May, 2000

RED-D-ARC E300

For use with machines having Code Numbers: 10638



OPERATOR'S MANUAL

Red-D-Arc Spec-Built Welding Equipment

This **RED-D-ARC** welder is built to **RED-D-ARC Extreme Duty** design specifications by Lincoln Electric.

Safety Depends on You

This welder is designed and built with safety in mind.

However, your overall safety can be increased by proper installation ... and thoughtful operation on your part.

DO NOT INSTALL, OPERATE OR REPAIR THIS EQUIPMENT WITHOUT READING THIS MANUAL AND THE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS CONTAINED THROUGHOUT.

And, most importantly, think before you act and be careful.

1-800-245-3660

Date of Purchase:______Serial Number:______
Code Number:_____
Model:______
Where Purchased:______

A WARNING



Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.

The Above For Diesel Engines

The engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

The Above For Gasoline Engines

ARC WELDING CAN BE HAZARDOUS. PROTECT YOURSELF AND OTHERS FROM POSSIBLE SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH. KEEP CHILDREN AWAY. PACEMAKER WEARERS SHOULD CONSULT WITH THEIR DOCTOR BEFORE OPERATING.

Read and understand the following safety highlights. For additional safety information, it is strongly recommended that you purchase a copy of "Safety in Welding & Cutting - ANSI Standard Z49.1" from the American Welding Society, P.O. Box 351040, Miami, Florida 33135 or CSA Standard W117.2-1974. A Free copy of "Arc Welding Safety" booklet E205 is available from the Lincoln Electric Company, 22801 St. Clair Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio 44117-1199.

BE SURE THAT ALL INSTALLATION, OPERATION, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR PROCEDURES ARE PERFORMED ONLY BY QUALIFIED INDIVIDUALS.



FOR ENGINE powered equipment.

 Turn the engine off before troubleshooting and maintenance work unless the maintenance work requires it to be running.



 Doperate engines in open, well-ventilated areas or vent the engine exhaust fumes outdoors.



- 1.c. Do not add the fuel near an open flame welding arc or when the engine is running. Stop the engine and allow it to cool before refueling to prevent spilled fuel from vaporizing on contact with hot engine parts and igniting. Do not spill fuel when filling tank. If fuel is spilled, wipe it up and do not start engine until fumes have been eliminated.
- 1.d. Keep all equipment safety guards, covers and devices in position and in good repair. Keep hands, hair, clothing and tools away from V-belts, gears, fans and all other moving parts when starting, operating or repairing equipment.
- 1.e. In some cases it may be necessary to remove safety guards to perform required maintenance. Remove guards only when necessary and replace them when the maintenance requiring their removal is complete. Always use the greatest care when working near moving parts.



- 1.f. Do not put your hands near the engine fan. Do not attempt to override the governor or idler by pushing on the throttle control rods while the engine is running.
- 1.g. To prevent accidentally starting gasoline engines while turning the engine or welding generator during maintenance work, disconnect the spark plug wires, distributor cap or magneto wire as appropriate.



 To avoid scalding, do not remove the radiator pressure cap when the engine is hot.



ELECTRIC AND MAGNETIC FIELDS may be dangerous

- 2.a. Electric current flowing through any conductor causes localized Electric and Magnetic Fields (EMF). Welding current creates EMF fields around welding cables and welding machines
- 2.b. EMF fields may interfere with some pacemakers, and welders having a pacemaker should consult their physician before welding.
- Exposure to EMF fields in welding may have other health effects which are now not known.
- 2.d. All welders should use the following procedures in order to minimize exposure to EMF fields from the welding circuit:
 - 2.d.1. Route the electrode and work cables together Secure them with tape when possible.
 - 2.d.2. Never coil the electrode lead around your body.
 - 2.d.3. Do not place your body between the electrode and work cables. If the electrode cable is on your right side, the work cable should also be on your right side.
 - 2.d.4. Connect the work cable to the workpiece as close as possible to the area being welded.
 - 2.d.5. Do not work next to welding power source.

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ELECTRIC SHOCK can

kill.

3.a. The electrode and work (or ground) circuits are electrically "hot" when the welder is on. Do not touch these "hot" parts with your bare skin or wet clothing. Wear dry, hole-free gloves to insulate hands.

3.b. Insulate yourself from work and ground using dry insulation. Make certain the insulation is large enough to cover your full area of physical contact with work and ground.

