Voltage Amps/Volts/Duty Cycle Range Circuit (continuous) Voltage 200 208-230/ Invertec V350-380-400/ 350A / 34V / 60% 80VDC PIPE K1728-9 **AMPS** 415-460/ 60/50 Hz 300A / 32V /100% 5-425 575 1& 3 Phase 60/50 Hz

RECOMMENDED INPUT WIRE AND FUSE SIZES FOR MAXIMUM RATED OUTPUT Recommended Fuse Sizes Base On The U.S. National Electrical Code And Maximum Machine Outputs Input 50/60 Hz Input Amps Input Amps Recommended 300Amps @ 350Amps @ Notes Voltage Phases Line Cord Maximum 32Volts(100%) 34Volts(60%) **AWG** Fuse size Not Note 1 200 1 Not Recommended Recommended Note 2 208 1 76 94 2 125A 69 85 Note 2 230 1 4 125A 380 1 Not Not Note 1 Recommended Recommended Note 1 Not Not 400 1 Recommended Recommended 41 54 415 1 6 80A Note 2 460 1 36 42 8 70A 31 37 575 1 8 50A Note 2 41 50 200 3 6 80A Note 2 208 3 39 50 6 80A 230 3 36 42 8 70A 23 28 380 3 8 50A 22 27 3 400 8 50A 26 3 22 415 8 50A 460 3 19 23 8 50A 575 3 16 35A

Note 1. Not rated is indicated by 4-x's in the box on the rating plate.

Note 2. When operating on these inputs, the line cord should be changed to an input conductor of 6 AWG or larger.

OUTPUT CABLES, CONNECTIONS AND LIMITATIONS Select The output cable size based upon the following chart. Cable sizes for Combined Length of Electrode and Work Cable (Copper) 75C rated: LENGTH UP TO 200FT.(61m) **DUTY CYCLE** CURRENT 200-250 FT. (61-76m) 100% 1/0 300 1/0 1/0 60% 350 2/0 PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS **Height** Width **Depth** Weight with Cord Invertec V350 PIPE 14.8"(373mm) 13.3"(338mm) 27.8" *(706mm*) 81.5 Lbs.(37 Kg) **TEMPERATURE RANGES** STORAGE TEMPERATURE RANGE **OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE** -40°C to +40°C -20°C to +40°C

^{*} Overall Length Including Handle, 27.8" (706mm)



SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

A WARNING

ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

• TURN THE INPUT POWER OFF AT THE DISCONNECT SWITCH BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO CONNECT OR DIS-

CONNECT INPUT POWER LINES, OUTPUT CABLES. OR CONTROL CABLES.

- Only qualified personnel should perform this installation.
- Connect the green/yellow lead of the power cord to ground per U.S.National Electrical Code.

SELECT SUITABLE LOCATION

The Invertec V350-PIPE will operate in harsh environments. Even so, it is important that simple preventative measures are followed in order to assure long life and reliable operation.

- The machine must be located where there is free circulation of clean air such that air movement in the back, out the sides and bottom will not be restricted.
- Dirt and dust that can be drawn into the machine should be kept to a minimum. Failure to observe these precautions can result in excessive operating temperatures and nuisance shutdown.
- Keep machine dry. Shelter from rain and snow. Do not place on wet ground or in puddles.
- DO NOT MOUNT OVER COMBUSTIBLE SURFACES.

A CAUTION

Where there is a combustible surface directly under stationary or fixed electrical equipment, that surface shall be covered with a steel plate at least .06"(1.6mm) thick, which shall extend not less than 5.90"(150mm) beyond the equipment on all sides.

STACKING

V350-PIPE cannot be stacked.

TILTING

Place the machine directly on a secure, level surface or on a recommended undercarriage. The machine may topple over if this procedure is not followed.

INPUT AND GROUNDING CONNECTIONS

- Only a qualified electrician should connect the Invertec V350-PIPE. Installation should be made in accordance with the appropriate National Electrical Code, all local codes and the information detailed below.
- When received directly from the factory, multiple voltage machines are internally connected for 460VAC. If 460VAC is the desired input, then the machine may be connected to the power system without any setup required inside the machine.
- Initial 200VAC 415VAC and 575VAC operation will require an Input voltage panel setup.

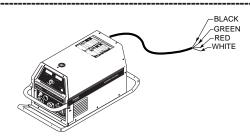
- Initial 200VAC 415VAC and 575VAC operation will require an Input voltage panel setup.
- Open the access panel on the rear of the machine.
- For 200 or 230: Position the large switch to 200-230. For higher voltages: Position the large switch to 380-575.
- Move the "A" lead to the appropriate terminal.

POWER CORD CONNECTION

A 10 ft. power cord is provided and wired into the machine. Follow the power cord connection instructions.

A CAUTION

 Incorrect connection may result in equipment damage.



Single Phase Input

Connect green lead to ground per National Electrical Code.

Connect black and white leads to power.

Wrap red lead with tape to provide 600V insulation.

Three Phase Input

Connect green lead to ground per National Electric Code.

Connect black, red and white leads to power.

CONNECTIONS OF WIRE FEEDERS TO V350-PIPE LN-25 Connection Instructions

- Turn the Invertec power switch "off".
- Connect the electrode cable to the output terminal of polarity required by electrode. Connect the work lead to the other terminal.
- LN-25 with Remote Control options can be used. The 6-Pin (K444-1) and 14-pin (K444-2) remotes can be connected directly to the 6-pin & 14-pin MS-style connectors. The 42 Volt Remote Voltage and Output Control (K624-1) Kit can be connected to the V350's 24/42 VAC connector using Remote Control Cable assembly K627- []. LN-25s with a K431-1 remote kit can be connected to the V350's 24/42 VAC connector using a K432 cable and K876 adapter. (See connection diagram S19899). Or the K432 cable could be modified with a K867 Universal Adapter Plug (See connection diagram S19405) to connect it to the V350's 24/42 VAC connector.



