

LN-15 WIRE FEEDER

For use with machines having Code Number 10864



This manual covers equipment which is no longer in production by The Lincoln Electric Co. Specifications and availability of optional features may have changed.

Safety Depends on You

Lincoln arc welding and cutting equipment is designed and built with safety in mind. However, your overall safety can be increased by proper installation ... and thoughtful operation on your part. **DO NOT INSTALL, OPERATE OR REPAIR THIS EQUIPMENT WITHOUT READING THIS MANUAL AND THE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS CONTAINED THROUGHOUT.** And, most importantly, think before you act and be careful.



Date of Purchase: _____

Serial Number: _____

Code Number: _____

Model: _____

Where Purchased: _____

OPERATOR'S MANUAL



LINCOLN[®]
ELECTRIC

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• World's Leader in Welding and Cutting Products •

• Sales and Service through Subsidiaries and Distributors Worldwide •

Cleveland, Ohio 44117-1199 U.S.A. TEL: 216.481.8100 FAX: 216.486.1751 WEB SITE: www.lincolnelectric.com

⚠ WARNING



CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 WARNINGS



Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.

The Above For Diesel Engines

The engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

The Above For Gasoline Engines

ARC WELDING CAN BE HAZARDOUS. PROTECT YOURSELF AND OTHERS FROM POSSIBLE SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH. KEEP CHILDREN AWAY. PACEMAKER WEARERS SHOULD CONSULT WITH THEIR DOCTOR BEFORE OPERATING.

Read and understand the following safety highlights. For additional safety information, it is strongly recommended that you purchase a copy of "Safety in Welding & Cutting - ANSI Standard Z49.1" from the American Welding Society, P.O. Box 351040, Miami, Florida 33135 or CSA Standard W117.2-1974. A Free copy of "Arc Welding Safety" booklet E205 is available from the Lincoln Electric Company, 22801 St. Clair Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio 44117-1199.

BE SURE THAT ALL INSTALLATION, OPERATION, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR PROCEDURES ARE PERFORMED ONLY BY QUALIFIED INDIVIDUALS.



FOR ENGINE powered equipment.

1.a. Turn the engine off before troubleshooting and maintenance work unless the maintenance work requires it to be running.



1.b. Operate engines in open, well-ventilated areas or vent the engine exhaust fumes outdoors.



1.c. Do not add the fuel near an open flame welding arc or when the engine is running. Stop the engine and allow it to cool before refueling to prevent spilled fuel from vaporizing on contact with hot engine parts and igniting. Do not spill fuel when filling tank. If fuel is spilled, wipe it up and do not start engine until fumes have been eliminated.

1.d. Keep all equipment safety guards, covers and devices in position and in good repair. Keep hands, hair, clothing and tools away from V-belts, gears, fans and all other moving parts when starting, operating or repairing equipment.

1.e. In some cases it may be necessary to remove safety guards to perform required maintenance. Remove guards only when necessary and replace them when the maintenance requiring their removal is complete. Always use the greatest care when working near moving parts.



1.f. Do not put your hands near the engine fan. Do not attempt to override the governor or idler by pushing on the throttle control rods while the engine is running.

1.g. To prevent accidentally starting gasoline engines while turning the engine or welding generator during maintenance work, disconnect the spark plug wires, distributor cap or magneto wire as appropriate.



1.h. To avoid scalding, do not remove the radiator pressure cap when the engine is hot.



ELECTRIC AND MAGNETIC FIELDS may be dangerous

2.a. Electric current flowing through any conductor causes localized Electric and Magnetic Fields (EMF). Welding current creates EMF fields around welding cables and welding machines

2.b. EMF fields may interfere with some pacemakers, and welders having a pacemaker should consult their physician before welding.

2.c. Exposure to EMF fields in welding may have other health effects which are now not known.

2.d. All welders should use the following procedures in order to minimize exposure to EMF fields from the welding circuit:

2.d.1. Route the electrode and work cables together - Secure them with tape when possible.

2.d.2. Never coil the electrode lead around your body.

2.d.3. Do not place your body between the electrode and work cables. If the electrode cable is on your right side, the work cable should also be on your right side.

2.d.4. Connect the work cable to the workpiece as close as possible to the area being welded.

2.d.5. Do not work next to welding power source.

Mar '95



ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

- 3.a. The electrode and work (or ground) circuits are electrically "hot" when the welder is on. Do not touch these "hot" parts with your bare skin or wet clothing. Wear dry, hole-free gloves to insulate hands.
- 3.b. Insulate yourself from work and ground using dry insulation. Make certain the insulation is large enough to cover your full area of physical contact with work and ground.
- In addition to the normal safety precautions, if welding must be performed under electrically hazardous conditions (in damp locations or while wearing wet clothing; on metal structures such as floors, gratings or scaffolds; when in cramped positions such as sitting, kneeling or lying, if there is a high risk of unavoidable or accidental contact with the workpiece or ground) use the following equipment:**
- Semiautomatic DC Constant Voltage (Wire) Welder.
 - DC Manual (Stick) Welder.
 - AC Welder with Reduced Voltage Control.
- 3.c. In semiautomatic or automatic wire welding, the electrode, electrode reel, welding head, nozzle or semiautomatic welding gun are also electrically "hot".
- 3.d. Always be sure the work cable makes a good electrical connection with the metal being welded. The connection should be as close as possible to the area being welded.
- 3.e. Ground the work or metal to be welded to a good electrical (earth) ground.
- 3.f. Maintain the electrode holder, work clamp, welding cable and welding machine in good, safe operating condition. Replace damaged insulation.
- 3.g. Never dip the electrode in water for cooling.
- 3.h. Never simultaneously touch electrically "hot" parts of electrode holders connected to two welders because voltage between the two can be the total of the open circuit voltage of both welders.
- 3.i. When working above floor level, use a safety belt to protect yourself from a fall should you get a shock.
- 3.j. Also see Items 6.c. and 8.



ARC RAYS can burn.

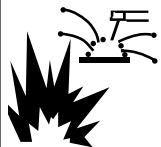
- 4.a. Use a shield with the proper filter and cover plates to protect your eyes from sparks and the rays of the arc when welding or observing open arc welding. Headshield and filter lens should conform to ANSI Z87.1 standards.
- 4.b. Use suitable clothing made from durable flame-resistant material to protect your skin and that of your helpers from the arc rays.
- 4.c. Protect other nearby personnel with suitable, non-flammable screening and/or warn them not to watch the arc nor expose themselves to the arc rays or to hot spatter or metal.



FUMES AND GASES can be dangerous.

- 5.a. Welding may produce fumes and gases hazardous to health. Avoid breathing these fumes and gases. When welding, keep your head out of the fume. Use enough ventilation and/or exhaust at the arc to keep fumes and gases away from the breathing zone. **When welding with electrodes which require special ventilation such as stainless or hard facing (see instructions on container or MSDS) or on lead or cadmium plated steel and other metals or coatings which produce highly toxic fumes, keep exposure as low as possible and below Threshold Limit Values (TLV) using local exhaust or mechanical ventilation. In confined spaces or in some circumstances, outdoors, a respirator may be required. Additional precautions are also required when welding on galvanized steel.**
- 5.b. Do not weld in locations near chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors coming from degreasing, cleaning or spraying operations. The heat and rays of the arc can react with solvent vapors to form phosgene, a highly toxic gas, and other irritating products.
- 5.c. Shielding gases used for arc welding can displace air and cause injury or death. Always use enough ventilation, especially in confined areas, to insure breathing air is safe.
- 5.d. Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions for this equipment and the consumables to be used, including the material safety data sheet (MSDS) and follow your employer's safety practices. MSDS forms are available from your welding distributor or from the manufacturer.
- 5.e. Also see item 1.b.

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WELDING SPARKS can cause fire or explosion.

6.a. Remove fire hazards from the welding area. If this is not possible, cover them to prevent the welding sparks from starting a fire. Remember that welding sparks and hot

materials from welding can easily go through small cracks and openings to adjacent areas. Avoid welding near hydraulic lines. Have a fire extinguisher readily available.

6.b. Where compressed gases are to be used at the job site, special precautions should be used to prevent hazardous situations. Refer to "Safety in Welding and Cutting" (ANSI Standard Z49.1) and the operating information for the equipment being used.

6.c. When not welding, make certain no part of the electrode circuit is touching the work or ground. Accidental contact can cause overheating and create a fire hazard.

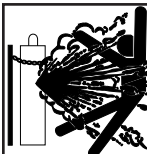
6.d. Do not heat, cut or weld tanks, drums or containers until the proper steps have been taken to insure that such procedures will not cause flammable or toxic vapors from substances inside. They can cause an explosion even though they have been "cleaned". For information, purchase "Recommended Safe Practices for the Preparation for Welding and Cutting of Containers and Piping That Have Held Hazardous Substances", AWS F4.1 from the American Welding Society (see address above).

