

Operator's Manual

WIRELESS TIG FOOT PEDAL



For use with machines having Code Numbers: 12381, 12382, 12383, 12601, 12602, 12787, 12788



Register your machine:

www.lincolnelectric.com/registration Authorized Service and Distributor Locator:

www.lincolnelectric.com/locator

Save for future reference

Date Purchased

Code: (ex: 10859)

Serial: (ex: U1060512345)

THANK YOU FOR SELECTING **A QUALITY PRODUCT BY** LINCOLN ELECTRIC.

PLEASE EXAMINE CARTON AND EQUIPMENT FOR DAMAGE IMMEDIATELY

When this equipment is shipped, title passes to the purchaser upon receipt by the carrier. Consequently, claims for material damaged in shipment must be made by the purchaser against the transportation company at the time the shipment is received.

SAFETY DEPENDS ON YOU

Lincoln arc welding and cutting equipment is designed and built with safety in mind. However, your overall safety can be increased by proper installation ... and thoughtful operation on your part. DO NOT INSTALL, OPERATE OR REPAIR THIS EQUIPMENT WITHOUT READING THIS MANUAL AND THE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS CONTAINED THROUGHOUT. And, most importantly, think before you act and be careful.

WARNING

This statement appears where the information must be followed exactly to avoid serious personal injury or loss of life.

/!\ CAUTION

This statement appears where the information must be followed to avoid minor personal injury or damage to this equipment.

KEEP YOUR HEAD OUT OF THE FUMES.

DON'T get too close to the arc. Use corrective lenses if necessary to stay a reasonable distance away from the arc.

READ and obey the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) and the warning label that appears on all containers of welding materials.

USE ENOUGH VENTILATION or exhaust at the arc. or both. to

keep the fumes and gases from your breathing zone and the general area.

IN A LARGE ROOM OR OUTDOORS, natural ventilation may be adequate if you keep your head out of the fumes (See below).

USE NATURAL DRAFTS or fans to keep the fumes away from your face.

If you develop unusual symptoms, see your supervisor. Perhaps the welding atmosphere and ventilation system should be checked.



WEAR CORRECT EYE, EAR & **BODY PROTECTION**

PROTECT your eyes and face with welding helmet properly fitted and with proper grade of filter plate (See ANSI Z49.1).

PROTECT your body from welding spatter and arc flash with protective clothing including woolen clothing, flame-proof apron and gloves, leather leggings, and high boots.

PROTECT others from splatter, flash, and glare with protective screens or barriers.

IN SOME AREAS, protection from noise may be appropriate.

BE SURE protective equipment is in good condition.

Also, wear safety glasses in work area AT ALL TIMES.

SPECIAL SITUATIONS

DO NOT WELD OR CUT containers or materials which previously had been in contact with hazardous substances unless they are properly cleaned. This is extremely dangerous.

DO NOT WELD OR CUT painted or plated parts unless special precautions with ventilation have been taken. They can release highly toxic fumes or gases.



Additional precautionary measures

PROTECT compressed gas cylinders from excessive heat, mechanical shocks, and arcs; fasten cylinders so they cannot fall.

BE SURE cylinders are never grounded or part of an electrical circuit.

REMOVE all potential fire hazards from welding area.

ALWAYS HAVE FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE AND KNOW HOW TO USE IT.









CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 WARNINGS

Diesel Engines

Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.

Gasoline Engines

The engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

ARC WELDING CAN BE HAZARDOUS. PROTECT YOURSELF AND OTHERS FROM POSSIBLE SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH. KEEP CHILDREN AWAY. PACEMAKER WEARERS SHOULD CONSULT WITH THEIR DOCTOR BEFORE OPERATING.

Read and understand the following safety highlights. For additional safety information, it is strongly recommended that you purchase a copy of "Safety in Welding & Cutting -ANSI Standard Z49.1" from the American Welding Society, P.O. Box 351040, Miami, Florida 33135 or CSA Standard W117.2-1974. A Free copy of "Arc Welding Safety" booklet E205 is available from the Lincoln Electric Company, 22801 St. Clair Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio 44117-1199.

