May, 2000

PRO-CUT™ 20

For use with machines having Code Number:

10464

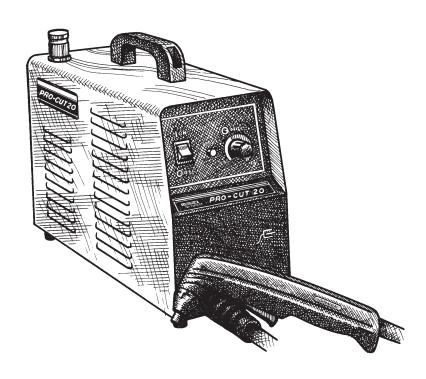


This manual covers equipment which is no longer in production by The Lincoln Electric Co. Specifications and availability of optional features may have changed.

Safety Depends on You

Lincoln arc welding and cutting equipment is designed and built with safety in mind. However, your overall safety can be increased by proper installation ... and thoughtful operation on your part. DO NOT INSTALL, OPERATE OR REPAIR THIS EQUIPMENT WITHOUT READING THIS MANUAL AND THE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS CONTAINED THROUGHOUT. And, most importantly, think before you act and be careful.

Date of Purchase:	
Serial Number:	
Code Number:	
Model:	
Where Purchased:	



OPERATOR'S MANUAL



• World's Leader in Welding and Cutting Products •

• Sales and Service through Subsidiaries and Distributors Worldwide •

PLASMA CUTTING or GOUGING can be hazardous.

PROTECT YOURSELF AND OTHERS FROM POSSIBLE SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH. KEEP CHILDREN AWAY. PACEMAKER WEARERS SHOULD CONSULT WITH THEIR DOCTOR BEFORE OPERATING.

Read and understand the following safety highlights. For additional safety information it is strongly recommended that you purchase a copy of "Safety in Welding & Cutting - ANSI Standard Z49.1" from the American Welding Society, P.O. Box 351040, Miami, Florida 33135 or CSA Standard W117.2.

BE SURE THAT ALL INSTALLATION, OPERATION, MAINTENANCE, AND REPAIR PROCEDURES ARE PERFORMED ONLY BY QUALIFIED INDIVIDUALS.



ELECTRIC SHOCK can

kill.

1.a. The electrode and work (or ground) circuits are electrically "hot" when the power source is on. Do not touch these "hot" parts with your bare skin or wet clothing. Wear dry, hole-free gloves to insulate hands.

- 1.b. When the power source is operating voltages in excess of 250 volts are produced. This creates the potential for serious electrical shock - potentially even fatal.
- 1.c. Insulate yourself from work and ground using dry insulation. When cutting or gouging in damp locations, on metal framework such as floors, gratings or scaffolds and when in positions such as sitting or lying, make certain the insulation is large enough to cover your full area of physical contact with work and ground.
- 1.d. Always be sure the work cable makes a good electrical connection with the metal being cut or gouged. The connection should be as close as possible to the area being cut or gouged.
- Ground the work or metal to be cut or gouged to a good electrical (earth) ground.
- 1.f. Maintain the plasma torch, cable and work clamp in good, safe operating condition. Replace damaged insulation.
- Never dip the torch in water for cooling or plasma cut or gouge in or under water.
- When working above floor level, protect yourself from a fall should you get a shock.
- 1.i. Operate the pilot arc with caution. The pilot arc is capable of burning the operator, others or even piercing safety clothing.
- 1.j. Also see Items 4c and 6.



ARC RAYS can burn.

2.a. Use safety glasses and a shield with the proper filter and cover plates to protect your eyes from sparks and the rays of the arc when performing or observing plasma arc cutting or gouging. Glasses,headshield and filter lens should conform to ANSI Z87. I standards.

- 2.b. Use suitable clothing including gloves made from durable flame-resistant material to protect your skin and that of your helpers from the arc rays.
- 2.c. Protect other nearby personnel with suitable non-flammable screening and/or warn them not to watch the arc nor expose themselves to the arc rays or to hot spatter or metal.



FUMES AND GASES can be dangerous.

3.a. Plasma cutting or gouging may produce fumes and gases hazardous to health. Avoid breathing these fumes and gases. When cutting or gouging, keep your head out of the fumes. Use enough ventilation and/or exhaust at the arc

to keep fumes and gases away from the breathing zone. When cutting or gouging on lead or cadmium plated steel and other metals or coatings which produce highly toxic fumes keep exposure as low as possible and below Threshold Limit Values (TLV) using local exhaust or mechanical ventilation. In confined spaces or in some circumstances, outdoors, a respirator may be required. Additional precautions are also required when welding on galvanized steel.

- 3.b. Do not use plasma arc cutting or gouging in locations near chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors coming from degreasing, cleaning or spraying operations. The heat and rays of the arc can react with solvent vapors to form phosgene, a highly toxic gas, and other irritating products.
- 3.c. Gases used for plasma cutting and gouging can displace air and cause injury or death. Always use enough ventilation, especially in confined areas, to insure breathing air is safe.
- 3.d. Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions for this equipment and the consumables to be used, including the material safety data sheet (MSDS) and follow your employer's safety practices.



CUTTING SPARKS can cause fire or explosion.

4.a..Remove fire hazards from the plasma cutting or gouging area. If this is not possible, cover them to prevent the cutting or gouging sparks from starting a fire. Remember that welding

sparks and hot materials from plasma cutting or gouging can easily go through small cracks and openings to adjacent areas. Avoid cutting or gouging near hydraulic lines. Have a fire extinguisher readily available.

- 4.b. Where compressed gases are to be used at the job site, special precautions should be used to prevent hazardous situations. Refer to "Safety in Welding and Cutting" (ANSI Standard Z49.1) and the operating information for the equipment being used.
- 4.c. When not cutting or gouging, make certain no part of the electrode circuit is touching the work or ground. Accidental contact can cause overheating and create a fire hazard.
- 4.d. Do not cut or gouge tanks, drums or containers until the proper steps have been taken to insure that such procedures will not cause flammable or toxic vapors from substances inside. They can cause an explosion even though they have been "cleaned." For information purchase "Recommended Safe Practices for the Preparation for Welding and Cutting of Containers and Piping That Have Held Hazardous Substances", AWS F4.1 from the American Welding Society (see address above).
- Vent hollow castings or containers before heating, cutting or gouging. They may explode.
- Do nor fuel engine driven equipment near area where plasma cutting or gouging.



- 4.g. Sparks and spatter are thrown from the plasma arc. Wear safety glasses, ear protection and oil free protective garments such as leather gloves, heavy shirt, cuffless trousers, high shoes and a cap over your hair. Wear ear plugs when cutting or gouging out of position or in confined places. Always wear safety glasses with side shields when in a cutting or gouging area.
- 4.h. Connect the work cable to the work as close to the cutting or gouging area as practical. Work cables connected to the building framework or other locations away from the cutting or gouging area increase the possibility of the current passing through lifting chains, crane cables or other alternate circuits. This can create fire hazards or overheat lifting chains or cables until they fail.



