

PF44 - PF46

For use with machines having code number: 50274 – 50275



SERVICE MANUAL



LINCOLN ELECTRIC EUROPE
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TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS AND ACCESSORIES

NAME		INDEX					
PF44		K14108-1					
PF46		K14109-1					
INPUT							
Input Voltage U ₁		Input Amperes I ₁		EMC Class			
40Vdc		4A		A			
RATED OUTPUT							
Duty Cycle 40°C <small>(based on a 10 min. period)</small>			Output Current				
100%			385A				
60%			500A				
OUTPUT RANGE							
Welding Current Range			Peak Open Circuit Voltage				
5 ÷ 500A			113Vdc or Vac peak				
DIMENSION							
Weight		Height		Width		Length	
18,5 kg		460 mm		300 mm		640 mm	
WIRE FEED SPEED RANGE / WIRE DIAMETER							
WFS RANGE	Drive roll	Drive roll diameter	Solid wires	Aluminum wires	Cored wires		
1 ÷ 22 m/min	4	Ø37	0.8 ÷ 1.6 mm	1.0 ÷ 1.6 mm	0.9 ÷ 1.6 mm		
Protection Rating		Maximum gas pressure		Operating Temperature		Storage Temperature	
IP23		0,5MPa (5 bar)		from -10°C to +40°C		from -25°C to 55°C	

Accessories

K14125-1	Kit - Remote Control for PF44 (12PIN).
K10095-1-15M	Remote control (welding voltage & wire feeder speed WFS).
K14091-1	Remote MIG
K870	Foot Amptrol
K14127-1	Cart for PF40/42/44/46.
K14111-1	Kit - Gas Flow Regulator.
K14121-1	Replaceable Front Panel with User Interface, A+.
K14122-1	Replaceable Front Panel with User Interface, B.
K14123-1	Replaceable Front Panel with User Interface, B+.
K14124-1	Case of remote control (PENDANT).
K14131-1	ArcLink® "T" Connector Kit.
K2909-1	6-PIN/12-PIN adapter.
K14132-1	5-PIN/12-PIN adapter.
K14128-1	Kit – Lifting Eye.
K14042-1	Adapter for spool type S200.
K10158-1	Adapter for spool type B300.
K363P	Adapter for spool type Readi-Reel®.
K10349-PG-xxM	Source/wire feeder cable (gas). Available in 5, 10 or 15m (Speedtec, Power Wave S350, S500 CE).
K10349-PGW-xxM	Source/wire feeder cable (gas and water). Available in 5, 10 or 15m. (Speedtec, Power Wave S350, S500 CE).

K10348-PG-xxM	Source/wire feeder cable (gas). Available in 5, 10 or 15m (Power Wave 455M, Power Wave 455M/STT, Power Wave 405M).
K10348-PGW-xxM	Source/wire feeder cable (gas and water). Available in 5, 10 or 15m (Power Wave 455M, Power Wave 455M/STT, Power Wave 405M).
KP10519-8	TIG – Euro adapter.
K10315-26-4	TIG Torch.
FL060583010	FLAIR 600 Gouging torch with mounted lead 2,5m.
E/H-400A-70-5M	Welding cable with electrode holder to SMAW process - 5m.

Drive rolls to 4 driven rolls	
KP14017-0.8	Solid wires: V0.6 / V0.8 V0.8 / V1.0 V1.0 / V1.2 V1.2 / V1.6
KP14017-1.0	
KP14017-1.2	
KP14017-1.6	
KP14017-1.2A	Aluminum wires: U1.0 / U1.2 U1.2 / U1.6
KP14017-1.6A	
KP14017-1.1R	Cored wires: VK0.9 / VK1.1 VK1.2 / VK1.6
KP14017-1.6R	

LINC GUN™	
K10413-36	Gas cooled gun LG 360 G (335A 60%) – 3m, 4m, 5m.
K10413-42	Gas cooled gun LG 420 G (380A 60%) – 3m, 4m, 5m.
K10413-410	Water cooled gun LG 410 W (350A 100%) - 3m, 4m, 5m.
K10413-500	Water cooled gun LG 500 W (450A 100%) - 3m, 4m, 5m.



SAFETY



WARNING

This equipment must be used by qualified personnel. Be sure that all installation, operation, maintenance and repair procedures are performed only by qualified person. Read and understand this manual before operating this equipment. Failure to follow the instructions in this manual could cause serious personal injury, loss of life, or damage to this equipment. Read and understand the following explanations of the warning symbols. Lincoln Electric is not responsible for damages caused by improper installation, improper care or abnormal operation.

	<p>WARNING: This symbol indicates that instructions must be followed to avoid serious personal injury, loss of life, or damage to this equipment. Protect yourself and others from possible serious injury or death.</p>
	<p>READ AND UNDERSTAND INSTRUCTIONS: Read and understand this manual before operating this equipment. Arc welding can be hazardous. Failure to follow the instructions in this manual could cause serious personal injury, loss of life, or damage to this equipment.</p>
	<p>ELECTRIC SHOCK CAN KILL: Welding equipment generates high voltages. Do not touch the electrode, work clamp, or connected work pieces when this equipment is on. Insulate yourself from the electrode, work clamp, and connected work pieces.</p>
	<p>ELECTRICALLY POWERED EQUIPMENT: Turn off input power using the disconnect switch at the fuse box before working on this equipment. Ground this equipment in accordance with local electrical regulations.</p>
	<p>ELECTRICALLY POWERED EQUIPMENT: Regularly inspect the input, electrode, and work clamp cables. If any insulation damage exists replace the cable immediately. Do not place the electrode holder directly on the welding table or any other surface in contact with the work clamp to avoid the risk of accidental arc ignition.</p>
	<p>ELECTRIC AND MAGNETIC FIELDS MAY BE DANGEROUS: Electric current flowing through any conductor creates electric and magnetic fields (EMF). EMF fields may interfere with some pacemakers, and welders having a pacemaker shall consult their physician before operating this equipment.</p>
	<p>CE COMPLIANCE: This equipment complies with the European Community Directives.</p>
	<p>ARTIFICIAL OPTICAL RADIATION: According with the requirements in 2006/25/EC Directive and EN 12198 Standard, the equipment is a category 2. It makes mandatory the adoption of Personal Protective Equipments (PPE) having filter with a protection degree up to a maximum of 15, as required by EN169 Standard.</p>
	<p>FUMES AND GASES CAN BE DANGEROUS: Welding may produce fumes and gases hazardous to health. Avoid breathing these fumes and gases. To avoid these dangers the operator must use enough ventilation or exhaust to keep fumes and gases away from the breathing zone.</p>
	<p>ARC RAYS CAN BURN: Use a shield with the proper filter and cover plates to protect your eyes from sparks and the rays of the arc when welding or observing. Use suitable clothing made from durable flame-resistant material to protect you skin and that of your helpers. Protect other nearby personnel with suitable, non-flammable screening and warn them not to watch the arc nor expose themselves to the arc.</p>
	<p>WELDING SPARKS CAN CAUSE FIRE OR EXPLOSION: Remove fire hazards from the welding area and have a fire extinguisher readily available. Welding sparks and hot materials from the welding process can easily go through small cracks and openings to adjacent areas. Do not weld on any tanks, drums, containers, or material until the proper steps have been taken to insure that no flammable or toxic vapors will be present. Never operate this equipment when flammable gases, vapors or liquid combustibles are present.</p>
	<p>WELDED MATERIALS CAN BURN: Welding generates a large amount of heat. Hot surfaces and materials in work area can cause serious burns. Use gloves and pliers when touching or moving materials in the work area.</p>
	<p>SAFETY MARK: This equipment is suitable for supplying power for welding operations carried out in an environment with increased hazard of electric shock.</p>

	<p>CYLINDER MAY EXPLODE IF DAMAGED: Use only compressed gas cylinders containing the correct shielding gas for the process used and properly operating regulators designed for the gas and pressure used. Always keep cylinders in an upright position securely chained to a fixed support. Do not move or transport gas cylinders with the protection cap removed. Do not allow the electrode, electrode holder, work clamp or any other electrically live part to touch a gas cylinder. Gas cylinders must be located away from areas where they may be subjected to physical damage or the welding process including sparks and heat sources.</p>
	<p>MOVING PARTS ARE DANGEROUS: There are moving mechanical parts in this machine, which can cause serious injury. Keep your hands, body and clothing away from those parts during machine starting, operating and servicing.</p>

The manufacturer reserves the right to make changes and/or improvements in design without upgrade at the same time the operator's manual.

Introduction

PF44 and **PF46** is digital wire feeder which has been designed to work with all Lincoln Electric power sources using ArcLink® protocol to communication.

Recommended equipment, which can be bought by user, was mentioned in the chapter "Accessories".

Digital wire feeder allows the welding:

- GMAW (MIG/MAG)
- FCAW-GS / FCAW-SS
- SMAW (MMA)
- GTAW (arc ignition using lift TIG)

Installation and Operator Instructions

Read this entire section before installation or operation of the machine.

Location and Environment

This machine will operate in harsh environments. However, it is important that simple preventative measures are followed to assure long life and reliable operation.

- Do not place or operate this machine on a surface with an incline greater than 15° from horizontal.
- Do not use this machine for pipe thawing.
- This machine must be located where there is free circulation of clean air without restrictions for air movement.
- Dirt and dust that can be drawn into the machine should be kept to a minimum.
- This machine has a protection rating of IP23. Keep it dry when possible and do not place it on wet ground or in puddles.
- Locate the machine away from radio controlled machinery. Normal operation may adversely affect the operation of nearby radio controlled machinery, which may result in injury or equipment damage. Read the section on electromagnetic compatibility in this manual.
- Do not operate in areas with an ambient temperature greater than 40°C.

Duty cycle and Overheating

The duty cycle of a welding machine is the percentage of time in a 10 minute cycle at which the welder can operate the machine at rated welding current.

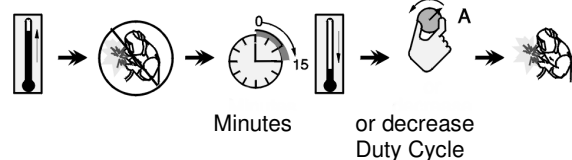
Example: 60% duty cycle



Welding for 6 minutes.

Break for 4 minutes.

Excessive extension of the duty cycle will cause the thermal protection circuit to activate.



Minutes

or decrease
Duty Cycle

Input Supply Connection

Check the input voltage, phase, and frequency of the power source that will be connected to this wire feeder. The allowable input voltage source is indicated on the rating plate of the wire feeder. Verify the connection of grounding wires from the power source to the input source.

Controls and Operational Features

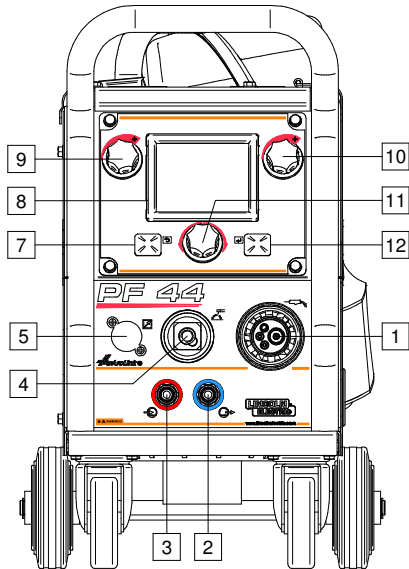


Figure 1

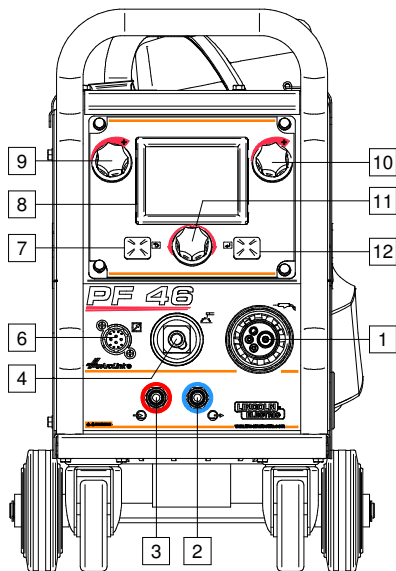


Figure 2.

- 1. **EURO Socket:** For connecting a welding gun (for GMAW / FCAW-SS process).
- 2. **Quick Connect Coupling:** Coolant outlet (supplies cool coolant to the gun).
- 3. **Quick Connect Coupling:** Coolant inlet (takes warm coolant from the gun).

WARNING

Maximum coolant pressure is 5 bar.

- 4. **Output Socket for the Welding Circuit:** For connecting an electrode holder with lead.

- 5. **Remote Control Connector Plug (optional, PF44 only):** To install Remote Control Kit. It can be purchased separately. See "Accessories" chapter.

- 6. **Remote Control Receptacle (PF46 only):** To connection Remote Control or Cross Switch Gun.

- 7. **Left Button:**
 - Cancel
 - Back.

- 8. **Display:** Parameters of welding process are shown.

- 9. **Left Control:** The value of the parameter in the upper left side of display [8] is adjusted.

- 10. **Right Control:** The value of the parameter in the upper right side of display [8] is adjusted.

- 11. **Set Control:** Type of welding procedure and welding settings is changed by this Control.

- 12. **Right Button:** Confirm change.

- 13. **Gas Connector:** Connection for gas line.

WARNING

The welding machine supports all suitable shielding gases at a maximum pressure of 5,0 bar.

- 14. **Control Receptacle:** 5 pins receptacle for wire feeder connection. To communication wire feeder with power source is used ArcLink® protocol.

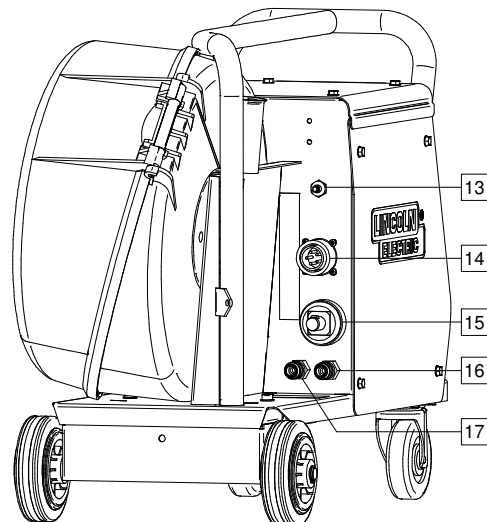


Figure 3.

- 15. **Current Socket:** Input power connection.

- 16. **Quick Connect Coupling:** Coolant outlet (takes warm coolant from welding machines to cooler).

- 17. **Quick Connect Coupling:** Coolant inlet (supplies cool coolant from cooler to the welding machines).

! WARNING

Maximum coolant pressure is 5 bar.

To ensure failure-free work and right flow of coolant, use only coolant that is recommended by the manufacturer of welding gun or cooler.

- 18. Gas Flow Regulator Plug: Gas Flow Regulator can be purchased separately. See "Accessories" chapter.
- 19. Cold Inch / Gas Purge Switch: This switch enables wire feeding or gas flow without turning on output voltage.
- 20. Lighting Switch.
- 21. USB Receptacle: To connection the USB memory.

- 22. Wire Spool Support: Maximum 15kg spools. Accepts plastic, steel and fiber spools onto 51mm spindle. Also accepts Readi-Reel[®] type spools onto included spindle adapter.

! WARNING

Be sure that wire spool case has to be completely closed during welding.

- 23. Spooled Wire: The machine does not include a spooled wire.
- 24. Wire Drive: 4-Roll wire drive.

! WARNING

The wire drive door and wire spool case have to be completely closed during welding.

! WARNING

Not use handle to move the machine during work. See "Accessories" chapter.

PF 44

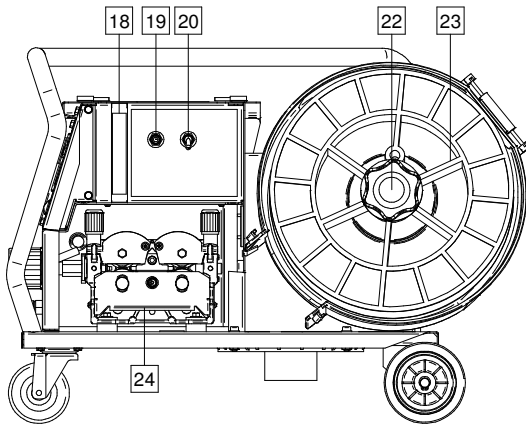


Figure 4.