BE SURE THAT ALL INSTALLATION, OPERATION, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR PROCEDURES ARE PERFORMED ONLY BY QUALIFIED INDIVIDUALS.



FOR ENGINE POWERED EQUIPMENT.

 Turn the engine off before troubleshooting and maintenance work unless the maintenance work requires it to be running.



- 1.b. Operate engines in open, well-ventilated areas or vent the engine exhaust fumes outdoors.
- 1.c. Do not add the fuel near an open flame welding arc or when the engine is running. Stop the engine and allow it to cool before refueling to prevent spilled fuel from vaporizing on contact with hot engine parts and igniting. Do not spill fuel when filling tank. If fuel is spilled, wipe it up and do not s



tank. If fuel is spilled, wipe it up and do not start engine until fumes have been eliminated. 1.d. Keep all equipment safety guards, covers and devices in position and in good repair. Keep hands, hair, clothing and tools away from V-belts, gears, fans and all other moving parts when starting, operating or repairing equipment.



- 1.e. In some cases it may be necessary to remove safety guards to perform required maintenance. Remove guards only when necessary and replace them when the maintenance requiring their removal is complete. Always use the greatest care when working near moving parts.
- 1.f. Do not put your hands near the engine fan. Do not attempt to override the governor or idler by pushing on the throttle control rods while the engine is running.
- 1.g. To prevent accidentally starting gasoline engines while turning the engine or welding generator during maintenance work, disconnect the spark plug wires, distributor cap or magneto wire as appropriate.
- 1.h. To avoid scalding, do not remove the radiator pressure cap when the engine is hot.



ELECTRIC AND MAGNETIC FIELDS MAY BE DANGEROUS

- 2.a. Electric current flowing through any conductor causes localized Electric and Magnetic Fields (EMF). Welding current creates EMF fields around welding cables and welding machines
- 2.b. EMF fields may interfere with some pacemakers, and welders having a pacemaker should consult their physician before welding.
- 2.c. Exposure to EMF fields in welding may have other health effects which are now not known.
- 2.d. All welders should use the following procedures in order to minimize exposure to EMF fields from the welding circuit:
 - 2.d.1. Route the electrode and work cables together Secure them with tape when possible.
 - 2.d.2. Never coil the electrode lead around your body.
 - 2.d.3. Do not place your body between the electrode and work cables. If the electrode cable is on your right side, the work cable should also be on your right side.
 - 2.d.4. Connect the work cable to the workpiece as close as possible to the area being welded.
 - 2.d.5. Do not work next to welding power source.



ELECTRIC SHOCK CAN KILL.



- 3.a. The electrode and work (or ground) circuits are electrically "hot" when the welder is on. Do not touch these "hot" parts with your bare skin or wet clothing. Wear dry, hole-free gloves to insulate hands.
- 3.b. Insulate yourself from work and ground using dry insulation. Make certain the insulation is large enough to cover your full area of physical contact with work and ground.

In addition to the normal safety precautions, if welding must be performed under electrically hazardous conditions (in damp locations or while wearing wet clothing; on metal structures such as floors, gratings or scaffolds; when in cramped positions such as sitting, kneeling or lying, if there is a high risk of unavoidable or accidental contact with the workpiece or ground) use the following equipment:

- Semiautomatic DC Constant Voltage (Wire) Welder.
- DC Manual (Stick) Welder.
- AC Welder with Reduced Voltage Control.
- 3.c. In semiautomatic or automatic wire welding, the electrode, electrode reel, welding head, nozzle or semiautomatic welding gun are also electrically "hot".
- 3.d. Always be sure the work cable makes a good electrical connection with the metal being welded. The connection should be as close as possible to the area being welded.
- 3.e. Ground the work or metal to be welded to a good electrical (earth) ground.
- 3.f. Maintain the electrode holder, work clamp, welding cable and welding machine in good, safe operating condition. Replace damaged insulation.
- 3.g. Never dip the electrode in water for cooling.
- 3.h. Never simultaneously touch electrically "hot" parts of electrode holders connected to two welders because voltage between the two can be the total of the open circuit voltage of both welders.
- 3.i. When working above floor level, use a safety belt to protect yourself from a fall should you get a shock.
- 3.j. Also see Items 6.c. and 8.