CYLINDER may explode if damaged.

5.a. Use only compressed gas cylinders containing the correct gas for the process used and properly operating regulators designed for the gas and pressure used. All hoses, fittings, etc.

should be suitable for the application and maintained in good condition.

- 5.b. Always keep cylinders in an upright position securely chained to an undercarriage or fixed support.
- 5.c. Cylinders should be located:
 - Away from areas where they may be struck or subjected to physical damage.
 - A safe distance from plasma cutting or gouging, arc welding operations and any other source of heat, sparks, or flame.
- 5.d. Never allow any part of the electrode, torch or any other electrically "hot" parts to touch a cylinder.
- 5.e. Keep your head and face away from the cylinder valve outlet when opening the cylinder valve.
- 5.f. Valve protection caps should always be in place and hand tight except when the cylinder is in use or connected for use.
- 5.g. Read and follow the instructions on compressed gas cylinders, associated equipment, and CGA publication P-I, "Precautions for Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Cylinders," available from the Compressed Gas Association 1235 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, VA 22202.



FOR ELECTRICALLY powered equipment.

6.a. Turn off input power using the disconnect switch at the fuse box before working on the equipment.

- Install equipment in accordance with the U.S. National Electrical Code, all local codes and the manufacturer's recommendations.
- Ground the equipment in accordance with the U.S. National Electrical Code and the manufacturer's recommendations.



PLASMA ARC can injure.

- Keep your body away from nozzle and plasma arc.
- 7.b. Operate the pilot arc with caution. The pilot arc is capable of burning the operator, others or even piercing safety clothing.



ELECTRIC AND MAGNETIC FIELDS may be dangerous

8.a. Electric current flowing through any conductor causes localized Electric and Magnetic Fields (EMF). Cutting or gouging current creates EMF fields around torch cables and cutting machines.

- 8.b. EMF fields may interfere with some pacemakers, so operators having a pacemaker should consult their physician before cutting or gouging.
- Exposure to EMF fields during cutting or gouging may have other health effects which are now not known.
- 8d. All operators should use the following procedures in order to minimize exposure to EMF fields from the cutting or gouging circuit:
 - 8.d.1. Route the torch and work cables together Secure them with tape when possible.
 - 8.d.2. Never coil the torch cable around your body.
 - 8.d.3. Do not place your body between the torch and work cables. If the torch cable is on your right side, the work cable should also be on your right side.
 - 8.d.4. Connect the work cable to the workpiece as close as possible to the area being cut or gouged.
 - 8.d.5. Do not work next to cutting power source.





PRÉCAUTIONS DE SÛRETÉ

Pour votre propre protection lire et observer toutes les instructions et les précautions de sûreté specifiques qui parraissent dans ce manuel aussi bien que les précautions de sûreté générales suivantes:

Sûreté Pour Soudage A L'Arc

- 1. Protegez-vous contre la secousse électrique:
 - a. Les circuits à l'électrode et à la piéce sont sous tension quand la machine à souder est en marche. Eviter toujours tout contact entre les parties sous tension et la peau nue ou les vétements mouillés. Porter des gants secs et sans trous pour isoler les mains.
 - b. Faire trés attention de bien s'isoler de la masse quand on soude dans des endroits humides, ou sur un plancher metallique ou des grilles metalliques, principalement dans les positions assis ou couché pour lesquelles une grande partie du corps peut être en contact avec la masse.
 - c. Maintenir le porte-électrode, la pince de masse, le câble de soudage et la machine à souder en bon et sûr état defonctionnement.
 - d.Ne jamais plonger le porte-électrode dans l'eau pour le refroidir.
 - e. Ne jamais toucher simultanément les parties sous tension des porte-électrodes connectés à deux machines à souder parce que la tension entre les deux pinces peut être le total de la tension à vide des deux machines.
 - f. Si on utilise la machine à souder comme une source de courant pour soudage semi-automatique, ces precautions pour le porte-électrode s'applicuent aussi au pistolet de soudage.
- Dans le cas de travail au dessus du niveau du sol, se protéger contre les chutes dans le cas ou on recoit un choc. Ne jamais enrouler le câble-électrode autour de n'importe quelle partie du corps.
- Un coup d'arc peut être plus sévère qu'un coup de soliel, donc:
 - a. Utiliser un bon masque avec un verre filtrant approprié ainsi qu'un verre blanc afin de se protéger les yeux du rayonnement de l'arc et des projections quand on soude ou quand on regarde l'arc.
 - b. Porter des vêtements convenables afin de protéger la peau de soudeur et des aides contre le rayonnement de l'arc.
 - c. Protéger l'autre personnel travaillant à proximité au soudage à l'aide d'écrans appropriés et non-inflammables.
- 4. Des gouttes de laitier en fusion sont émises de l'arc de soudage. Se protéger avec des vêtements de protection libres de l'huile, tels que les gants en cuir, chemise épaisse, pantalons sans revers, et chaussures montantes.
- Toujours porter des lunettes de sécurité dans la zone de soudage. Utiliser des lunettes avec écrans lateraux dans les

zones où l'on pique le laitier.

- Eloigner les matériaux inflammables ou les recouvrir afin de prévenir tout risque d'incendie dû aux étincelles.
- Quand on ne soude pas, poser la pince à une endroit isolé de la masse. Un court-circuit accidental peut provoquer un échauffement et un risque d'incendie.
- 8. S'assurer que la masse est connectée le plus prés possible de la zone de travail qu'il est pratique de le faire. Si on place la masse sur la charpente de la construction ou d'autres endroits éloignés de la zone de travail, on augmente le risque de voir passer le courant de soudage par les chaines de levage, câbles de grue, ou autres circuits. Cela peut provoquer des risques d'incendie ou d'echauffement des chaines et des câbles jusqu'à ce qu'ils se rompent.
- Assurer une ventilation suffisante dans la zone de soudage.
 Ceci est particuliérement important pour le soudage de tôles galvanisées plombées, ou cadmiées ou tout autre métal qui produit des fumeés toxiques.
- 10. Ne pas souder en présence de vapeurs de chlore provenant d'opérations de dégraissage, nettoyage ou pistolage. La chaleur ou les rayons de l'arc peuvent réagir avec les vapeurs du solvant pour produire du phosgéne (gas fortement toxique) ou autres produits irritants.
- Pour obtenir de plus amples renseignements sur la sûreté, voir le code "Code for safety in welding and cutting" CSA Standard W 117.2-1974.

PRÉCAUTIONS DE SÛRETÉ POUR LES MACHINES À SOUDER À TRANSFORMATEUR ET À REDRESSEUR

- Relier à la terre le chassis du poste conformement au code de l'électricité et aux recommendations du fabricant. Le dispositif de montage ou la piece à souder doit être branché à une bonne mise à la terre.
- 2. Autant que possible, l'installation et l'entretien du poste seront effectués par un électricien qualifié.
- 3. Avant de faires des travaux à l'interieur de poste, la debrancher à l'interrupteur à la boite de fusibles.
- Garder tous les couvercles et dispositifs de sûreté à leur place.