6.e. Vent hollow castings or containers before heating, cutting or welding. They may explode.

6.f. Sparks and spatter are thrown from the welding arc. Wear oil free protective garments such as leather gloves, heavy shirt, cuffless trousers, high shoes and a cap over your hair. Wear ear plugs when welding out of position or in confined places. Always wear safety glasses with side shields when in a welding area.

6.g. Connect the work cable to the work as close to the welding area as practical. Work cables connected to the building framework or other locations away from the welding area increase the possibility of the welding current passing through lifting chains, crane cables or other alternate circuits. This can create fire hazards or overheat lifting chains or cables until they fail.

6.h. Also see item 1.c.



CYLINDER may explode if damaged.

7.a. Use only compressed gas cylinders containing the correct shielding gas for the process used and properly operating regulators designed for the gas and pressure used. All hoses, fittings, etc. should be suitable for the application and maintained in good condition.

7.b. Always keep cylinders in an upright position securely chained to an undercarriage or fixed support.

7.c. Cylinders should be located:

- Away from areas where they may be struck or subjected to physical damage.

- A safe distance from arc welding or cutting operations and any other source of heat, sparks, or flame.

7.d. Never allow the electrode, electrode holder or any other electrically "hot" parts to touch a cylinder.

7.e. Keep your head and face away from the cylinder valve outlet when opening the cylinder valve.

7.f. Valve protection caps should always be in place and hand tight except when the cylinder is in use or connected for use.

7.g. Read and follow the instructions on compressed gas cylinders, associated equipment, and CGA publication P-1, "Precautions for Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Cylinders," available from the Compressed Gas Association 1235 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, VA 22202.



FOR ELECTRICALLY powered equipment.

8.a. Turn off input power using the disconnect switch at the fuse box before working on the equipment.

8.b. Install equipment in accordance with the U.S. National Electrical Code, all local codes and the manufacturer's recommendations.

8.c. Ground the equipment in accordance with the U.S. National Electrical Code and the manufacturer's recommendations.

Mar '95

Thank You

for selecting a **QUALITY** product by Lincoln Electric. We want you to take pride in operating this Lincoln Electric Company product
... as much pride as we have in bringing this product to you!

Please Examine Carton and Equipment For Damage Immediately

When this equipment is shipped, title passes to the purchaser upon receipt by the carrier. Consequently, Claims for material damaged in shipment must be made by the purchaser against the transportation company at the time the shipment is received.

Please record your equipment identification information below for future reference. This information can be found on your machine nameplate.

Model Name & Number _____

Code & Serial Number _____

Date of Purchase _____

Whenever you request replacement parts for or information on this equipment always supply the information you have recorded above.

Read this Operators Manual completely before attempting to use this equipment. Save this manual and keep it handy for quick reference. Pay particular attention to the safety instructions we have provided for your protection. The level of seriousness to be applied to each is explained below:

WARNING

This statement appears where the information **must** be followed **exactly** to avoid **serious personal injury** or **loss of life**.

CAUTION

This statement appears where the information **must** be followed to avoid **minor personal injury** or **damage to this equipment**.

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TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS – LN-15 K1870-1 (CODE NUMBER 10864)

INPUT VOLTAGE				
15-110 VDC (110VDC 5Amps Maximum) Across the Arc Model				
RATED CURRENT				
300 Amps 60% Duty Cycle				
250 Amps 100% Duty Cycle				
ELECTRODE DIAMETERS and SPEED RANGE				
		Electrode Size	Speed Range	
	Solid Electrode Steel	0.023 - 0.052" (0.6 - 1.3 mm)	50 - 700 in/min (1.3 - 17.8 m/min)	
	Flux Cored Electrode	0.045 - 0.052" (1.2 - 1.3 mm)	50 - 700 in/min (1.3 - 17.8 m/min)	
PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS				
HEIGHT	WIDTH	DEPTH	WEIGHT	SPOOL SIZE CAPABILITY
12.7 Inches (323 mm)	8.7 Inches (221mm)	23 Inches (584 mm)	30lbs (14kg)	8 (200mm) Dia. x 4 (100mm) Wide Spools including AWS 8 DIA. (10-15lbs) JIS S-3 200mm max. (5 - 7 kg) DIN 200 (5 kg)
TEMPERATURE RANGE				
OPERATION:		- 40° C to +50° C (- 40° F to +104° F)		
STORAGE:		- 40° C to +70° C (- 40° F to +185° F)		

LN-15 ACROSS THE ARC MODEL



SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

WARNING

ELECTRIC SHOCK CAN KILL.



- ONLY QUALIFIED PERSONNEL SHOULD PERFORM THIS INSTALLATION.
- TURN OFF INPUT POWER TO THE POWER SOURCE AT THE DISCONNECT SWITCH OR FUSE BOX BEFORE WORKING ON THIS EQUIPMENT. TURN OFF THE INPUT POWER

TO ANY OTHER EQUIPMENT CONNECTED TO THE WELDING SYSTEM AT THE DISCONNECT SWITCH OR FUSE BOX BEFORE WORKING ON THE EQUIPMENT.

- DO NOT TOUCH ELECTRICALLY HOT PARTS.
- DO NOT TOUCH METAL PORTIONS OF THE LN-15 WORK LEAD CLIP WHEN THE WELDING POWER SOURCE IS ON.
- DO NOT CONNECT THE LN-15 TO A NON-LINCOLN TIG POWER SOURCE, A SQUARE WAVE TIG POWER SOURCE, OR A PLASMA CUTTING POWER SOURCE.

LOCATION

The LN-15 should be positioned upright on a horizontal surface. Do not submerge the LN-15 in water. The best practice is to keep the machine in a dry environment. When using the LN-15 in severe weather conditions, place the LN-15 on its side with the door facing upwards. Keep the door closed.

WORK CLIP LEAD

WARNING

ELECTRIC SHOCK CAN KILL.



- ONLY QUALIFIED PERSONNEL SHOULD PERFORM THIS INSTALLATION.

- DO NOT TOUCH METAL PORTIONS OF THE LN-15 WORK CLIP LEAD WHEN THE WELDING POWER SOURCE IS ON. THE WORK CLIP LEAD IS ELECTRICALLY "HOT"

TO WORK IF THE INPUT ELECTRODE CABLE TO THE LN-15 IS ELECTRICALLY "HOT", EVEN IF THE GUN TRIGGER IS OFF. CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN TO ONLY HANDLE THE LN-15 WORK CLIP LEAD BY ITS NONMETAL INSULATED PORTIONS AND/OR THE WELDING POWER SOURCE SHOULD BE TURNED OFF BEFORE HANDLING THE WORK CLIP.

- DO NOT ATTACH THE WORK CLIP LEAD TO THE ROLL CAGE OR SKIDS OF THE LN-15.

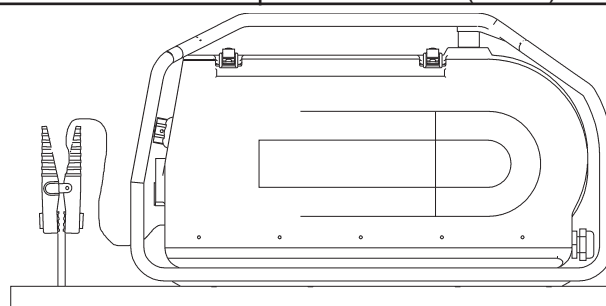
** The work clip lead is present only on Across-the-Arc models.

The work clip lead attached to the front of the LN-15 must be connected directly to the work using the spring clip on the end of the lead.

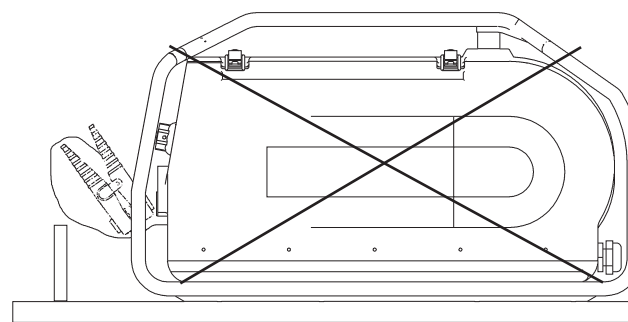
If the work clip lead is not connected, the LN-15 will not operate.

The work clip lead also serves as a work sensing lead for the LN-15. If the work clip lead is extended by the user beyond the standard 15' (4.6m) length, the volt-meter reading will be lower than the actual arc volts due to resistance in the extended lead. To minimize the error, the following lead size is recommended for the maximum extended lengths shown.