In addition to the normal safety precautions, if welding must be performed under electrically hazardous conditions (in damp locations or while wearing wet clothing; on metal structures such as floors, gratings or scaffolds; when in cramped positions such as sitting, kneeling or lying, if there is a high risk of unavoidable or accidental contact with the workpiece or ground) use the following equipment:

- Semiautomatic DC Constant Voltage (Wire) Welder.
- DC Manual (Stick) Welder.
- AC Welder with Reduced Voltage Control.
- 3.c. In semiautomatic or automatic wire welding, the electrode, electrode reel, welding head, nozzle or semiautomatic welding gun are also electrically "hot".
- 3.d. Always be sure the work cable makes a good electrical connection with the metal being welded. The connection should be as close as possible to the area being welded.
- 3.e. Ground the work or metal to be welded to a good electrical (earth) ground.
- 3.f. Maintain the electrode holder, work clamp, welding cable and welding machine in good, safe operating condition. Replace damaged insulation.
- 3.g. Never dip the electrode in water for cooling.
- 3.h. Never simultaneously touch electrically "hot" parts of electrode holders connected to two welders because voltage between the two can be the total of the open circuit voltage of both welders.
- 3.i. When working above floor level, use a safety belt to protect yourself from a fall should you get a shock.
- 3.j. Also see Items 6.c. and 8.



ARC RAYS can burn.

- 4.a. Use a shield with the proper filter and cover plates to protect your eyes from sparks and the rays of the arc when welding or observing open arc welding. Headshield and filter lens should conform to ANSI Z87. I standards.
- 4.b. Use suitable clothing made from durable flame-resistant material to protect your skin and that of your helpers from the arc rays.
- 4.c. Protect other nearby personnel with suitable, non-flammable screening and/or warn them not to watch the arc nor expose themselves to the arc rays or to hot spatter or metal.



FUMES AND GASES can be dangerous.

5.a. Welding may produce fumes and gases hazardous to health. Avoid breathing these fumes and gases.When welding, keep your head out of the fume. Use enough ventilation and/or exhaust at the arc to keep

fumes and gases away from the breathing zone. When welding with electrodes which require special ventilation such as stainless or hard facing (see instructions on container or MSDS) or on lead or cadmium plated steel and other metals or coatings which produce highly toxic fumes, keep exposure as low as possible and below Threshold Limit Values (TLV) using local exhaust or mechanical ventilation. In confined spaces or in some circumstances, outdoors, a respirator may be required. Additional precautions are also required when welding on galvanized steel.

- 5.b. Do not weld in locations near chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors coming from degreasing, cleaning or spraying operations. The heat and rays of the arc can react with solvent vapors to form phosgene, a highly toxic gas, and other irritating products.
- 5.c. Shielding gases used for arc welding can displace air and cause injury or death. Always use enough ventilation, especially in confined areas, to insure breathing air is safe.
- 5.d. Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions for this equipment and the consumables to be used, including the material safety data sheet (MSDS) and follow your employer's safety practices. MSDS forms are available from your welding distributor or from the manufacturer.
- 5.e. Also see item 1.b.

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WELDING SPARKS can cause fire or explosion.

6.a. Remove fire hazards from the welding area. If this is not possible, cover them to prevent the welding sparks from starting a fire. Remember that welding sparks and hot

materials from welding can easily go through small cracks and openings to adjacent areas. Avoid welding near hydraulic lines. Have a fire extinguisher readily available.

- 6.b. Where compressed gases are to be used at the job site, special precautions should be used to prevent hazardous situations. Refer to "Safety in Welding and Cutting" (ANSI Standard Z49.1) and the operating information for the equipment being used.
- 6.c. When not welding, make certain no part of the electrode circuit is touching the work or ground. Accidental contact can cause overheating and create a fire hazard.
- 6.d. Do not heat, cut or weld tanks, drums or containers until the proper steps have been taken to insure that such procedures will not cause flammable or toxic vapors from substances inside. They can cause an explosion even though they have been "cleaned". For information, purchase "Recommended Safe Practices for the Preparation for Welding and Cutting of Containers and Piping That Have Held Hazardous Substances", AWS F4.1 from the American Welding Society (see address above).
- 6.e. Vent hollow castings or containers before heating, cutting or welding. They may explode.
- 6.f. Sparks and spatter are thrown from the welding arc. Wear oil free protective garments such as leather gloves, heavy shirt, cuffless trousers, high shoes and a cap over your hair. Wear ear plugs when welding out of position or in confined places. Always wear safety glasses with side shields when in a welding area.
- 6.g. Connect the work cable to the work as close to the welding area as practical. Work cables connected to the building framework or other locations away from the welding area increase the possibility of the welding current passing through lifting chains, crane cables or other alternate circuits. This can create fire hazards or overheat lifting chains or cables until they fail.
- 6.h. Also see item 1.c.



CYLINDER may explode if damaged.