V

Thank You -

for selecting a **QUALITY** product by Lincoln Electric. We want you to take pride in operating this Lincoln Electric Company product ••• as much pride as we have in bringing this product to you!

Please Examine Carton and Equipment For Damage Immediately

When this equipment is shipped, title passes to the purchaser upon receipt by the carrier. Consequently, Claims for material damaged in shipment must be made by the purchaser against the transportation company at the time the shipment is received.

Please record your equipment identification information below for future reference. This information can be found on your machine nameplate.

Whenever you request replacement parts for or information on this equipment always supply the information you have recorded above.

Read this Operators Manual completely before attempting to use this equipment. Save this manual and keep it handy for quick reference. Pay particular attention to the safety instructions we have provided for your protection. The level of seriousness to be applied to each is explained below:

A WARNING

This statement appears where the information **must** be followed **exactly** to avoid **serious personal injury** or **loss of life**.

A CAUTION

This statement appears where the information **must** be followed to avoid **minor personal injury** or **damage to this equipment**.

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TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS - PRO-CUT 20 (K1579-1)

INPUT - SINGLE PHASE / 60 HERTZ ONLY								
Standard Voltage 10 Input Current at Rated Output								
115/230/1/60Hz	2	115: 34A@20% 230: 18A@20%						
		RAT	ED (DUTPUT				
Duty Cycle				MPS		<u>VOLTS</u>		
20% Duty Cyc	le			20		90		
				PUT				
<u>Current</u> Range		<u>(</u>	•	<u>Circuit</u> Itage	Pilot Current			
<u>riango</u>				VDC	15 Am	os @ 50% Duty Cycle		
12-20 Amps								
REQUIRED (AS FLOV	V RATE		REQUIRED	GAS IN	LET PRESSURE		
	240 SCFH @ 10160 LHF	R)		(5	80 to 150 .4 Bar. TO			
F	RECOMME	END INP	UT V	VIRE AND FUS	SE SIZE	S		
	Base	ed on U.S.	Natio	tting application onal Electrical Co ture 30°C or Les	ode			
AC Input Voltage at 60 Hertz	(Su Circu	Fuse Type 75°C (Super Lag) Circuit Breaker (Delay Type)			Conduit AV	VG (IEC) Sizes		
		.ay .ypo,	2 Input Suppl		y Wires	1 Ground Wire		
1Ø - 115 1Ø - 230	1	O AMPS #14 (3.2m O AMPS #14 (3.2m		,	#14 (3.2mm²) #14 (3.2mm²)			
PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS								
<u>Height</u>	<u>Wid</u>	<u>Vidth</u> <u>Depth</u>		1	Weight cluding Machine ch Cable (Length)			
10.2 in. 260 mm	6.3 i 160 r				34.8 lbs. 15.8 kg.			

LINCOLN ® ELECTRIC

Read entire Installation Section before installing the PRO-CUT 20.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

▲ WARNING

ELECTRIC SHOCK CAN KILL.



- Only qualified personnel should install this machine.
- Turn the input power OFF at the disconnect switch or fuse box and discharge input capacitors before working inside the equipment.
- Do not touch electrically hot parts.
- Turn the PRO-CUT Power Switch OFF when connecting power cord to input power.

SELECT PROPER LOCATION

Place the Pro-Cut 20 where clean cool air can freely circulate in and out the side louvers. Dirt, dust or any foreign material that can be drawn into the machine should be kept at a minimum. Failure to observe these precautions can result in excessive operating temperatures and nuisance shutdown of the machine.

A source of clean, dry air or nitrogen must be supplied to the Pro-Cut 20. Oil in the air is a severe problem and must be avoided. The supply pressure must be between 80 and 150 psi. The flow rate is approximately 4.0 cfm (113 l/min.). Failure to observe these precautions could result in excessive operating temperatures or damage to the torch.

STACKING

The PRO-CUT 20 cannot be stacked.

TILTING

The PRO-CUT 20 must be placed on a stable, level surface so it will not topple over.

HIGH FREQUENCY INTERFERENCE PROTECTION

The Pro-Cut 20 employs a touch start mechanism for arc initiation which eliminates high frequency emissions from the machine as compared with spark gap and solid state type high frequency generators. Keep in mind, though, that these machines may be used in an environment where other high frequency generating machines are operating. By taking the following steps, high frequency interference into the Pro-Cut can be minimized

- Make sure the power supply chassis is connected to a good earth ground. The work terminal ground does NOT ground the machine frame.
- (2) Keep the work ground clamp isolated from other work clamps that have high frequency.
- (3) If the ground clamp cannot be isolated, then keep the clamp as far as possible from other work clamp connections.
- (4) When the machine is enclosed in a metal building, several good earth driven electrical grounds around the periphery of the building are recommended.

Failure to observe these recommended installation procedures may cause improper function of the Pro-Cut or possibly even damage to the control system or power supply components.

INPUT ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

The Pro-Cut 20 is rated for 115VAC or 230VAC inputs and will automatically reconnect for the supplied voltage. The machine is shipped from the factory for operation on 115VAC 15 amp circuits. Use on 15 amp branch circuits will limit cutting output as indicated by the graphics around the output knob. If the output is set at 20 amps (maximum) the input fuse or circuit breaker will "blow" in roughly 30 seconds (depending on fuse type).

To achieve full output current with 115VAC inputs, replace the 15 amp plug with the supplied 20 amp plug and connect the unit to a 20 amp branch circuit with super lag fuses (or equivalent breaker). To install the supplied 20A plug: Connect the white (neutral) wire under terminal clamp with silver screw, and black (hot) wire under terminal clamp with brass screw. Connect green wire under terminal clamp with green screw. Tighten terminal wire clamp screws securely.



WARNING: Failure to wire as instructed may cause personal injury or damage to equipment. To be installed or checked by an electrician or qualified person only. Use of normal 20 amp household breakers may result in over current trips. If breaker trips occur, reduce the cutting current output until nuisance trips stop.

The Pro-Cut 20 performs best when connected to 230VAC inputs. To change over to 230VAC operation, install a 230VAC plug with a current rating greater than 15 amps.

For use on engine drives, keep in mind the above input draw restrictions and the following precaution.

The Pro-Cut 20 can be operated on engine driven generators as long as the 230 volt auxiliary meets the following conditions:

- The AC waveform peak voltage is below 375 volts*.
- The AC waveform frequency is between 45 and 65
 Hz
- The RMS voltage of the AC waveform is always greater than 208VAC *.

The following Lincoln engine drives meet these conditions when run in the high idle mode:

Ranger 300 engine drives Commander 400 engine drives

Many engine drives do not meet these conditions (eg LE North America Ranger series, Miller Bobcats, etc). Operation of the above stated power sources is not recommended on engine drives not conforming to these conditions. Such combinations may overvoltage the Pro-Cut 20 power source.