PF 46

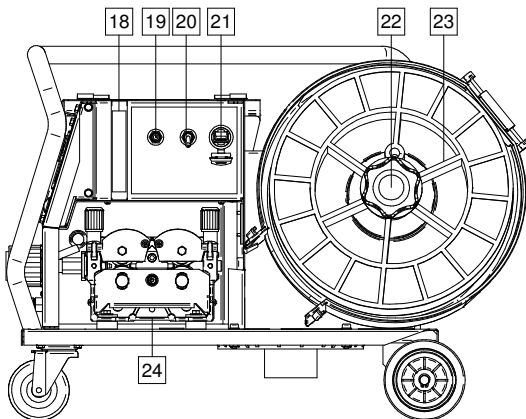
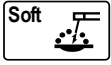
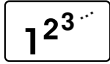






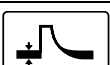
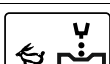

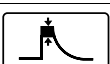


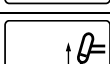












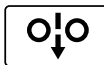
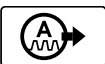



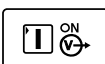





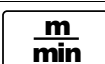
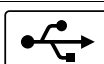






Figure 5.

Guide's Marking Interface

Description of the abridged user interface in "Quick Guide" chapter. See "Spare Part".

Table 1. Symbols description

	Select Welding Process		SMAW-Soft Process		Memory (PF46 only)
	Select Welding Program		SMAW-Crisp Process		Save to the User Memory (PF46 only)
	Non-synergic Programs		SMAW-Pipe Process		Recall from the User Memory (PF46 only)
	Synergic Programs		Gouging		Arc Force
	GMAW Process (MIG/MAG)		Electrode Wire Type Selection		Hot Start
	GMAW Process – POWER MODE®		Wire Size (diameter) Selection		Frequency Settings (GTAW-PULSE)
	FCAW Process		Gas Selection		Frequency (GTAW-PULSE)
	FCAW-SS Process		User Settings		Background Settings (GTAW-PULSE)
	FCAW-GS Process		Pinch		Background Current (GTAW-PULSE)
	GMAW-P Process		Select Function of Gun Trigger (2-Step / 4-Step)		Background Current (STT®)
	GMAW-P Process RapidArc® Program		2-Step		Peak Current (STT®)
	GMAW-P Process RapidX® Program		4-Step		TailOut (STT®)
	GMAW-P process Precision Pulse™ Program		Preflow Time		UltimArc™
	GMAW-P Process Pulse-On-Pulse® Program		Postflow Time		Setting and Configuration Menu
	STT® Process		Burnback Time		Memory Limits (PF46 only)
	GTAW Process (TIG)		Run-in WFS		Display Configuration Settings
	GTAW Welding		Spot Welding Settings		Big Meters Menu (factory default)
	GTAW-PULSE Welding		Spot Timer		Standard Menu
	GTAW Program		Start Procedure		Weld Score™ Menu
	GTAW-PULSE Program		Crater Procedure		True Energy™ Menu
	SMAW Process (MMA)		A/B Procedure (PF46 only)		Assign Function to the Right Button

	Disabled		Restore Factory Setting		Trim
	Check Mark		View Software and Hardware Version Information		Power in kW
	Resignation Mark		Setup Menu		Cold Feed
	Wave Controls		Switch Off Output Voltage MMA/TIG only)		Gas Purge
	Brightness Level		Switch On Output Voltage (MMA/TIG only)		Error
	Lock / Unlock		Welding Current		USB Memory (PF46 only)
	Locked		Wire Feed Speed in [m/min]		USB Memory is connected (PF46 only)
	Unlocked		Wire Feed Speed in [in/min]		ESCAPE Button
	Set Passcode		Welding Voltage		Confirm Button

Interface Description

Table 2. Interface Components and Functions

Functions of Interface Components	
	<p>7. Cancel / back.</p> <p>9. Changing Parameter Value [25].</p> <p>10. Changing Parameter Value [26].</p> <p>11. Selection and changing the Welding Settings.</p> <p>12. Change Confirmation.</p> <p>25. The Parameter Value in the upper left side of display.</p> <p>26. The Parameter Value in the upper right side of display.</p> <p>27. Welding Parameters Bar.</p> <p>28. Welding Program.</p>

Figure 6.

Welding Parameters Bar

The Welding Parameters Bar enables:

- Welding Program change (see sub-chapter 3.8).
- Wave Control Value change.
- The gun's trigger function change (GMAW, GMAW-P, FCAW, STT, GTAW only).
- Add or hide functions and welding parameters – User Settings

Table 3. SMAW Welding Parameters Bar – factory default

	Welding Process Choice
	Arc Force
	Hot Start (SMAW Soft and SMAW Crisp only)
	User Settings

Table 4. Gouging Welding Parameters Bar – factory default

	Welding Process Choice
	User Settings

Table 5. GTAW Welding Parameters Bar – factory default

	Welding Process Choice
	Hot Start
	The function of the gun's trigger change
	User Settings

Table 6. GTAW-P Welding Parameters Bar – factory default

	Welding Process Choice
	Frequency Settings
	Background Settings
	Hot Start
	The function of the gun's trigger change
	User Settings

Table 7. GMAW and FCAW Welding Parameters Bar – factory default



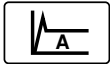


	Welding Process Choice
	Pinch *
	Hot Start
	The function of the gun's trigger change
	User Settings

Table 10. Synergic STT® Welding Parameters Bar – factory settings

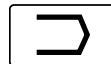
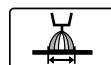
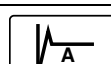
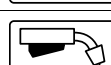

	Welding Process Choice
	UltimArc™
	Hot Start
	The function of the gun's trigger change
	User Settings

Table 8. GMAW-P Welding Parameters Bar – factory default








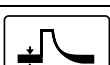

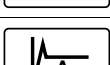


	Welding Process Choice
	Frequency (Pulse-On-Pulse® only)
	UltimArc™ (except for Pulse-On-Pulse®)
	The function of the gun's trigger change
	User Settings

Table 9. Non-synergic STT® Welding Parameters Bar – factory settings

	Welding Process Choice
	Peak Current
	Background Current
	TailOut
	Hot Start
	The function of the gun's trigger change
	User Settings

Welding Program Choice

To select the Welding Program:

- Use the Set Control [11] to highlight the Welding Process Choice icon.



Figure 7.

- Press the Set Control [11] – Welding Program Choice Menu is shown on the display.

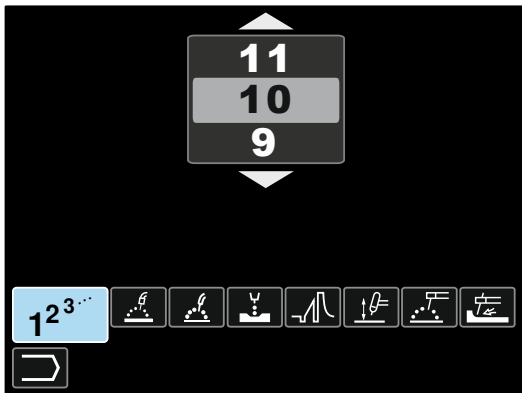


Figure 8.

- Use the Set Control [11] to highlight the Welding Program Choice icon – Figure 8.
- Press the Set Control [11].
- Use the Set Control [11] to highlight the Welding Program Number.

Note: The list of available programs depends on the power source.

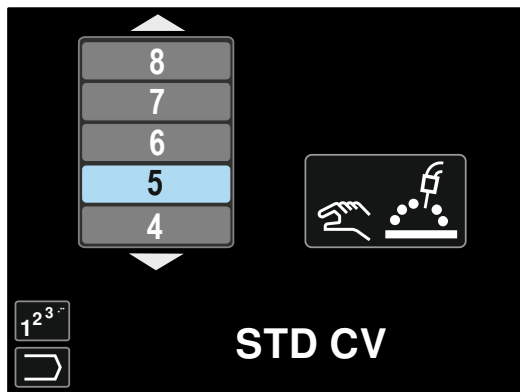


Figure 9.

- Confirm the select – press the Right Button [12].

If a user does not know the Welding Program Number, it can be searched. In that case in subsequent steps are given:

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Welding Process 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Synergic / Non-synergic Process 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Electrode Wire Type 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Electrode Wire Diameter 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Shielding Gas 	

In consequence the definite Welding Program is received.

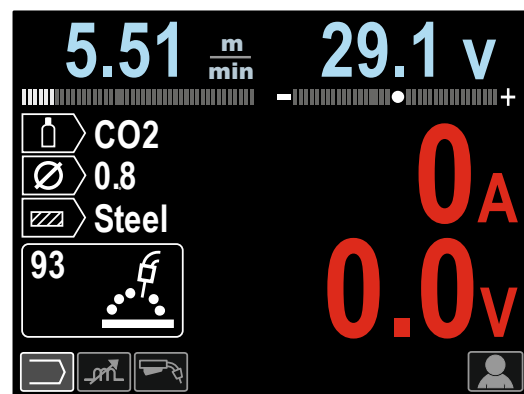


Figure 10

User Settings

To access the User Settings, mark the User Settings icon [11], press and hold for 1 second the Right Button [12].



Figure 11.

The User Setting Menu enables to add the additional function and / or parameters to the Welding Parameters Bar [27]. Depending on the Wire Feeder, may be added:

Icon	Parameter	PF44	PF46
	Preflow	✓	✓
	Postflow	✓	✓
	Burnback Time	✓	✓
	Spot Welding	✓	✓
	Run-In WFS	✓	✓
	Start Procedure	✓	✓
	Crater Procedure	✓	✓
	A/B Procedure	-	✓
	User Memory	-	✓

Note: To change the Parameters or Functions Value, their icons had to be added to the Welding Parameters Bar [27].

To add the Parameter or Function to the Welding Parameters Bar [27]:

- Access to the User Settings (see the Figure 11).
- Use the Set Control [11] to highlight the parameter or function icon which will be added to the Welding Parameters Bar [27], for example Run-in WFS.

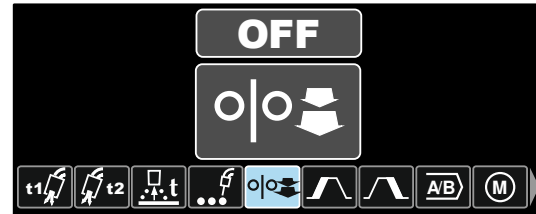


Figure 12.

- Press the Set Button [11]. Run-in WFS icon will drop.

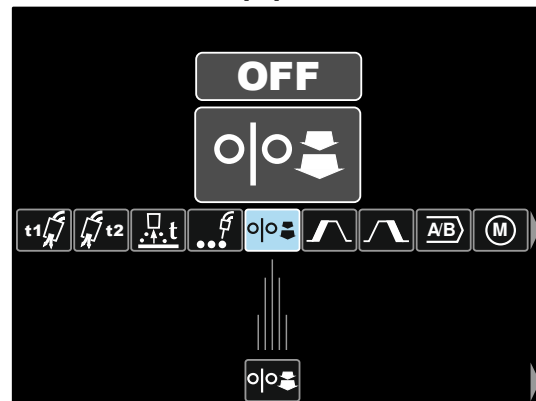


Figure 13.

Note: To remove the icon press the Set Control [11] once again.

Note: To cancel the change and exit the User Settings Menu – press the Left Button [7].

- Confirm the select – press the Right Button [12]. The User Settings Menu is closed. The Selected parameters or function is added to the Welding Parameters Bar [27].

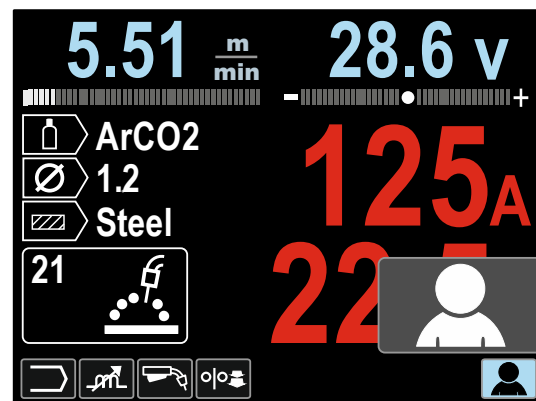


Figure 14.

To remove the selected parameter or function from the Welding Parameters Bar [27]:

- Access to the User Settings.
- Use the Set Control [11] to highlight the selected parameter or function icon which will be added to the Welding Parameters Bar [27].

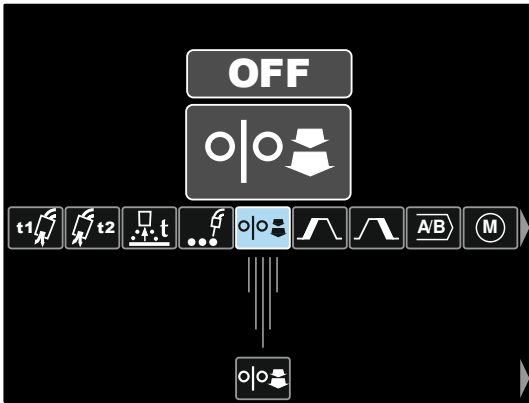


Figure 15.

- Press the Set Control [11] – The selected icon will disappear from the display bottom.

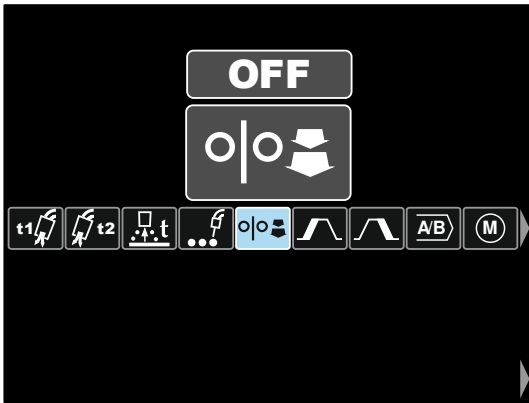


Figure 16.

- Confirm the select – press the Right Button [12]. The User Settings Menu is closed. The Selected parameters or function was disappeared from the Welding Parameters Bar [27]

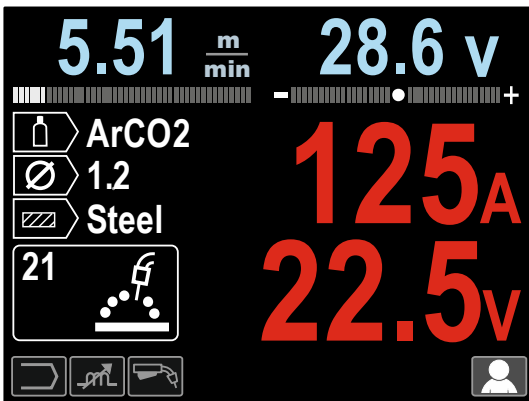
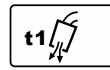


Figure 17.

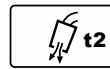


Prewflow Time adjusts the time that shielding gas flows after the trigger is pulled and prior to feeding.

- Factory default, Prewflow Time is set at 0.2 seconds.
- Adjust range: from 0 seconds to 25 seconds.



Figure 18.



Postflow Time adjusts the time that shielding gas flows after the welding output turns off.

- Factory default, Postflow Time is set at 1 second.
- Adjust range: from 0 seconds to 25 seconds.

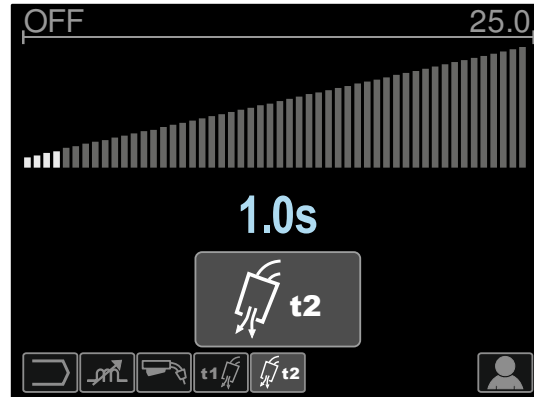


Figure 19.



Burnback Time is the amount of time that the weld output continues after the wire stops feeding. It prevents the wire from sticking in the puddle and prepares the end of the wire for the next arc start.

- Factory default, Burnback Time is set at 0.07 seconds.
- Adjust range: from 0.01 seconds to 0.25 seconds.

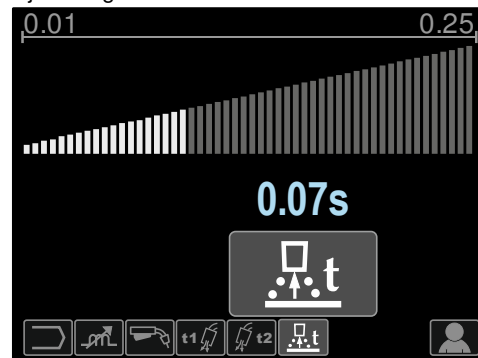
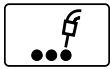


Figure 20.



Spot Timer – adjusts the time welding will continue even if the trigger is still pulled. This option has no effect in 4-Step Trigger Mode.

- Factory default, Spot Timer is OFF.
- Adjust range: from 0 second to 120 seconds.

Note: Spot Timer has no effect in 4-Step Trigger Mode.