- 7.a. Use only compressed gas cylinders containing the correct shielding gas for the process used and properly operating regulators designed for the gas and pressure used. All hoses, fittings, etc. should be suitable for
- the application and maintained in good condition.
- 7.b. Always keep cylinders in an upright position securely chained to an undercarriage or fixed support.
- 7.c. Cylinders should be located:
 - Away from areas where they may be struck or subjected to physical damage.
 - A safe distance from arc welding or cutting operations and any other source of heat, sparks, or flame.
- 7.d. Never allow the electrode, electrode holder or any other electrically "hot" parts to touch a cylinder.
- 7.e. Keep your head and face away from the cylinder valve outlet when opening the cylinder valve.
- 7.f. Valve protection caps should always be in place and hand tight except when the cylinder is in use or connected for use
- 7.g. Read and follow the instructions on compressed gas cylinders, associated equipment, and CGA publication P-I, "Precautions for Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Cylinders," available from the Compressed Gas Association 1235 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, VA 22202.



FOR ELECTRICALLY powered equipment.

- 8.a. Turn off input power using the disconnect switch at the fuse box before working on the equipment.
- 8.b. Install equipment in accordance with the U.S. National Electrical Code, all local codes and the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 8.c. Ground the equipment in accordance with the U.S. National Electrical Code and the manufacturer's recommendations.

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PRÉCAUTIONS DE SÛRETÉ

Pour votre propre protection lire et observer toutes les instructions et les précautions de sûreté specifiques qui parraissent dans ce manuel aussi bien que les précautions de sûreté générales suivantes:

Sûreté Pour Soudage A L'Arc

- 1. Protegez-vous contre la secousse électrique:
 - a. Les circuits à l'électrode et à la piéce sont sous tension quand la machine à souder est en marche. Eviter toujours tout contact entre les parties sous tension et la peau nue ou les vétements mouillés. Porter des gants secs et sans trous pour isoler les mains.
 - b. Faire trés attention de bien s'isoler de la masse quand on soude dans des endroits humides, ou sur un plancher metallique ou des grilles metalliques, principalement dans les positions assis ou couché pour lesquelles une grande partie du corps peut être en contact avec la masse.
 - c. Maintenir le porte-électrode, la pince de masse, le câble de soudage et la machine à souder en bon et sûr état defonctionnement.
 - d.Ne jamais plonger le porte-électrode dans l'eau pour le refroidir.
 - e. Ne jamais toucher simultanément les parties sous tension des porte-électrodes connectés à deux machines à souder parce que la tension entre les deux pinces peut être le total de la tension à vide des deux machines.
 - f. Si on utilise la machine à souder comme une source de courant pour soudage semi-automatique, ces precautions pour le porte-électrode s'applicuent aussi au pistolet de soudage.
- Dans le cas de travail au dessus du niveau du sol, se protéger contre les chutes dans le cas ou on recoit un choc. Ne jamais enrouler le câble-électrode autour de n'importe quelle partie du corps.
- Un coup d'arc peut être plus sévère qu'un coup de soliel, donc:
 - a. Utiliser un bon masque avec un verre filtrant approprié ainsi qu'un verre blanc afin de se protéger les yeux du rayonnement de l'arc et des projections quand on soude ou quand on regarde l'arc.
 - b. Porter des vêtements convenables afin de protéger la peau de soudeur et des aides contre le rayonnement de l'arc.
 - c. Protéger l'autre personnel travaillant à proximité au soudage à l'aide d'écrans appropriés et non-inflammables.
- 4. Des gouttes de laitier en fusion sont émises de l'arc de soudage. Se protéger avec des vêtements de protection libres de l'huile, tels que les gants en cuir, chemise épaisse, pantalons sans revers, et chaussures montantes.
- 5. Toujours porter des lunettes de sécurité dans la zone de soudage. Utiliser des lunettes avec écrans lateraux dans les

zones où l'on pique le laitier.

- Eloigner les matériaux inflammables ou les recouvrir afin de prévenir tout risque d'incendie dû aux étincelles.
- Quand on ne soude pas, poser la pince à une endroit isolé de la masse. Un court-circuit accidental peut provoquer un échauffement et un risque d'incendie.
- 8. S'assurer que la masse est connectée le plus prés possible de la zone de travail qu'il est pratique de le faire. Si on place la masse sur la charpente de la construction ou d'autres endroits éloignés de la zone de travail, on augmente le risque de voir passer le courant de soudage par les chaines de levage, câbles de grue, ou autres circuits. Cela peut provoquer des risques d'incendie ou d'echauffement des chaines et des câbles jusqu'à ce qu'ils se rompent.
- Assurer une ventilation suffisante dans la zone de soudage.
 Ceci est particuliérement important pour le soudage de tôles galvanisées plombées, ou cadmiées ou tout autre métal qui produit des fumeés toxiques.
- 10. Ne pas souder en présence de vapeurs de chlore provenant d'opérations de dégraissage, nettoyage ou pistolage. La chaleur ou les rayons de l'arc peuvent réagir avec les vapeurs du solvant pour produire du phosgéne (gas fortement toxique) ou autres produits irritants.
- Pour obtenir de plus amples renseignements sur la sûreté, voir le code "Code for safety in welding and cutting" CSA Standard W 117.2-1974.