GAS INPUT CONNECTIONS

Supply the PRO-CUT 20 with clean compressed air or nitrogen.

- Supply pressure must be between 80 psi and 150 psi.
- Flow rate should be approximately 4.0 cfm (113 l/min.).

NOTE: Oil in the air supply to the PRO-CUT 20 can cause severe problems. Use only a clean air supply.

 Compressed gas can be supplied either through the air fitting supplied with the machine or through the ¹/₄-19 BSPP thread at the rear of the machine. To use the air fitting supplied with the machine (packaged in the consumable kit), install the fitting in the port at the rear of the machine.

NOTE: When using nitrogen gas from a cylinder, the cylinder must have a pressure regulator.

- Maximum psi from a nitrogen gas cylinder to the PRO-CUT 20 regulator should never exceed 150 psi.
- Install a hose between the nitrogen gas cylinder regulator and the PRO-CUT 20 gas inlet.

A WARNING

CYLINDER could explode if damaged.



- Keep cylinder upright and chained to a fixed support.
- Keep cylinder away from areas where it could be damaged.
- Never lift machine with cylinder attached.
- Never allow the cutting torch to touch the cylinder.
- Keep cylinder away from live electrical parts.
- Maximum inlet pressure 150 psi.

OUTPUT CONNECTIONS

Torch

The Pro-Cut 20 is sent from the factory with a PCT 20 cutting torch installed. Additional cutting torches can be ordered from the K1615 series. Hand-held torches come with 15' or 25' cables.

Read and understand this entire section before operating the machine.



^{*} for 115 VAC input divide these values in half

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

A WARNING



ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

- Do not touch electrically live parts or electrode with skin or wet clothing.
- Insulate yourself from work and ground.
- Always wear dry insulating gloves.



FUMES AND GASES can be dangerous.

- Keep your head out of fumes.
- Use ventilation or exhaust to remove fumes from breathing zone.



WELDING, CUTTING and GOUGING SPARKS can cause fire or explosion

- · Keep flammable material away.
- Do not weld, cut or gouge on containers that have held combustibles.



ARC RAYS can burn.

Wear eye, ear and body protection.



PLASMA ARC can injure

- Keep your body away from nozzle and plasma arc.
- Operate the pilot arc with caution. The pilot arc is capable of burning the operator, others or even piercing safety clothing.

Observe additional Safety Guidelines detailed in the beginning of this manual.

DESCRIPTION

The Pro-Cut 20 is a constant current, continuous control plasma cutting power source. It provides superior and reliable starting characteristics, cutting visibility and arc stability. The control system has a safety mechanism to insure that the nozzle and electrode are in place before cutting or gouging. This is extremely important due to the high voltages involved.

The Pro-Cut 20 comes standard with an air regulator and pressure gauge. The machine also comes with an input power cord. Hand-held torches are available in 15' or 25' cable. Consumables are included with each Pro-Cut purchase so that cutting can begin right out of the box. Consumables can also be ordered as individual packages.

The Pro-Cut 20 initiates the plasma arc with a simple, yet reliable, touch start mechanism. This system eliminates many of the failure problems associated with hifrequency start systems.

PREHEAT TEMPERATURE FOR PLASMA CUTTING

Preheat temperature control is not necessary in most applications when plasma arc cutting or gouging. Preheat temperature control may be necessary on high carbon alloy steels and heat treated aluminum for crack resistance and hardness control. Job conditions, prevailing codes, alloy level, and other considerations may also require preheat temperature control. The following minimum preheat temperature is recommended as a starting point. Higher temperatures may be used as required by the job conditions and/or prevailing codes. If cracking or excessive hardness occurs on the cut face, higher preheat temperature may be required. The recommended minimum preheat temperature for plate thickness up to 1/2" (12.7mm) is 70°F (21.1°C).



USER RESPONSIBILITY

Because design, fabrication, erection and cutting variables affect the results obtained in applying this type of information, the serviceability of a product or structure is the responsibility of the user. Variation such as plate chemistry, plate surface condition (oil, scale), plate thickness, preheat, quench, gas type, gas flowrate and equipment may produce results different than those expected. Some adjustments to procedures may be necessary to compensate for unique individual conditions. Test all procedures duplicating actual field conditions.

OPERATIONAL FEATURES AND CONTROLS

The PRO-CUT 20 comes with an ON/OFF POWER SWITCH, OUTPUT CURRENT CONTROL, and PURGE BUTTON.

DESIGN FEATURES AND ADVANTAGES

The PRO-CUT 20 design makes plasma cutting uncomplicated. This list of design features and advantages will help you understand the machine's total capabilities so that you can get maximum use from your machine.

- Light weight and portable design for industrial use.

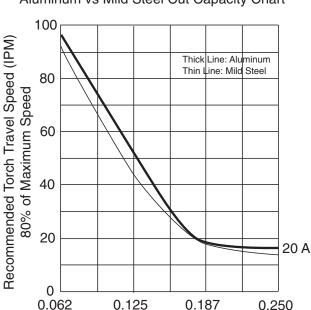
- Continuous control, 12 20 amps.
- Reliable touch start mechanism for plasma arc initiation.
- Rapid arc restrike for fast cutting of expanded metal.
- Input over voltage protection.
- Bright 3.0 second timed pilot arc.
- Purge momentary push button.
- Air regulator and pressure gage included.
- Parts-in-Place mechanism to detect proper installation of consumables and torch.
- Latching Parts-in-Place mechanism. Requires the operator to turn the machine off and then on to reset.
- Preflow/Postflow timing. Preflow is eliminated if arc is re-initiated in Postflow.
- Thermostatic Protection.
- Solid state over-current protection.
- Automatic reconnect for 115 VAC or 230 VAC inputs.
- Dead front display for machine status.
- Unique electrode and Vortech™ nozzle design for optimum cooling and long life.
- Swirl texture inside Vortech™ nozzle for better starting reliability and higher quality cuts.



CUTTING CAPABILITY

The PRO-CUT 20 is rated at 20 amps, at 20% duty cycle on a 10 minute basis. If the duty cycle is exceeded, a thermal protector will shut off the output of the machine until it cools to the normal operating temperature.

Figure B.1 shows the cut capacity of the Pro-Cut 20 when cutting mild steel. (The graph plots cut thickness vs. torch travel speed with a torch standoff of 0.15".



Lincoln's PRO-CUT 20 Aluminum vs Mild Steel Cut Capacity Chart

CONSUMABLE LIFE

The expected life for the Pro-Cut 20's electrode under normal operating conditions is approximately 1000 starts/cuts. An erosion of .060" is typical for end of electrode life, however, the electrode life may last longer. A green and erratic arc will indicate definite electrode failure and the electrode should be replaced immediately.