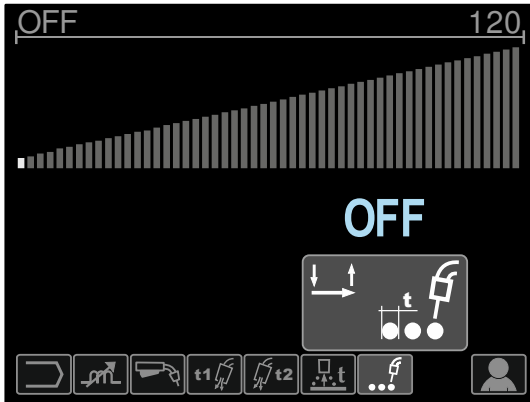


Figure 21.



Run-in WFS – sets the wire feed speed from the time the trigger is pulled until an arc is established.

- Factory default, Run-in is turned off.
- Adjust range: from minimum to maximum WFS.

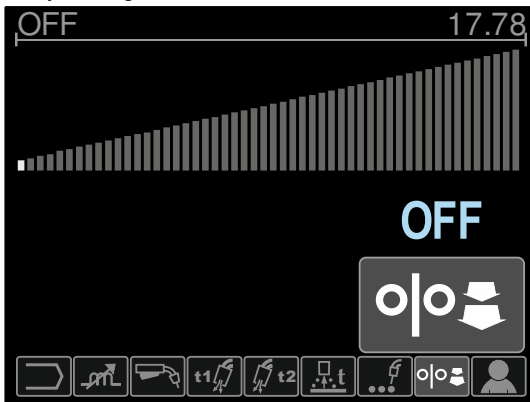


Figure 22.



The Start Procedure controls the WFS and Volts (or Trim) for a specified time at the beginning of the weld. During the start time, the machine will ramp up or down from the Start Procedure to the preset Welding Procedure.

- Adjust time range: from 0 (OFF) to 10 seconds.

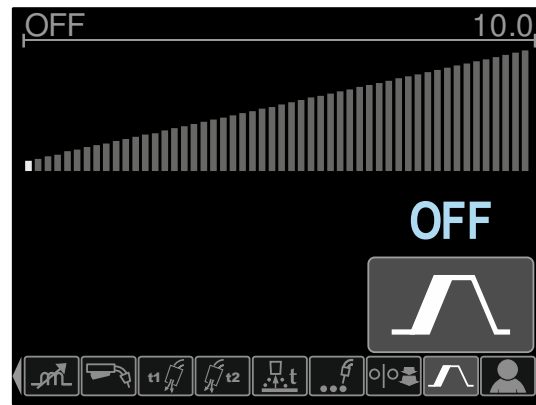


Figure 23.

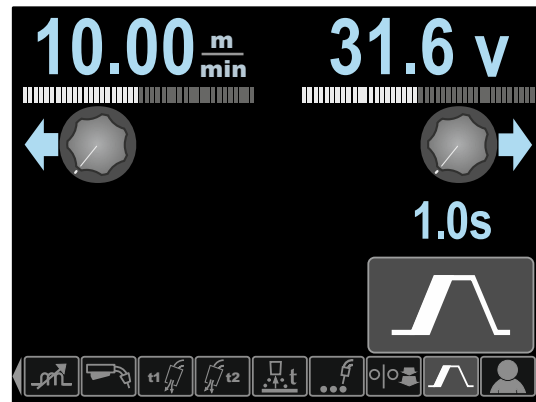


Figure 24.



Crater Procedure controls the WFS (or value in ampere units) and Volts (or Trim) for a specified time at the end of the weld after the trigger is released. During the Crater time, the machine will ramp up or down from the Weld Procedure to the Crater Procedure.

- Adjust time range: from 0 (OFF) to 10 seconds.

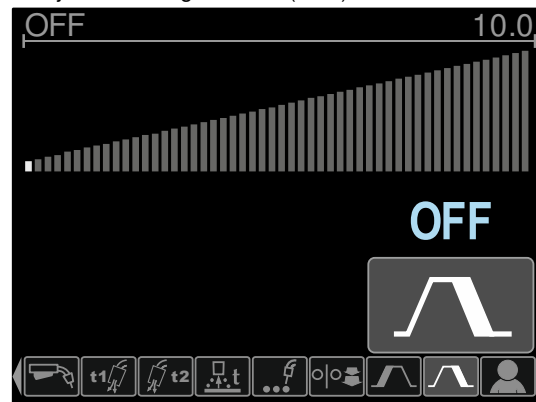


Figure 25.

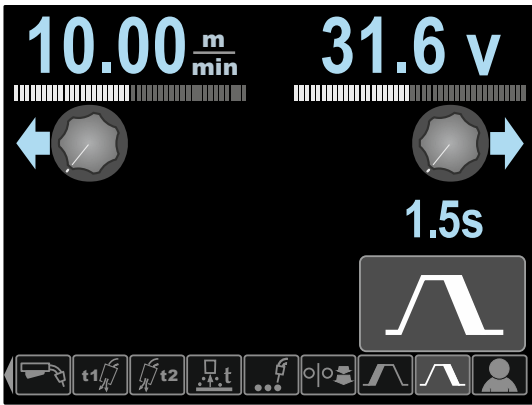


Figure 26.



A/B procedure (PF46 only) enables quick weld procedure change. The sequence changes may occur between:

- Two different welding programs.
- Different settings for the same program.



User Memory (PF46 only) enables:

- Store the welding programs to one of the nine user memory.
- Recall the stored programs from the user memory

To store the Welding Program to the User Memory:

- Add the User Memory icon to the Welding Parameters Bar [27].
- Use the Set Control [11] to highlight the User Memory icon.



Figure 27.

- Press the Set Control [11] – the User Memory Menu is shown on the display.
- Use the Set Control [11] to highlight the Save to the Memory icon.

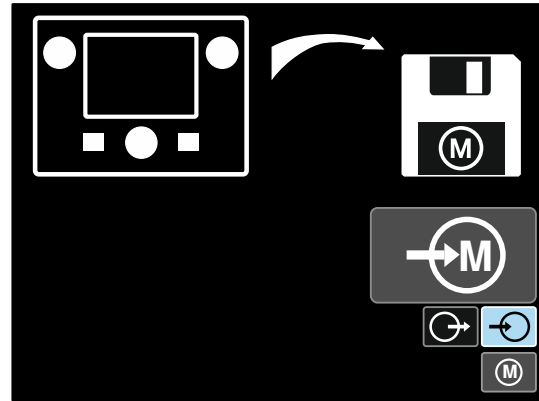


Figure 28.

- Press the Set Control [11].
- Use the Set Control [11] to highlight the Memory Number where the program would be stored.
- Confirm the select – press the Right Button [12].

To recall the Welding Program from The User Memory:

Note: Before using, the Welding Program had to be assigned to the user memory

- Add the User Memory icon to the Welding Parameters Bar [27].
- Use the Set Control [11] to highlight the User Memory icon.
- Press the Set Control [11] – the User Memory Menu is shown on the display.
- Use the Set Control [11] to highlight the Recall to the Memory icon.

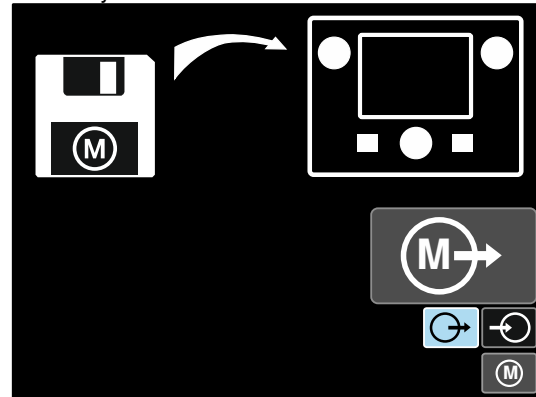


Figure 29.

- Press the Set Control [11].
- Use the Set Control [11] to highlight the Memory Number which from the Welding Program will be recall.
- Confirm the select – press the Right Button [12].

Note: If the parameters saved in the program memory are highlighted on red (figure 30) it means that the unit of the workpoint and/or trim in Setup Menu is not the same as the unit of these parameters saved in the program memory. In that case, after the welding program is recalled, the parameters marked on red will be changed. To restore the units compliances, enter to Setup Menu and set the parameters P028 and/or P020 accordingly.

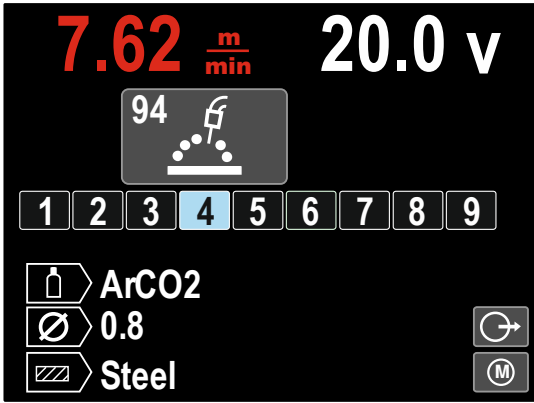



Figure 30

 Additionally, the **Setting and Configuration Menu** can be also entered from the User Settings Menu. Full description **the Setting and Configuration Menu** in Section 3.10.
Note: The Setting and Configuration Menu icon cannot add to the Welding Parameters Bar [27].

To go to the Setting and Configuration Menu from the User Settings Menu:

- Access to the User Settings Menu.
- Use the Set Control [11] to highlight the Settings and Configuration Menu icon.

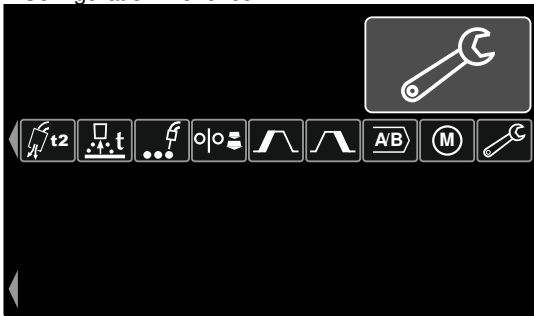


Figure 31.

- Press and hold for 1 second the Set Control [11].



Figure 32.

- The Settings and Configuration Menu is shown on the display.

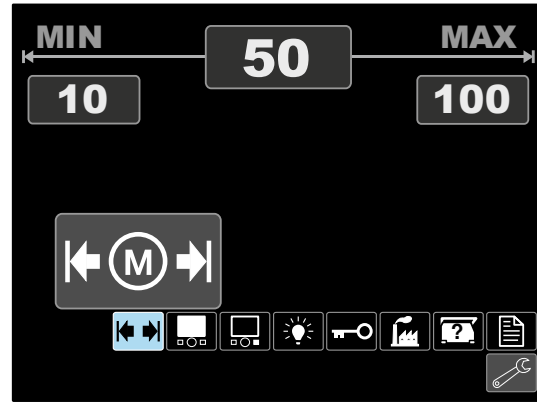


Figure 33.

The Settings and Configuration Menu

Two ways to access to the Settings and Configuration Menu:

- From The User Settings Menu (see dedicated section)
- Press the Left [7] and the Right [12] Buttons simultaneously

Depending on the Wire Feeder, The Settings and Configuration Menu enables:

Icon	Description	PF44	PF46
	Set the Memory Limits	-	✓
	Set the Display Configuration	✓	✓
	Assignment Function to the Right Button	✓	✓
	Set the Brightness Level	✓	✓
	Lock / Unlock	✓	✓
	Restore Factory Setting	✓	✓
	View Software and Hardware Version Information.	✓	✓
	Access to the Configuration Menu	✓	✓

Memory Limits (PF46 only)

Note: The Limits can be set only for the programs stored in the user memory.

The limits can be set for:

- Welding Current
- Wire Feed Speed, WFS
- Welding Voltage
- Wave Controls

Display Configuration

Four Display Configuration are available:

	True Energy™ Menu
	Weld Score™ Menu
	Big Meters Menu (factory default)
	Standard Menu

To set the Display Configuration:

- Access to the Settings and Configuration Menu.
- Use the Set Control [11] to highlight the Display Configuration icon.

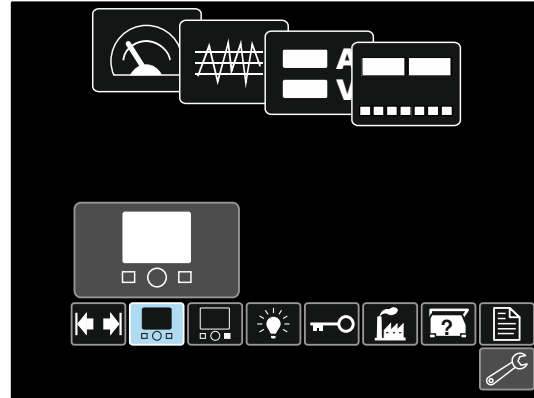


Figure 34.

- Press the Set Control [11]. The Display Configuration Menu is shown on the display.

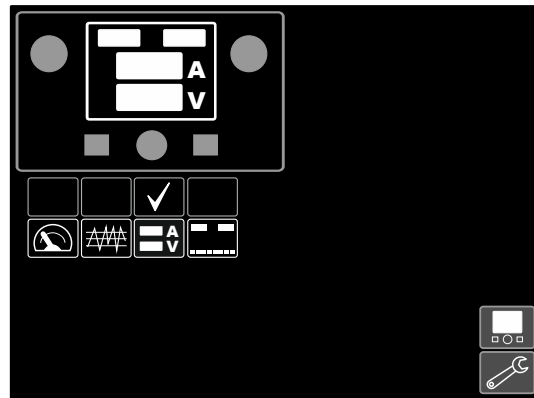


Figure 35.

- Use the Set Control [11] to highlight the display configuration icon, for example Weld Score.

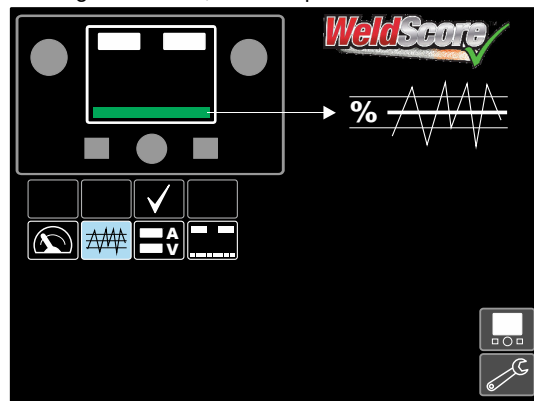


Figure 36.

- Press the Set Control [11] to select the Display Configuration. The Check Mark will also change the position.

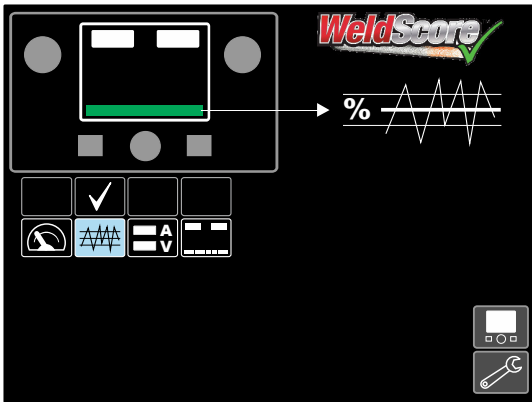


Figure 37.

- Confirm the select – press the Right Button [12].
- Return to the main level of the interface. Instead of the Welding Parameters Bar is visible the Weld Score Bar.

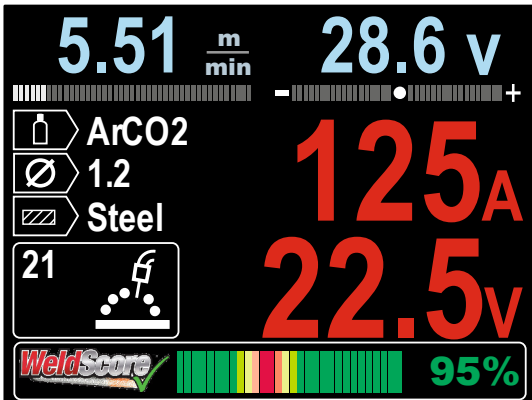


Figure 38.

Note: If the Set Control [11] is pressed, the Welding Parameters Bar will be visible for 5 seconds.

Assignment Function to the Right Button

To the Right Button [12] can assign:

Icon	Description	PF44	PF46
	Disabled - OFF (factory default)	✓	✓
	Crater Procedure	✓	✓
	Rub-in WFS	✓	✓
	Wave Controls	✓	✓
	Recall the Program stored in the User Memory	-	✓

Note: To use the assigned functions:

- Recall the Program stored in the User Memory
- Crater Procedure
- Run-in WFS

icons of these functions must be added to the Welding Parameters Bar [27].