- 4.a. Use a shield with the proper filter and cover plates to protect your eyes from sparks and the rays of the arc when welding or observing open arc welding. Headshield and filter lens should conform to ANSI Z87. I standards.
- 4.b. Use suitable clothing made from durable flame-resistant material to protect your skin and that of your helpers from the arc rays.
- 4.c. Protect other nearby personnel with suitable, non-flammable screening and/or warn them not to watch the arc nor expose themselves to the arc rays or to hot spatter or metal.

FUMES AND GASES CAN BE DANGEROUS.



- 5.a. Welding may produce fumes and gases hazardous to health. Avoid breathing these fumes and gases. When welding, keep your head out of the fume. Use enough ventilation and/or exhaust at the arc to keep fumes and gases away from the breathing zone. When welding hardfacing (see instructions on container or SDS) or on lead or cadmium plated steel and other metals or coatings which produce highly toxic fumes, keep exposure as low as possible and within applicable **OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV limits using local** exhaust or mechanical ventilation unless exposure assessments indicate otherwise. In confined spaces or in some circumstances, outdoors, a respirator may also be required. Additional precautions are also required when welding on galvanized steel.
- 5. b. The operation of welding fume control equipment is affected by various factors including proper use and positioning of the equipment, maintenance of the equipment and the specific welding procedure and application involved. Worker exposure level should be checked upon installation and periodically thereafter to be certain it is within applicable OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV limits.
- 5.c. Do not weld in locations near chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors coming from degreasing, cleaning or spraying operations. The heat and rays of the arc can react with solvent vapors to form phosgene, a highly toxic gas, and other irritating products.
- 5.d. Shielding gases used for arc welding can displace air and cause injury or death. Always use enough ventilation, especially in confined areas, to insure breathing air is safe.
- 5.e. Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions for this equipment and the consumables to be used, including the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) and follow your employer's safety practices. SDS forms are available from your welding distributor or from the manufacturer.
- 5.f. Also see item 1.b.





- 6.a. Remove fire hazards from the welding area. If this is not possible, cover them to prevent the welding sparks from starting a fire. Remember that welding sparks and hot materials from welding can easily go through small cracks and openings to adjacent areas. Avoid welding near hydraulic lines. Have a fire extinguisher readily available.
- 6.b. Where compressed gases are to be used at the job site, special precautions should be used to prevent hazardous situations. Refer to "Safety in Welding and Cutting" (ANSI Standard Z49.1) and the operating information for the equipment being used.
- 6.c. When not welding, make certain no part of the electrode circuit is touching the work or ground. Accidental contact can cause overheating and create a fire hazard.
- 6.d. Do not heat, cut or weld tanks, drums or containers until the proper steps have been taken to insure that such procedures will not cause flammable or toxic vapors from substances inside. They can cause an explosion even though they have been "cleaned". For information, purchase "Recommended Safe Practices for the Preparation for Welding and Cutting of Containers and Piping That Have Held Hazardous Substances", AWS F4.1 from the American Welding Society (see address above).
- 6.e. Vent hollow castings or containers before heating, cutting or welding. They may explode.
- 6.f. Sparks and spatter are thrown from the welding arc. Wear oil free protective garments such as leather gloves, heavy shirt, cuffless trousers, high shoes and a cap over your hair. Wear ear plugs when welding out of position or in confined places. Always wear safety glasses with side shields when in a welding area.
- 6.g. Connect the work cable to the work as close to the welding area as practical. Work cables connected to the building framework or other locations away from the welding area increase the possibility of the welding current passing through lifting chains, crane cables or other alternate circuits. This can create fire hazards or overheat lifting chains or cables until they fail.
- 6.h. Also see item 1.c.
- 6.I. Read and follow NFPA 51B "Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting and Other Hot Work", available from NFPA, 1 Batterymarch Park, PO box 9101, Quincy, MA 022690-9101.
- 6.j. Do not use a welding power source for pipe thawing.