LN-7 Connection Instructions

- Turn the Invertec power switch "off".
- Connect the K480 control cable from the LN-7 to the 115VAC 14-pin wire feeder MS-style connector on the rear of the Invertec.
- Connect the electrode cable to the output terminal of the polarity required by electrode. Connect the work lead to the other terminal.
- Set the meter polarity switch on the front of the Invertec to coincide with wire feeder polarity used. The wire feeder will now display the welding voltage.
- If K480 is not available, see connection diagram S19404 for modification of K291 or K404 LN-7 input cable with K867 Universal Adapter Plug.
- If a remote control such as K857 is to be used with the LN-7, the remote can be connected directly to the 6-pin MS-style connector on the front of the Invertec or use a K864 adapter to connect the LN-7 and the remote to the 115VAC 14-pin MS-style connector on the rear of the Invertec. (See connection diagram S19901)

LN-10 Connection Instructions

- Turn the Invertec power switch "off"
- Connect the K1505 control cable from the LN-10 to the Invertec 24/42VAC 14-pin MS-style connector on the rear of the Invertec.
- Connect the electrode cable to the output terminal of polarity required by the electrode. Connect the work lead to the other terminal.
- Set the meter polarity switch on the front of the Invertec to coincide with wire feeder polarity used.
- See the LN-10 manual for details on accessing Control DIP Switch

LN-742 Connection Instructions

- Turn the Invertec power switch "off"
- Either a K591 or a K593 Input cable assembly is required to connect the LN-742 to the Invertec.
- Connect the control cable from the LN-742 to the 24/42 VAC 14-pin wire feeder MS-style connector on the rear of the Invertec.
- Connect the electrode cable to the output terminal of the polarity required by electrode. Connect the work lead to the other terminal.
- Set the meter polarity switch on the front of the Invertec to coincide with wire feeder polarity used.
 The wire feeder will now display the welding voltage.
- If a remote control such as K857 is to be used with the LN-742, the remote can be connected directly to the 6pin MS-style connector on the front of the Invertec or use a K864 adapter to connect the LN-742 and the remote to the 24/42VAC 14-pin wire feeder MS-style connector on the rear of the Invertec.

Cobramatic Connection Instructions

- Turn the Invertec power switch "off"
- Connect the control cable from the Cobramatic to the 24/42 VAC 14-pin wire feeder MS-style connector on the rear of the Invertec.
- Connect the electrode cable to the output terminal of the polarity required by electrode. Connect the work lead to the other terminal.
- Set the meter polarity switch on the front of the Invertec to coincide with wire feeder polarity used.
- If a remote control such as K857 is to be used with the Cobramatic, the remote can be connected directly to the 6-pin MS-style connector on the front of the Invertec or use a K864 adapter to connect the cobramatic and the remote to the 24/42VAC 14-pin wire feeder MS-style connector on the rear of the Invertec.

LN-23P Connection Instructions

- 1. Shut the welder off.
- Connect the LN-23P as per instructions on the appropriate connection diagram in Section F. (NOTE): When connecting an LN-23P to the Invertec.
- 3. Set the "VOLTMETER" switch to "-".
- 4. Set the "MODE" switch to "CV WIRE" position.
- 5. Set the "WELD TERMINALS" switch to "REMOTELY CONTROLLED".
- Set the "ARC CONTROL" knob to "0" initially and adjust to suit.

General Instructions for Connection of Wire Feeders to V350-PIPE

Wire feeders other than those listed above may be used provided that the auxiliary power supply rating of the V350-PIPE is not exceeded. K867 universal adapter plug is required. See connection diagram S24985 on page F-4.

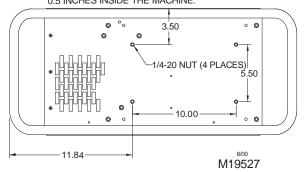
REMOTE CONTROL OF INVERTEC

Remote Control K857, Hand Amptrol K963 and Foot Amptrol K870.

UNDERCARRIAGE MOUNTINGS

MOUNTING HOLE LOCATIONS

NOTE: MOUNTING SCREWS CAN NOT PROTRUDE MORE THAN
0.5 INCHES INSIDE THE MACHINE.



PARALLEL OPERATION

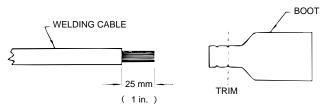
The V350-PIPE are operable in parallel in CC mode. For best results, the currents of each machine should be reasonably well shared. As an example, with two machines set up in parallel for a 400 amp procedure, each machine should be set to deliver approximately 200 amps, not 300 amps from one and 100 amps from the other. This will minimize nuisance shutdown conditions. In general, more than two machines in parallel will not be effective due to the voltage requirements of procedures in that power range.

To set machine outputs, start with output control pots and arc control pots in identical positions. Use the output control pots to balance the currents and maintain the desired voltage or current. The arc control pots should be kept identical on the two machines.

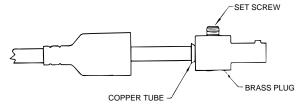
QUICK DISCONNECT PLUGS

A quick disconnect system is used for the welding cable connections. The welding plug included with the machine is designed to accept a welding cable size of 1/0 to 2/0.

- 1. Remote 25mm (1 in.) of welding cable insulation.
- Slide rubber boot onto cable end. The boot end may be trimmed to match the cable diameter.
 Soap or other lubricant will help to slide the boot over the cable.



- 3. Slide the copper tube into the brass plug.
- 4. Insert cable into copper tube.



- Tighten set screw to collapse copper tube. Screw must apply pressure against welding cable. The top of the set screw will be well below the surface of the brass plug after tightening.
- Slide rubber boot over brass plug. The rubber boot must be positioned to completely cover all electrical surfaces after the plug is locked into the receptacle.



SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

A WARNING



ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

- Do not touch electrically live parts or electrode with skin or wet clothing.
- Insulate yourself from work and ground.
- · Always wear dry insulating gloves.



FUMES AND GASES can be dangerous.

- Keep your head out of fumes.
- Use ventilation or exhaust to remove fumes from breathing zone.



WELDING SPARKS can cause fire or explosion.

- Keep flammable material away.
- Do not weld on closed containers.



ARC RAYS can burn eyes and skin.

Wear eye, ear and body protection.

See additional warning information at front of this operator's manual.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The Invertec V350-PIPE offers DC Stick and CV-Innershield welding.

DUTY CYCLE

The V350-PIPE is rated at 350 amps, 60% duty cycle (based on a 10 minute cycle). It is also rated at 275 amps, 100% duty cycle.

OPERATIONAL FEATURES and CONTROLS:

UPPER CONTROL PANEL

1. AMPS Meter

- Prior to STICK operation (current flow), the meter displays preset current value (either 2 amps or +/-3% (e.g. 3 amps on 100), whichever is greater).
- Prior to CV operation, the meter displays four dashes indicating non-presettable AMPS.
- During welding, this meter displays actual average amps.
- After welding, the meter holds the actual current value for 5 seconds. Output adjustment while in the "hold" period results in the "prior to operation" characteristics stated above. The displays blink indicating that the machine is in the "Hold" period.

2. VOLT METER

- Prior to CV operation (current flow), the meter displays desired preset voltage value (+/- .5V).
- Prior to STICK operation, the meter displays the Open Circuit Voltage of the Power Source or four dashes if the output has not been turned on.
- During welding, this meter displays actual average volts.
- After welding, the meter holds the actual voltage value for 5 seconds. The displays blink indicating that the machine is in the "Hold" period.
- Output adjustment while in the "hold" period results in the "prior to operation" characteristics stated above.