PRÉCAUTIONS DE SÛRETÉ POUR LES MACHINES À SOUDER À TRANSFORMATEUR ET À REDRESSEUR

- Relier à la terre le chassis du poste conformement au code de l'électricité et aux recommendations du fabricant. Le dispositif de montage ou la piece à souder doit être branché à une bonne mise à la terre.
- 2. Autant que possible, l'installation et l'entretien du poste seront effectués par un électricien qualifié.
- 3. Avant de faires des travaux à l'interieur de poste, la debrancher à l'interrupteur à la boite de fusibles.
- Garder tous les couvercles et dispositifs de sûreté à leur place.



V

Thank You.

for selecting a **QUALITY** product by Lincoln Electric. We want you to take pride in operating this Lincoln Electric Company product ••• as much pride as we have in bringing this product to you!

Please Examine Carton and Equipment For Damage Immediately

When this equipment is shipped, title passes to the purchaser upon receipt by the carrier. Consequently, Claims for material damaged in shipment must be made by the purchaser against the transportation company at the time the shipment is received.

Please record your equipment identification information below for future reference. This information can be found on your machine nameplate.

Model Name & Number	
Code & Serial Number	
Date of Purchase	

Whenever you request replacement parts for or information on this equipment always supply the information you have recorded above.

Read this Operators Manual completely before attempting to use this equipment. Save this manual and keep it handy for quick reference. Pay particular attention to the safety instructions we have provided for your protection. The level of seriousness to be applied to each is explained below:

A WARNING

This statement appears where the information **must** be followed **exactly** to avoid **serious personal injury** or **loss of life**.

A CAUTION

This statement appears where the information **must** be followed to avoid **minor personal injury** or **damage to this equipment**.

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TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS - RED-D-ARC E300 (TYPE K1688-1)

RATED INPUT - WELDER			
AC Input Frequency	60 Hz		
Input Power Standard Voltages	230/460/575		
Rated Input Current (230V 60Hz)	86 amps		
Idle Input Current (230V)	6.2 amps		
Power Factor (200 Amp Load)	69.0		

RATED OUTPUT - WELDER				
Current Range	Volts at Rated Amps	Duty Cycle	Max. OCV	
40-250 amps	DC 250 Amps 30 volts	30%	70 volts	

OUTPUT

Auxiliary Power

15 Amps @ 115VAC 100 % Duty Cycle

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS					
HEIGHT	WIDTH	DEPTH	WEIGHT		
27.00 in.*	9.00 in.	21.50 in.	350 lbs. (159 kg)		
686 mm*	483 mm	546 mm	(159 kg)		

^{*(}Lift Hook, add 3.12 in.- 80 mm)

INSTALLATION

Safety Precautions

▲ WARNING



ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

- Do not touch electrically live parts or electrode with skin or wet clothing.
- Insulate yourself from work and ground.
- Always wear dry insulating gloves.



FUMES AND GASES can be dangerous.

- Keep your head out of fumes.
- Use ventilation or exhaust to remove fumes from breathing zone.



WELDING SPARKS can cause fire or explosion.

- Keep flammable material away.
- Do not weld on closed containers.



ARC RAYS can burn eyes and skin.

Wear eye, ear and body protection.

See additional warning information at the front of this operator's manual.

- Connect the E300 grounding terminal located under the reconnect panel (marked) to a good electrical ground per the U.S. National Electrical Code and any applicable local codes.
- Turn the power switch on the E300 "OFF" before connecting or disconnecting output cables or other equipment.
- Only qualified personnel should perform this installation.

Location

The machine should be located in a clean, dry place where there is free circulation of clean air such that air movement in the back and along the sides will not be restricted. Dirt and dust that can be drawn into the machine should be kept to a minimum. Failure to observe the precautions can result in excessive operating temperatures and nuisance shutdown of the machine.

Input Connections

Be sure the voltage, phase and frequency of the input power is as specified on the welder rating plate located on the rear panel of the machine. Either a single phase or one phase of a three phase line can be used.

Have a qualified electrician install the machine per the following instructions:

Remove the input access panel on the rear panel. Route the input power lines through the hole in the rear panel. Lug the input leads with a ring terminal for a 1/4" (6mm) screw. Connect lugged leads to L1 and L2 of the reconnect panel per the diagram pasted to the inside of the input access panel. Input connection must conform to the U.S. National Electrical Code and all local codes.

Models designed for two or three input voltages are shipped connected for the highest voltage. Reconnect instructions are on the diagram pasted to the inside of the input access panel. Consult rating plate on the rear panel for machine input voltage rating.

The welder frame must be grounded. A stud marked with the symbol located under the reconnect panel is provided for this purpose. See the U.S. National Electrical Code for details on proper grounding methods.