CYLINDER MAY EXPLODE IF DAMAGED.

7.a. Use only compressed gas cylinders containing the correct shielding gas for the process used and properly operating regulators designed for the gas and pressure used. All hoses, fittings, etc. should be suitable for the application and maintained in good condition.



- 7.b. Always keep cylinders in an upright position securely chained to an undercarriage or fixed support.
- 7.c. Cylinders should be located:
 - Away from areas where they may be struck or subjected to physical damage.
 - A safe distance from arc welding or cutting operations and any other source of heat, sparks, or flame.
- 7.d. Never allow the electrode, electrode holder or any other electrically "hot" parts to touch a cylinder.
- 7.e. Keep your head and face away from the cylinder valve outlet when opening the cylinder valve.
- 7.f. Valve protection caps should always be in place and hand tight except when the cylinder is in use or connected for use.
- 7.g. Read and follow the instructions on compressed gas cylinders, associated equipment, and CGA publication P-I, "Precautions for Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Cylinders," available from the Compressed Gas Association, 14501 George Carter Way Chantilly, VA 20151.

FOR ELECTRICALLY POWERED EQUIPMENT.



- 8.a. Turn off input power using the disconnect switch at the fuse box before working on the equipment.
- 8.b. Install equipment in accordance with the U.S. National Electrical Code, all local codes and the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 8.c. Ground the equipment in accordance with the U.S. National Electrical Code and the manufacturer's recommendations.

Refer to http://www.lincolnelectric.com/safety for additional safety information.

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Content/details may be changed or updated without notice. For most current Instruction Manuals, go to parts.lincolnelectric.com.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The Wireless TIG Foot pedal provides precision arc control along with the freedom and flexibility of a wireless device. With a range of approximately 100 ft., the system is extremely easy-to-use and can be set up and configured within seconds.

The rugged housing will stand up in the toughest welding environments and the anti-slip pads will ensure that the pedal stays exactly where you want it to. Extension legs are included to provide optimal comfort in a range of welding positions and can be offset to allow the pedal to be used on uneven surfaces.

LED's on the receiver provide feedback to the operator including output state, remaining battery life and communication strength. A built-in calibration routine provides a greater control over the arc and ensures consistent performance and response weld after weld.

FCC ID: OUR_XBEEPRO

The Wireless TIG Foot Pedal is compatible with the following power sources:

- Aspect[™] 375
- Square Wave™ TIG 175
- Invertec[®] V205-T DC
- Invertec® V205-T AC/DC
- Invertec[®] V311-T AC/DC
- Precision TIG[®] 225
- Precision TIG[®] 275
- Precision TIG[®] 375
- Invertec[®] V350 PR0
- Flextec[™] 350
- Flextec[™] 350X
- Flextec[™] 450
- Flextec[™] 500
- Flextec[™] 650
- PowerWave® C300⁽¹⁾
- PowerWave® S350^(1,2)
- PowerWave® S500^(1,2)

⁽¹⁾ Requires K2909-1 (12-pin to 6-pin Adapter)

⁽²⁾ Requires K3001-2 (S-Series User Interface Kit)

ASSEMBLY AND OPERATION

Pedal:

Out of the box, remove the panel on the bottom side of the pedal and insert 3-AA batteries (not included). Two non-skid leveling legs are included for optional height adjustments.