3. OUTPUT CONTROL

- Output control is conducted via a single turn potentiometer.
- Adjustment is indicated by the meters as stated above.

4. WELD TERMINALS-REMOTE / ON

- Two status lights indicate the location of trigger control as determined by the "WELD TERMINALS" push button.
- If trigger control is local "weld terminals on", the ON display will be lit.
- If trigger control is remote "weld terminals remotely controlled", the REMOTE display will be lit.
- The unit will power up in "pre-determined preferred" trigger modes.

STICK = ON

CV = ON or REMOTE depending if remote output controls are connected to the machine.

These trigger modes can be over-ridden (switched) with the WELD TERMINALS push button. When changed, the unit will power up in the configuration it was in when it was last powered down.



5. THERMAL

• This status light indicates when the power source has been driven into thermal overload. If the output terminals were "ON", the "ON" light will blink indicating that the output will be turned back on once the unit cools down to an acceptable temperature level. If the unit was operating in the "REMOTE" mode, the trigger will need to be opened before or after the thermal has cleared and closed after the machine has cooled down to an acceptable temperature to establish output.

6. CONTROL-REMOTE / LOCAL

- Two status lights indicate the location of output control as pre-determined by the power sources auto-configure system.
- The LOCAL display will be lit when control is at the power source.
- The REMOTE display will be lit when a remote pot/control is detected.

These Output Control configurations can be overridden (switched) with the CONTROL push button. When changed, the unit will power up in the configuration it was in when it was last powered down.

HIDDEN MIDDLE CONTROL PANEL – PROCESS SET UP PANEL

7. WELD MODE SELECT (See Figure 1.B)

The Mode Control button selects from the following welding modes.

CC-STICK SOFT: The Stick Soft process features continuous control ranging from 5 to 425 amps. This mode was intended for most SMAW applications, and Arc Gouging.

- Arc Gouging: Setting the output of the Stick Soft mode to 425 amps will enable the arc-gouging mode. The actual output current will depend on the size of carbon used. The recommended maximum size carbon is 5/16".
- The Hot Start control regulates the starting current at arc initiation. Hot Start can be adjusted from minimum (0), with no additional current added at arc start, to maximum (10), with double the preset current or 425 amps (max of machine) added for the first second after arc initiation.
- The Arc Control regulates the Arc Force to adjust the short circuit current. The minimum setting (-10) will produce a "soft" arc and will produce minimal spatter. The maximum setting (+10) will produce a "crisp" arc and will minimize electrode sticking.

CC-STICK CRISP:The Stick Crisp mode features continuous control from 60 to 250 amps. This mode was intended primarily for pipe welding applications.

- The Hot Start control regulates the starting current at arc initiation. Hot Start can adjust starting current up or down by 25% of the preset value. The recommended setting for Hot Start is 5 where the initial current is equal to the preset current.
- The Arc Control regulates the Arc Force to adjust the short circuit current. The minimum setting (-10) will produce a "soft" arc and will produce minimal spatter. The maximum setting (+10) will produce a "crisp" arc and will minimize electrode sticking.

FIGURE 1.B 1 0 0 0 0 2 5 AMERICAL SPELECT SELECT SPELECT SPEL



CV-INNERSHIELD: The CV-Innershield mode features continuous control from 15 to 29 volts. This mode was intended primarily for 5/64 NR 207 on pipe welding applications.

- The Hot Start control is not used in the CV-FLUX CORED mode.
- The Arc Control regulates pinch effect. At the minimum setting (-10), minimizes pinch and results in a soft arc. At the maximum setting (+10), maximizes pinch effect and results in a crisp arc. The pinch control was optimized for NR207 at an Arc Control setting 0.0.
- 8. HOT START and ARC CONTROL features have different functions depending on the welding Mode that is active. Each feature is described under the welding mode heading. (See Item 7 for specified Mode Operations) (See Figure 1.B)

LOWER CASE PANEL

The output studs, line switch and remote connector are located on the lower case front.

- ELECTRODE CONNECTIONS contain "Twist-Mate" connector inserts.
 - The Negative connection is configured to accept the pass through gas system.
- **10. ON-OFF SWITCH-** is a 3-phase circuit breaker rated at 100 amps per leg.
- 11. METER POLARITY SWITCH- is located above the output connectors. The switch provides a work connection for wire feeder voltmeters. Place the switch in the position of the electrode polarity indicated by the decal. The switch does not change the welding polarity.
- 12. 6-PIN MS-STYLE CONNECTOR- for remote control.

REMOTE CONTROL OF THE OUTPUT CONTROL AND WELD TERMINALS

The Invertec V350-PIPE has auto sensing of remote output controls. If after connecting or removing a remote, the Invertec V350-PIPE did not configured the way you would like the local or remote control settings can be changed by pushing the OUTPUT CONTROL or WELD TERMINAL button. (A user cannot select between the 6 and 14 pin MS-style connectors.)

CV INNERSHIELD

- The remote will default to the 14-pin MS-style connectors remote if a remote is connected to either of the 14-pin MS-style connectors and the 6-pin MS-style connectors. Note: Only one of the 14-pin MS-style connectors can have a remote control connected at a time. If no remote is connected to either of the 14-pin MS-style connectors then the remote will default to the 6-pin MS-style connectors if a remote is connected to it.
- In the CV mode, the WELD TERMINAL control will default to REMOTE.

CC-Stick modes

- The remote will default to only the 6-pin MS-style connector if a remote is connected to it.
- The WELD TERMINAL control will default to ON with or without a remote connected.

Types of Remote OUTPUT CONTROL

- The Invertec V350-PIPE's Output Control can be controlled by a potentiometer connected between 77 & 75 with the wiper connected to 76.
- 14-Pin Ms-style connector lead 75 is pin G, lead 76 is pin F and lead 77 is pin E.
- 6-Pin Ms-style connector lead 75 is pin C, lead 76 is pin B and lead 77 is pin A.

Potentiometer Control

- The total resistance should be between 2000 ohms (2K) and 10,000 ohms (10K)
- The machine output will be at minimum when lead 76 (wiper) is at the end of the potentiometer that is connected to 75. The machine's output will increase as the wiper of the potentiometer is moved to the end that is connected to 77. (Note: In TIG mode, moving the lead 76 (wiper) to lead 77 would produce the current that has been set by the Invertec V350-PIPE's front panel Output Control.)
- Remotes of this type offered by Lincoln Electric are the K857, K812 and K870.