To assign the function to the Right Button [12]:

- Access to the Settings and Configuration Menu.
- Use the Set Control [11] to highlight the Assigned Function to the Right Button icon.

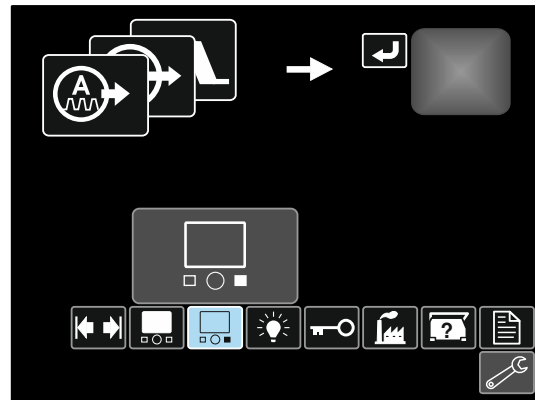


Figure 39.

- Press the Set Control [11]. The Assigned Function Menu is shown on the display.

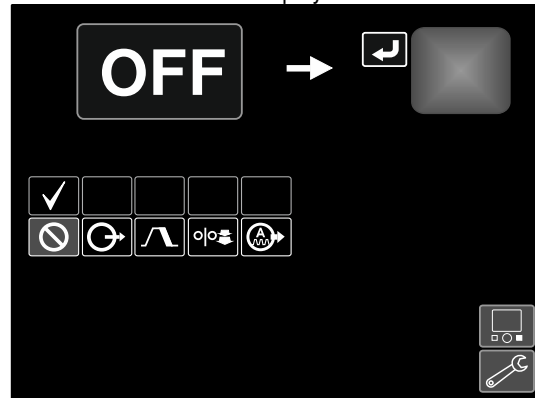


Figure 40.

- Use the Set Control [11] to highlight the function which will be assigned to the Right Button [12], for example Crater Procedure.

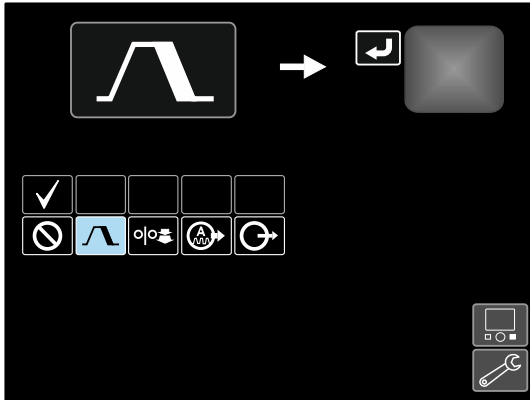


Figure 41.

- Press the Set Control [11] to select the Assigned Function to the Right Button [12]. The Check Mark will also change the position.

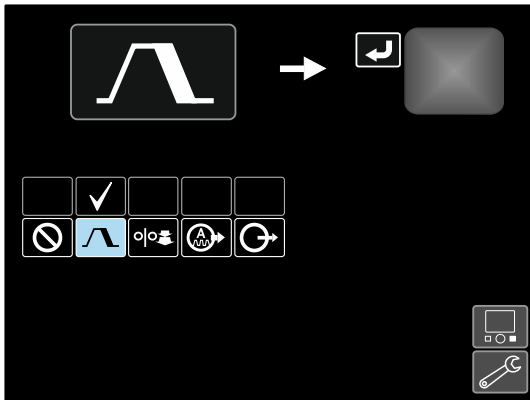


Figure 42.

- Confirm the select – press the Right Button [12].
- Return to the main level of the interface. If the Right Button [12] is pressed, the Crater Interface Settings will be shown on the display.



The Brightness Level

Enables the Brightness Level.

- Adjust range: from 0 to +10.



Lock / Unlock

Can lock / unlock:

Icon	Description	PF44	PF46
	All Interface Components	✓	✓
	The Left [9] and / or Right [10] Control	✓	✓
	The Welding Parameters Bar [27] The Set Control [11] and the Left [7] and the Right [12] button	✓	✓
	Configuration Menu	✓	✓
	User Memory	-	✓

To set the lock:

- Access to the Settings and Configuration Menu.
- Use the Set Control [11] to highlight the Lock/Unlock icon.

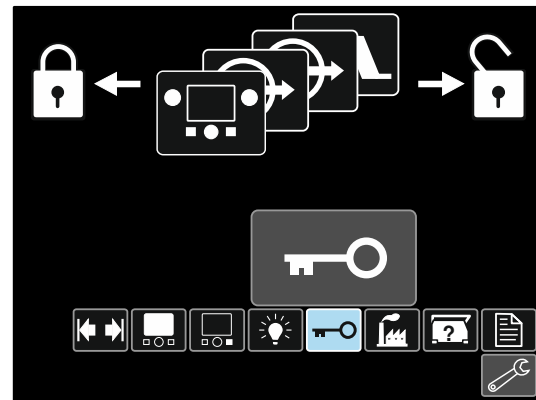


Figure 43.

- Press the Set Control [11]. The Lock Menu is shown on the display.

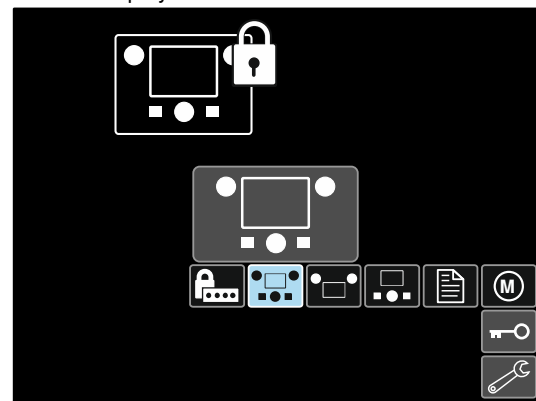


Figure 44.

- Use the Set Control [11] to highlight the element which will be locked, for example All Interface Components – see the Figure 44.
- Press the Set Control [11].
- Use the Set Control [11] to highlight the Lock icon.
- Press the Set Control [11] to select the Lock. The Check Mark will also change the position.

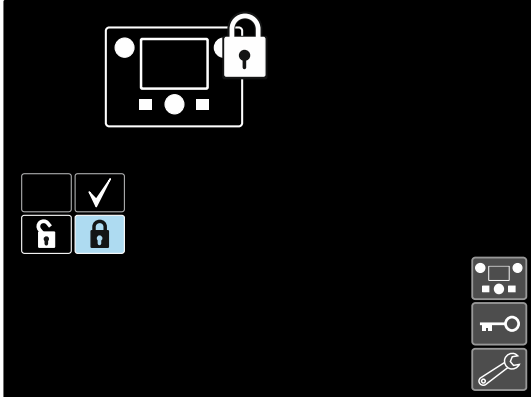


Figure 45.

- Confirm the select – press the Right Button [12].

To unlock functions, press and hold the Left Button [7] for four seconds and choose locked elements.

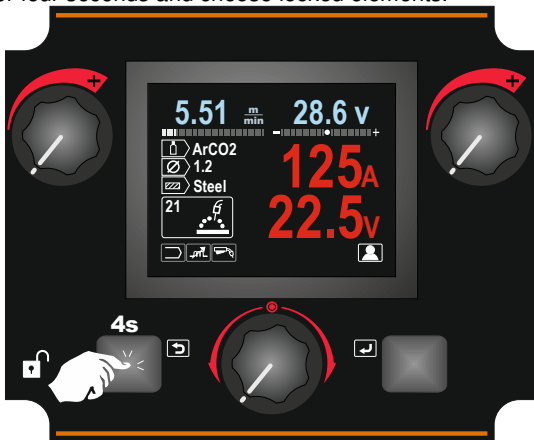


Figure 46.



To prevent accidental changes, the User Passcode may set up. The User Passcode locks access to the Lock Menu. In that case to change the Lock Settings the User Passcode needs to be set. The default passcode is 0000. It enables free access to Lock Menu.



Restore Factory Settings

Note: After Factory Settings restore, the settings stored in user memory are deleted.

To restore Factory Settings:

- Access to the Settings and Configuration Menu.
- Use the Set Control [11] to highlight the Restore Factory Settings icon.

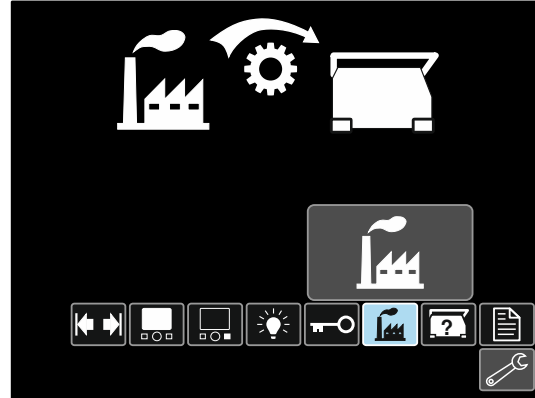


Figure 47.

- Press the Set Control [11]. The Restore Factory Settings Menu is shown on the display.
- Use the Set Control [11] to highlight the Check Mark.

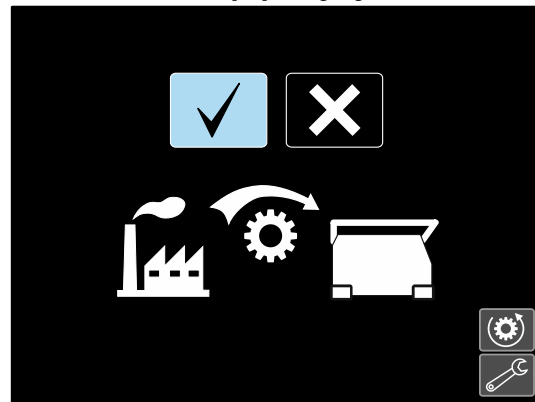


Figure 48.

- Confirm the select – press the Right Button [12]. The factory settings are restored.



Diagnostic Information

Available information:

- Software Version
- Hardware Version
- Welding Software
- Ethernet IP Address
- Power Source Protocol
- Event Logs
- Fatal Logs.



Setup (Configuration Menu)

Enables access to the Configuration Parameters of the Device.

To set the Configuration Parameters of the Device:

- Access to the Settings and Configuration Menu.
- Use the Set Control [11] to highlight the Restore Factory Settings icon.

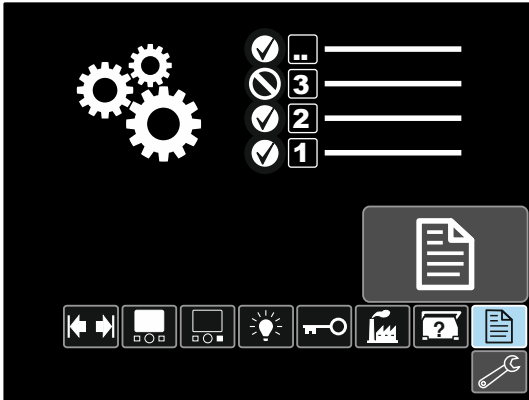


Figure 49.

- Press the Set Control [11]. The Configuration Menu is shown on the display.
- Use the Set Control [11] to highlight the Parameter Number which will be changed, for example P001 - allows change WFS units, factory default: "Metric" = m/min.

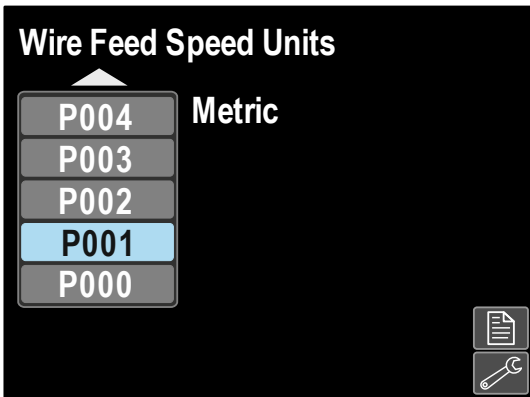


Figure 50.

- Press The Set Control [11].
- Use the Set Control [11] to highlight the "English" = in/min.

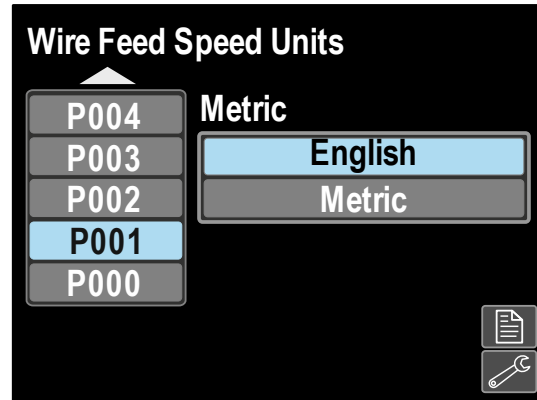


Figure 51.

- Confirm the select – press the Right Button [12].

Table 11. The Configuration Parameters

P000	The Menu Exit	Enables exit from menu
P001	Wire Feed Speed (WFS) units	Enables change WFS units: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Metric (factory default) = m/min; • English = in/min.
P003	Display Options	Enables select between one of the four Display Configurations: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "True Energy" = Energy is displayed, along with time in HH:MM:SS format. • "Weld Score" = The accumulative weld score result is shown. • "Big Meters" (factory default) = After 5 seconds of inactivity, only Welding Current and Voltage is shown on the display, the Welding Parameters Bar [27] is invisible. To activate the Welding Parameters Bar [27], press the Set Control [11]. • "Standard" = On the Display is shown preset information during and after a weld.
P004	Recall Memory with Trigger (PF46 only)	This option allows a memory to be recalled by quickly pulling and releasing the gun trigger: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "Enable" = Selecting memories 2 through 9 by quickly pulling and releasing the gun trigger. To recall a memory with the gun trigger, quickly pull and release the trigger the number of times that correspond to the memory number. For example, to recall memory 3, quickly pull and release the trigger 3 times. Trigger memory recall can only be performed when the system is not welding. • "Disable" (factory default) = Memory selection is performed only by the Panel Buttons.
P005	Procedure Change Method (PF46 only)	This option selects how remote procedure selection (A/B) will be made. The following methods can be used to remotely change the selected procedure: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "External Switch" (default) = Dual Procedure selection may only be performed by the Cross-switch gun or remote control. • "Quick Trigger" = Allows switching between Procedure A and procedure B while welding with 2-stroke mode. The Cross-switch gun or remote control is required. To operate: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ Select " WFS/Proced. A-B" in P025 to set up parameters for A and B procedures. ♦ Start the weld by pulling the gun trigger. The system will weld with procedure A settings. ♦ While welding, quickly release and then pull the gun trigger. The system will switch to procedure B settings. Repeat to switch back to procedure A settings. The procedure can be changed as many times as needed during the weld. ♦ Release the trigger to stop welding. When the next weld is made, the system will start again with procedure A. • "IntegralTrigProc" = Allows switching between Procedure A and procedure B while welding with 4-stroke mode. When in 2-step, the system operates identical to the External Switch selection. To operate in 4-step: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ Select " WFS/Proced. A-B" in P025 to set up parameters for A and B procedures. ♦ Start the weld by pulling the gun trigger. The system will weld with procedure A settings. ♦ While welding, quickly release and then pull the gun trigger. The system will switch to procedure B settings. Repeat to switch back to procedure A settings. The procedure can be changed as many times as needed during the weld. ♦ Release the trigger to stop welding. When the next weld is made, the system will start again with procedure A.