Fuse the input circuit with the recommended super lag fuses. Choose an input and grounding wire size according to local codes or use the following table. "Delay type" circuit breakers may be used in place of fuses. Using fuses or circuit breakers smaller than recommended may result in "nuisance" tripping from welder inrush currents even if not welding at high currents.

RECOMMENDED INPUT WIRE, GROUND WIRE AND FUSE SIZES 200 Amp Output and 50% Duty Cycle

Volts	Hz.	Input Amps	Copper V 75°C in	Fuse Size (Super Lag)	
			Supply Grounding Conductor Conductor		
230	60	70	#6	#8	90
460	60	35	#10 #10		45
575	60	28	#12	#10	40



STACKING





FALLING EQUIPMENT can cause injury.

- Do not lift this machine using lift bale if it is equipped with a heavy accessory such as undercarriage or gas cylinder.
- Lift only with equipment of adequate lifting capacity.
- · Be sure machine is stable when lifting.
- · Do not stack.
- Do not stack on top of any other type machine.

Installation of Field Installed Options

For installation of compatible field installed options, see Field Installed Options section, and refer to the instructions included with those options.

Output Cable Size and Connection

A WARNING



ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

 Turn the power switch of the welding power source "OFF" before connecting or disconnect-

ing output cables.

The output leads are connected to the output terminals marked '+" and "-". They are located at the lower right and lower left corners of the front panel. The E300 provides 1/2" studs for weld cable connections. Minimum cable sizes recommended are listed in the table below.

CABLE SIZES FOR COMBINED LENGTHS OF COPPER ELECTRODE AND WORK CABLES				
200 Amps 250 Amps 50% Duty Cycle 30% Duty Cycle				
0-100 Ft.	3 (30mm²)	3 (30mm²)		
100-150 Ft.	2 (35mm²)	2 (35mm²)		
150-200 Ft.	1 (45mm²)	1 (45mm²)		
200-250 Ft.	1/0 (55mm²)	1/0 (55mm²)		



GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The E300 is a single phase constant current arc welding power source available in a DC output model only. Designed for stick welding, it may also be used for TIG welding when used with the K930-1 Tig Module. A 15 amp 115 volt AC, Auxiliary Power duplex receptacle, with circuit breaker protection is provided.

RECOMMENDED PROCESSES AND EQUIPMENT

DC Constant Current Welding

DC 4	DC 40-250 Amps			
DUTY CYCLE	OUTPUT AMPS			
100%	140 Amps			
50%	200 Amps			
30%	250 Amps			
20%	300 Amps			

TIG Welding

The K930-1 Tig Module can be used with this machine to provide high frequency stabilization and a gas valve for TIG welding. It operates on 115V 50/60 Hz power. A water valve (for water cooled TIG torches) is available as an option.

DESIGN FEATURES

- · Power On/Off switch.
- Continuous current control dials with exact welding current needed for each job. Settings are precise and free from creep.
- Spring loaded knob on the continuous current control crank pulls out for easy adjustment and snaps back out of the way when released.
- Recessed front panel protects controls.
- Large safety margins and protective circuits protect rectifiers from transient voltages and high currents.
- Submersion dipping of assembled transformer and choke in special sealing/insulating material gives extra protection against moisture and corrosive atmosphere.
- Outstanding Arc Stability Transformer design provides pop-out-resistant welding.
- Reconnect panel is provided to permit changing from one input voltage to another without reconnecting transformer leads.
- Auxiliary Power-15 amps at 115 VAC

Be sure the E300 is properly installed, and that all accessories are properly hooked up before attempting operation.

DUTY CYCLE (WELD)

This machine is rated at a 30% duty cycle at 250 amps or 50% duty cycle at 200 amp output. Duty cycle is based on a 10 minute period. Therefore, the welder can be loaded at 200 amperes for 5 minutes out of each 10 minute period. Higher duty cycles can be used at lower currents; see rating plate information.

AUXILIARY POWER

• One 15 amp 115 VAC grounding duplex receptacle is standard. Also provided is a receptacle cover and a 15 amp circuit breaker for Auxiliary circuit protection.

CONTROL OPERATION

Current Control Handle

Rotating the hand wheel raises and lowers the output current allowing the operator to dial the desired current. Clockwise rotation reduces the current while counter-clockwise rotation increases the current. Turning the current control handle also drives the output pointer at the bottom of the nameplate which indicates the stick welding current at NEMA arc volts.

TIG Welding

The E300 with the optional Tig Module is an inexpensive equipment combination for part-time production or repair TIG welding of aluminum, magnesium, thin stainless steel and many space-age metals. The E300 can be used for normal stick electrode welding with the Tig Module attached.

The Tig Module includes high frequency generator, gas valve and needed controls. It operates on 115V, 60 Hz AC power.