AWG	Max. Length
#14	25 ft (7.6m)
#12	50 ft (15.2m)
#10	100 ft (30.5m)
#6	200 ft (61.0m)



CORRECT WORK CLIP ATTACHED TO WORK



INCORRECT WORK CLIP ATTACHED TO ROLL CAGE

HIGH FREQUENCY PROTECTION

CAUTION

- TO PREVENT POSSIBLE DAMAGE TO THE LN-15, DO NOT CONNECT THE LN-15 TO NON-LINCOLN TIG OR SQUARE WAVE POWER SOURCES. TIG HIGH FREQUENCY SHOULD NEVER BE APPLIED TO THE LN-15.

Locate the LN-15 away from radio controlled machinery. The normal operation of the LN-15 may adversely affect the operation of RF controlled equipment, which may result in bodily injury or damage to the equipment total.

LN-15 ACROSS THE ARC MODEL



WELD CABLE CONNECTIONS**ELECTRIC SHOCK CAN KILL.****⚠ WARNING**

- ONLY A QUALIFIED ELECTRICIAN SHOULD CONNECT THE ELECTRODE LEADS TO THE LN-15. CONNECTIONS SHOULD BE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL LOCAL AND NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODES. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY RESULT IN BODILY INJURY OR DEATH.

The size of the electrode cable and work cable must be sufficient for the maximum weld current and total cable length used.

To avoid interference problems with other equipment and to achieve the best possible operation, route all cables directly to the work or wire feeder. Avoid excessive lengths and do not coil excess cable. Be sure the connection to the work makes tight metal-to-metal electrical contact. (See Table A.1)

TABLE A.1

Weld Current 60% Duty Cycle	Total Cable Length (electrode cable + work cable)			
	50 - 100' (15-30 m)	100 - 150' (30 - 46m)	150 - 200' (46 - 61m)	200 - 250' (61m - 76m)
200 Amps	2 AWG	2 AWG	1 AWG	1/0
300 Amps	1 AWG	1 AWG	1/0	2/0
400 Amps	2/0	2/0	3/0	3/0

ELECTRODE CONNECTION

Route the electrode cable through the strain relief in the rear of the case. Connect the electrode cable to the LN-15 input stud using the mounting hardware provided. Secure the cable by tightening the strain relief.

All units are supplied with an optional pigtail for customers that prefer to make a taped and bolted connection externally.

WORK CONNECTION

Connect a work lead of sufficient size between the proper output stud on the power source and the work. Be sure the connection to the work makes tight metal to metal electrical contact. Poor work lead connections can result in poor welding performance.

POWER SOURCE CONNECTION

The LN-15 can be used with any DC welding power source. A constant voltage power source is recommended; however, the LN-15 can also be used with a constant current power source as long as the open circuit voltage is less than 110VDC.

⚠ CAUTION

TO PREVENT POSSIBLE DAMAGE TO THE LN-15, DO NOT CONNECT THE LN-15 TO NON-LINCOLN TIG OR SQUARE WAVE POWER SOURCES. TIG HIGH FREQUENCY SHOULD NEVER BE APPLIED TO THE LN-15.

GUN AND CABLE ASSEMBLIES

A variety of Lincoln 10' (3.0m) or 15' (4.6m) gun and cable assemblies are available for use with the LN-15, including the Magnum™ models for GMAW, K126 or K115 models for Innershield®.

The LN-15 comes factory equipped with a K1500-2 gun connection kit, designed for guns having a Tweco™ #2-#4 connector. Many other guns can easily be used with the LN-15 with other K1500 series gun connection kits.

Gun Cable Connection to the Feeder

Lay the cable out straight. Insert the connector on the welding conductor cable into the brass bushing on the front of the wire drive unit. Keep the all mating surfaces clean. Make sure it is fully seated and tighten the thumb screw.

Connect the control cable plug into the 5 pin receptacle on the front panel of the wire feeder.

ELECTRODE POLARITY

The LN-15 automatically adjusts for positive and negative polarity. When welding with negative polarity procedures, the voltmeter will display a "-" sign; example "-23.6" Volts.

CONTROL CABLE CONNECTIONS

Across the Arc LN-15 models do not use a control cable.

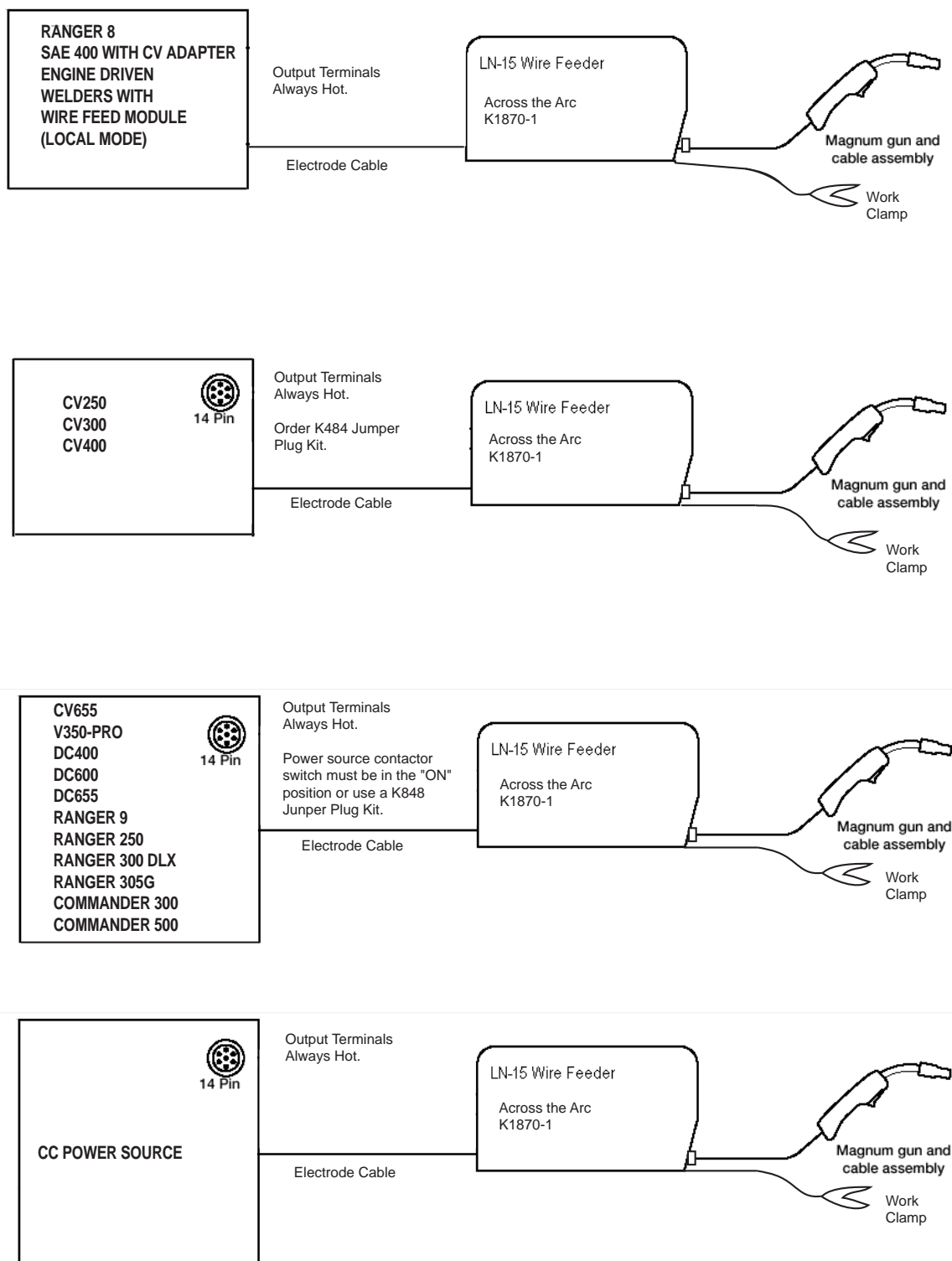
Table A.2 Trigger Connector J1 (5 Pin)

PIN	Lead #	Function
A	556	Trigger
B	-	Not used
C	554	Trigger/ 83% Procedure ground
D	555	83% Procedure
E	554	Trigger/ 83% Procedure ground

CONNECTION DIAGRAM, ACROSS THE ARC MODEL Set-Up (See Figure A.1)

Typically used for general fabrication, maintenance and repair jobs because it's easy to set up and operate.
Requires only one cable-less to carry. Contactor standard on Across The Arc Model.