Types of Remote WELD TERMINAL Control

- The Invertec V350-PIPE's Weld Terminals can be controlled from each of the MS-style connectors.
 The circuit has a nominal OCV of 15VDC and requires a dry contact closure (less than 100 ohms) to activate the output of the Invertec V350-PIPE.
- 14-Pin MS-style connectors, the Weld Terminals are controlled from pins C (lead 2) and pin D (lead 4).
 Pin C is positive.
- 6-Pin MS-style connectors, the Weld Terminals are controlled from pin D (lead 2) and pin E (lead 4). In the 6-pin ms-style connectors pin D is positive.

AUXILIARY POWER

- 115VAC, 42VAC and 24VAC power is available from the two 14-pin MS-style connectors on the rear of the unit. (K1728-2 Construction model of the Invertec V350-PIPE does not have the 14-pin MSstyle connector) These supplies are intended to supply power for auxiliary equipment like wire feeders and the TIG Module.
- 115VAC supply is rated at 2 amps and is protected by a 2.5 amp breaker located by the 14-pin connector.
- 42 VAC supply is rated at 5.5 amps and is protected by a 10 amp breaker located by the 14-pin connector.
- 24 VAC supply is rated at 5.5 amps and is protected by a 10 amp breaker located by the 14-pin connector.

LIMITATIONS

- The V350-PIPE is not recommended for processes other than those listed.
- The V350-PIPE can only be used with the recommended equipment and options.

RECOMMENDED PROCESSES

Properly equipped, the Invertec V350-PIPE supports FCAW, SMAW, and CAC-A processes for a variety of materials.



OPTIONS / ACCESSORIES

- Undercarriage K1764-1
- Valet Style Undercarriage K1838-1

K857	Remote Output Control
K814	Arc Start Switch
K812	Hand Operated Amptrol
K870	Foot Operated Amptrol

Note: All of the above remote controls connect directly to the 6-pin MS-style connector on the front of the V350-PIPE or with either a K864 or K876 adapter and connect it to either of the14 pin wire feeder MS-style connectors on the rear of the V350-PIPE. (See Diagram in Section F-1)

K316L-2	LN-23P
K428, K446, K449	LN-25
K617 (-1 or -2) K618 (-1 or -2)	LN-742
K440 (-1), K567-1	LN-7 GMA
K1559-1, K1564-1	LN-10
K1499-1, K1521-1	DH-10



WARNING



ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

- Do not touch electrically live parts or electrode with skin or wet clothing.
- Insulate yourself from work and ground
- Always wear dry insulating gloves.



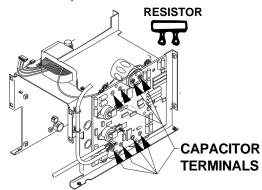
EXPLODING PARTS can cause injury.

- Failed parts can explode or cause other parts to explode when power is applied.
- Always wear a face shield and long sleeves when servicing.

See additional warning information throughout this operator's

CAPACITOR DISCHARGE PROCEDURE

- 1. Obtain a power resistor (25 ohms, 25 watts).
- Hold resistor body with electrically insulated glove. <u>DO NOT TOUCH TERMINALS</u>. Connect the resistor terminals across the two studs in the position shown. Hold in each position for 1 second. Repeat for all four capacitors.



3. Use a DC voltmeter to check that voltage is not present across the terminals on all four capacitors.

VISUAL INSPECTION

Clean interior of machine with a low pressure air stream. Make a thorough inspection of all components. Look for signs of overheating, broken leads or other obvious problems. Many problems can be uncovered with a good visual inspection.

ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

- 1. Every 6 months or so the machine should be cleaned with a low pressure airstream. Keeping the machine clean will result in cooler operation and higher reliability. Be sure to clean these areas:
- · All printed circuit boards
- Power switch
- · Main transformer
- Input rectifier
- Auxiliary Transformer
- Reconnect Switch Area
- Examine the sheet metal case for dents or breakage.
 Repair the case as required. Keep the case in good condition to insure that high voltage parts are protected and correct spacings are maintained. All external sheet metal screws must be in place to insure case strength and electrical ground continuity.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

Overload Protection

The machine is electrically protected from producing high output currents. Should the output current exceed 430A, an electronic protection circuit will reduce the current to approximately 100A. The machine will continue to produce this low current until the protection circuit is reset. Reset occurs when the output load is removed.

Thermal Protection

Thermostats protect the machine from excessive operating temperatures. Excessive temperatures may be caused by a lack of cooling air or operating the machine beyond the duty cycle and output rating. If excessive operating temperature should occur, the thermostat will prevent output voltage or current. The meter will remain energized during this time.

Thermostats are self-resetting once the machine cools sufficiently. If the thermostat shutdown was caused by excessive output or duty cycle and the fan is operating normally, the Power Switch may be left on and the reset should occur within a 15 minute period.



HOW TO USE TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

▲ WARNING

Service and Repair should only be performed by Lincoln Electric Factory Trained Personnel. Unauthorized repairs performed on this equipment may result in danger to the technician and machine operator and will invalidate your factory warranty. For your safety and to avoid Electrical Shock, please observe all safety notes and precautions detailed throughout this manual.

This Troubleshooting Guide is provided to help you locate and repair possible machine malfunctions. Simply follow the three-step procedure listed below.

Step 1. LOCATE PROBLEM (SYMPTOM).

Look under the column labeled "PROBLEM (SYMP-TOMS)". This column describes possible symptoms that the machine may exhibit. Find the listing that best describes the symptom that the machine is exhibiting.

Step 2. POSSIBLE CAUSE.

The second column labeled "POSSIBLE CAUSE" lists the obvious external possibilities that may contribute to the machine symptom.

Step 3. RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION

This column provides a course of action for the Possible Cause, generally it states to contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.

If you do not understand or are unable to perform the Recommended Course of Action safely, contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.

A CAUTION



Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual

PROBLEMS (SYMPTOMS)	POSSIBLE CAUSE	RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION
Major physical or electrical damage is evident when the sheet metal covers are removed.	Contact your local authorized Lincoln Electric Field Service facility for technical assistance.	
Input fuses keep blowing, or input breaker keeps tripping	 Make certain that the fuses or breakers are properly sized. See installation section of the manual for recommended fuse and breaker sizes. Welding procedure is drawing too much output current, or duty cycle is too high. Reduce output current, duty cycle or both. There is internal damage to the power source. Contact an authorized Lincoln Electric Service facility. 	
Machine will not power up (No lights)	 Make certain that the power switch is in the "ON" position. The circuit breaker in the reconnect area may have opened. Reset. Check input voltage section below. Input voltage selection made improperly. Power down, check input voltage reconnect according to diagram on reconnect cover. 	1.If all recommended possible areas of misadjustment have been checked and the problem persists, Contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.
Machine won't weld, can't get any output.	 If the displays show an Err ### see the fault section for corrective action. If the displays are not lit refer to machine will not power up section. If the thermal symbol is lit refer to the thermal section. If the output terminals are in Remote control switch to "ON" and check for output voltage. If output voltage is now present check for correct remote control connection and operation. 	