P007	Gun Offset Adjustment	<p>This option adjusts the wire feed speed calibration of the pull motor of a push-pull gun. This should only be performed when other possible corrections do not solve any push-pull feeding problems. An rpm meter is required to perform the pull gun motor offset calibration. To perform the calibration procedure do the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Release the pressure arm on both the pull and push wire drives. 2. Set the wire feed speed to 200 ipm. 3. Remove wire from the pull wire drive. 4. Hold an rpm meter to the drive roll in the pull gun. 5. Pull the trigger on the push-pull gun. 6. Measure the rpm of the pull motor. The rpm should be between 115 and 125 rpm. If necessary, decrease the calibration setting to slow the pull motor, or increase the calibration setting to speed up the motor. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The calibration range is -30 to +30, with 0 as the default value.
P008	TIG Gas Control	<p>This option allows control over which gas solenoid actuates while TIG welding.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "Valve (manual)" = No MIG solenoid will actuate while TIG welding, gas flow is manually controlled by an external valve. • "Feeder Solenoid" = The internal (feeder) MIG solenoid will turn on and off automatically while TIG welding. • "Pwr Src Solenoid" = Any gas solenoid connected to the power source will turn on and off automatically while TIG welding. This selection will not appear in the list if the power source does not support a gas solenoid. <p>Notes: Preflow is not available while TIG welding. Postflow is available - the same Postflow time will be used in MIG and TIG. When machine output on/off is controlled via the upper right Control [10], gas flow will not start until the tungsten touches the work. Gas flow will continue when the arc is broken until the Postflow time expires. When machine output on/off is controlled via an arc start switch or foot Amptrol, gas will begin flowing when the output is turned on and will continue flowing until the output is turned off and the Postflow time expires.</p>
P009	Crater Delay	<p>This option is used to skip the Crater sequence when making short tack welds. If the trigger is released before the timer expires, Crater will be bypassed and the weld will end. If the trigger is released after the timer expires, the Crater sequence will function normally (if enabled).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • OFF (0) to 10.0 seconds (default = Off)
P014	Reset Consumable Weight	<p>Use this option to reset the initial weight of the consumable package. "No" = Weight reset annulment. "Yes" = Weight reset accept. In addition it shows the current wire weight. Note: This option will only appear with systems using Production Monitoring.</p>
P016	Push-Pull Gun Control Behavior	<p>This option determines how the potentiometer on the Push/Pull torch will behave.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "Gun Pot Enabled" (default) = The welding wire feed speed is always controlled by the potentiometer on the push-pull gun. The Left Control [9] is only used to adjust Start and Crater wire feed speed. • "Gun Pot Disabled" = The wire feed speed is always controlled by the Left Control [9]. This setting is useful when the operator wishes to have wire feed speed settings recalled from memories and not have the potentiometer "overwrite" the setting. • "Gun Pot Proc A" = When in procedure A, the welding wire feed speed is controlled by the potentiometer on the push-pull gun. When in procedure B, the welding wire feed speed is controlled by the Left Control [9]. This setting allows a fixed wire feed speed to be selected in procedure B and not have the potentiometer "overwrite" the setting when the procedure changes.

P017	Remote Control Type	<p>This option selects the type of analog remote control being used. Digital remote control devices (those with a digital display) are configured automatically.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "Push-Pull Gun" = Use this setting while MIG welding with a push-pull gun that uses a potentiometer for wire feed speed control (this setting is backward compatible with "P.17 Gun Selection" = PushPull). • "TIG Amp Control" = Use this setting while TIG welding with a foot or hand current control device (Ampctrl). While TIG welding, the upper left Control on the User Interface sets the maximum current obtained when the TIG amp control is at its maximum setting. • "Stick/Gouge Rem." = Use this setting while stick welding or gouging with a remote output control device. While stick welding, the upper left Control on the User Interface sets the maximum current obtained when the stick remote is at its maximum setting. While gouging, the upper left Control is disabled and the gouging current is set on the remote control. • "All Mode Remote" = This setting allows the remote control to function in all weld modes which is how most machines with 6-pin and 7-pin remote control connections operate. • "Joystick MIG Gun" (European default) = Use this setting while MIG welding with a push MIG gun with a joystick control. Stick, TIG and gouge welding currents are set at the User Interface. <p>Note: On machines that do not have a 12-pin connector, the "Joystick MIG Gun" settings will not appear.</p>
P020	Display Trim as Volts Option	<p>Determines how trim is displayed</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "No" (factory default) = The trim is displayed in the format defined in the weld set. • "Yes" = All trim values are displayed as a voltage. <p>Note: This option may not be available on all machines. The power source must support this functionality, or this option will not appear in the menu.</p>
P022	Arc Start/Loss Error Time	<p>This option can be used to optionally shut off output if an arc is not established, or is lost for a specified amount of time. Error 269 will be displayed if the machine times out. If the value is set to OFF, machine output will not be turned off if an arc is not established nor will output be turned off if an arc is lost. The trigger can be used to hot feed the wire (default). If a value is set, the machine output will shut off if an arc is not established within the specified amount of time after the trigger is pulled or if the trigger remains pulled after an arc is lost. To prevent nuisance errors, set Arc Start/Loss Error Time to an appropriate value after considering all welding parameters (run-in wire feed speed, weld wire feed speed, electrical stick out, etc). To prevent subsequent changes to Arc Start/Loss Error Time, the setup menu should be locked out by setting Preference Lock = Yes using the Power Wave Manager software.</p> <p>Note: This parameter is disabled while welding in Stick, TIG or Gouge.</p>
P025	Joystick Configuration	<p>This option can be used to change the behavior of the left and right joystick positions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "Disable Joystick" = The joystick does not function. • "WFS/Trim" = The left and right joystick positions will adjust Arc Length Trim, Arc Voltage, Power or STT[®] Background Current based on the selected weld mode. For example, when a non-synergic STT[®] weld mode is selected, the left and right joystick positions will adjust Background Current. When a Power mode is selected, the left and right joystick positions will adjust the Power (kW). • "WFS/Job" = The left and right joystick positions will: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Select a user memory while not welding. • Adjust Trim/Voltage/Power/STT Background Current while welding. • "WFS/Procedure A-B" = The left and right joystick positions will be used to select procedure A and B, while welding and while not welding. The left joystick position selects procedure A, the right joystick position selects procedure B. <p>Note: In all configurations other than "Disable Joystick", the up and down joystick positions will adjust the wire feed speed, while welding and while not welding.</p>

P028	Display Workpoint as Amps Option	<p>Determines how workpoint is displayed:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "No" (factory default) = The workpoint is displayed in the format defined in the weld set. • "Yes" = All workpoint values are displayed as an amperage. <p>Note: This option may not be available on all machines. The power source must support this functionality, or this option will not appear in the menu</p>
P080	Sense From Studs	<p>Use this option for diagnostic purposes only. When power is cycled, this option is automatically reset to False.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "False" (default) = Voltage sensing is automatically determined by the selected weld mode and other machine settings. • "True" = Voltage sensing is forced to "studs" of the power source.
P081	Electrode Polarity	<p>Used in place of DIP switches for configuration of the work and electrode sense leads</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "Positive" (default) = Most GMAW welding procedures use Electrode Positive welding. • "Negative" = Most GTAW and some inner shield procedures use Electrode Negative welding.
P082	Voltage Sense Display	<p>Allows viewing of Voltage Sense Lead Selection to aid in troubleshooting. The configuration is displayed as a text string on the display whenever the output is enabled. This parameter is not saved on a power cycle, but will be reset to False</p>
P099	Show Test Modes?	<p>Uses for calibration and tests.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "No" (factory default) = Turned off; • "Yes" = Allows to selection test modes. <p>Note: After the device has been restarted the P099 is "NO".</p>

Table 12. List of Secured Parameters accessible through Power Wave Manager only

P501	Encoder Lockout	<p>Locks one or both of the upper Controls ([9] and [10]), preventing the operator from changing wire feed speed, amps, volts or trim. The function of each upper Control depends on the selected weld mode.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "Both Encoders Unlocked" (factory default) = The Left [9] and the Right Control is unlocked. • "Both Encoders Locked" = The Left [9] and the Right Control is locked. • "Right Encoder Locked" = The Right Control [10] is locked. • "Left Encoder Locked" = The Left Control [9] is locked. <p>Note: This parameter can only be accessed using PowerWave Manager software.</p>
P502	Memory Change Lockout (PF46 only)	<p>Determines if the memories can be overwritten with new contents.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "No" (factory default)= Memories can be saved and limits can be configured. • "Yes" = Memories cannot be changed - saving is prohibited and limits cannot be re-configured. <p>Note: This parameter can only be accessed using PowerWave Manager software.</p>
P503	Memory Button Disable (PF46 only)	<p>Disables the specified memory button(s). When a memory is disabled, welding procedures cannot be restored from or saved to that memory. If an attempt is made to save or restore a disabled memory, a message will be displayed on the lower display indicating the memory number is disabled. In multi-head systems, this parameter disables the same memory buttons on both feed heads.</p> <p>Note: This parameter can only be accessed using PowerWave Manager software.</p>
P504	Mode Select Panel Lock	<p>Selects between several Mode Select Panel lockout preferences. When a Mode Select Panel selection is locked and an attempt is made to change that parameter, a message will be displayed on the display indicating the parameter is locked.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "All MSP Options Unlocked" (factory default) = All adjustable parameters on the Mode Select Panel are unlocked. • "All MSP Options Locked" = All Controls and buttons on the Mode Select Panel are locked. • "Start & End Options Locked" = The Start and End parameters on the Mode Select Panel are locked, all others are unlocked. • "Weld Mode Option Locked" = The weld mode cannot be changed from the Mode Select Panel, all others Mode Select Panel settings are unlocked. • "Wave Control Options Locked" = The Wave Control parameters on the Mode Select Panel are locked, all others are unlocked. • "Start, End, Wave Options Locked" = The Start, End and Wave Control parameters on the Mode Select Panel are locked, all others are unlocked. • "Start, End, Mode Options Locked" = The Start, End and Weld Mode Select parameters on the Mode Select Panel are locked, all others are unlocked. <p>Note: This parameter can only be accessed using PowerWave Manager software.</p>
P505	Setup Menu Lock	<p>Determines if the setup parameters can be modified by the operator without entering a passcode.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "No" (factory default)= The operator can change any set menu parameter without first entering the passcode even if the passcode is non-zero (0000). • "Yes" = The operator must enter the passcode (if the passcode is non-zero) in order to change any setup menu parameters. <p>Note: This parameter can only be accessed using PowerWave Manager software.</p>
P506	Set User Interface Passcode	<p>Prevents unauthorized changes to the equipment. The default passcode is 0000 which allows full access. A nonzero passcode will prevent unauthorized: Changes to memory limits, saving to memory (if P.502 = Yes). Changes to setup parameters (if P.505 = Yes).</p> <p>Note: This parameter can only be accessed using PowerWave Manager software.</p>
P509	UI Master Lockout	<p>Locks all user interface controls, preventing the operator from making any changes.</p> <p>Note: This parameter can only be accessed using PowerWave Manager software.</p>

Welding SMAW (MMA) Process

Table 13. SMAW Welding Programs







Process	Program
SMAW Soft	1
SMAW Crisp	2
SMAW Pipe	4

Note: The list of available programs depends on the power source.

Procedure of begin welding of SMAW process:

- Connect Lincoln Electric power sources using ArcLink® protocol to communication to wire feeder.
- Determine the electrode polarity for the electrode to be used. Consult the electrode data for this information.
- Depending on the polarity of using electrode, connect the work lead and the electrode holder with lead to output sockets and lock them. See the Table 14.

Table 14.

		Output Socket	
POLARITY	DC (+)	The electrode holder with lead to SMAW	[4] 
		Power connection lead	Power source 
		Work lead	Power source 
	DC (-)	The electrode holder with lead to SMAW	[4] 
		Power connection lead	Power source 
		Work lead	Power source 

- Connect the work lead to the welding piece with the work clamp.
 - Install the proper electrode in the electrode holder.
 - Turn the input power ON.
 - Set the SMAW welding program (1, 2, or 4).
- Note:** The list of available programs depends on the power source.
- Set the welding parameters.
 - The welding machine is now ready to weld.
 - By applying the principle of occupational health and safety at welding, welding can be begun.

For 1 or 2 program can set:

- Welding current [9]
- Switch on / switch off the output voltage on the output lead [10]
- Wave Controls:
 - ARC FORCE
 - HOT START

For 4 program can set:

- Welding current [9]
- Switch on / switch off the output voltage on the output lead [10]
- Wave Control:
 - ARC FORCE

ARC FORCE - the output current is temporarily increased to clear short circuit connections between the electrode and the workpiece. Lower values will provide less short circuit current and a softer arc. Higher settings will provide a higher short circuit current, a more forceful arc and possibly more spatter.

- Adjust range: from -10 to +10.

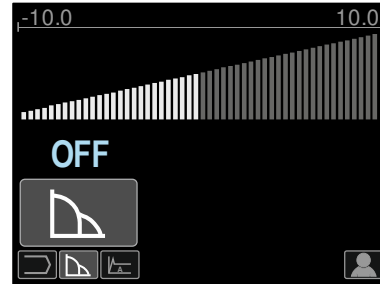


Figure 52.

HOT START – value in percentage of nominal value welding current during arc start current. The control is used to set the level of the increased current and arc start current is made easy.

- Adjust range: from 0 to +10.



Figure 53.

Gouging

Table 15. The Welding Program - gouging

Process	Program
Gouging	9

Note: The list of available programs depends on the power source.

For 9 program can set:

- Gouging current [9]
- Switch on / switch off the output voltage on the output lead [10]

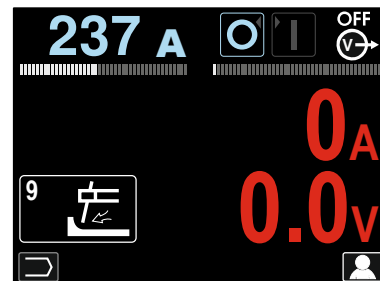


Figure 54.

Welding GTAW / GTAW-PULSE Process

Arc ignition can be achieved only by lift TIG method (contact ignition and lift ignition).

Table 16. The Welding Programs

Process	Program
GTAW	3
GTAW-PULSE	8

Note: The list of available programs depends on the power source.

Procedure of begin welding of GTAW/GTAW-PULSE process:

- Connect Lincoln Electric power sources using ArcLink[®] protocol to communication to wire feeder.
- Connect GTAW torch to Euro Socket [1].
Note: To connect GTAW torch, adapter TIG-EURO has to be purchased (See "Accessories" chapter).
- Connect the work lead to output sockets of the power source and lock it.
- Connect the work lead to the welding piece with the work clamp.
- Install the proper tungsten electrode in the GTAW torch.
- Turn the input power ON.
- Set the GTAW or GTAW-PULSE welding program.
Note: The list of available programs depends on the power source.
- Set the welding parameters.
- The welding machine is now ready to weld.
Note: Arc Ignition is achieved by touching the work piece with the electrode and lifting it by a few millimeters – contact ignition and lift ignition.
- By applying the principle of occupational health and safety at welding, welding can be begun.

For 3 program can set:

- Welding current [9]
- Switch on / switch off the output voltage on the output lead [10]
Note: It does not work in the 4-Step.
- Postflow Time
- 2-Step / 4-Step
- Crater [27]
- Wave Control [27]:
 - HOT START

For 8 program can set:

- Welding current [9]
- Switch on / switch off the output voltage on the output lead [10]
Note: It does not work in the 4-Step.
- Postflow Time
- 2-Step / 4-Step
- Crater
- Wave Control
 - Frequency
 - Background current
 - HOT START

The 2-Step - 4-Step changes the function of the gun's trigger.

- 2 Step trigger operation turns welding on and off in direct response to the trigger. Welding process is performed when the gun's trigger is pulled.
- 4-Step mode allows to continue welding, when the gun's trigger is released. To stop welding, the gun's trigger is pulled again. 4-step mode facilitates to making long welds.

Note: 4-Step does not work during Spot Welding.

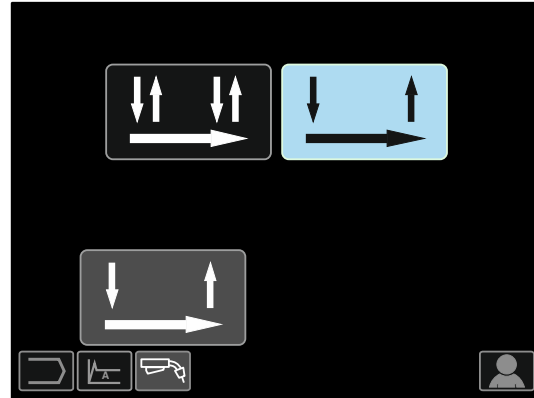


Figure 55.

HOT START – value in percentage of nominal value welding current during arc start current. The control is used to set the level of the increased current and arc start current is made easy.

- Adjust range: from 0 to +10.

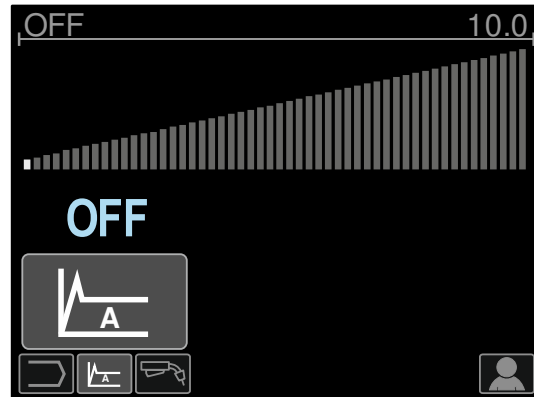


Figure 56.

Frequency influences the width of the arc and the amount of heat input to the weld. If the frequency is higher:

- Improves penetration and the microstructure of the weld.
- The arc is narrower, more stable.
- Reduces the amount of heat input to the weld.
- Reduces distortions.
- Increases welding speed.

Note: Adjust range depend on the power source.