FIGURE A.1



Although a constant voltage (CV) power source is recommended for best results with Innershield® and gas metal arc (GMAW) open arc welding, satisfactory general purpose welding may be obtained using the LN-15 with a constant current (CC) power source for noncritical commercial quality mild steel welding applications.

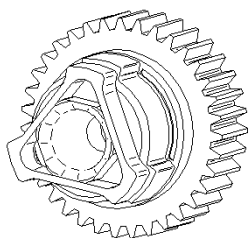
PROCEDURE TO INSTALL DRIVE ROLLS AND WIRE GUIDES

⚠ WARNING

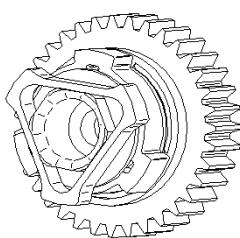


- Turn off input power at the welding power source before installation or changing drive roll and/or wire guides.
- Do not touch electrically live parts such as the wire drive or internal wiring.
- When feeding with the gun trigger, the electrode and wire drive mechanism are "hot" to work and ground and could remain energized several seconds after the gun trigger is released.
- Only qualified personnel should perform this operation.

1. Turn OFF the welding power source.
2. Open the LN-15 case and then release the idle roll pressure arm.
3. Remove the outer wire guide by turning the knurled thumbscrews counter-clockwise to unscrew them from the feed plate.
4. Rotate the triangular shaped drive roll retaining mechanism to unlock the drive rolls and remove the drive rolls.



**UNLOCKED
POSITION**



**LOCKED
POSITION**

5. Remove the inner wire guide.
6. Insert the new inner wire guide, groove side out, over the two locating pins in the feed plate.
7. Install a drive roll on each hub assembly and lock by rotating the triangular drive roll retaining mechanism.
8. Install the outer wire guide by aligning it with the pins and tightening the knurled thumbscrews.
9. Close the idle arm and engage the idle roll pressure arm. Adjust the pressure appropriately.

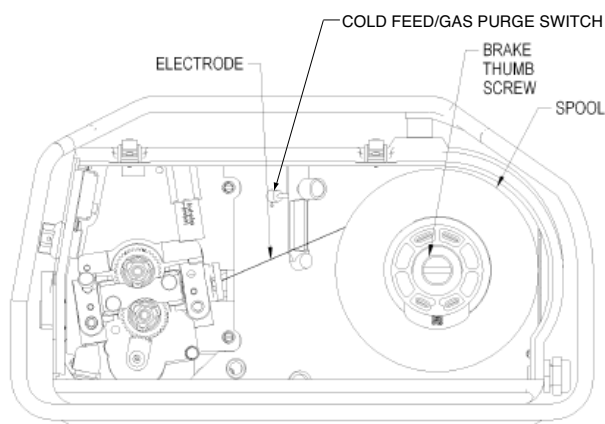
FEEDING WIRE ELECTRODE

⚠ WARNING

• ELECTRIC SHOCK CAN KILL.



- When feeding electrode with the gun trigger, the electrode and wire drive mechanism are always "hot" to work and ground and could remain "hot" several seconds after the gun trigger is released.



1. Turn the reel or spool until the free end of the electrode is accessible.
2. While tightly holding the electrode, cut off the bent end and straighten the first 6" (15 cm). Cut off the first 1" (2.5 cm). If the electrode is not properly straightened, it may not feed or may jam.
3. Insert the free end through the incoming guide bushing.
4. Press the Cold Feed switch and push the electrode into the drive roll.
5. Feed the electrode through the gun.
6. Adjust the brake tension with the thumbscrew on the spindle hub, until the reel turns freely but with little or no overrun when the wire feeding stops. Do not overtighten.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

READ AND UNDERSTAND ENTIRE SECTION BEFORE OPERATING MACHINE.

WARNING



- **ELECTRIC SHOCK CAN KILL.** Unless using COLD FEED feature, when feeding with gun trigger, the electrode and drive mechanism are always electrically energized and could remain energized several seconds after the welding ceases..

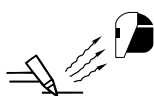
- Do not attach the work clip to the roll cage or bottom skids. The work clip is energized any time the output of the welding power source is "ON", even when the feeder is not welding.
- Do not touch electrically live part or electrode with skin or wet clothing.
- Insulate yourself from work and ground.
- Always wear dry insulating gloves.
- The serviceability of a product or structure utilizing the LN-15 wire feeder is and must be the sole responsibility of the builder/user. Many variables beyond the control of The Lincoln Electric Company affect the results obtained in using the LN-15 wire feeder. These variables include, but are not limited to, welding procedure, plate chemistry and temperature, weldment design, fabrication methods and service requirements. The available range of the LN-15 wire feeder may not be suitable for all applications, and the builder/user is and must be solely responsible for welding settings.



- **FUMES AND GASSES** can be dangerous.
- Keep your head out of fumes.
- Use ventilation or exhaust to remove fumes from breathing zone.



- **WELDING SPARKS** can cause fire or explosion.
- Keep flammable material away.



- **ARC RAYS** can burn.
- Wear eye, ear and body protection.

SEE ADDITIONAL WARNING INFORMATION UNDER ARC WELDING SAFETY PRECAUTIONS AND IN THE FRONT OF THIS OPERATING MANUAL.

GRAPHIC SYMBOLS THAT APPEAR ON THIS MACHINE OR IN THIS MANUAL



INPUT POWER



ON



OFF



WIRE FEEDER



POSITIVE OUTPUT



NEGATIVE OUTPUT



INPUT POWER



DIRECT CURRENT

U_0

OPEN CIRCUIT VOLTAGE

U_1

INPUT VOLTAGE

U_2

OUTPUT VOLTAGE

I_1

INPUT CURRENT

I_2

OUTPUT CURRENT



PROTECTIVE GROUND



WARNING OR CAUTION

LN-15 ACROSS THE ARC MODEL

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The LN-15 is a light weight, portable, durable semi-automatic wire feeder.

The LN-15 accommodates spools 8" (200mm) diameter up to 4" (100mm) wide.

The feeder comes factory equipped with a K1500-2 Tweco style #2-#4 gun bushing. Other K1500 series gun bushings are available as field installed options.

The "dual procedure" mode drops the WFS 83% from the original set point. The voltage setting remains the same.

The Across the Arc Model is capable of operating with Lincoln DC power sources supplying between 15VDC and 110 VDC. Simply attach the work clip and then connect the LN-15 to the electrode cable and it is ready to weld.

An internal contactor in Across the Arc Models energizes the electrode output in response to the gun trigger.

- Burn-back is adjustable from 0.0 to 0.25 seconds, with a default of 0.0 seconds.
- The preflow time is adjustable from 0.00 to 2.50 seconds, with a default of 0.0 seconds.
- The postflow time is adjustable from 0.0 to 10.0 seconds, with a default setting of 0.0 seconds.

DUTY CYCLE

The LN-15 wire feeders are intended for semi-automatic use. The maximum rating of the LN-15 is based upon a 60% duty cycle; welding 6 minutes of welding followed by 4 minutes of idling within a 10 minute period.

RECOMMENDED PROCESSES

The LN-15 wire drive feeds electrode for various processes as follows:(See Table B.1)

The Across the Arc Model is suitable for GMAW and FCAW semi-automatic applications within the rated duty cycle.

PROCESS LIMITATIONS

- The across the arc model is not recommended for GMAW-STT, SAW, SMAW, GTAW or CAG.
- The LN-15 does not support 4 step trigger operation.

OPERATIONAL FEATURES AND CONTROLS

- Built in flow meter for adjusting shielding gas.
- Cold Feed/Gas Purge switch.
- Digital wire feed speed control.
- Digital display of welding voltage.
- Adjustable preflow and postflow times
- Adjustable burnback times.

TABLE B.1

Process	Wire Diameter Range	Wire Feed Speed Range
GMAW	0.023 - 0.052" (0.6 - 1.3 mm)	50 - 700 ipm (1.3 - 17.8 m/minute)
FCAW- Gas Shielded	0.035 - 0.052" (1.2 - 1.3 mm)	50 - 700 ipm (1.3 - 17.8 m/minute)
FCAW- Gas Shielded	1/16 - 5/64" (1.6 - 2.0 mm)	50 - 400 ipm (1.3 - 10.2 m/minute)
FCAW- Self Shielded	0.035 - 0.052" (1.2 - 1.3 mm)	50 - 700 ipm (1.3 - 17.8 m/minute)
FCAW- Self Shielded	1/16 - 5/64" (1.6 - 2.0 mm)	50 - 400 ipm (1.3 - 10.2 m/minute)

LN-15 ACROSS THE ARC MODEL



CASE FRONT CONTROLS (See Figure B.1) ACROSS THE ARC MODEL

1. WIRE FEED SPEED DISPLAY-The Wire Feed Speed display shows the rate the LN-15 will feed electrode during welding. The wire feed speed is calibrated to within $\pm 2\%$.