NOTE: Installation instructions are in the kit. (When using the E300 with any other high frequency equipment, an R.F. bypass capacitor must be installed. Order Kit T12246.) To provide protection, the welder grounding stud or frame must be connected to ground (see instructions on grounding in Machine Installation section). Also follow the grounding instructions given in the Tig Module Instruction manual.



OPTIONS / ACCESSORIES AND COMPATIBLE LINCOLN EQUIPMENT

Field Installed Options

- Tig Module (K930-1)
 Converts E300 into a TIG welder.
 Request Bulletin E3.205 for full details.
- Standard Accessory Kit (K710)
 Includes electrode holder, work clamp, electrode, work cables, and headshield with lens and coverplate.

Safety Precautions

WARNING



ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

- Do not touch electrically live parts or electrode with skin or wet clothing.
- Insulate yourself from work and ground.
- · Always wear dry insulating gloves.



FUMES AND GASES can be dangerous.

- Keep your head out of fumes.
- Use ventilation or exhaust to remove fumes from breathing zone.



WELDING SPARKS can cause fire or explosion.

- Keep flammable material away.
- Do not weld on closed containers.



ARC RAYS can burn eyes and skin.

Wear eye, ear and body protection.

See additional warning information at the front of this operator's manual.

General Maintenance

- 1. The fan motor has sealed ball bearings which requires no service.
- In dusty locations dirt may clog the air channels causing the welder to run hot. Under these conditions carefully blow out the welder at regular intervals.
- 3. Keep the electrode and work cable connection tight.
- Every twelve months or at the first indication of a binding current pointer, turn the input power off and remove the left case side. Wipe the pointer guide bar clean and lubricate with graphite grease.
- 5. When cleaning the current pointer, clean the reactor quadrant teeth, drive gear and pinion. Lubricate with graphite grease.



HOW TO USE TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

WARNING

Service and Repair should only be performed by Lincoln Electric Factory Trained Personnel. Unauthorized repairs performed on this equipment may result in danger to the technician and machine operator and will invalidate your factory warranty. For your safety and to avoid Electrical Shock, please observe all safety notes and precautions detailed throughout this manual.

This Troubleshooting Guide is provided to help you locate and repair possible machine malfunctions. Simply follow the three-step procedure listed below.

Step 1. LOCATE PROBLEM (SYMPTOM). Look under the column labeled "PROBLEM (SYMPTOMS)". This column describes possible symptoms that the machine may exhibit. Find the listing that best describes the symptom that the machine is exhibiting.

Step 2. POSSIBLE CAUSE.

The second column labeled "POSSIBLE CAUSE" lists the obvious external possibilities that may contribute to the machine symptom.

Step 3. RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION

This column provides a course of action for the Possible Cause, generally it states to contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.

If you do not understand or are unable to perform the Recommended Course of Action safely, contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.

A CAUTION



TROUBLESHOOTING

Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual

Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual PROBLEMS POSSIBLE AREAS OF RECOMME				
(SYMPTOMS)	MISADJUSTMENTS(S)	COURSE OF ACTION		
. ,	` '	Gooner or Aerien		
Rectifier Troubleshooting	 Turn the input power off. Disconnect all input and output leads from the rectifier bridge. Connect an ohmmeter between the DC positive (red) terminal. 			
	the DC positive (red) terminal and one of the Center AC terminals. Note the ohmmeter reading using the 10 to 100 scale. 4. Reverse the ohmmeter leads.			
	Note the readings. 5. The reading taken in steps 3 and 4 should be different. If the readings are the same and	your local Lincoln Authorized		
	near zero, the rectifier has shorted. IF the readings are the same and near full scale, the rectifier has failed open.	_		
	 Repeat steps 3, 4 and 5 between the DC positive (red) terminal and each of the Center AC terminals. 			
	 Repeat steps 3, 4 and 5 between the DC negative (black) terminal and each of the Center AC terminals. 			
	NOTE: Since it is unlikely that all rectifiers of a full wave bridge would fail simultaneously, check the test method and the ohmmeter if the checking indicates that all rectifiers have failed.			

▲ CAUTION

TROUBLESHOOTING

Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual

PROBLEMS	POSSIBLE AREAS OF	RECOMMENDED
(SYMPTOMS)	MISADJUSTMENTS(S)	COURSE OF ACTION
Welder will not weld.	Line switch not turned "On". Supply line fuse blown.	
	2. Power circuit dead.	
	3. Broken power lead.	
	4. Wrong voltage.	
	Electrode or work lead loose or broken.	
	6. Open transformer circuit.	If all recommended possible areas of misadjustment have been checked and the problem persists, Contact your local Lincoln Authorized
		Field Service Facility.
Welder welds, but soon stops welding (DC only).	Proper ventilation hindered.	
	Welder loaded beyond rating.	
	3. Fan motor inoperative.	
	Poor internal connections.	
	Excessive dust accumulation in welder.	
	6. Bi-metallic thermostat dirty.	