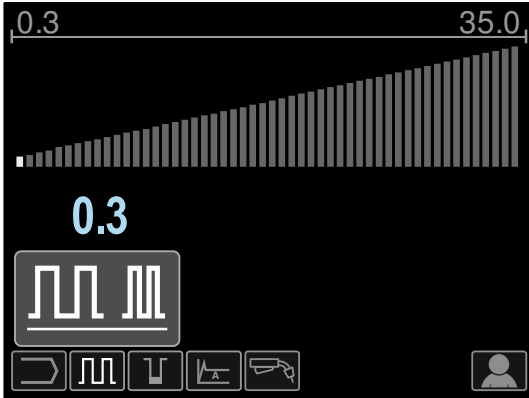


Figure 57.

Background Current - value in percentage of nominal value welding current. Adjusts the overall heat input into the weld. Changing the background current changes the shape of the back bead.

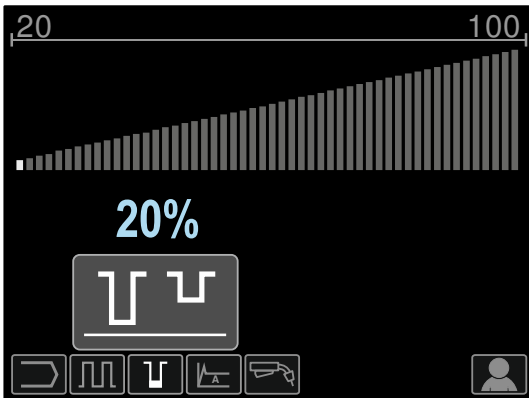


Figure 58.

Welding GMAW, FCAW-GS and FCAW-SS Process in non-synergic mode

During non-synergic mode wire feed speed and welding voltage or work (for the 40 program) are independent parameters and must be set by the user.

Table 17. GMAW and FCAW non-synergic Welding Programs

Process	Program
GMAW, standard CV	5
GMAW, "POWER MODE"	40
FCAW-GS, standard CV	7 or 155
FCAW-SS, Standard CV	6

Note: The list of available programs depends on the power source.

Procedure of begin welding of GMAW, FCAW-GS or FCAW-SS process:

- Connect Lincoln Electric power sources using ArcLink® protocol to communication to wire feeder.
- Place the machine conveniently near the work area in a location to minimize exposure to weld spatter and to avoid sharp bends in the gun cable.
- Determine the wire polarity for the wire to be used. Consult the wire data for this information.
- Connect output the gun to GMAW, FCAW-GS or FCAW-SS process to Euro Socket [1].
- Connect the work lead to output sockets of the power source and lock it.
- Connect the work lead to the welding piece with the work clamp.
- Install the proper wire.
- Install the proper drive roll.
- Manually push the wire into the gun's liner.
- Make a sure, if it is needed (GMAW, FCAW-GS process), that the gas shield has been connected.
- Turn the input power ON.
- Insert the wire into the welding gun.

WARNING

Keep the gun cable as straight as possible when loading electrode through cable.

WARNING

Never use defected gun.

- Check gas flow with Gas Purge Switch [19] – GMAW and FCAW-GS process.
 - Close the wire drive door.
 - Close the spool wire case.
 - Select the right welding program. Non-synergic programs are described in the Table 17.
- Note:** The list of available programs depends on the power source.
- Set the welding parameters.
 - The welding machine is now ready to weld.

WARNING

The wire drive door and wire spool case have to be completely closed during welding.

WARNING

Keep the gun cable as straight as possible when welding or loading electrode through cable.

WARNING

Do not kink or pull cable around sharp corners.

- By applying the principle of occupational health and safety at welding, welding can be begun.

For 5, 6 and 7 program can set:

- Wire Feed Speed, WFS [9]
- The welding voltage [10]
- Burnback Time
- Run-in WFS
- Preflow Time/ Postflow Time
- Spot Time
- 2-Step/4-Step
- Crater
- Wave Control
 - Pinch

For 40 program can set:

- Wire Feed Speed, WFS [9]
- Power in kW [10]
- Burnback Time
- Run-in WFS
- Preflow Time/ Postflow Time
- Spot Time
- 2-Step/4-Step
- Crater
- Wave Control
 - Pinch

The 2-Step - 4-Step changes the function of the gun's trigger.

- 2 Step trigger operation turns welding on and off in direct response to the trigger. Welding process is performed when the gun's trigger is pulled.
- 4-Step mode allows to continue welding, when the gun's trigger is released. To stop welding, the gun's trigger is pulled again. 4-step mode facilitates to making long welds.

Note: 4-Step does not work during Spot Welding.

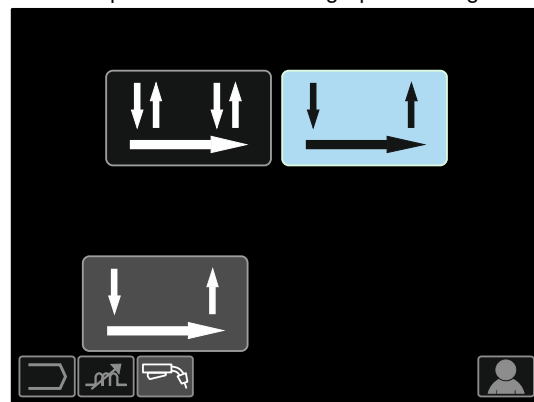


Figure 59.

Pinch controls the arc characteristics when short-arc welding. increasing Pinch Control greater than 0.0 results in a crisper arc (more spatter) while decreasing the Pinch Control to less than 0.0 provides a softer arc (less spatter).

- Adjust range: from -10 to +10.
- Factory default, Pinch is OFF.



Figure 60.

Welding GMAW and FCAW-GS Process in synergic mode CV

In synergic mode, the welding voltage is not set by user.

The correct welding voltage will set by the machine's software.

This value was recalled on the basis of data (input data) had been loaded:

- Wire Feed Speed, WFS [9]

Table18. Exemplify GMAW and FCAW-GS synergic programs

Wire material	Gas	Wire diameter					
		0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.6
Steel	CO ₂	93	138	10	20	24	-
Steel	ArMIX	94	139	11	21	25	107
Stainless	ArCO ₂	61	29	31	41	-	-
Stainless	Ar/He/CO ₂	63	-	33	43	-	-
Aluminum AISi	Ar	-	-	-	71	-	73
Aluminum AlMg	Ar	-	-	151	75	-	77
Metal Core	ArMIX	-	-	-	81	-	-
Cored Wire	CO ₂	-	-	-	90	-	-
Cored Wire	ArMIX	-	-	-	91	-	-

Note: The list of available programs depends on the power source.

If it is needed, the welding voltage can be adjusted $\pm 10V$ by the Right Control [10]. When the Right Control is rotated, the display will show an upper or lower bar indicates if the voltage is above or below the ideal voltage.

- Preset voltage above ideal voltage
- Preset voltage at ideal voltage
- Preset voltage below ideal voltage

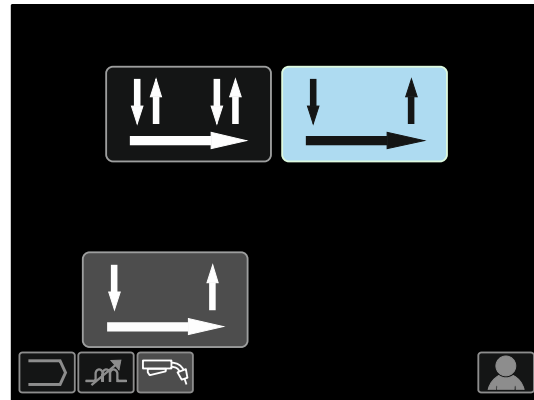
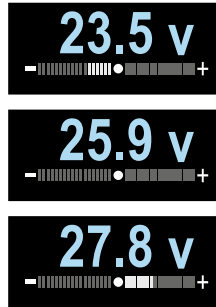


Figure 61.

Additionally can manually set:

- Burnback
- Run-In WFS
- Preweld Time/ Postflow Time
- Spot Time
- 2-Step/4-Step
- Crater
- Wave Control
 - Pinch

The 2-Step - 4-Step changes the function of the gun's trigger.

- 2 Step trigger operation turns welding on and off in direct response to the trigger. Welding process is performed when the gun's trigger is pulled.
- 4-Step mode allows to continue welding, when the gun's trigger is released. To stop welding, the gun's trigger is pulled again. 4-step mode facilitates to making long welds.

Note: 4-Step does not work during Spot Welding.

Pinch controls the arc characteristics when short-arc welding. increasing Pinch Control greater than 0.0 results in a crisper arc (more spatter) while decreasing the Pinch Control to less than 0.0 provides a softer arc (less spatter).

- Adjust range: from -10 to +10.
- Factory default, Pinch is OFF.

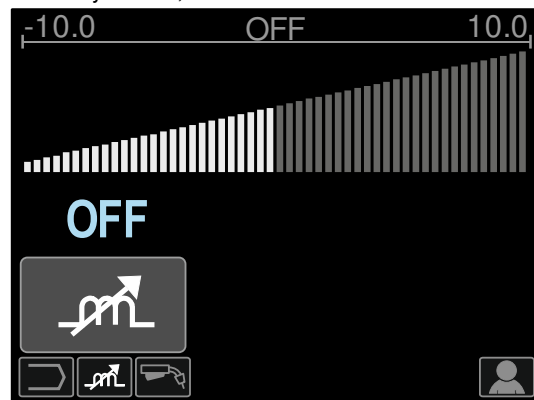


Figure 62

Welding GMAW-P Process in synergic mode

Table 19. Exemplify GMAW-P programs

Wire material	Gas	Wire diameter					
		0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.6
Steel	ArMIX	95	140	12	22	26	108
Steel (RapidArc®)	ArMIX	-	141	13	18	27	106
Steel (Precision Puls™)	ArMIX	410	411	412	413	-	-
Stainless	ArMIX	66	30	36	46	-	-
Stainless	Ar/He/CO ₂	64	-	34	44	-	-
Metal Core	ArMIX	-	-	-	82	84	-
Ni Alloy	70%Ar/30%He	-	-	170	175	-	-
Si Bronze	Ar	-	-	192	-	-	-
Copper	ArHe	-	-	198	196	-	-
Aluminum AlSi	Ar	-	-	-	72	-	74
Aluminum AlMg	Ar	-	-	152	76	-	78

Note: The list of available programs depends on the power source.

Synergic GMAW-P (Pulsed MIG) welding is ideal for low spatter, out of position. During pulse welding, the welding current continuously switches from a low level to a high level and then back again. Each pulse sends a small droplet of molten metal from the wire to the weld puddle.

Wire Feed Speed [9] is the main control parameter. As the Wire Feed Speed is adjusted, the power source adjusts the waveform parameters to maintain good welding characteristics.

Trim [10] is used as a secondary control – the Right Display [21]. The Trim setting adjusts the arc length. Trim is adjustable from 0.50 to 1.50. 1.00 is the nominal setting.

Increasing the Trim value increases the arc length. Decreasing the Trim value decreases the arc length.

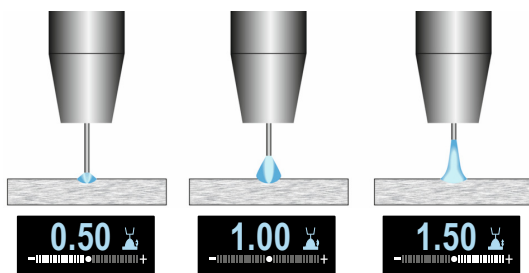


Figure 63.

When Trim is adjusted, the power source automatically recalculates the voltage, current and time of each part of the pulse waveform for the best result.

Additionally can manually set:

- Burnback
- Run-In WFS
- Preflow Time/ Postflow Time
- Spot Time
- 2-Step/4-Step
- Crater
- Wave Control
 - UltimArc™

The 2-Step - 4-Step changes the function of the gun's trigger.

- 2 Step trigger operation turns welding on and off in direct response to the trigger. Welding process is performed when the gun's trigger is pulled.
- 4-Step mode allows to continue welding, when the gun's trigger is released. To stop welding, the gun's trigger is pulled again. 4-step mode facilitates to making long welds.

Note: 4-Step does not work during Spot Welding.

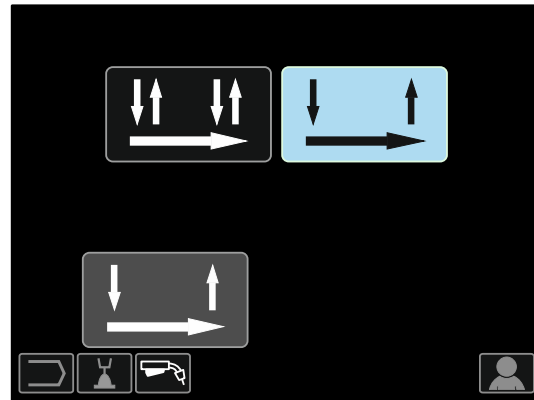


Figure 64.

UltimArc™ – for pulse welding adjusts the focus or shape of the arc. In consequence of increasing UltimArc™ Control value the arc is tight, stiff for high speed sheet metal welding.

- Adjust range: from -10 to +10
- Factory default, UltimArc™ is OFF.



Figure 65.

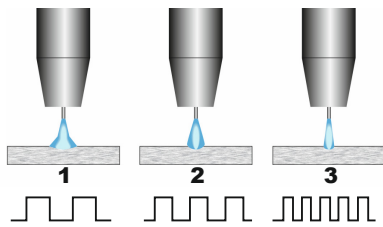


Figure 66.

1. UltimArc™ Control "-10.0": Low Frequency, Wide.
2. UltimArc™ Control OFF: Medium Frequency and Width.
3. UltimArc™ Control "+10.0": High Frequency, Focused.

Aluminum Welding GMAW- PP Process in synergic mode

Table 20. Exemplify GMAW-PP synergic programs

Wire material	Gas	Wire diameter					
		0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.6
Aluminum AlSi	Ar	-	-	98	99	-	100
Aluminum AlMg	Ar	-	-	101	102	-	103

Note: The list of available programs depends on the power source.

GMAW-PP (Pulse-On-Pulse®) process is used for aluminum welding. Use it to make welds with a "stacked dime" appearance, similar to GTAW welds (see Figure 67).



Figure 67.

Wire Feed Speed [9] is the main control parameter. As the Wire Feed Speed is adjusted, the power source adjusts the waveform parameters to maintain good welding characteristics. Each pulse sends a small droplet of molten metal from the wire to the weld puddle.

Trim [10] is used as a secondary control – the value of parameter in the upper right side of display. The Trim setting adjusts the arc length. Trim is adjustable from 0.50 to 1.50. 1.00 is the nominal setting.

Increasing the Trim value increases the arc length. Decreasing the Trim value decreases the arc length.

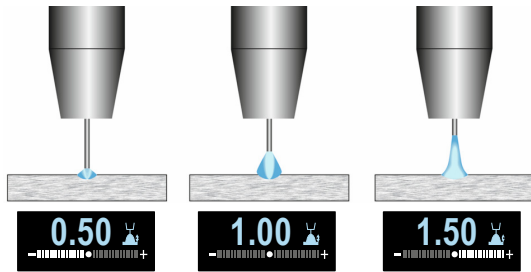


Figure 68.

When Trim is adjusted, the power source automatically recalculates the voltage, current and time of each part of the pulse waveform for the best result.

Additionally can manually set:

- Burnback Time
- Run-in WFS
- Preflow Time/ Postflow Time
- Spot Time
- 2-Step/4-Step
- Polarity
- Crater
- Wave Control
 - Frequency

The 2-Step - 4-Step changes the function of the gun's trigger.

- 2 Step trigger operation turns welding on and off in direct response to the trigger. Welding process is performed when the gun's trigger is pulled.
- 4-Step mode allows to continue welding, when the gun's trigger is released. To stop welding, the gun's trigger is pulled again. 4-step mode facilitates to making long welds.

Note: 4-Step does not work during Spot Welding.

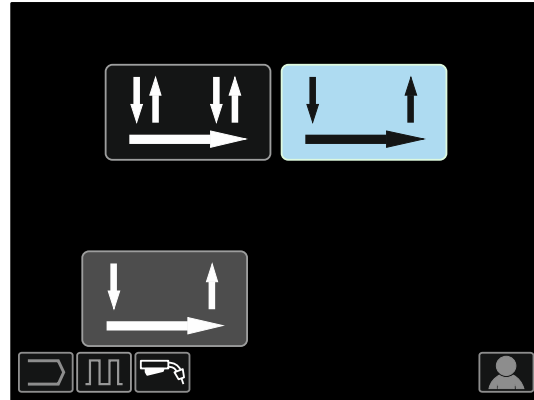


Figure 69.

Frequency influences the width of the arc and the amount of heat input to the weld. If the frequency is higher:

- Improves penetration and the microstructure of the weld.
- The arc is narrower, more stable.
- Reduces the amount of heat input to the weld.
- Reduces distortions.
- Increases welding speed.

Note: Adjust range: from -10 to +10.