2. VOLTAGE DISPLAY-The voltage display shows the average arc voltage during the welding. The average voltage will continue to be shown for 5 seconds after the end of the weld. When not welding, the display is "- - -". The voltage is calibrated to $\pm 2\%$ over a range of 10 to 45 volts.

A minus sign "-" will appear when welding with electrode negative welding procedures.

3. WIRE FEED SPEED KNOB-The Wire Feed Speed knob is a 3-1/2 turn potentiometer that adjusts of the rate of feeding electrode.

4. TRIGGER CONNECTOR-5 Pin Receptacle is used to activate the Magnum Gun Switch.

5. CONNECTOR BUSHING-This connection is for welding conductor cable assembly.

6. WORK CLIP LEAD-This lead must be connected directly to the work using the spring clip.

DUAL PROCEDURE

The LN-15 supports a special "dual procedure" mode. When activated, the wire feed speed is reduced to 83% of the set value, but no less than 50 inches/minute (1.27 m/min).

A Magnum 400 DP gun or equivalent is required to activate the 83% dual procedure mode.

FIGURE B.1



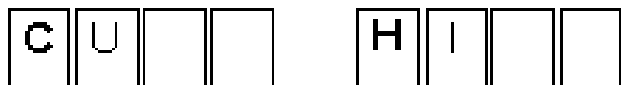
LN-15 ACROSS THE ARC MODEL



LN-15 POWER-UP SEQUENCE

Normal Power-Up Display

When power is first applied to the LN-15, the display will momentarily show set-up information. For example, it may show "CV" and "HI", indicating operation from a CV power source and the wire drive is configured for the high speed gear. Because of limitations in the display, "CV" will appear as "CU".



After a brief moment, the LN-15 will then display the WFS and "---". No voltage is displayed until the trigger is pressed.

3 5 0 - - - -

Preflow, Postflow and Burnback Times

Preflow, Postflow and Burnback times are all adjustable on the LN-15. The LN-15 is factory set with all the times set to 0.0 seconds.

- The burnback time is adjustable from 0.00 to 0.25 seconds.
- The preflow time is adjustable from 0.0 to 2.50 seconds.
- The postflow time is adjustable from 0.0 to 10.0 seconds.

Changing Preflow, Postflow or Burnback times:

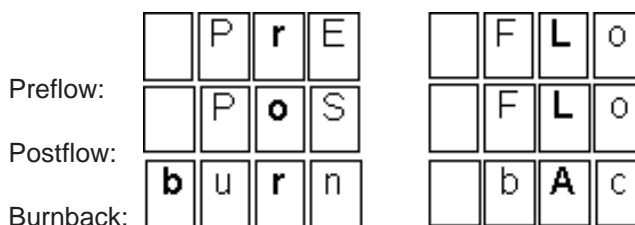
1. Enter the "Press Spin" Set-Up Mode:

While the power to the LN-15 is off, activate and hold the GAS PURGE switch (Down Position). Turn on power to the LN-15, and continue to hold the GAS PURGE switch until the LN-15 displays "Press spin". Release the GAS PURGE switch.



The LN-15 is now in the "Press Spin" set-up mode. If after 15 seconds no other action is taken, the LN-15 will then revert to normal operation.

2. Rotate the WFS knob until the desired timer is displayed.



3. Activate and then release the GAS PURGE switch to select the timer. The time will then display in the



right hand side of the display. Example:

4. Rotate the WFS knob to adjust the time to the new setting.



5. Press the GAS PURGE switch again to save the setting. The LN-15 will then return to the original "Press Spin" mode in step 1.

6. To exit the "Press Spin" set-up mode, turn off power to the LN-15, or simply wait 15 seconds and the LN-15 will enter normal operation.

Welding Mode CV/CC mode and WFS units

The CV/CC mode and WFS units are all readily changed during the power-up sequence. The LN-15 is factory set for "CV" welding power sources and "inches per minute" for the wire feed speed units.

- The CV/CC mode is selectable for either CV for Constant Voltage power sources and CC for Constant Current power sources. Use CV power sources whenever possible for best results.
- The WFS units is selectable for either in/min and m/min.

Changing the CV/CC mode, or WFS units:

1. Enter the "Press Spin" Set-Up Mode:

While the power to the LN-15 is off, activate and hold the GAS PURGE switch (Down Position). Turn on power to the LN-15, and continue to hold the GAS PURGE switch until the LN-15 displays "Press spin". Release the GAS PURGE switch.



The LN-15 is now in the "Press Spin" set-up mode. If after 15 seconds no other action is taken, the LN-15 will then revert to normal operation.

Rotate the WFS knob until the desired parameter is displayed.

CV/CC Mode:

		C	U
--	--	---	---

		C	C
--	--	---	---

WFS Units:

		U	S
--	--	---	---

	E	u	r
--	---	---	---

2. Activate and release the GAS PURGE switch to select the parameter. The present value will then display in the right hand side of the display.
Example:

	U	S	E
--	---	---	---

		U	S
--	--	---	---

3. Rotate the WFS knob to change the parameter setting.



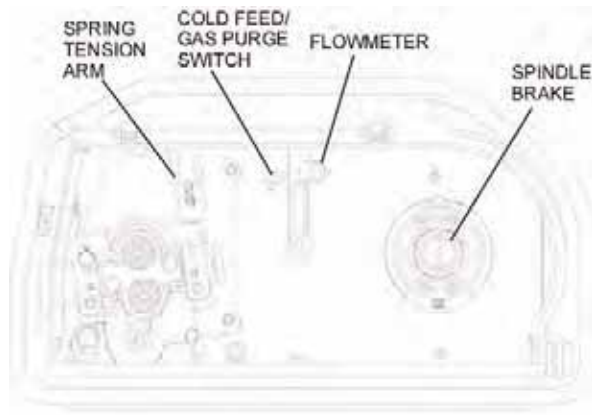
CV/CC Mode:

- "CU" for Constant Voltage power sources
- "CC" for Constant Current power sources

WFS Units:

- "US" for in/min
- "Eur" for mm/min

4. Press the GAS PURGE switch to save the setting.
The LN-15 will then return to the original "Press Spin" mode in step 1.
5. To exit the "Press Spin" set-up mode, turn off power to the LN-15, or simply wait 15 seconds and the LN-15 will enter normal operation.

INTERNAL CONTROLS (Figure B.2)**SPRING TENSION ARM**

The spring tension arm sets the clamping pressure of the drive rolls on the electrode. The optimum pressure varies with the type of wire, wire diameter, surface conditions, lubrication and hardness. As a general rule, hard electrodes like solid stainless electrodes may require greater pressure and softer electrodes like aluminum may use less pressure.

To set the spring tension arm

- Turn the knob until it is approximately at the #3 mark.
- Press the end of the gun against a solid object that is electrically isolated from the welder output and cold feed for several seconds.
- If the wire "birdnests", jams or breaks at the wire drive than the idle roll pressure is too great. Loosen the pressure arm by about a 1/2 turn., run new wire through the gun, and repeat the above steps.
- If the drive rolls slipped on the wire, loosen the adjustment knob on the feed plate and the gun and cable assembly forward about 6" (15cm). A slight waviness will be visible (it will be more visible with smaller or softer electrodes.) If there are no waves in the wire, tighten the knob 1/4 turn, reinstall the gun and cable assembly and repeat the above steps.

COLD FEED/GAS PURGE SWITCH

Inside the LN-15 is a "center-off" momentary toggle switch for Cold Feed/Gas Purge.

When held in the UP position, the wire drive will feed electrode but neither the power source nor the gas solenoid will be energized. When cold feeding, the feed speed is the same as the welding wire feed speed. The wire feed speed may be adjusted by rotating the WFS knob on the front of the LN-15.

When the toggle switch is held in the DOWN position, the gas solenoid valve is energized but neither the power source nor the drive motor will be energized. While the Gas Purge button is activated, the flow rate of the Shielding gas can be adjusted. See the "Flow meter" section below.

SPINDLE BRAKE

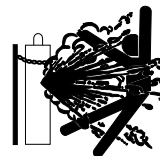
Adjust the spindle brake tension to allow the spool to spin freely, yet have enough resistance for little or no overrun when wire feeding is stopped.

FLOW METER

The flowmeter shows the flow rate of shielding gas and has a valve to adjust the flow. It is calibrated in Standard Cubic Feet per Hour (SCFH) for CO₂, Ar, and CO₂/Ar blends.