Material Thickness Figure B.1

0.250

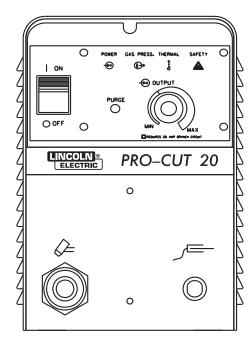
It is recommended that consumables be replaced in complete sets. (Example: Electrode and Nozzle). This will maximize the performance of the PRO-CUT system.



LIMITATIONS

Do not exceed output current and duty cycle rating of machine. Do not use the PRO-CUT 20 for pipe thawing.

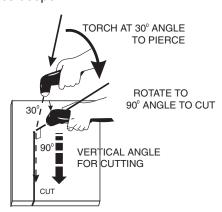
CONTROLS AND SETTINGS



When preparing to cut, position the machine as close to the work as possible. Make sure you have all materials needed to complete the job and have taken all safety precautions. It is important to follow these operating steps each time you use the machine.

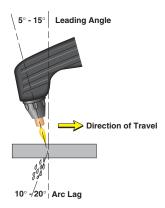
- Turn the machine's ON/OFF POWER SWITCH to OFF position.
- Connect the air supply to the machine.
- Turn the main power and the machine power switch on.
 - The fan should start.
 - The pre-charge circuit will operate for 3 seconds, then the green "Power" LED should turn on.
- Be sure that the work lead is clamped to the workpiece before cutting.
- Set the output current control knob at maximum position for higher cutting speed and less dross formation. Reduce the current, if desired to reduce the kerf (cut) width, heat affected zone or travel speed as required.

- Push-in and hold the Purge button to check or set the gas pressure. Pull the pressure regulator cap out and turn it to set the pressure.
 - Adjust the gas regulator for 65 PSI for 15' or 25' torches.
 - Release the Purge button.
 - The gas will immediately turn off. The pressure gage may show an increase in pressure after the air turns off but this is normal. Do NOT reset the pressure while the air is NOT flowing.
- When ready to cut, place the torch near the work, make certain all safety precautions have been taken and pull the trigger.
 - The air will flow for a preflow time of 2 seconds and the pilot arc will start. (This is true unless the machine is in postflow, then the preflow time is skipped and the pilot arc will start immediately.)
 - The pilot arc will run for 3.0 seconds and shut off unless the arc is brought in contact with the work and the arc is transferred. Avoid excessive pilot arc time by transferring the arc to the workpiece quickly to improve parts life.
 - When the arc is brought within 1/4" from the work piece: the arc will transfer, the current will ramp to the setting on the control panel, and the cut can last indefinitely (or until the duty cycle of the Pro-Cut is exceeded).
- Pierce the work piece by slowly lowering the torch onto the metal at a 30° angle away from the operator. This will blow the dross away from the torch tip. Slowly rotate the torch to vertical position as the arc becomes deeper.



• Keep moving while cutting. Cut at a steady speed without pausing. Maintain the cutting speed so that the arc leg is 10° to 20° behind the travel direction.





- Use a 5° 15° leading angle in the direction of the cut.
- · Finish the cut to be made and release the trigger.
- When the trigger is released, the arc will stop.
 - The gas will continue to flow for 10 seconds of postflow. If the trigger is activated within this time period, the pilot arc will immediately restart.
- If the dross is difficult to remove, reduce the cutting speed. High speed dross is more difficult to remove than low speed dross.
- The right side of the cut is more square than the left as viewed along the direction of travel.
- Clean spatter and scale from the nozzle frequently.
- If the "SAFETY" LED lights at any time; check the following:
 - Check the assembly of the torch consumables. If they are not properly in place, the machine will not start. Make sure that the shield cup is hand tight. Do not use pliers or over tighten.
 - Check the conditions of the inside of the nozzle. If debris has collected, rub the electrode on the inside bottom of the nozzle to remove any oxide layer that may have built up. Refer to "Suggestions for Extra Utility from the PRO-CUT system".
 - Check the condition of the electrode. If the end has a crater-like appearance, replace it along with the nozzle. The maximum wear depth of the electrode is approximately .062". A green and erratic arc will indicate definite electrode failure and the electrode should be replaced immediately.
 - Replace the nozzle when the orifice exit is eroded away or oval shaped.

 After the problem is found, or if there is nothing apparently wrong, reset the machine by turning the power switch OFF and then ON again. (It is possible for electrical noise to trip the safety circuit on rare occasions. This should not be a regular occurrence.)

▲ WARNING

ELECTRIC SHOCK CAN KILL.

- Turn off machine at the disconnect switch on the front of the machine before tightening, cleaning or replacing consumables.
- If the machine does not reset or continues to trip, consult the Troubleshooting Section.
- Use the proper cutting procedures referred to in Procedure Recommendations.

PILOT ARC DISCUSSION

The PRO-CUT has a smooth, continuous pilot arc. The pilot arc is only a means of transferring the arc to the workpiece for cutting. Repeated pilot arc starts, in rapid succession, is not recommended as these starts will generally reduce consumable life. Occasionally, the pilot arc may sputter or start intermittently. This is aggravated when the consumables are worn or the air pressure is too high. Always keep in mind that the pilot arc is designed to transfer the arc to the workpiece and not for numerous starts without cutting.

When the pilot arc is started, a slight impulse will be felt in the torch handle. This occurrence is normal and is the mechanism which starts the plasma arc. This impulse can also be used to help troubleshoot a "no start" condition.



PROCEDURE RECOMMENDATIONS

When properly used, plasma arc cutting is a very economical process. Improper use will result in a very high operating cost.

General - In All Cases

• Follow safety precautions as printed throughout this operating manual and on the machine.

Thin Gauge Sheet and Material up to 1/4":



- The nozzle may be dragged on the metal surface, touching it lightly to the surface after piercing a hole.
- If piercing is required, slowly lower the torch at an angle of about 30° to blow the dross away from the torch tip and slowly rotate the torch to a vertical position as the arc becomes deeper. This process will blow a lot of molten metal and dross. Be careful! Blow the dross away from the torch, the operator and any flammable objects.
- Where possible, start the cut from the edge of the work piece.
- Keep moving! A steady speed is necessary.
 Do not pause.
- Suggestions for Extra Utility from the PRO-CUT System:





ELECTRIC SHOCK CAN KILL.

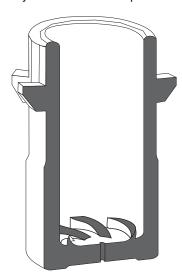
 Turn off machine at the disconnect switch on the front of the machine before tightening, cleaning or replacing consumables.