The frequency controls the spacing of the ripples in the weld:

- Frequency less than 0,0 – Wide weld and ripple spacing, slow travel speed. Figure 70 shows the spacing weld when the frequency is "-10".

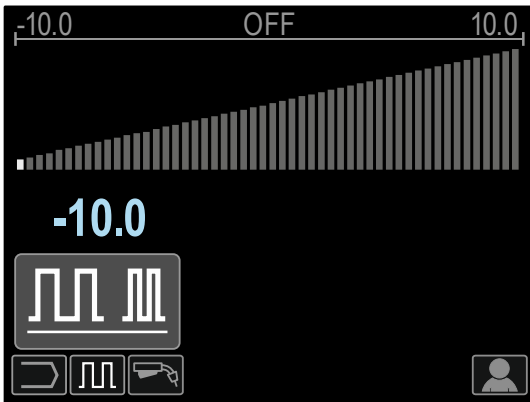
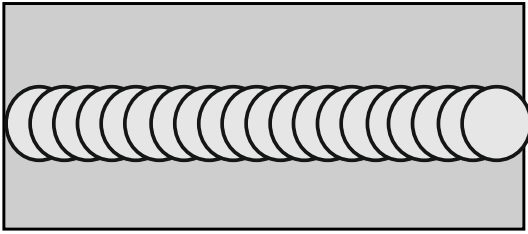


Figure 70.

- Frequency greater than 0,0 – Narrow weld and ripple spacing, fast travel speed. Figure 71 shows the spacing weld when the frequency is "+10".

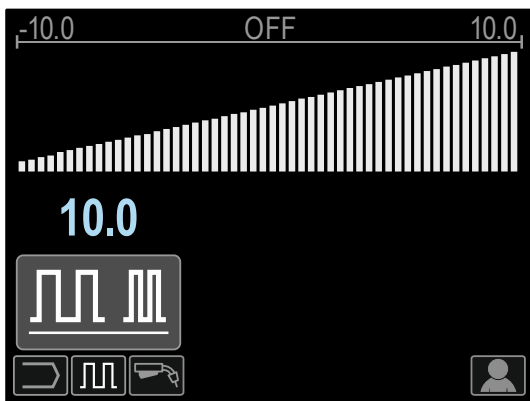
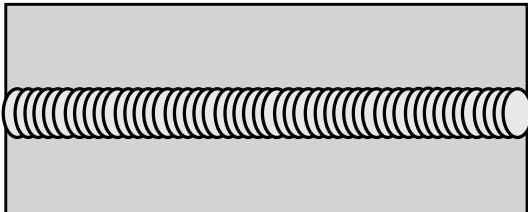


Figure71.

Welding STT[®] Process

Table 21. Exemplify STT[®] non-synergic programs

Wire material	Gas	Wire diameter					
		0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.6
Steel	CO ₂	-	304	306	308	-	-
Steel	ArMIX	-	305	307	309	-	-
Stainless	HeArCO ₂	-	345	347	349	-	-
Stainless	ArMIX	-	344	346	348	-	-

Table 22. Exemplify STT[®] synergic programs

Wire material	Gas	Wire diameter					
		0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.6
Steel	CO ₂	-	324	326	328	-	-
Steel	ArMIX	-	325	327	329	-	-
Stainless	HeArCO ₂	-	365	367	369	-	-
Stainless	ArMIX	-	364	366	368	-	-

Note: Note that STT[®] is available only with specially equipped Power Wave power sources, like the Power Wave 455M/STT or the Power Wave S350 + STT Module.

STT[®] (Surface Tension Transfer[®]) is a controlled GMAW short circuit transfer process that uses current controls to adjust the heat independent of the wire feed speed, resulting in superior arc performance, good penetration, low heat input control, reduced spatter and fumes.

The STT[®] process makes welds that require low heat input much easier without overheating or burning through, and distortion is minimized.

STT[®] is also ideal for:

- Open root welding
- Welding on thin materials
- Welding on parts with poor fit-up.

During STT[®] welding, sense lead has to be connected to the workpiece.

Welding STT[®] in non-synergic mode

Manually can set:

- Wire Feed Speed, WFS [9]
- Burnback Time
- Run-in WFS
- Preflow Time/ Postflow Time
- Spot Time
- 2-Step/4-Step
- Crater
- Wave Controls
 - Peak Current
 - Background Current
 - TailOut
- HOT START

During the STT[®] welding in non-synergic mode, voltage control is disabled.

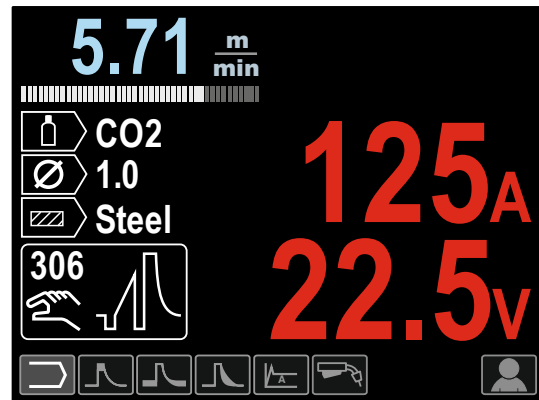


Figure 72.

Welding STT[®] in synergic mode

In synergic mode, the welding parameters are optimally set to the Wire Feed Speed [9].

Wire Feed Speed controls the deposition rate.

Trim [10] is used as a secondary control – the value of parameter in the upper right side of display. The Trim setting adjusts the arc length. Trim is adjustable from 0.50 to 1.50. 1.00 is the nominal setting.

Additionally can manually set:

- Burnback Time
- Run-in WFS
- Preflow Time/ Postflow Time
- Spot Time
- 2-Step/4-Step
- Crater
- Wave Controls
 - UltimArc™
- HOT START.

The 2-Step - 4-Step changes the function of the gun's trigger.

- 2 Step trigger operation turns welding on and off in direct response to the trigger. Welding process is performed when the gun's trigger is pulled.
- 4-Step mode allows to continue welding, when the gun's trigger is released. To stop welding, the gun's trigger is pulled again. 4-step mode facilitates to making long welds.

Note: 4-Step does not work during Spot Welding.

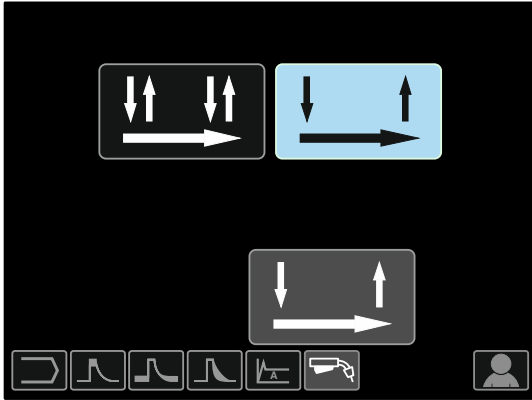


Figure 73.

HOT START – value in percentage of nominal value welding current during arc start current. The control is used to set the level of the increased current and arc start current is made easy.

- Adjust range: from 0 to +10.

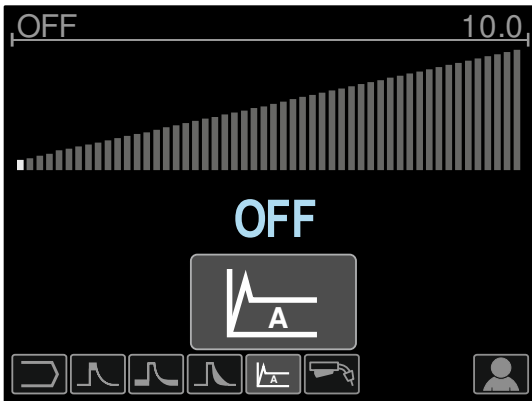


Figure 74.

TailOut provides additional heat into the weld without increasing the arc length or the droplet size. Higher tailout values improve wetting and may give faster travel speeds.

- Adjust Range: from 0 to +10.



Figure 75.

Background Current adjusts the overall heat input into the weld. Changing the background current changes the shape of the back bead. 100% CO₂ requires less background current than when welding with blended shielding gases.

Note: Range depends on the power source.

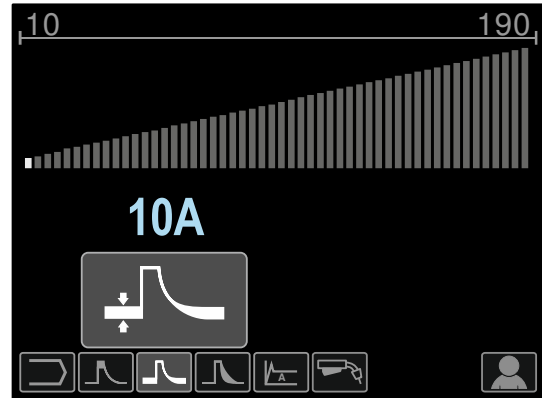


Figure 76.

Peak Current controls the arc length, which also affects the shape of the root. When using 100% CO₂, the peak current will be higher than when welding with blended shielded gases. A longer arc length is required with CO₂ to reduce spatter.

Note: Range depends on the power source..

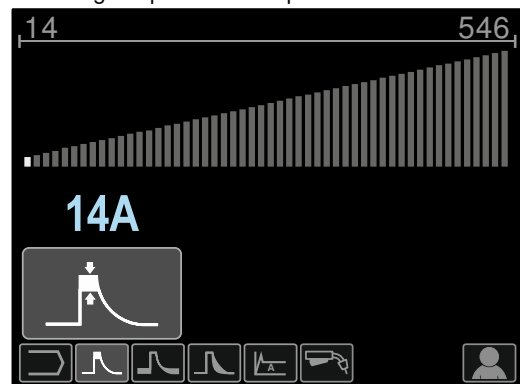


Figure 77.

UltimArc™ – for pulse welding adjusts the focus or shape of the arc. In consequence of increasing UltimArc™ Control value the arc is tight, stiff for high speed sheet metal welding.

- Adjust range: from -10 to +10
- Factory default, UltimArc™ is OFF.

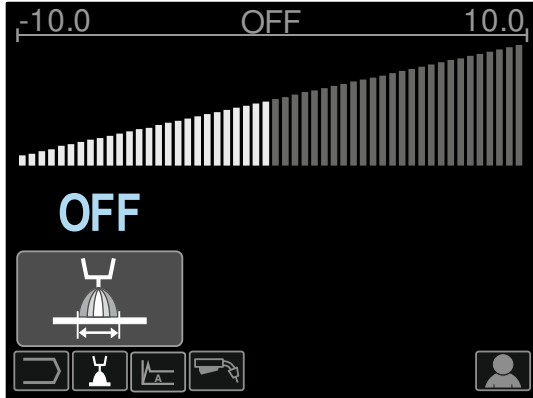


Figure 78.

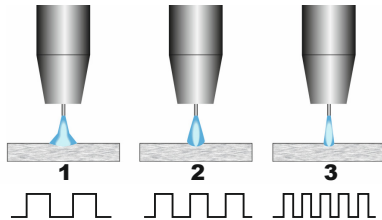


Figure 79.

1. UltimArc™ Control "-10.0": Low Frequency, Wide.
2. UltimArc™ Control OFF: Medium Frequency and Width.
3. UltimArc™ Control "+10.0": High Frequency, Focused.

Wire Spool Loading

Wire spool type S300 and BS300 can be installed on the wire spool support without adapter. Wire spool type S200, B300 or Readi-Reel® can be installed, but the applicable adapter must be purchased. The applicable adapter can be purchased separately (see "Accessories" chapter).

Wire Spool Type S300 & BS300 Loading

WARNING

Turn the input power OFF at the welding power source before installation or changing a wire spool.

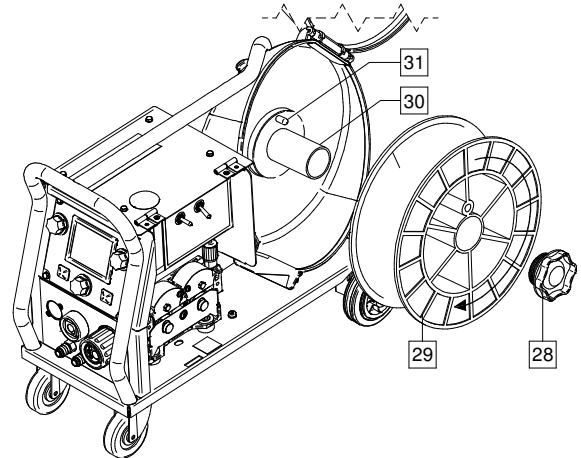


Figure 80.

- Turn the input power OFF.
- Open the spool wire case.
- Unscrew the Locking Nut [28] and remove it from the Spindle [30].
- Place the spool type S300 or BS300 [29] on the Spindle [30] making certain the Spindle Brake Pin [31] is put in the hole in back side of spool type S300 or SB300.

WARNING

Position the spool type S300 or SB300 so that it will rotate in a direction when feeding so as to be de-reeled from bottom of the spool.

- Re-install the locking nut [28]. Make sure that the locking nut is tightened.

Wire Spool Type S200 Loading

WARNING

Turn the input power OFF at the welding power source before installation or changing a wire spool.

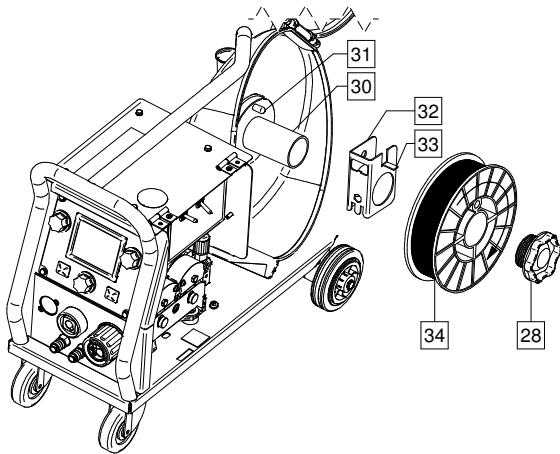


Figure 81.

- Turn the input power OFF.
- Open the spool wire case.
- Unscrew the Locking Nut [28] and remove it from the Spindle [30].
- Place the adapter of spool type S200 [32] on the spindle [30] making certain the spindle brake pin [31] is put in the hole in back side of the adapter [32]. The adapter of spool type S200 can be purchased separately (see "Accessories" chapter).
- Place the spool type S200 [34] on the spindle [30] making certain that the adapter brake pin [33] is put in the hole in the back side of the spool.

WARNING

Position the spool type S200 so that it will rotate in a direction when feeding so as to be de-reeled from bottom of the spool.

- Re-install the locking nut [28]. Make sure that the locking nut is tightened.

Wire Spool Type B300 Loading

WARNING

Turn the input power OFF at the welding power source before installation or changing a wire spool.

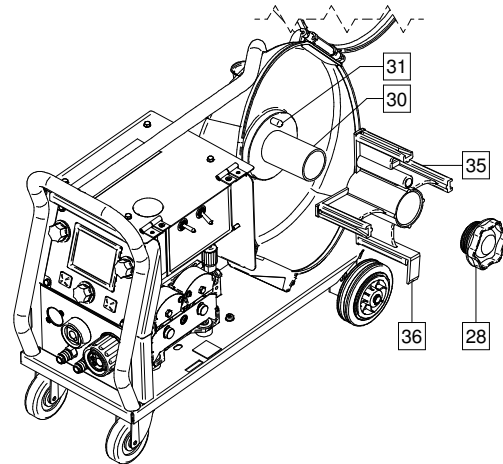


Figure 82.

- Turn the input power OFF.
- Open the spool wire case.
- Unscrew the Locking Nut [28] and remove it from the Spindle [30].
- Place the adapter of spool type B300 [35] on the spindle [30]. Make certain that the spindle brake pin [31] is put in the hole in the back side of the adapter [35]. The adapter of spool type B300 can be purchased separately (see "Accessories" chapter).
- Re-install the locking nut [28]. Make sure that the locking nut is tightened.

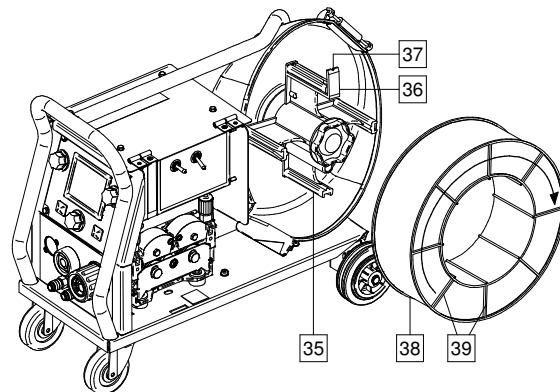


Figure 83.

- Rotate the spindle and adapter so the retaining spring [36] is at the 12 o'clock position.
- Place the spool type B300 [38] on the adapter [35]. Set one of the B300 inside cage wires [39] on the slot [37] in the retaining spring tab [36] and slide the spool onto the adapter.