▲ CAUTION

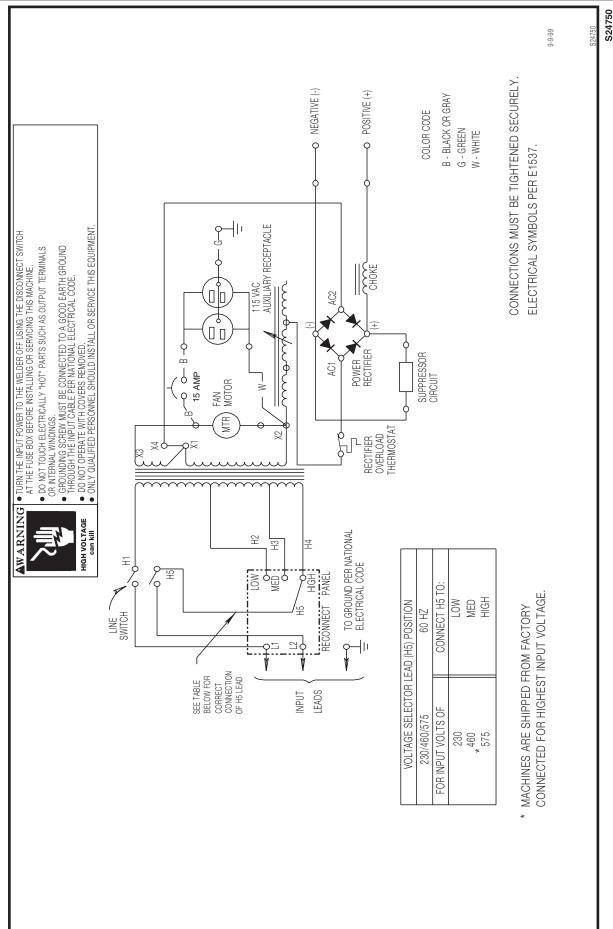
TROUBLESHOOTING

Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual

PROBLEMS	POSSIBLE AREAS OF	RECOMMENDED
(SYMPTOMS)	MISADJUSTMENTS(S)	COURSE OF ACTION
Variable or sluggish welding.	Poor work or electrode terminal connection.	
	2. Current too low.	
	3. Low line voltage.	
	4. Welding leads too small.	
	Old and badly frayed welding cables.	
Welder won't shut off.	Line switch has failed mechanically.	If all recommended possible areas of misadjustment have been checked and the problem persists, Contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.

▲ CAUTION

WIIRING DIAGRAM-E300



NOTE: This diagram is for reference only. It may not be accurate for all machines covered by this manual. The specific diagram for a particular code is pasted inside the machine on one of the enclosure panels. If the diagram is illegible, write to the Service Department for a replacement. Give the equipment code number...

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WARNING	Do not touch electrically live parts or electrode with skin or wet clothing. Insulate yourself from work and ground.	● Keep flammable materials away.	Wear eye, ear and body protection.
AVISO DE PRECAUCION	 No toque las partes o los electrodos bajo carga con la piel o ropa moja- da. Aislese del trabajo y de la tierra. 	 Mantenga el material combustible fuera del área de trabajo. 	 Protéjase los ojos, los oídos y el cuerpo.
ATTENTION	Ne laissez ni la peau ni des vête- ments mouillés entrer en contact avec des pièces sous tension. Isolez-vous du travail et de la terre.	Gardez à l'écart de tout matériel inflammable.	Protégez vos yeux, vos oreilles et votre corps.
WARNUNG	 Berühren Sie keine stromführenden Teile oder Elektroden mit Ihrem Körper oder feuchter Kleidung! Isolieren Sie sich von den Elektroden und dem Erdboden! 	Entfernen Sie brennbarres Material!	Tragen Sie Augen-, Ohren- und Kör- perschutz!
ATENÇÃO	 Não toque partes elétricas e electrodos com a pele ou roupa molhada. Isole-se da peça e terra. 	Mantenha inflamáveis bem guardados.	 Use proteção para a vista, ouvido e corpo.
注意事項	● 通電中の電気部品、又は溶材にヒ フやぬれた布で触れないこと。 ● 施工物やアースから身体が絶縁さ れている様にして下さい。	● 燃えやすいものの側での溶接作業は絶対にしてはなりません。	● 目、耳及び身体に保護具をして下 さい。
Chinese 整 生	● 皮肤或濕衣物切勿接觸帶電部件及 銲條。 ● 使你自己與地面和工件絶縁。	●把一切易燃物品移離工作場所。	●佩戴眼、耳及身體勞動保護用具。
Rorean 위험	● 전도체나 용접봉을 젖은 헝겁 또는 피부로 절대 접촉치 마십시요. ● 모재와 접지를 접촉치 마십시요.	●인화성 물질을 접근 시키지 마시요.	●눈, 귀와 몸에 보호장구를 착용하십시요.
Arabic	 ♦ لا تلمس الإجزاء التي يسري فيها التيار الكهرباني أو الالكترود بجلد الجسم أو بالملابس المبللة بالماء. ♦ ضع عاز لا على جسمك خلال العمل. 	 ضع المواد القابلة للاشتعال في مكان بعيد. 	 ضع أدوات وملابس واقية على عينيك وأذنيك وجسمك.