- 1. Occasionally an oxide layer may form over the tip of the electrode, creating an insulating barrier between the electrode and nozzle. This will result in the tripping of the Pro-Cut's safety circuit. When this happens turn the power off, remove the nozzle and electrode and use the electrode to rub against the inside bottom surface of the nozzle. This will help remove any oxide buildup. Replace the nozzle, turn on the power and continue cutting. If the safety circuit continues to trip after cleaning the consumables, then replace them with a new set. Do not continue to try and cut with excessively worn consumables as this can cause damage to the torch head and will degrade cut quality. Do not allow torch cable or body to contact hot surface.
- 2. To improve consumable life, here are some suggestions that may be useful:
 - Make sure the air supply to the Pro-Cut is clean and free of oil. Use several extra in line filters if necessary.
 - b. Minimize dross buildup on the nozzle tip by starting the cut from the edge of the plate when possible.
 - c. Pierce cutting should be done only when necessary. If piercing, angle torch about 30° from the plane perpendicular to the work piece, transfer the arc, then bring the torch perpendicular to the work and begin parallel movement.
 - d. Reduce the number of pilot arc starts without transferring to the work.
 - e. Reduce the pilot arc time before transferring to the work.
 - f. Set air pressure to recommended setting. A higher or lower pressure will cause turbulence in the plasma arc, eroding the orifice of the nozzle tip.
 - g. Use only Lincoln consumable parts. These parts are patented and using any other replacement consumables may cause damage to the torch or reduce cut quality.



ALWAYS USE GENUINE LINCOLN ELECTRIC ELECTRODES AND VORTECH™ NOZZLES

- Only Genuine Lincoln Electric consumables yield the best cutting performance for the PRO-CUT 20.
- The patented VORTECH™ nozzle provides an extra "kick" of swirl as the arc exits the nozzle which improves cutting performance. No other nozzle has this capability or can match its performance.



GENERAL OPTIONS / ACCESSORIES

The following options/accessories are available for your PRO-CUT 20 from your local Lincoln Distributor.

S22147-028 - VORTECHTM nozzle with an .028" (0.7 mm) Orifice

S22149 - Electrode - replacement electrodes for cutting.

S22150 - Shield Cup - This shields the nozzle and provides more visibility to the workpiece. Note the shield cup does not prevent the torch tip from touching the workpiece.

K1615 Series - PCT 20 Torches come in 15' and 25' lengths in either hand held or mechanized versions.



WARNING



ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

- Have an electrician install and service this equipment.
- Turn the input power off at the fuse box before working on equipment.
- Do not touch electrically hot parts.
- Prior to Performing preventative maintenance, perform the following capacitor discharge procedure to avoid electric shock.

ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

- Keep the cutting or gouging area and the area around the machine clean and free of combustible materials. No debris should be allowed to collect which could obstruct air flow to the machine.
- 2. Every 6 months or so, the machine should be cleaned with a low pressure airstream. Keeping the machine clean will result in cooler operation and higher reliability. Be sure to clean these areas:
 - Printed circuit boards and heat sinks
 - Power switch
- 3. Examine the sheet metal case for dents or breakage. Repair the case as required. Keep the case in good condition to insure that high voltage parts are protected and correct spacings are maintained. All external sheet metal screws must be in place to insure case strength and electrical ground continuity.
- 4. Inspect the cable periodically for any slits or puncture marks in the cable jacket. Replace if necessary. Check to make sure that nothing is crushing the cable and blocking the flow of air through the air tube inside. Also, check for kinks in the cable periodically and relieve any so as not to restrict the flow of air to the torch.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

M WARNING



ELECTRIC SHOCK CAN KILL.

 Turn off machine at the disconnect switch on the front of the machine before tightening, cleaning or replacing consumables.

Change consumables as required.

THERMAL PROTECTION

Thermal Detection Devices protect the machine from excessive operating temperatures. Excessive temperatures may be caused by a lack of cooling air or operating the machine beyond the duty cycle and output rating. If excessive operating temperatures should occur, the yellow thermal LED will light and the Detection Devices will prevent output voltage or current.

These Detection Devices are self-resetting once the machine cools sufficiently. If the thermostat shutdown was caused by excessive output or duty cycle and the fan is operating normally, the Power Switch may be left on and the reset should occur within a 15 minute period. If the fan is not turning or the air intake louvers were obstructed, then the power must be switched off and the fan problem or air obstruction must be corrected.

A protection circuit is included to monitor the voltage across filter capacitors. In the event that the capacitor voltage is too high, the protection circuit will prevent output.

REPLACEMENT OF INTERNAL FUSES

The Pro-Cut 20 has additional protection provided to some circuits through internal fuses. For replacement of those fuses proceed as follows:

- 1. Turn off the power to the unit and remove the input plug.
- 2. Allow the machine to stand for 5 minutes to let the input capacitors discharge.
- 3. Remove the machine cover.
- 4. Replace the blown fuse with a new 0.5A 500V slowblow fuse or 32A 400V fuse as appropriate.

NOTE: If the fuse blows again after power is restored, the cause could be an internal breakdown in the power unit. In this case, take the unit to an authorized Lincoln Field Service Shop.



HOW TO USE TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

M WARNING

Service and Repair should only be performed by Lincoln Electric Factory Trained Personnel. Unauthorized repairs performed on this equipment may result in danger to the technician and machine operator and will invalidate your factory warranty. For your safety and to avoid Electrical Shock, please observe all safety notes and precautions detailed throughout this manual.

This Troubleshooting Guide is provided to help you locate and repair possible machine malfunctions. Simply follow the three-step procedure listed below.

Step 1. LOCATE PROBLEM (SYMPTOM).

Look under the column labeled "PROBLEM (SYMPTOMS)". This column describes possible symptoms that the machine may exhibit. Find the listing that best describes the symptom that the machine is exhibiting.

Step 2. POSSIBLE CAUSE.

The second column labeled "POSSIBLE CAUSE" lists the obvious external possibilities that may contribute to the machine symptom.

Step 3. RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION

This column provides a course of action for the Possible Cause, generally it states to contact you local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.

If you do not understand or are unable to perform the Recommended Course of Action safely, contact you local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.

A WARNING



ELECTRIC SHOCK CAN KILL.

 Turn off machine at the disconnect switch on the front of the machine and remove main power supply connections before doing any troubleshooting.

A CAUTION



Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual

PROBLEMS	POSSIBLE AREAS OF	RECOMMENDED
(SYMPTOMS)	MISADJUSTMENTS(S)	COURSE OF ACTION
No Status indicators light and the fan does not operate 5 seconds after the power switch is turned on.	 Check the input power to be sure it is on. Check the power line fuses and machine connection. Disconnect input power at fuse panel and check line switch continuity. Replace line switch if bad. Check the fuses on the input board. 	
No Status indicators light 5 seconds after the power switch is turned on, but the fan operates.	1. Disconnect input power from the machine. Check that connectors on harness between Control Bd. and Power Bd. are properly seated. 2. Possible faulty Control Board. 3. Possible faulty Power Board.	
The safety light does not go out.	 Check consumables - The safety light lights when an unsafe condition exists either at the torch or somewhere else within the system. Possible faulty Power board. Possible faulty Control board. 	