A separate, stiffer spring is also included in the box which can be used to provide greater pedal resistance. The spring can be accessed by removing the (2) socket head cap screws (metric #3) that hold the pedal top in place. With the top removed, the spring can be released by squeezing the legs together. (See figure A.2)

FIGURE A.2



Receiver:

Connect one end of the 15VDC power supply to the receiver cable assembly; and the other end into a 115 VAC receptacle. The 'ON' LED will illuminate. The receiver is designed to be magnetically affixed to any steel surface.

The pedal is already in Control Mode and ready to weld. (See figure A.3) $% \left(A_{1}^{A}\right) =0$





When the pedal is depressed, the remaining two LEDs will turn on.

"OUTPUT ON" (center):

This LED indicates that the trigger circuit has been closed. If connected to a power source, the output will be enabled.

"BATTERY" (left):

This LED indicates the strength of the battery. It changes from GREEN (OK), to YELLOW, to RED (critical) as the batteries in the pedal are depleted. Depending on the setting of the receiver DIP SWITCH, it can also illuminate BLUE (see Diagnostic Mode).

This LED will briefly illuminate Red during power-up, and immediately following a change in channel. The system cannot be used during this time.

CHANNEL SELECTION

In addition to being properly paired, the pedal and receiver must be set to the same channel in order for communication to take place. The **rotary DIP SWITCH** sets which of the 12 channels within the 2.4GHz band the system will communicate on. If multiple systems are operating within the same vicinity, it is recommended that each is operated on its own channel to improve performance.

It is important to note that each pedal is factory programmed with a unique ID. A receiver is programmed to respond ONLY to the pedal in which it is paired.

Selecting Channel (Pedal):

(See figure A.4)

1. Remove the plug cover on the bottom of the pedal.

2. Select the **desired channel**. Note: only the first 12 channel positions can be used. The remaining positions are reserved for future use. If one of the unassigned positions are selected, the pedal/receiver will not function.

3. See selecting channels on the receiver.





Selecting Channel (Receiver):

(See figure A.5)

1. Remove the 4 screws on the back of the receiver and remove the cover.

2. Select the **desired channel**. Note: only the first 12 channel positions can be used. The remaining positions are reserved for future use. If one of the unassigned positions are selected, the pedal/receiver will not function.

3. After channels have been set to the same **desired channel**, see next step Pairing the Pedal/Receiver.

FIGURE A.5

BACK COVER REMOVED TO SET DESIRED CHANNEL.



PAIRING THE PEDAL/RECEIVER

The pairing procedure establishes a communication link between the pedal and receiver which is maintained until this procedure is repeated (systems remained paired even if power is removed).

Normal operation requires that the systems are placed in Control Mode **(DIP SWITCH #1** is set to the "OFF" position on both the pedal and receiver). To pair a different pedal, place the system into Configure Mode.

Pairing in Configure Mode:

(See figure A.6)

- 1. Ensure that power is applied to both the pedal and receiver.
- 2. Set DIP SWITCH #1 on both the pedal and receiver to "ON".
- 3. Fully depress the pedal for 2 seconds, then release.
- 4. Set **DIP SWITCH #1** on both the pedal and receiver back to "OFF".
- 5. Replace plug button/cover.

FIGURE A.6







DUAL POWER MODE™

Dual power mode optimizes communication performance when welding in challenging RF environments. Note that the system should only be placed in High power mode if communication is (or becomes) unreliable as this mode will impact battery life.

Activating high power mode:

(See figure A.7)

- 1. Remove battery cover.
- 2. Ensure that batteries have been removed from the pedal.
- 3. Fully engage the pedal and continue to engage while batteries are inserted.
- 4. Release the pedal. The system is now in High power mode as indicated by the Receiver battery LED blinking at .5 Hz during transmission.
- 5. Replace battery cover.

Returning to standard power mode:

- 1. Remove battery cover.
- 2. Remove batteries (if necessary) and re-insert batteries with the pedal unengaged.
- 3. The system is now in Standard power mode as indicated the Receiver battery LED illuminating solid during transmission.
- 4. Replace battery cover.