The flow rate may be adjusted by turning the valve at the top of the meter. Most weld procedures require 25-40 scfh (11.8 - 18.9 Liters/Hour) for sufficient shielding gas coverage. Gun angle, nozzle diameter, joint configuration and wind conditions may effect the amount of shielding gas required. To convert (SCFH) to Liters/Hour multiply SCFH value by .472.

SCFH	Liter/Hour
10	4.7
20	9.4
30	14.2
40	18.9
50	23.6
60	28.3
70	33.1
80	37.8

SHIELDING GAS CONNECTION**⚠ WARNING**

CYLINDER may explode if damaged.

- Keep cylinder upright and chained to support.

- Keep cylinder away from areas where it may be damaged.
- Never lift welder with cylinder attached.
- Never allow welding electrode to touch cylinder.
- Keep cylinder away from welding or other live electrical circuits.

⚠ WARNING

- Build up of shielding gas may harm health or kill.
- Shut off shielding gas supply when not in use.
- See American National Standard Z-49.1, "Safety in Welding and Cutting" Published by the American Welding Society.

CONSTANT CURRENT OPERATION

(See Figure B.3)

Most semiautomatic welding processes perform better using constant voltage power sources.

Welding codes usually do not address the power source selection or specifically, whether the welding process is to be operated in the constant voltage or constant current mode. Instead, codes typically specify limitations on the current, voltage, heat input and preheat temperature based on the material to be welded. The intention is to assure that proper weld material properties will develop.

Welding is sometimes performed using constant current power sources. The operation can be more convenient because it may allow the use of an existing stick (SMAW) power source and the power source can be placed at a distant location without any provision for adjusting the output settings.

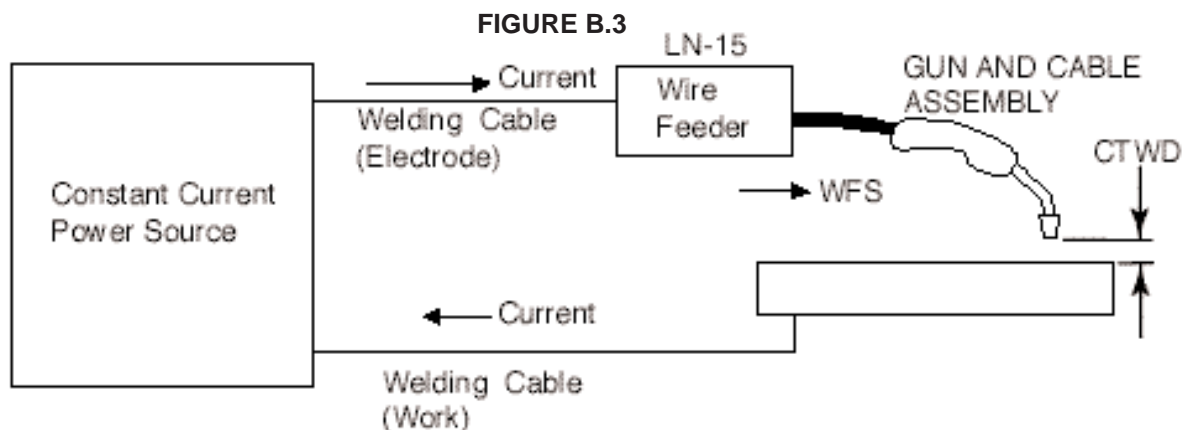
For constant current operation, the power source is set to deliver the specified current. The power source regulates this current regardless of changes in the welding circuit, including cable length, electrode diameter, wire feed speed, contact tip to work distance, etc.

Changes in the wire feed speed (WFS) or contact tip to work distance (CTWD) affect the arc voltage when constant current power sources are used. Lowering the wire feed speed raises the voltage, raising the wire feed speed lowers the voltage. Lengthening the contact tip to work distance raises the voltage, shortening the contact tip to work distance lowers the voltage.

If the contact tip to work distance is properly maintained, a satisfactory operating voltage range may be achieved, and a sound weld may result. However, when a welder uses a longer contact tip to work distance, an arc-sensing wire feeder compensates by increasing the wire feed speed to regulate the voltage. Even if the voltage and current remain unchanged, the increased wire feed speed may result in a deposition rate well beyond the specified range of the electrode. Under these conditions, the specified weld metal properties may not be achieved.

Constant voltage power sources deliver large current surges to stabilize the arc when the electrode is shorted or the arc length is very short. However, a constant current power source does not provide such a response to stabilize the arc. It may be difficult to achieve required weld metal properties, or to achieve the required quality of welds needed to pass nondestructive tests, when such welds are made under constant current operation.

For these reasons, Lincoln Electric does **NOT** recommend constant current semiautomatic welding for applications which need to meet specified weld metal chemical or mechanical property requirements or weld quality requirements.



LN-15 ACROSS THE ARC MODEL

SETTING ARC SENSING WIRE FEED SPEED FOR CONSTANT CURRENT OPERATION

When using a constant current (formerly variable voltage) power source, welding performance is improved using arc sensing wire feed speed (CC operation). In this wire feed mode the wire speed increases if arc voltage increases, and decreases if arc voltage decreases, but remains constant at any specific voltage level.

The LN-15 permits accurate presetting of the desired wire feed speed, for the desired arc voltage to be used, by setting the Wire Feed Speed in the following manner before welding:

- Activate press and spin during power up and change to the CC mode. See "Changing the CV/CC mode or WFS units" in this Operation Section.

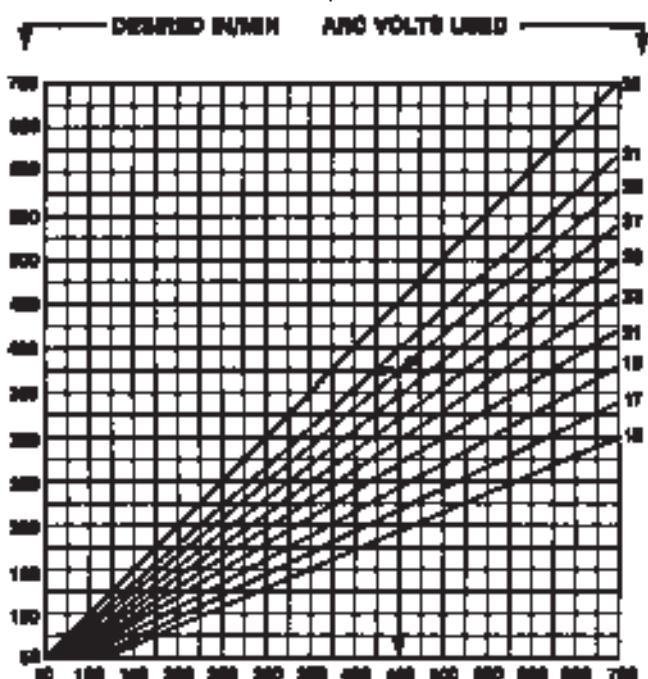


FIGURE B.4 CC WIRE SPEED SETTING

- Referring to the graph located above the Mode switch (also shown in Figure B.4):

- Select the horizontal line representing the DESIRED IN/MIN. for the welding procedure. (See example arrow line for 375 in/min.)
- Select the diagonal line representing the ARC VOLTS to be used for the welding procedure. (See example arrow line for 29 volts.)
- Determine the vertical line representing the CC WIRE SPEED SETTING where the above two lines cross. (See example arrow line for 450.)

- Adjust the WFS display to the value determined in Step (3) above (450 for example used).

The wire will feed at the DESIRED IN/MIN speed when the welding power source is set to the arc voltage to be used for the weld procedure (375 in/min. at 29V for example used).