▲ CAUTION

Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual

POSSIBLE AREAS OF MISADJUSTMENTS(S) I. Press Purge button on the front of the Pro-Cut. If air does not flow, then: a. Reconnect Board may be faulty. b. The main gas solenoid assem-	
I. Press Purge button on the front of the Pro-Cut. If air does not flow, then: a. Reconnect Board may be faulty.	
the Pro-Cut. If air does not flow, then: a. Reconnect Board may be faulty.	
bly may be faulty. Check or replace. c. Possible faulty Control board. Remove the handles (or barrel) of the torch and examine all the connections. Pay attention to location of electrode lead mounting at back of torch head, broken trigger and solenoid leads. Check for proper trigger switch operation. Remove the torch cable assembly from the Pro Cut and test for continuity between 1 and 2 at the Group 4 Pin Connector.	If all recommended possible areas of misadjustment have been checked and the problem persists, Contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.
3.	Remove the handles (or barrel) of the torch and examine all the connections. Pay attention to location of electrode lead mounting at back of torch head, broken trigger and solenoid leads. Check for proper trigger switch operation. Remove the torch cable assembly from the Pro Cut and test for continuity between 1 and 2 at the Green 4 Pin Connector when the trigger switch is depressed and no continuity when the switch is not depressed. Replace the trigger switch or torch cable if defective.

▲ CAUTION

Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual

PROBLEMS	POSSIBLE AREAS OF	RECOMMENDED
(SYMPTOMS)	MISADJUSTMENTS(S)	COURSE OF ACTION
When the trigger is pulled air begins to flow, but there is no pilot arc after at least 3 seconds.	Check the torch consumables to be sure they are not dirty or greasy, and are in good shape. Replace the consumables if necessary.	
	Make sure the air pressure is set at 65 psi.	
	Make sure there are no kinks or restrictions for air flow in the torch cable. Replace cable as needed.	
	 If a slight thump cannot be felt in the torch when the trigger is pulled, check for loose connection in the torch head and solenoid assembly. 	
	5. Possible fault in Control board.	
The air begins to flow and there is a very brief arc that snaps out consistently with repeated trigger pulls.	Check the torch consumables to be sure they are in tight, not dirty or greasy and in good shape. Replace if necessary.	
	Make sure the air pressure is set at 65 psi.	If all recommended possible areas of misadjustment have been checked and the problem persists, Contact your local Lincoln Authorized
	3. Possible fault in Control board.	Field Service Facility.
The arc starts but sputters badly.	Check the torch consumables to be sure they are in tight, not dirty or greasy and in good shape. Replace if necessary.	
	 Check air supply for oil or a great deal of water. If there is oil or a great deal of water, the air must be filtered or the machine switched to nitrogen or bottled air. 	
	3. Make sure the air pressure is set at 65 psi.	

▲ CAUTION

Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual					
PROBLEMS	POSSIBLE AREAS OF	RECOMMENDED			
(SYMPTOMS)	MISADJUSTMENTS(S)	COURSE OF ACTION			
(SYMPTOMS) Pilot arc starts but will not transfer when brought near work.	MISADJUSTMENTS(S) 1. Check work lead connection for clean, secure connection. 2. Plasma will only cut conductive material. Do not attempt to cut fiberglass, plastic, rubber, PVC or any other non-conductive material. 3. Make sure work piece is clean and dry. Remove any scale, rust or dross. 4. Check all connections to Control board. 5. Possible faulty Control board.	If all recommended possible areas of misadjustment have been checked and the problem persists, Contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.			

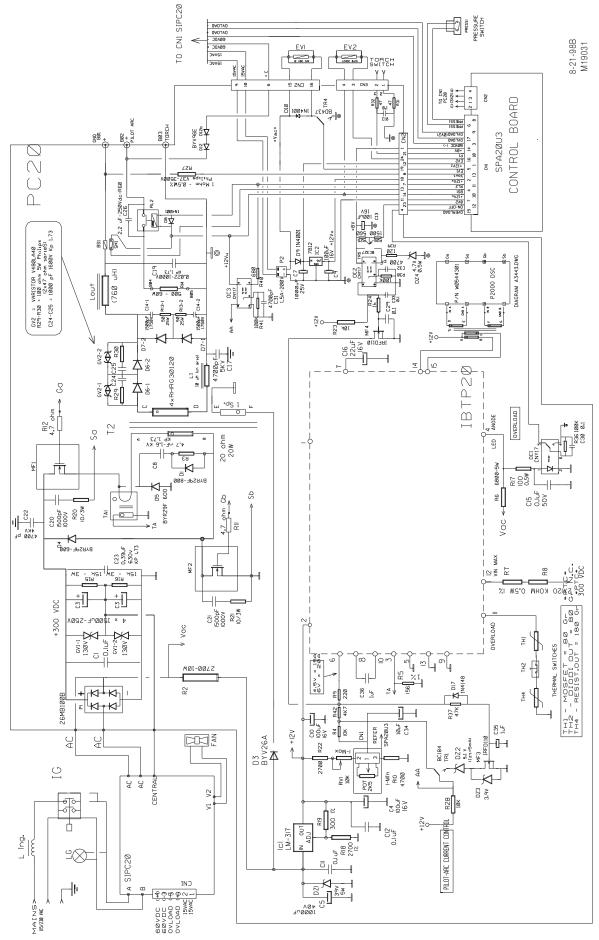
▲ CAUTION

Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual

STATUS BOARD INDICATORS

SYMPTOM	CHECK
The Air Low LED is lit	Make sure there is at least 80 psi connected to the gas connection at the back of the machine.
	Press the Purge button and set the regulator to 55 psi. The pressure may increase when air stops flowing but this is normal. Do not reset the pressure while the air is OFF.
	3. Possible faulty Pressure Switch.
	4. Possible faulty Control board.
The Safety LED is lit and steady	Turn the power OFF and then ON. If torch and consumables are properly installed, the Safety LED should turn off. Normal cutting or gouging can resume.
The Thermal LED is lit	The machine's thermostat has tripped due to exceeded duty cycle limits. Do NOT turn the power off. Allow the machine to cool for 15 - 30 minutes and the thermostat will reset itself.
	The machine's air louvers or fans are obstructed such that air cannot flow to properly cool the machine. Remove any foreign material that may block air flow. Blow the machine out with a clean, dry air stream.
	3. The input voltage is not within $\pm 10\%$ of rated values.
	4. Possible faulty Control board.





NOTE: This diagram is for reference only. It may not be accurate for all machines covered by this manual. The specific diagram for a particular code is pasted inside the machine on one of the enclosure panels. If the diagram is illegible, write to the Service Department for a replacement. Give the equipment code number...