CALIBRATION:

There are two parameters that can be calibrated: the Trigger Release Screw and MAX Pedal Stroke.

Trigger Release Screw

(See figure A.8)

This screw determines the response of the pedal. It should be set so that it engages the internal on/off switch (disabling output) when the pedal is at rest, and disengages the on/off switch when the pedal is depressed.

FIGURE A.8



MAX Pedal Stroke

Extreme impact and/or part replacement procedures can affect the optimal position of the pot and thus the ability to reach the maximum welding set point. The Max Pedal Stroke parameter aligns the maximum depressed position of the pedal to the maximum set output of the machine.

Setting the Max Stroke:

(See figure A.9)

- 1. Remove the plug cover on the bottom of the pedal.
- With the pedal fully depressed, set **DIP SWITCH #2** into the "ON" position for 1 second, and then back into the "OFF" position.
- 3. Release the pedal.
- 4. Replace the plug cover.

Note: This entire procedure should be completed with the pedal fully depressed. The position of the pedal when the switch is thrown will be equated to the maximum current set point.



DIAGNOSTIC MODE

The system's range is maximized with a clear line of sight to the power source. Other factors such as heavy RF activity within the pedal's vicinity can also affect performance.

The diagnostic mode will provide a qualitative analysis of the system's communication. In this mode, the battery strength indicator will change to illuminate BLUE, and blink at a rate of 20 times per second to indicate uninterrupted communication. An intermittent blinking rate would suggest a heavily congested environment, or that the pedal and receiver are approaching their maximum operating distance. (See figure A.10)

FIGURE A.10 BATTERY STRENGTH BLUE LED INDICATOR TWO GREEN LEDS

Entering Diagnostic Mode:

(See figure A.11)

- 1. Remove the 4 screws on the back of the receiver and remove the cover.
- 2. Set DIP SWITCH #2 on the receiver board to "ON."
- 3. Replace cover.



DIP SWITCH FUNCTIONS

Each pedal and receiver has a 2 position dip switch and a 16 position rotary dip switch. The functionality of each is as follows:

	Peo Dip Sv	dal witches	Receiver Dip Switches		
Mode of Operation	#1	#2	#1	#2	Details/Function
Control	off	off	off	off	Normal Transmission
Diagnostic	off	off	off	on	Communication strength metric
Configure	on	х	on	х	Pairing Procedure
Calibration	х	on	х	х	Set/Clear dip at maximum stroke

PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD

Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION
The machine does not respond when the pedal is engaged.	 The battery power is too low. The pedal and receiver are not set to the same channel. The pedal and receiver are not paired. The Max Stroke is not set properly. The system needs to be reset. The pedal is not set to a valid channel. 	 Replace the batteries in the pedal. Adjust the rotary switches to a matching channel. Follow procedure for pairing the system. Follow procedure for setting the max pedal stroke. Cycle power by removing/re-inserting a battery within the pedal. Ensure pedal is set to channel 0 ~ B.
Arc does not stay initiated.	 High Frequency interference is present. Heavy RF activity within the vicinity. 	 Re-route the TIG torch away from the receiver. Cycle power to the receiver. Switch to a different channel using the rotary switch. This may be the case when using multiple wireless pedal systems in close proximity.
The output of the machine stays on.	1. The Trigger Release screw is not set properly.	1. Tighten the Trigger Release screw fully into the pedal.
The receivers battery LED blinks red, rapidly.	1. The receiver is not set to a valid channel.	1. Ensure the receiver is set to channel 0 ~ B.



If for any reason you do not understand the test procedures or are unable to perform the tests/repairs safely, contact your Lincoln Authorized Service Facility for technical troubleshooting assistance before you proceed.