▲ CAUTION



Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual				
PROBLEMS	POSSIBLE	RECOMMENDED		
(SYMPTOMS)	CAUSE	COURSE OF ACTION		
Thermal symbol is lit	Check for proper fan operation Check for material blocking intake or exhaust louvers.			
Wire feeder won't work. Apparently no power to wire feeder	 Check circuit breakers by the wire feeder receptacles on the rear of the machine. Reset Check to make sure the wire feeder is connected to the correct wire feeder receptacle. (115VAC or 24/42VAC) Check the control cable between the power source and the wire feeder for continuity. 			
		1.If all recommended possible areas of misadjustment have been checked and the problem persists, Contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.		

▲ CAUTION



Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual

		Fault Codes	
Code	Description		Corrective Action
31	Primary over current.	If condition persists contact an authorized Lincoln Field Service Shop	The machine needs to be turned off and back on to reset the machine.
32	CAP bank A under voltage. Che		clearing as
33	CAP bank B under voltage.	reconnect to make sure	condition ceases.
34	CAP bank A over voltage.	the machine	
35	CAP bank B over voltage.	is connected for the input	
37	Soft start Failed.	power being supplied.	Cycle power.
39	Glitch on the primary over	Check the machine	Self-clearing as
	current fault interrupt; possibly caused by noise or a signal level	ground. If problem persists	condition ceases.
	(misc. hardware fault #1)	contact an authorized Lincoln Field Service Shop	
43	CAP delta; CAP A and B are out of balance.	Check input power reconnect to make sure the machine is connected for the input power being supplied.	
44	Main CPU problem. The DSP has detected a problem with the CPU.	Check the machine ground.	
47	Glitch on the CAP/heart beat interrupt; possibly caused by noise or a signal level right at the trip threshold. (misc. hardware fault #2)	If problem persists contact an authorized Lincoln Field Service Shop	
48	The main contactor opened unexpectedly. (misc. hardware fault #3)	If condition persist contact an authorized Lincoln Field Service Shop	Self-clearing
"bad	The selected weld mode does	If condition persists	Press the Mode
node' "####"	not exist in the weld table that is presently loaded in the machine.	contact an authorized Lincoln Field Service Shop	Select button to select a different mode

↑ CAUTION



Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual

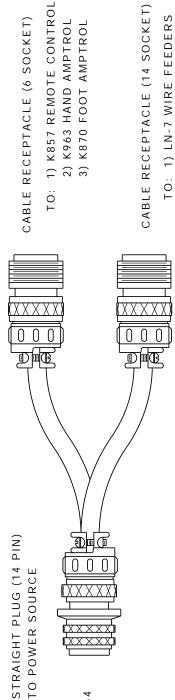
Displays	Description	
Scrolling dash	Appears at power up while the machine is going through its self configuration	
"Err" "####"	Fault code display. The first fault to occur will be displayed for three seconds. The display will cycle through fault codes for all faults that persist after the initial three-second period are displayed for 1 second each.	
""	Weld mode is changing	
"" "####"	A constant voltage weld mode is selected, machine output is off. The numeric value in the right display is the work point.	
"####" ""	A constant current weld mode is selected, machine output is off. The numeric value in the left display is either the work point or a work point limit, depending on the weld mode and remote configuration.	
"####" "####"(on steady) machine output is on. Left display is current, right display is voint actively welding, the displays are arc current and arc voltage not actively welding, the display will show work point.		
"####" "####" (blinking)	weld just finished – the average arc voltage and current will be blinked for 5 seconds following a weld. If the work point changes during this 5 second period, the display will revert to the above mode.	

↑ CAUTION



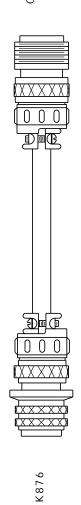
REMOTE CONTROL ADAPTERS





CABLE RECEPTACLE (14 SOCKET)

TO: 1) LN-7 WIRE FEEDERS



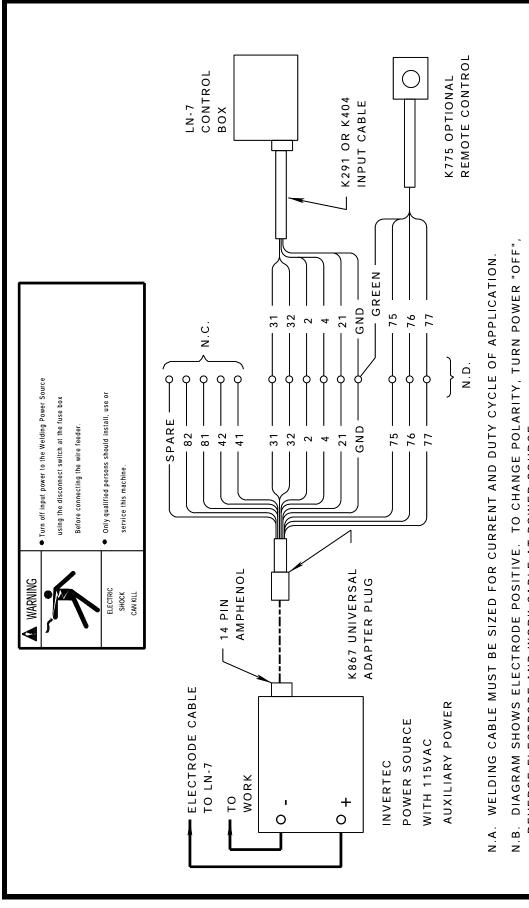
STRAIGHT PLUG (14 PIN)

TO POWER SOURCE

CABLE RECEPTACLE (6 SOCKET) TO: 1) LN-25 WIRE FEEDERS

K864

K867 PLUG TO LN-7 - CONNECTION DIAGRAM



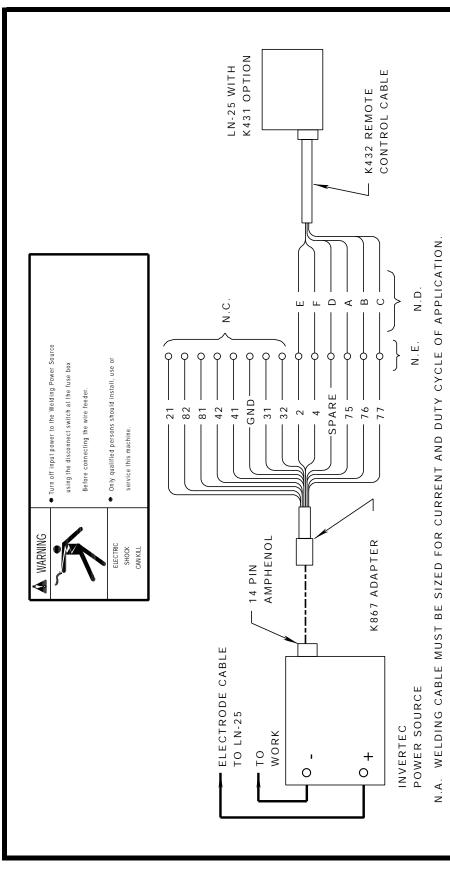
REVERSE ELECTRODE AND WORK CABLE AT POWER SOURCE.