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WARNING	Do not touch electrically live parts or electrode with skin or wet clothing. Insulate yourself from work and ground.	● Keep flammable materials away.	Wear eye, ear and body protection.
AVISO DE PRECAUCION	 No toque las partes o los electrodos bajo carga con la piel o ropa moja- da. Aislese del trabajo y de la tierra. 	 Mantenga el material combustible fuera del área de trabajo. 	 Protéjase los ojos, los oídos y el cuerpo.
ATTENTION	Ne laissez ni la peau ni des vête- ments mouillés entrer en contact avec des pièces sous tension. Isolez-vous du travail et de la terre.	Gardez à l'écart de tout matériel inflammable.	Protégez vos yeux, vos oreilles et votre corps.
WARNUNG	 Berühren Sie keine stromführenden Teile oder Elektroden mit Ihrem Körper oder feuchter Kleidung! Isolieren Sie sich von den Elektroden und dem Erdboden! 	Entfernen Sie brennbarres Material!	Tragen Sie Augen-, Ohren- und Kör- perschutz!
ATENÇÃO	 Não toque partes elétricas e electrodos com a pele ou roupa molhada. Isole-se da peça e terra. 	Mantenha inflamáveis bem guardados.	 Use proteção para a vista, ouvido e corpo.
注意事項	通電中の電気部品、又は溶材にヒ フやぬれた布で触れないこと。施工物やアースから身体が絶縁されている様にして下さい。	● 燃えやすいものの側での溶接作業は絶対にしてはなりません。	● 目、耳及び身体に保護具をして下 さい。
Chinese 整 生	● 皮肤或濕衣物切勿接觸帶電部件及 銲條。● 使你自己與地面和工件絶縁。	●把一切易燃物品移離工作場所。	●佩戴眼、耳及身體勞動保護用具。
Rorean 위험	● 전도체나 용접봉을 젖은 헝겁 또는 피부로 절대 접촉치 마십시요. ● 모재와 접지를 접촉치 마십시요.	●인화성 물질을 접근 시키지 마시요.	●눈, 귀와 몸에 보호장구를 착용하십시요.
Arabic	 ♦ لا تلمس الإجزاء التي يسري فيها التيار الكهرباني أو الإلكترود بجلد الجسم أو بالملابس المبللة بالماء. ♦ ضع عاز لا على جسمك خلال العمل. 	 ضع المواد القابلة للاشتعال في مكان بعيد. 	 ضع أدوات وملابس واقية على عينيك وأذنيك وجسمك.

READ AND UNDERSTAND THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTION FOR THIS EQUIPMENT AND THE CONSUMABLES TO BE USED AND FOLLOW YOUR EMPLOYER'S SAFETY PRACTICES.

SE RECOMIENDA LEER Y ENTENDER LAS INSTRUCCIONES DEL FABRICANTE PARA EL USO DE ESTE EQUIPO Y LOS CONSUMIBLES QUE VA A UTILIZAR, SIGA LAS MEDIDAS DE SEGURIDAD DE SU SUPERVISOR.

LISEZ ET COMPRENEZ LES INSTRUCTIONS DU FABRICANT EN CE QUI REGARDE CET EQUIPMENT ET LES PRODUITS A ETRE EMPLOYES ET SUIVEZ LES PROCEDURES DE SECURITE DE VOTRE EMPLOYEUR.

LESEN SIE UND BEFOLGEN SIE DIE BETRIEBSANLEITUNG DER ANLAGE UND DEN ELEKTRODENEINSATZ DES HERSTELLERS. DIE UNFALLVERHÜTUNGSVORSCHRIFTEN DES ARBEITGEBERS SIND EBENFALLS ZU BEACHTEN.

	*		
Keep your head out of fumes. Use ventilation or exhaust to remove fumes from breathing zone.	Turn power off before servicing.	Do not operate with panel open or guards off.	WARNING
 Los humos fuera de la zona de respiración. Mantenga la cabeza fuera de los humos. Utilice ventilación o aspiración para gases. 	Desconectar el cable de ali- mentación de poder de la máquina antes de iniciar cualquier servicio.	No operar con panel abierto o guardas quitadas.	AVISO DE PRECAUCION
 Gardez la tête à l'écart des fumées. Utilisez un ventilateur ou un aspirateur pour ôter les fumées des zones de travail. 	Débranchez le courant avant l'entre- tien.	 N'opérez pas avec les panneaux ouverts ou avec les dispositifs de protection enlevés. 	ATTENTION
Vermeiden Sie das Einatmen von Schweibrauch! Sorgen Sie für gute Be- und Entlüftung des Arbeitsplatzes!	Strom vor Wartungsarbeiten abschalten! (Netzstrom völlig öff- nen; Maschine anhalten!)	 Anlage nie ohne Schutzgehäuse oder Innenschutzverkleidung in Betrieb setzen! 	WARNUNG
 Mantenha seu rosto da fumaça. Use ventilação e exhaustão para remover fumo da zona respiratória. 	 Não opere com as tampas removidas. Desligue a corrente antes de fazer serviço. Não toque as partes elétricas nuas. 	Mantenha-se afastado das partes moventes. Não opere com os paineis abertos ou guardas removidas.	ATENÇÃO
ヒュームから頭を離すようにして下さい。換気や排煙に十分留意して下さい。	■ メンテナンス・サービスに取りかかる際には、まず電源スイッチを必ず切って下さい。	● パネルやカバーを取り外したまま で機械操作をしないで下さい。	注意事項
●頭部遠離煙霧。 ●在呼吸區使用通風或排風器除煙。	●維修前切斷電源。	●儀表板打開或沒有安全罩時不準作 業。	Chinese
● 얼굴로부터 용접가스를 멀리하십시요. ● 호흡지역으로부터 용접가스를 제거하기 위해 가스제거기나 통풍기를 사용하십시요.	● 보수전에 전원을 차단하십시요.	● 판넬이 열린 상태로 작동치 마십시요.	Rorean 위 험
 • ابعد رأسك بعيداً عن الدخان. • استعمل التهوية أو جهاز ضغط الدخان للخارج لكي تبعد الدخان عن المنطقة التي تتنفس فيها. 	 ● اقطع التيار الكهربائي قبل القيام بأية صياتة. 	 ◄ لا تشغل هذا الجهاز اذا كانت الاغطية الحديدية الواقية ليست عليه. 	تحذير

LEIA E COMPREENDA AS INSTRUÇÕES DO FABRICANTE PARA ESTE EQUIPAMENTO E AS PARTES DE USO, E SIGA AS PRÁTICAS DE SEGURANÇA DO EMPREGADOR.

使う機械や溶材のメーカーの指示書をよく読み、まず理解して下さい。そして貴社の安全規定に従って下さい。

請詳細閱讀並理解製造廠提供的説明以及應該使用的銀捍材料,並請遵守貴方的有関勞動保護規定。

이 제폼에 동봉된 작업지침서를 숙지하시고 귀시의 작업자 안전수칙을 준수하시기 바랍니다.

اقرأ بتمعن وافهم تعليمات المصنع المنتج لهذه المعدات والمواد قبل استعمالها واتبع تعليمات الوقاية لصاحب العمل.