WARNING	 Do not touch electrically live parts or electrode with skin or wet clothing. Insulate yourself from work and ground. 	● Keep flammable materials away.	• Wear eye, ear and body protection.
AVISO DE PRECAUCION	 No toque las partes o los electrodos bajo carga con la piel o ropa moja- da. Aislese del trabajo y de la tierra. 	 Mantenga el material combustible fuera del área de trabajo. 	 Protéjase los ojos, los oídos y el cuerpo.
French	 Ne laissez ni la peau ni des vête- ments mouillés entrer en contact avec des pièces sous tension. Isolez-vous du travail et de la terre. 	 Gardez à l'écart de tout matériel inflammable. 	 Protégez vos yeux, vos oreilles et votre corps.
German WARNUNG	 Berühren Sie keine stromführenden Teile oder Elektroden mit Ihrem Körper oder feuchter Kleidung! Isolieren Sie sich von den Elektroden und dem Erdboden! 	• Entfernen Sie brennbarres Material!	 Tragen Sie Augen-, Ohren- und Kör- perschutz!
Portuguese ATENÇÃO	 Não toque partes elétricas e electrodos com a pele ou roupa molhada. Isole-se da peça e terra. 	 Mantenha inflamáveis bem guarda- dos. 	 Use proteção para a vista, ouvido e corpo.
注意事項	 ●通電中の電気部品、又は溶材にヒ フやぬれた布で触れないこと。 ●施工物やアースから身体が絶縁されている様にして下さい。 	● 燃えやすいものの側での溶接作業 は絶対にしてはなりません。	● 目、耳及び身体に保護具をして下 さい。
Chinese 警告	●皮肤或濕衣物切勿接觸帶電部件及 銲條。 ●使你自己與地面和工件絶縁。	● 把一切易燃物品移離工作場所。	●佩戴眼、耳及身體勞動保護用具。
Korean 위험	●전도체나 용접봉을 젖은 헝겁 또는 피부로 절대 접촉치 마십시요. ● 모재와 접지를 접촉치 마십시요.	●인화성 물질을 접근 시키지 마시요.	●눈, 귀와 몸에 보호장구를 착용하십시요.
rabic تحذیر	لا تلمس الاجزاء التي يسري فيها التيار الكهرباني أو الالكترود بجلد الجسم أو بالملابس المللة بالماء. ضع عاز لا على جسمك خلال العمل.	 ضع المواد القابلة للاشتعال في مكان بعيد. 	 ضع أدوات وملابس واقية على عينيك وأذنيك وجسمك.

READ AND UNDERSTAND THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTION FOR THIS EQUIPMENT AND THE CONSUMABLES TO BE USED AND FOLLOW YOUR EMPLOYER'S SAFETY PRACTICES.

SE RECOMIENDA LEER Y ENTENDER LAS INSTRUCCIONES DEL FABRICANTE PARA EL USO DE ESTE EQUIPO Y LOS Consumibles que va a utilizar, siga las medidas de seguridad de su supervisor.

LISEZ ET COMPRENEZ LES INSTRUCTIONS DU FABRICANT EN CE QUI REGARDE CET EQUIPMENT ET LES PRODUITS A ETRE EMPLOYES ET SUIVEZ LES PROCEDURES DE SECURITE DE VOTRE EMPLOYEUR.

LESEN SIE UND BEFOLGEN SIE DIE BETRIEBSANLEITUNG DER ANLAGE UND DEN ELEKTRODENEINSATZ DES HER-STELLERS. DIE UNFALLVERHÜTUNGSVORSCHRIFTEN DES ARBEITGEBERS SIND EBENFALLS ZU BEACHTEN.