N.C. INSULATE EACH UNUSED LEAD INDIVIDUALLY.

SPLICE LEADS AND INSULATE. N. D.



K867 PLUG TO LN-25 - CONNECTION DIAGRAM



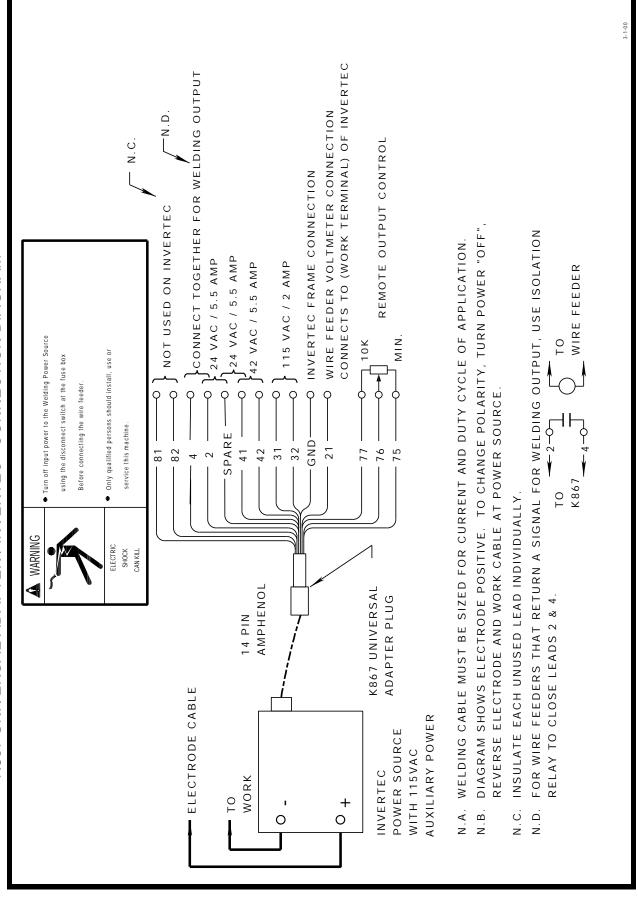
TO CHANGE POLARITY, TURN POWER "OFF", DIAGRAM SHOWS ELECTRODE POSITIVE. N.B.

- REVERSE ELECTRODE AND WORK CABLE AT POWER SOURCE.
- N.C. INSULATE EACH UNUSED LEAD INDIVIDUALLY.
- REMOVE 6 PIN PLUG FROM K432 CABLE IN ORDER TO CONNECT K867 PLUG. LABEL EACH LEAD (A THRU F) AS THEY ARE REMOVED FROM 6 PIN PLUG. N. D.

 - N.E. SPLICE LEADS AND INSULATE.