READ AND UNDERSTAND THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTION FOR THIS EQUIPMENT AND THE CONSUMABLES TO BE USED AND FOLLOW YOUR EMPLOYER'S SAFETY PRACTICES.

SE RECOMIENDA LEER Y ENTENDER LAS INSTRUCCIONES DEL FABRICANTE PARA EL USO DE ESTE EQUIPO Y LOS CONSUMIBLES QUE VA A UTILIZAR, SIGA LAS MEDIDAS DE SEGURIDAD DE SU SUPERVISOR.

LISEZ ET COMPRENEZ LES INSTRUCTIONS DU FABRICANT EN CE QUI REGARDE CET EQUIPMENT ET LES PRODUITS A ETRE EMPLOYES ET SUIVEZ LES PROCEDURES DE SECURITE DE VOTRE EMPLOYEUR.

LESEN SIE UND BEFOLGEN SIE DIE BETRIEBSANLEITUNG DER ANLAGE UND DEN ELEKTRODENEINSATZ DES HERSTELLERS. DIE UNFALLVERHÜTUNGSVORSCHRIFTEN DES ARBEITGEBERS SIND EBENFALLS ZU BEACHTEN.

	ブ		
Keep your head out of fumes. Use ventilation or exhaust to remove fumes from breathing zone.	Turn power off before servicing.	Do not operate with panel open or guards off.	WARNING
 Los humos fuera de la zona de respiración. Mantenga la cabeza fuera de los humos. Utilice ventilación o aspiración para gases. 	Desconectar el cable de ali- mentación de poder de la máquina antes de iniciar cualquier servicio.	No operar con panel abierto o guardas quitadas.	AVISO DE PRECAUCION
 Gardez la tête à l'écart des fumées. Utilisez un ventilateur ou un aspirateur pour ôter les fumées des zones de travail. 	Débranchez le courant avant l'entre- tien.	 N'opérez pas avec les panneaux ouverts ou avec les dispositifs de protection enlevés. 	ATTENTION
Vermeiden Sie das Einatmen von Schweibrauch! Sorgen Sie für gute Be- und Entlüftung des Arbeitsplatzes!	Strom vor Wartungsarbeiten abschalten! (Netzstrom völlig öff- nen; Maschine anhalten!)	 Anlage nie ohne Schutzgehäuse oder Innenschutzverkleidung in Betrieb setzen! 	WARNUNG
 Mantenha seu rosto da fumaça. Use ventilação e exhaustão para remover fumo da zona respiratória. 	 Não opere com as tampas removidas. Desligue a corrente antes de fazer serviço. Não toque as partes elétricas nuas. 	Mantenha-se afastado das partes moventes. Não opere com os paineis abertos ou guardas removidas.	ATENÇÃO
● ヒュームから頭を離すようにして下さい。● 換気や排煙に十分留意して下さい。	● メンテナンス・サービスに取りか かる際には、まず電源スイッチを 必ず切って下さい。	● パネルやカバーを取り外したままで機械操作をしないで下さい。	注意事項
● 頭部遠離煙霧。 ●在呼吸區使用通風或排風器除煙。	●維修前切斷電源。	●儀表板打開或沒有安全罩時不準作 業。	Chinese
● 얼굴로부터 용접가스를 멀리하십시요. ● 호흡지역으로부터 용접가스를 제거하기 위해 가스제거기나 통풍기를 사용하십시요.	● 보수전에 전원을 차단하십시요.	● 판넬이 열린 상태로 작동치 마십시요.	Korean 위험
 ابعد رأسك بعيداً عن الدخان. استعمل التهوية أو جهاز ضغط الدخان للخارج لكي تبعد الدخان عن المنطقة التي تتنفس فيها. 	 ● اقطع التيار الكهربائي قبل القيام بأية صياتة. 	 ◄ لا تشغل هذا الجهاز اذا كانت الاغطية الحديدية الواقية ليست عليه. 	تحذير

LEIA E COMPREENDA AS INSTRUÇÕES DO FABRICANTE PARA ESTE EQUIPAMENTO E AS PARTES DE USO, E SIGA AS PRÁTICAS DE SEGURANÇA DO EMPREGADOR.

使う機械や溶材のメーカーの指示書をよく読み、まず理解して下さい。そして貴社の安全規定に従って下さい。

請詳細閱讀並理解製造廠提供的説明以及應該使用的銀捍材料,並請遵守貴方的有関勞動保護規定。

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