The CC wire speed setting graph is shown in TABLE B.1, giving the Wire Speed dial setting required for the DESIRED IN/MIN and ARC VOLTS used for the welding procedures:

TABLE B.1 CC WIRE SPEED SETTING

Desired In/Min	Arc Volts Used									
	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34
50	109	97	88	80	73	67	63	58	55	51
60	131	117	105	95	88	81	75	70	66	62
70	153	136	123	111	102	94	88	82	77	72
80	175	156	140	127	117	108	100	93	88	82
90	197	175	158	143	131	121	113	105	98	93
100	219	194	175	159	146	135	125	117	109	103
110	241	214	193	175	160	148	138	128	120	113
120	263	233	210	191	175	162	150	140	131	124
130	284	253	228	207	190	175	163	152	142	134
140	306	272	245	223	204	188	175	163	153	144
150	328	292	263	239	219	202	188	175	164	154
160	350	311	280	255	233	215	200	187	175	165
170	372	331	298	270	248	229	213	198	186	175
180	394	350	315	286	263	242	225	210	197	185
190	416	369	333	302	277	256	238	222	208	196
200	438	389	350	318	292	269	250	233	219	206
210	459	408	368	334	306	283	263	245	230	216
220	481	428	385	350	321	296	275	257	241	226
230	503	447	403	366	335	310	288	268	252	237
240	525	467	420	382	350	323	300	280	263	247
250	547	486	438	398	365	337	313	292	273	257
260	569	506	455	414	379	350	325	303	284	268
270	591	525	473	430	394	365	338	315	295	278
280	613	544	490	445	408	377	350	327	306	288
290	634	564	508	461	423	390	363	338	317	299
300	656	583	525	477	438	404	375	350	328	309
310	678	603	543	493	452	417	388	362	339	319
320	700	622	560	509	467	431	400	373	350	329
330		642	578	525	481	444	413	385	361	340
340		661	595	541	496	458	425	397	372	350
350		681	613	557	510	471	438	408	383	360
360		700	630	572	526	484	450	420	394	370
380			666	604	554	512	472	444	416	392
400			700	636	584	538	500	466	438	412
420				668	612	566	526	490	460	432
440				700	642	592	550	514	482	452
460					670	620	576	536	504	472
480					700	646	600	560	526	494
500						674	626	584	546	514
520						700	650	606	568	536
540							676	630	590	556
560							700	654	612	576
580								676	634	598
600								700	656	618
620									678	638
640									700	658
660										680
680										700
700										

$$\text{CC Speed Setting} = \frac{\text{Desired IPM}}{\text{Arc Volts}} \times 35$$

LN-15 ACROSS THE ARC MODEL



MAKING A WELD

- Connect the work cable to the metal to be welded. The work cable must make good electrical contact to the work. The work must also be grounded as stated in "Arc Welding Safety Precautions."
- Connect the LN-15 electrode cable to the power source for the polarity and process to be used. Check that the appropriate power source settings are made for the procedure to be used. (Refer to the power source operating and connection instructions.)
- Place the LN-15 conveniently near the work area in a safe location to minimize exposure to weld spatter and to avoid sharp bends in the gun cable.
- Connect the LN-15 work clip to the work.
- Configure the feeder for either CV or CC, as appropriate for the power source. (The LN-15 is set to CV by default.) Adjust the wire feed speed knob for the welding procedure.
- Be sure the proper contact tip for the wire size being used is in the gun.
- Turn on the welding power source, as well as the shielding gas supply (if used.)
- Cut the electrode within approximately .40" (10mm) of the end of the contact tip for solid wire and within .75" (19mm) of the extension guide for cored wire.
- Position the electrode over the joint. The end of the electrode should be slightly off the work.
- Lower welding helmet, close the gun trigger and begin welding. Hold the gun so the contact tip to work distance gives the correct electrical stickout as required for the procedure being used.
- To stop welding, release the gun trigger and the pull the gun away from the work.

FACTORY INSTALLED EQUIPMENT

- K1500-2 Gun Receiver Bushing.

OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT

- Gun Receiver Bushings
- Drive Roll Kits
- Drive Roll Kits (Includes drive rolls and guide tube necessary to feed the identified wire size and type.

WIRE TYPE	ELECTRODE SIZE	KP KIT
Steel Wires: (Including stainless steel)	.023-.030" (0.6-0.8mm)	KP1696-030S
	.035" (0.9mm)	KP1696-035S
	.040-.045" (1.0-1.2mm)	KP1696-045S
	.052" (1.4mm)	KP1696-052S
Cored Wires:	.030-.035" (0.8-0.9mm)	KP1697-035C
	.040-.045" (1.0-1.2mm)	KP1697-045C
	.052" (1.4mm)	KP1697-052C
	1/16" (1.6mm)	KP1697-1/16C
	.068" (1.7mm)	KP1697-068
	5/64" (2.0mm)	KP1697-5/64
Aluminum Wires:	.035" (0.9mm)	KP1695-035A
	.040" (1.0mm)	KP1695-040A
	3/64" (1.2mm)	KP1695-3/64A

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**⚠ WARNING**

ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.



- Do not operate with covers removed.
 - Turn off power source before installing or servicing.
 - Do not touch electrically hot parts.
-
- Turn the input power to the welding power source off at the fuse box before working in the terminal strip.
 - Only qualified personnel should install, use or service this equipment.

ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

Routine maintenance consists of periodically blowing out the machine, using a low pressure airstream, to remove accumulated dust and dirt from inside the feeder.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

- Replace the drive rolls and inner wire guide when they are worn.
- Replace the pig tail if the insulation is cut, abraded or damaged.

CALIBRATION SPECIFICATION

All calibration is factory set on the LN-15.

To verify the wire feed speed:

- Assemble a .045 (1.2mm) drive roll kit into the LN-15.
- Load a spool of .045 (1.2mm) electrode and thread the electrode through the wire drive.
- Adjust the wire feed speed to 300 in/min (7.62m/min).
- Press the COLD FEED switch and measure the actual wire feed speed with a calibrated wire feed speed tachometer.
- The measured wire feed speed should be within 2% of the set value.

To verify the voltage display:

- Set the welding power source and LN-15 to a CV procedure that gives steady "spray" transfer in the arc.
- While a weld is being made, measure the voltage from the feed plate to work.
- The displayed voltage on the LN-15 should be within 2% of the measured value.

HOW TO USE TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

WARNING

Service and Repair should only be performed by Lincoln Electric Factory Trained Personnel. Unauthorized repairs performed on this equipment may result in danger to the technician and machine operator and will invalidate your factory warranty. For your safety and to avoid Electrical Shock, please observe all safety notes and precautions detailed throughout this manual.

This Troubleshooting Guide is provided to help you locate and repair possible machine malfunctions. Simply follow the three-step procedure listed below.

Step 1. LOCATE PROBLEM (SYMPTOM).

Look under the column labeled “PROBLEM (SYMPTOMS)”. This column describes possible symptoms that the machine may exhibit. Find the listing that best describes the symptom that the machine is exhibiting.

Step 2. POSSIBLE CAUSE.

The second column labeled “POSSIBLE CAUSE” lists the obvious external possibilities that may contribute to the machine symptom.

Step 3. RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION

This column provides a course of action for the Possible Cause, generally it states to contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.

If you do not understand or are unable to perform the Recommended Course of Action safely, contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.

CAUTION

If for any reason you do not understand the test procedures or are unable to perform the tests/repairs safely, contact your **Local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility** for technical troubleshooting assistance before you proceed.

Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual

PROBLEMS (SYMPTOMS)	POSSIBLE AREAS OF MISADJUSTMENTS	RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION
Major physical or electrical damage is evident when the sheet metal covers are removed.	1. Contact your local authorized Lincoln Electric Field Service facility for technical assistance.	<p>If all recommended possible areas of misadjustment have been checked and the problem persists, Contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.</p>
The wire drive stops feeding wire after about 10 seconds.	1. The motor has exceeded the current rating. 2. Check to make sure the electrode slides easily through the liner of the gun. 3. Verify that the spindle brake is not set too tight. 4. For best results, use only Lincoln electrodes. 5. Wait 10 minutes for the wire feeder to cool.	
No shielding gas flow.	1. The gas bottle empty. 2. The gas hose is cut or clogged. 3. The flow meter valve is closed. 4. The gas solenoid has failed 5. The feed head board has failed.	
The shielding gas turns on sporadically, or remains on all the time.	1. The pressure in the gas line is exceeding 80 psi (5.5 bar) 2. The gas solenoid has failed.	
The Wire Feed Speed Range is only 50 - 601 in/min (1.3 - 15.3 m/min).	1. The 83% wire feed speed dual procedure is activated with the high speed gear. Turn off the dual procedure switch to return to the full wire feed speed range.	

CAUTION

If for any reason you do not understand the test procedures or are unable to perform the tests/repairs safely, contact your **Local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility** for technical troubleshooting assistance before you proceed.

LN-15 ACROSS THE ARC MODEL



Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual

PROBLEMS (SYMPTOMS)	POSSIBLE AREAS OF MISADJUSTMENTS(S)	RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION
No output, no display.	1. The power source is not turned on. 2. The work clip lead is not making a good connection. 3. Failed power supply board.	If all recommended possible areas of misadjustment have been checked and the problem persists, Contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.
The display lights, the wire drive turns, but there is no welding output.	1. The contactor has failed.	
The actual wire feed speed does not match the setting on the display.	1. The 83% wire feed speed dual procedure is activated. 2. The LN-15 is in the CC mode instead of the CV mode. Watch the LN-15 display during power-up to verify the selected mode.	
The arc burns back to the tip.	1. The spool of electrode is tangled. 2. The electrode and work leads are reversed (welding with the wrong polarity.) 3. The liner is clogged. 4. The contact tip is worn. 5. The wire drive tension is improperly set.	
Porosity in the weld.	1. The part being welded is wet, dirty or rusty. 2. The electrode being used is wet, dirty or rusty. 3. There is insufficient shielding gas flow from possible cuts in the gas hose 4. There is moisture or water in the shielding gas line. 5. There is too much shielding gas 6. There is too much wind or drafts. 7. The arc voltage is set too high. 8. The wrong shielding gas is being used.	