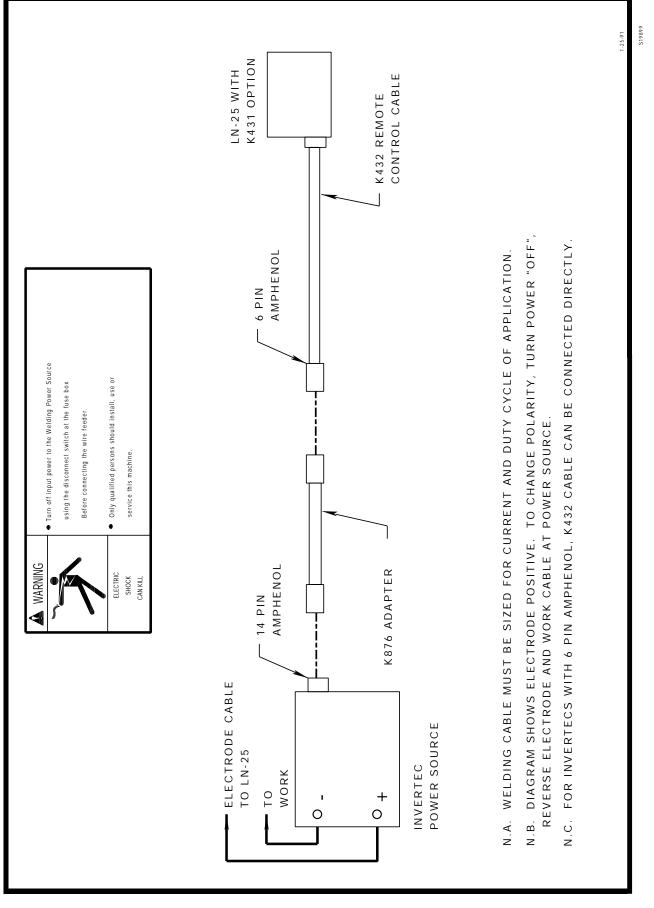


K867 UNIVERSAL ADAPTER / INVERTEC - CONNECTION DIAGRAM



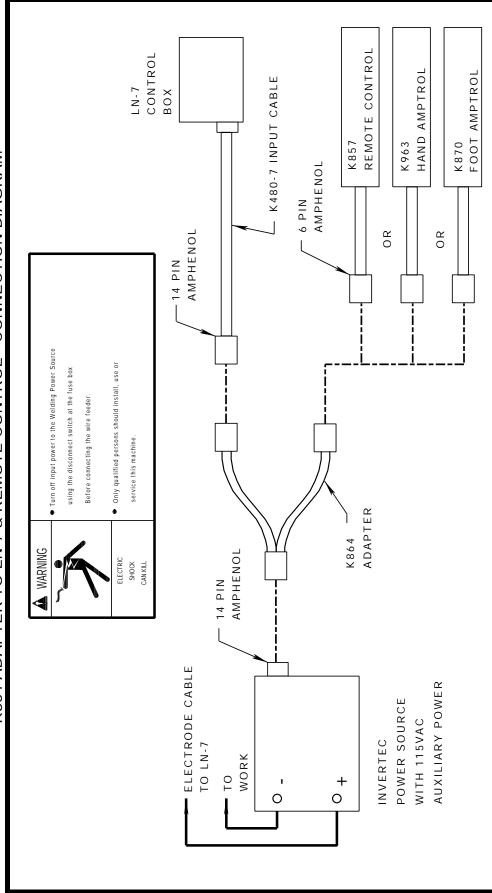


K876 ADAPTER TO LN-25 - CONNECTION DIAGRAM





K864 ADAPTER TO LN-7 & REMOTE CONTROL - CONNECTION DIAGRAM



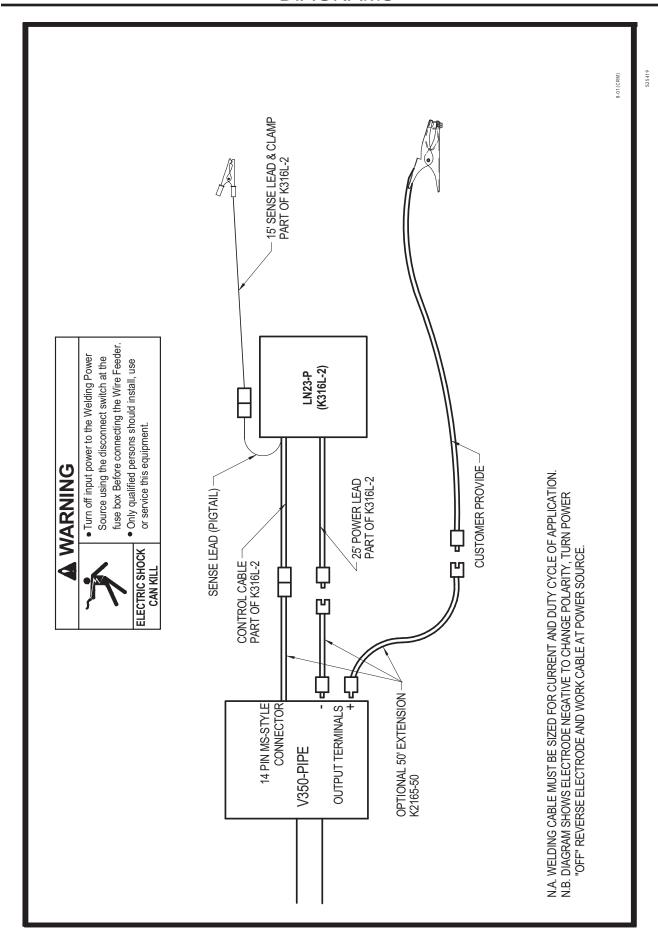
N.A. WELDING CABLE MUST BE SIZED FOR CURRENT AND DUTY CYCLE OF APPLICATION.

DIAGRAM SHOWS ELECTRODE POSITIVE. TO CHANGE POLARITY, TURN POWER "OFF" N.B.

REVERSE ELECTRODE AND WORK CABLE AT POWER SOURCE.

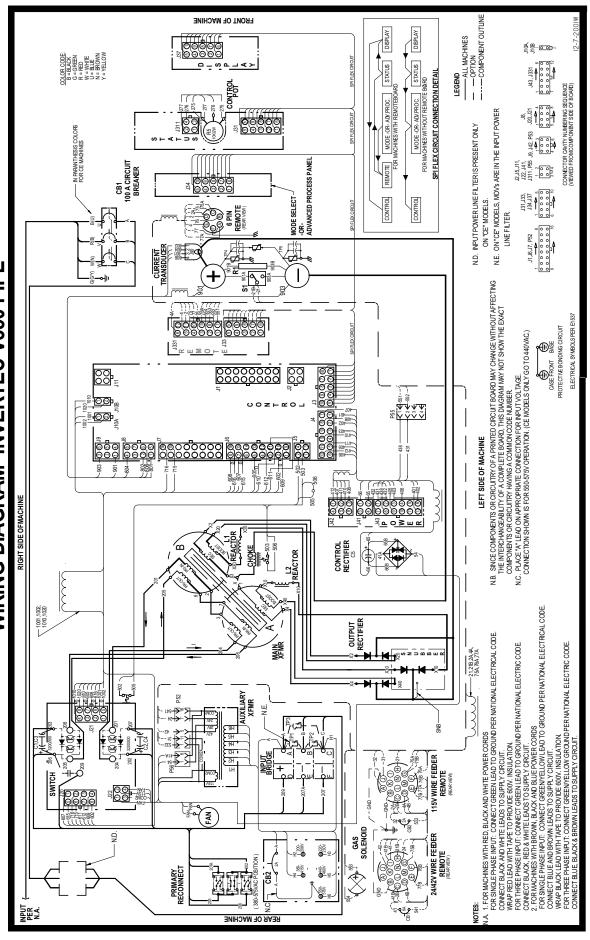
N.C. K480-7 INPUT CABLE CAN BE CONNECTED DIRECTLY IF REMOTE CONTROL IS NOT REQUIRED.

N.D. K864 ADAPTER CANNOT BE USED WITH AN LN-25.





WIRING DIAGRAM INVERTEC V350 PIPE

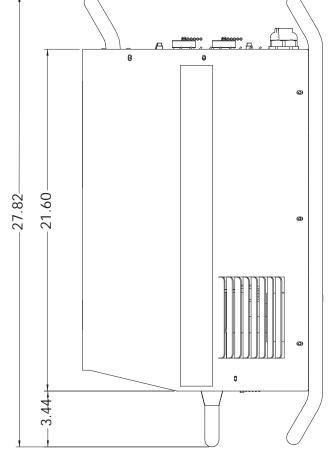


NOTE: This diagram is for reference only. It may not be accurate for all machines covered by this manual. The specific diagram for a particular code is pasted inside the machine on one of the enclosure panels. If the diagram is illegible, write to the Service Department for a replacement. Give the equipment code number.