	Ń		
 Keep your head out of fumes. Use ventilation or exhaust to remove fumes from breathing zone. 	 Turn power off before servicing. 	 Do not operate with panel open or guards off. 	WARNING
 Los humos fuera de la zona de respiración. Mantenga la cabeza fuera de los humos. Utilice ventilación o aspiración para gases. 	 Desconectar el cable de ali- mentación de poder de la máquina antes de iniciar cualquier servicio. 	 No operar con panel abierto o guardas quitadas. 	AVISO DE PRECAUCION
 Gardez la tête à l'écart des fumées. Utilisez un ventilateur ou un aspira- teur pour ôter les fumées des zones de travail. 	 Débranchez le courant avant l'entre- tien. 	 N'opérez pas avec les panneaux ouverts ou avec les dispositifs de protection enlevés. 	French ATTENTION
 Vermeiden Sie das Einatmen von Schweibrauch! Sorgen Sie für gute Be- und Entlüftung des Arbeitsplatzes! 	 Strom vor Wartungsarbeiten abschalten! (Netzstrom völlig öff- nen; Maschine anhalten!) 	 Anlage nie ohne Schutzgehäuse oder Innenschutzverkleidung in Betrieb setzen! 	German WARNUNG
 Mantenha seu rosto da fumaça. Use ventilação e exhaustão para remover fumo da zona respiratória. 	 Não opere com as tampas removidas. Desligue a corrente antes de fazer serviço. Não toque as partes elétricas nuas. 	 Mantenha-se afastado das partes moventes. Não opere com os paineis abertos ou guardas removidas. 	Portuguese ATENÇÃO
● ヒュームから頭を離すようにして 下さい。 ● 換気や排煙に十分留意して下さい。	● メンテナンス・サービスに取りか かる際には、まず電源スイッチを 必ず切って下さい。	● パネルやカバーを取り外したまま で機械操作をしないで下さい。	」 注意事項
●頭部遠離煙霧。 ●在呼吸區使用通風或排風器除煙。	● 維修前切斷電源。	●儀表板打開或沒有安全罩時不準作 業。	Chinese 警告
 얼굴로부터 용접가스를 멀리하십시요. 호흡지역으로부터 용접가스를 제거하기 위해 가스제거기나 통풍기를 시용하십시요. 	● 보수전에 전원을 차단하십시요.	● 판넬이 열린 상태로 작동치 마십시요.	Korean 위험
 ابعد رأسك بعيداً عن الدخان. استعمل التهوية أو جهاز ضغط الدخان للخارج لكي تبعد الدخان عن المنطقة التي تتنفس فيها. 	 اقطع التيار الكهربائي قبل القيام بأية صيانة. 	 لا تشغل هذا الجهاز اذا كانت الاغطية الحديدية الواقية ليست عليه. 	Arabic

LEIA E COMPREENDA AS INSTRUÇÕES DO FABRICANTE PARA ESTE EQUIPAMENTO E AS PARTES DE USO, E SIGA AS PRÁTICAS DE SEGURANÇA DO EMPREGADOR.

使う機械や溶材のメーカーの指示書をよく読み、まず理解して下さい。そして貴社の安全規定に従って下さい。

請詳細閱讀並理解製造廠提供的説明以及應該使用的銀捍材料,並請遵守貴方的有関勞動保護規定。

이 제품에 동봉된 작업지침서를 숙지하시고 귀사의 작업자 안전수칙을 준수하시기 바랍니다.

اقرأ بتمعن وافهم تعليمات المصنع المنتج لهذه المعدات والمواد قبل استعمالها واتبع تعليمات الوقاية لصاحب العمل.

CUSTOMER ASSISTANCE POLICY

The business of The Lincoln Electric Company is manufacturing and selling high quality welding equipment, consumables, and cutting equipment. Our challenge is to meet the needs of our customers and to exceed their expectations. On occasion, purchasers may ask Lincoln Electric for advice or information about their use of our products. We respond to our customers based on the best information in our possession at that time. Lincoln Electric is not in a position to warrant or guarantee such advice, and assumes no liability, with respect to such information or advice. We expressly disclaim any warranty of any kind, including any warranty of fitness for any customer's particular purpose, with respect to such information or advice. As a matter of practical consideration, we also cannot assume any responsibility for updating or correcting any such information or advice once it has been given, nor does the provision of information or advice create, expand or alter any warranty with respect to the sale of our products.

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