CAUTION

If for any reason you do not understand the test procedures or are unable to perform the tests/repairs safely, contact your **Local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility** for technical troubleshooting assistance before you proceed.

LN-15 ACROSS THE ARC MODEL



Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual

ERRORS ON THE DISPLAY

Fault Code	Description	Possible Adjustments
Err 81	Average motor over current shutdown	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The wire drive motor has overheated. • Check to make sure the electrode slides easily through the liner of the gun. • Verify that the spindle brake is not set too tight. • For best results, use only Lincoln electrodes. • Wait 10 minutes for the wire feeder to cool.
Err 86	Trigger lockout.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The ripple of the power source OCV is too high, greater than 110V. (Across the Arc Models only) • Verify the power source is reconnected for the proper input voltage. • Repair or replace the power source. The power source does not conform to NEMA

CAUTION

If for any reason you do not understand the test procedures or are unable to perform the tests/repairs safely, contact your **Local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility** for technical troubleshooting assistance before you proceed.

LN-15 ACROSS THE ARC MODEL

NOTES

LN-15 ACROSS THE ARC MODEL



NOTES

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WARNING	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not touch electrically live parts or electrode with skin or wet clothing. Insulate yourself from work and ground. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Keep flammable materials away. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Wear eye, ear and body protection.
Spanish AVISO DE PRECAUCION	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No toque las partes o los electrodos bajo carga con la piel o ropa mojada. Aíselese del trabajo y de la tierra. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mantenga el material combustible fuera del área de trabajo. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Protéjase los ojos, los oídos y el cuerpo.
French ATTENTION	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ne laissez ni la peau ni des vêtements mouillés entrer en contact avec des pièces sous tension. Isolez-vous du travail et de la terre. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Gardez à l'écart de tout matériel inflammable. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Protégez vos yeux, vos oreilles et votre corps.
German WARNUNG	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Berühren Sie keine stromführenden Teile oder Elektroden mit Ihrem Körper oder feuchter Kleidung! Isolieren Sie sich von den Elektroden und dem Erdboden! 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Entfernen Sie brennbares Material! 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Tragen Sie Augen-, Ohren- und Körperschutz!
Portuguese ATENÇÃO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Não toque partes elétricas e electrodos com a pele ou roupa molhada. Isole-se da peça e terra. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mantenha inflamáveis bem guardados. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use proteção para a vista, ouvido e corpo.
Japanese 注意事項	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 通電中の電気部品、又は溶材にヒフやぬれた布で触れないこと。 施工物やアースから身体が絶縁されている様にして下さい。 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 燃えやすいものの側での溶接作業は絶対にしてはなりません。 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 目、耳及び身体に保護具をして下さい。
Chinese 警告	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 皮肤或湿衣物切勿接触带电部件及焊条。 使你自己与地面和工件绝缘。 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 把一切易燃物品移离工作场所。 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 佩戴眼、耳及身体劳动保护用具。
Korean 위험	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 전도체나 용접봉을 젖은 형갑 또는 피부로 절대 접촉치 마십시오. 모재와 접지를 접촉치 마십시오. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 인화성 물질을 접근시키지 마십시오. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 눈, 귀와 몸에 보호장구를 착용하십시오.
Arabic تحذير	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> لا تلمس الاجزاء التي يسري فيها التيار الكهربائي أو الألكترود بجسد الجسم أو بالملابس المبللة بالماء. ضع عازلا على جسمك خلال العمل. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ضع المواد القابلة للاشتعال في مكان بعيد. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ضع أدوات وملابس واقية على عينيك وأذنيك وجسمك.

READ AND UNDERSTAND THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTION FOR THIS EQUIPMENT AND THE CONSUMABLES TO BE USED AND FOLLOW YOUR EMPLOYER'S SAFETY PRACTICES.

SE RECOMIENDA LEER Y ENTENDER LAS INSTRUCCIONES DEL FABRICANTE PARA EL USO DE ESTE EQUIPO Y LOS CONSUMIBLES QUE VA A UTILIZAR, SIGA LAS MEDIDAS DE SEGURIDAD DE SU SUPERVISOR.

LISEZ ET COMPRENEZ LES INSTRUCTIONS DU FABRICANT EN CE QUI REGARDE CET EQUIPMENT ET LES PRODUITS A ETRE EMPLOYES ET SUIVEZ LES PROCEDURES DE SECURITE DE VOTRE EMPLOYEUR.

LESEN SIE UND BEFOLGEN SIE DIE BETRIEBSANLEITUNG DER ANLAGE UND DEN ELEKTRODENEINSATZ DES HERSTELLERS. DIE UNFALLVERHÜTUNGSVORSCHRIFTEN DES ARBEITGEBERS SIND EBENFALLS ZU BEACHTEN.

			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Keep your head out of fumes. ● Use ventilation or exhaust to remove fumes from breathing zone. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Turn power off before servicing. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Do not operate with panel open or guards off. 	WARNING
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Los humos fuera de la zona de respiración. ● Mantenga la cabeza fuera de los humos. Utilice ventilación o aspiración para gases. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Desconectar el cable de alimentación de poder de la máquina antes de iniciar cualquier servicio. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● No operar con panel abierto o guardas quitadas. 	Spanish AVISO DE PRECAUCION
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Gardez la tête à l'écart des fumées. ● Utilisez un ventilateur ou un aspirateur pour ôter les fumées des zones de travail. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Débranchez le courant avant l'entretien. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● N'opérez pas avec les panneaux ouverts ou avec les dispositifs de protection enlevés. 	French ATTENTION
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Vermeiden Sie das Einatmen von Schweißrauch! ● Sorgen Sie für gute Be- und Entlüftung des Arbeitsplatzes! 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Strom vor Wartungsarbeiten abschalten! (Netzstrom völlig öffnen; Maschine anhalten!) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Anlage nie ohne Schutzgehäuse oder Innenschutzverkleidung in Betrieb setzen! 	German WARNUNG
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Mantenha seu rosto da fumaça. ● Use ventilação e exaustão para remover fumo da zona respiratória. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Não opere com as tampas removidas. ● Desligue a corrente antes de fazer serviço. ● Não toque as partes elétricas nuas. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Mantenha-se afastado das partes moventes. ● Não opere com os painéis abertos ou guardas removidas. 	Portuguese ATENÇÃO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● ヒュームから頭を離すようにして下さい。 ● 換気や排煙に十分留意して下さい。 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● メンテナンス・サービスに取りかかる際には、まず電源スイッチを必ず切して下さい。 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● パネルやカバーを取り外したまま機械操作をしないで下さい。 	Japanese 注意事項
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 頭部遠離煙霧。 ● 在呼吸區使用通風或排風器除煙。 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 維修前切斷電源。 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 儀表板打開或沒有安全罩時不準作業。 	Chinese 警告
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 얼굴로부터 용접가스를 멀리하십시오. ● 호흡지역으로부터 용접가스를 제거하기 위해 가스제거기나 통풍기를 사용하십시오. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 보수전에 전원을 차단하십시오. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 판넬이 열린 상태로 작동치 마십시오. 	Korean 위험
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● ابتعد رأسك بعيداً عن الدخان. ● استعمل التهوية أو جهاز ضغط الدخان للخارج لكي تبعد الدخان عن المنطقة التي تتنفس فيها. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● أقطع التيار الكهربائي قبل القيام بأية صيانة. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● لا تشغيل هذا الجهاز اذا كانت الاغطية الحديدية الواقية ليست عليه. 	Arabic تحذير

LEIA E COMPREENDA AS INSTRUÇÕES DO FABRICANTE PARA ESTE EQUIPAMENTO E AS PARTES DE USO, E SIGA AS PRÁTICAS DE SEGURANÇA DO EMPREGADOR.

使う機械や溶材のメーカーの指示書をよく読み、まず理解して下さい。そして貴社の安全規定に従って下さい。

請詳細閱讀並理解製造廠提供的說明以及應該使用的銀焊材料，並請遵守貴方的有關勞動保護規定。

이 제품에 동봉된 작업지침서를 숙지하시고 귀사의 작업자 안전수칙을 준수하시기 바랍니다.

اقرأ بتمعن وافهم تعليمات المصنع المنتج لهذه المعدات والمواد قبل استعمالها واتبع تعليمات الوقاية لصاحب العمل.



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