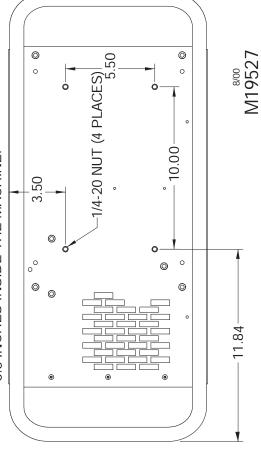
G3707

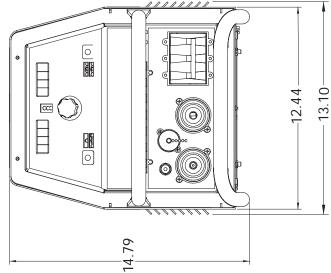


DIMENSION PRINT











NOTES



NOTES



WARNING	 Do not touch electrically live parts or electrode with skin or wet clothing. Insulate yourself from work and ground. 	● Keep flammable materials away.	Wear eye, ear and body protection.
AVISO DE PRECAUCION	 No toque las partes o los electrodos bajo carga con la piel o ropa moja- da. Aislese del trabajo y de la tierra. 	 Mantenga el material combustible fuera del área de trabajo. 	 Protéjase los ojos, los oídos y el cuerpo.
ATTENTION	 Ne laissez ni la peau ni des vêtements mouillés entrer en contact avec des pièces sous tension. Isolez-vous du travail et de la terre. 	Gardez à l'écart de tout matériel inflammable.	Protégez vos yeux, vos oreilles et votre corps.
WARNUNG	 Berühren Sie keine stromführenden Teile oder Elektroden mit Ihrem Körper oder feuchter Kleidung! Isolieren Sie sich von den Elektroden und dem Erdboden! 	Entfernen Sie brennbarres Material!	Tragen Sie Augen-, Ohren- und Kör- perschutz!
Portuguese ATENÇÃO	 Não toque partes elétricas e electrodos com a pele ou roupa molhada. Isole-se da peça e terra. 	Mantenha inflamáveis bem guardados.	 Use proteção para a vista, ouvido e corpo.
注意事項	● 通電中の電気部品、又は溶材にヒ フやぬれた布で触れないこと。 ● 施工物やアースから身体が絶縁さ れている様にして下さい。	● 燃えやすいものの側での溶接作業 は絶対にしてはなりません。	● 目、耳及び身体に保護具をして下 さい。
Chinese 警 告	● 皮肤或濕衣物切勿接觸帶電部件及 銲條。● 使你自己與地面和工件絶縁。	●把一切易燃物品移離工作場所。	●佩戴眼、耳及身體勞動保護用具。
Rorean 위험	● 전도체나 용접봉을 젖은 헝겁 또는 피부로 절대 접촉치 마십시요. ● 모재와 접지를 접촉치 마십시요.	●인화성 물질을 접근 시키지 마시요.	●눈, 귀와 몸에 보호장구를 착용하십시요.
Arabic	 ♦ لا تلمس الاجزاء التي يسري فيها التيار الكهرباني أو الالكترود بجلد الجسم أو بالملابس المبللة بالماء. ♦ ضع عاز لا على جسمك خلال العمل. 	 ضع المواد القابلة للاشتعال في مكان بعيد. 	 ضع أدوات وملابس واقية على عينيك وأذنيك وجسمك.

READ AND UNDERSTAND THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTION FOR THIS EQUIPMENT AND THE CONSUMABLES TO BE USED AND FOLLOW YOUR EMPLOYER'S SAFETY PRACTICES.

SE RECOMIENDA LEER Y ENTENDER LAS INSTRUCCIONES DEL FABRICANTE PARA EL USO DE ESTE EQUIPO Y LOS CONSUMIBLES QUE VA A UTILIZAR, SIGA LAS MEDIDAS DE SEGURIDAD DE SU SUPERVISOR.

LISEZ ET COMPRENEZ LES INSTRUCTIONS DU FABRICANT EN CE QUI REGARDE CET EQUIPMENT ET LES PRODUITS A ETRE EMPLOYES ET SUIVEZ LES PROCEDURES DE SECURITE DE VOTRE EMPLOYEUR.

LESEN SIE UND BEFOLGEN SIE DIE BETRIEBSANLEITUNG DER ANLAGE UND DEN ELEKTRODENEINSATZ DES HERSTELLERS. DIE UNFALLVERHÜTUNGSVORSCHRIFTEN DES ARBEITGEBERS SIND EBENFALLS ZU BEACHTEN.

	ブ		
Keep your head out of fumes. Use ventilation or exhaust to remove fumes from breathing zone.	Turn power off before servicing.	Do not operate with panel open or guards off.	WARNING
 Los humos fuera de la zona de respiración. Mantenga la cabeza fuera de los humos. Utilice ventilación o aspiración para gases. 	Desconectar el cable de ali- mentación de poder de la máquina antes de iniciar cualquier servicio.	No operar con panel abierto o guardas quitadas.	AVISO DE PRECAUCION
 Gardez la tête à l'écart des fumées. Utilisez un ventilateur ou un aspirateur pour ôter les fumées des zones de travail. 	Débranchez le courant avant l'entre- tien.	 N'opérez pas avec les panneaux ouverts ou avec les dispositifs de protection enlevés. 	ATTENTION
Vermeiden Sie das Einatmen von Schweibrauch! Sorgen Sie für gute Be- und Entlüftung des Arbeitsplatzes!	Strom vor Wartungsarbeiten abschalten! (Netzstrom völlig öff- nen; Maschine anhalten!)	 Anlage nie ohne Schutzgehäuse oder Innenschutzverkleidung in Betrieb setzen! 	WARNUNG
 Mantenha seu rosto da fumaça. Use ventilação e exhaustão para remover fumo da zona respiratória. 	 Não opere com as tampas removidas. Desligue a corrente antes de fazer serviço. Não toque as partes elétricas nuas. 	 Mantenha-se afastado das partes moventes. Não opere com os paineis abertos ou guardas removidas. 	ATENÇÃO
ヒュームから頭を離すようにして下さい。換気や排煙に十分留意して下さい。	■ メンテナンス・サービスに取りかかる際には、まず電源スイッチを必ず切って下さい。	● パネルやカバーを取り外したままで機械操作をしないで下さい。	注意事項
●頭部遠離煙霧。 ●在呼吸區使用通風或排風器除煙。	● 維修前切斷電源。	●儀表板打開或沒有安全罩時不準作 業。	Chinese 整 生
● 얼굴로부터 용접가스를 멀리하십시요. ● 호흡지역으로부터 용접가스를 제거하기 위해 가스제거기나 통풍기를 사용하십시요.	● 보수전에 전원을 차단하십시요.	● 판넽이 열린 상태로 작동치 마십시요.	Rorean 위험
 • ابعد رأسك بعيداً عن الدخان. • استعمل التهوية أو جهاز ضغط الدخان للخارج لكي تبعد الدخان عن المنطقة التي تتنفس فيها. 	 ● اقطع التيار الكهربائي قبل القيام بأية صياتة. 	 ♦ لا تشغل هذا الجهاز اذا كانت الإغطية الحديدية الواقية ليست عليه. 	تحذیر

LEIA E COMPREENDA AS INSTRUÇÕES DO FABRICANTE PARA ESTE EQUIPAMENTO E AS PARTES DE USO, E SIGA AS PRÁTICAS DE SEGURANÇA DO EMPREGADOR.

使う機械や溶材のメーカーの指示書をよく読み、まず理解して下さい。そして貴社の安全規定に従って下さい。

請詳細閱讀並理解製造廠提供的説明以及應該使用的銀捍材料,並請遵守貴方的有関勞動保護規定。

이 제폼에 동봉된 작업지침서를 숙지하시고 귀사의 작업자 안전수칙을 준수하시기 바랍니다.

اقرأ بتمعن وافهم تعليمات المصنع المنتج لهذه المعدات والمواد قبل استعمالها واتبع تعليمات الوقاية لصاحب العمل.