WARNING

Position the spool type B300 so that it will rotate in a direction when feeding so as to be de-reeled from bottom of the spool.

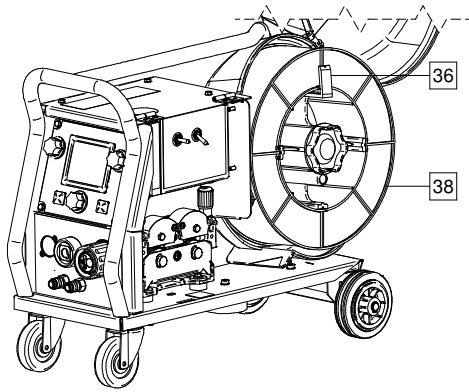


Figure 84.

Wire Spool Type Readi-Reel® Loading



WARNING

Turn the input power OFF at the welding power source before installation or changing a wire spool.

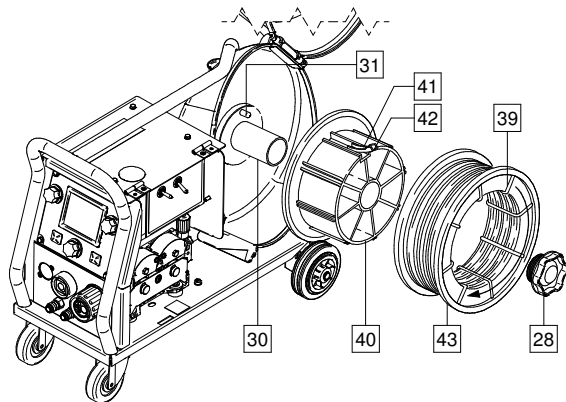


Figure 85.

- Turn the input power OFF.
- Open the spool wire case.
- Unscrew the Locking Nut [28] and remove it from the Spindle [30].
- Place the adapter of spool type Readi-Reel® [40] on the spindle [30]. Make certain that the spindle brake pin [31] is put in the hole in the back side of the adapter [40]. The adapter of spool type Readi-Reel® can be purchased separately (see "Accessories" chapter).
- Re-install the locking nut [28]. Make sure that the locking nut is tightened.
- Rotate the spindle and adapter so the retaining spring [41] is at the 12 o'clock position.
- Place the spool type Readi-Reel® [43] on the adapter [40]. Set one of the Readi-Reel® inside cage wires [39] on the slot [42] in the retaining spring tab [41].



WARNING

Position the spool type Readi-Reel® so that it will rotate in a direction when feeding so as to be de-reeled from bottom of the spool.

Loading the Electrode Wire

- Turn the input power OFF.
- Open the spool wire case.
- Unscrew the locking nut of the sleeve.
- Load the spooled wire on the sleeve such that the spool turns clockwise when the wire is fed into the wire feeder.
- Make sure that the spindle brake pin [38] goes into the fitting hole on the spool.
- Screw in the locking nut of the sleeve.
- Open the wire drive door.
- Put on the wire roll using the correct groove corresponding to the wire diameter.
- Free the end of the wire and cut off the bent end making sure it has no burr.



WARNING

Sharp end of the wire can hurt.

- Rotate the wire spool clockwise and thread the end of the wire into the wire feeder as far as the Euro Socket.
- Adjust force of pressure roll of the wire feeder properly.

Adjustments of Brake Torque of Sleeve

To avoid spontaneous unrolling of the welding wire the sleeve is fitted with a brake.

Adjustment is carried by rotation of its screw M10, which is placed inside of the sleeve frame after unscrewing the locking nut of the sleeve.

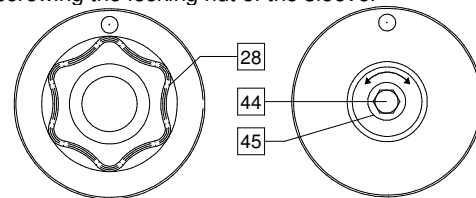


Figure 86.

- 28. Locking Nut.
- 44. Adjusting Screw M10.
- 45. Pressing Spring.

Turning the screw M10 clockwise increases the spring tension and you can increase the brake torque

Turning the screw M10 anticlockwise decreases the spring tension and you can decrease the brake torque.

After finishing of adjustment, you should screw in the locking nut again.

Adjusting Pressure Roll Force

The pressure arm controls the amount of force the drive rolls exert on the wire.

Pressure force is adjusted by turning the adjustment nut clockwise to increase force, counterclockwise to decrease force. Proper adjustment of pressure arm gives the best welding performance.

WARNING

If the roll pressure is too low the roll will slide on the wire. If the roll pressure is set too high the wire may be deformed, which will cause feeding problems in the welding gun. The pressure force should be set properly. Decrease the pressure force slowly until the wire just begins to slide on the drive roll and then increase the force slightly by turning of the adjustment nut by one turn.

Inserting Electrode Wire into Welding Gun

- Turn the input power OFF.
- Depending on welding process, connect the proper gun to the Euro Socket, the rated parameters of the gun and of the welding machine should be matched.
- Remote the nozzle from the gun and contact tip or protection cap and contact tip. Next, straighten the gun out flat.
- Insert the wire through the guide tube, over the roller and through the guide tube of Euro Socket into liner of gun. The wire can be pushed into the liner manually for a few centimetres, and should feed easily and without any force.

WARNING

If force is required it is likely that the wire has missed the liner of gun.

- Turn the input power ON.
- Depress the gun trigger to feed the wire through the gun liner until the wire comes out of the threaded end. Or the Cold Inch / Gas Purge Switch [19] can be used – keep in "Cold Inch" position until the wire comes out of the threaded end.
- When trigger or the Cold Inch / Gas Purge Switch [19] is released spool of wire should not unwind.
- Adjust wire spool brake accordingly.
- Turn the welding machine off.
- Install a proper contact tip.
- Depending on the welding process and the type of the gun, install the nozzle (GMAW process, FCAW-GS process) or protection cap (FCAW-SS process).

WARNING

Take precaution to keep eyes and hands away from the end of the gun while the wire is being come out of the threaded end.

Changing Driving Rolls

WARNING

Turn the input power OFF at the welding power source before installation or changing drive rolls and/or guides.

PF44 and PF46 are equipped with drive roll V1.0/V1.2 for steel wire.

For others wire sizes, is available the proper drive rolls kit (see "Accessories" chapter) and follow instructions:

- Turn the input power OFF.
- Release the pressure roll levers [46].
- Unscrew the fastening caps [47].
- Open the protection cover [48].
- Change the drive rolls [49] with the compatible ones corresponding to the used wire.

WARNING

Be sure that the gun liner and contact tip are also sized to match the selected wire size.

WARNING

For wires with the diameter larger than 1.6mm, the following parts are to be changed:

- The guide tube of the feeding console [50] and [51].
- The guide tube of the Euro Socket [52].
- Replace and tighten the protection cover [48] to the drive rolls.
- Screw fastening caps [47].
- Manually feed the wire from the wire reel, the wire through the guide tubes, over the roller and through the guide tube of Euro Socket into liner of gun.
- Lock the pressure roll levers [46].

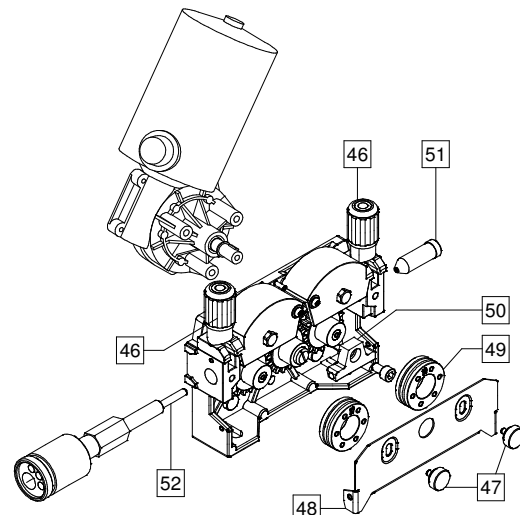


Figure 87.

Gas Connection



WARNING

- CYLINDER may explode if damaged.
- Always fix the gas cylinder securely in an upright position, against a cylinder wall rack or purpose-made cylinder cart.
- Keep cylinder away from areas where it may be damaged, heated, or electrical circuits to prevent possible explosion or fire.
- Keep cylinder away from welding or other live electrical circuits.
- Never lift welder with cylinder attached.
- Never allow welding electrode to touch cylinder.
- Build up of shielding gas may harm health or kill. Use in a well-ventilated area to avoid gas accumulation.
- Close the gas cylinder valves thoroughly when not in use to avoid leaks.

WARNING

The welding machine supports all suitable shielding gases at a maximum pressure of 5,0 bar.

WARNING

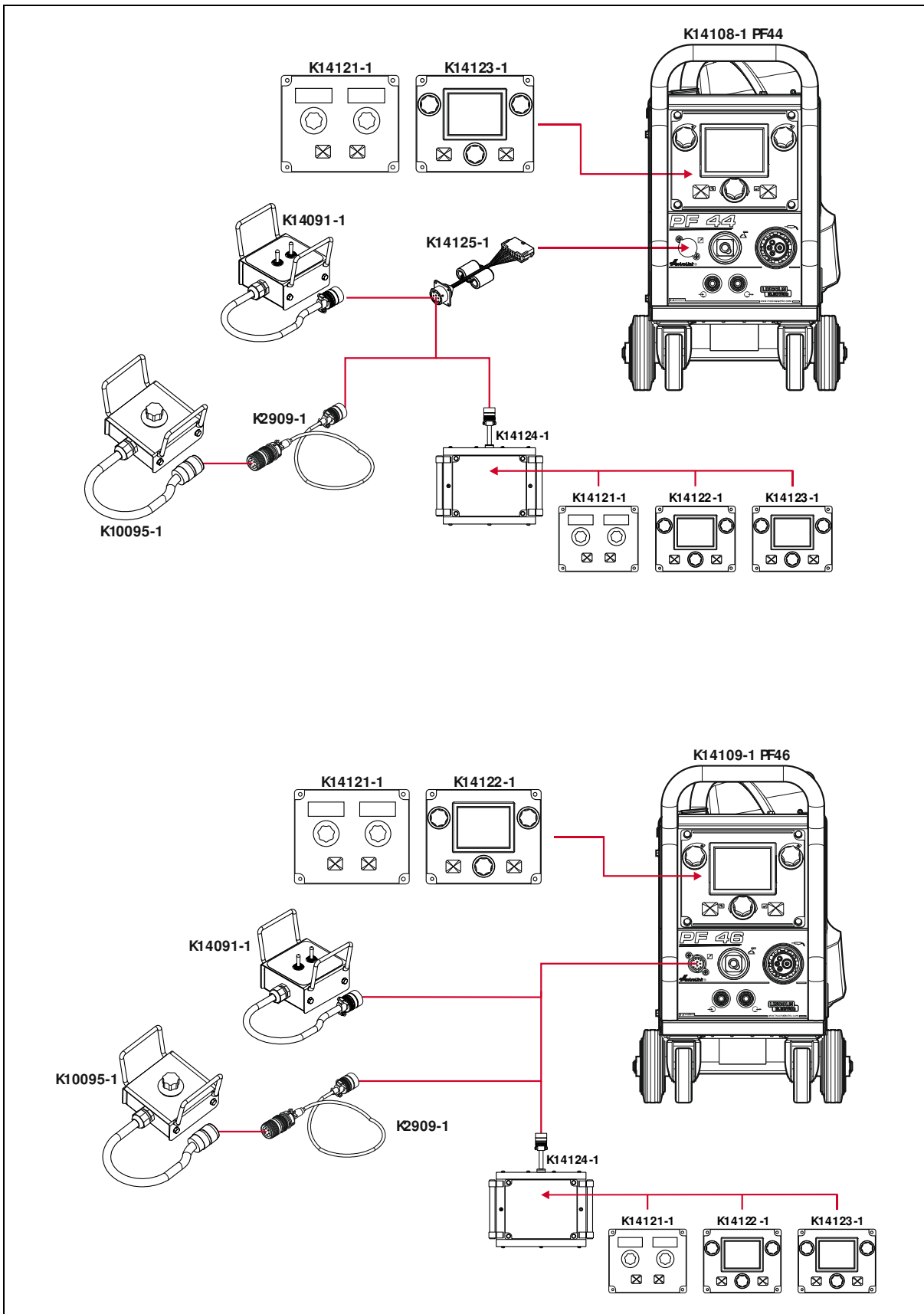
Before use, make sure that the gas cylinder contains gas suitable for the intended purpose.

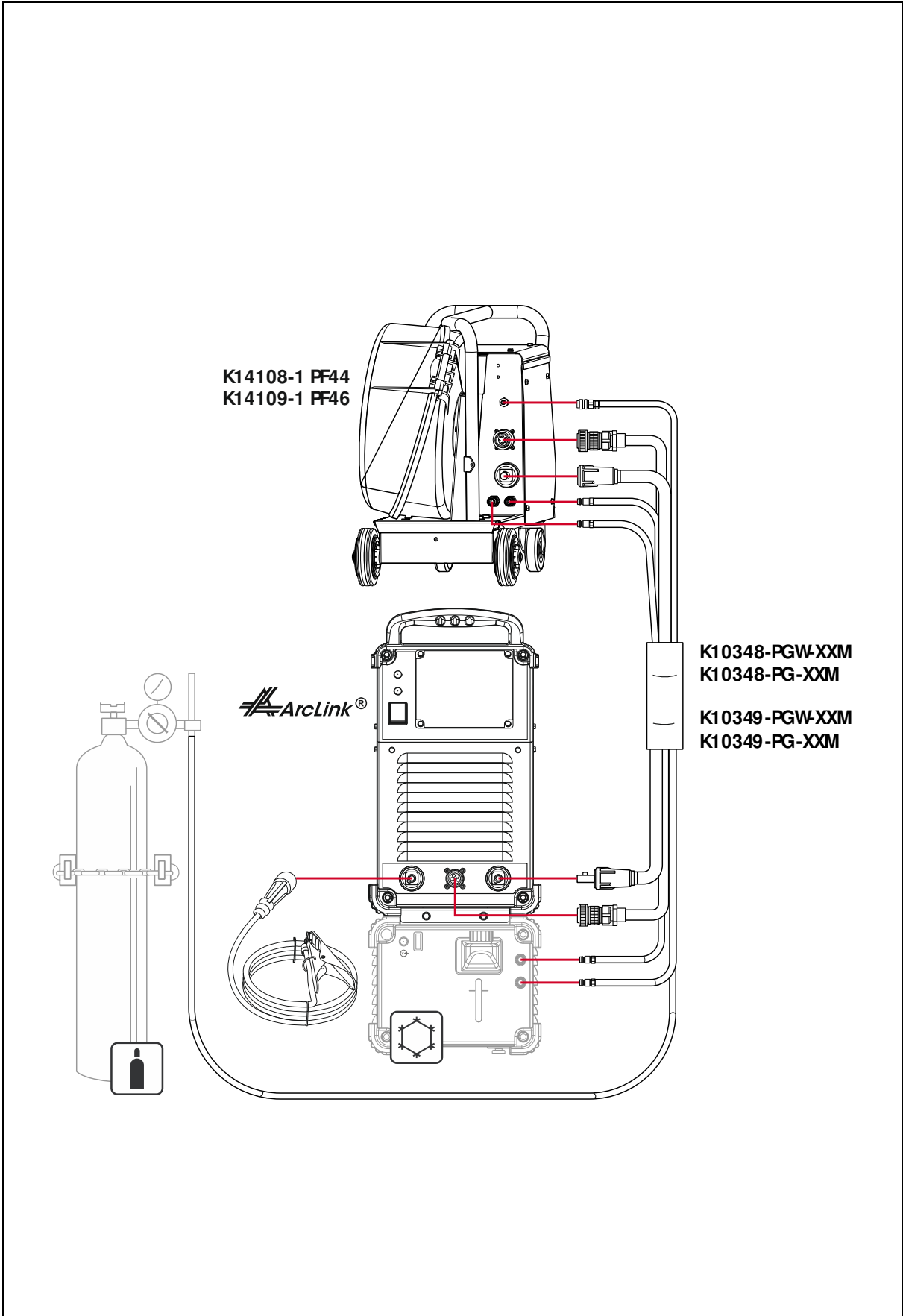
- Turn off input power at the welding power source.
- Install a proper gas flow regulator to the gas cylinder.
- Connect the gas hose to the regulator using the hose clamp.
- The other end of gas hose connect to the Gas Connector [13] located on the rear panel of the machine.
- Turn on input power at the welding power source.
- Turn to open the gas cylinder valve.
- Adjust the shielding gas flow of the gas regulator.
- Check gas flow with Gas Purge Switch [19].

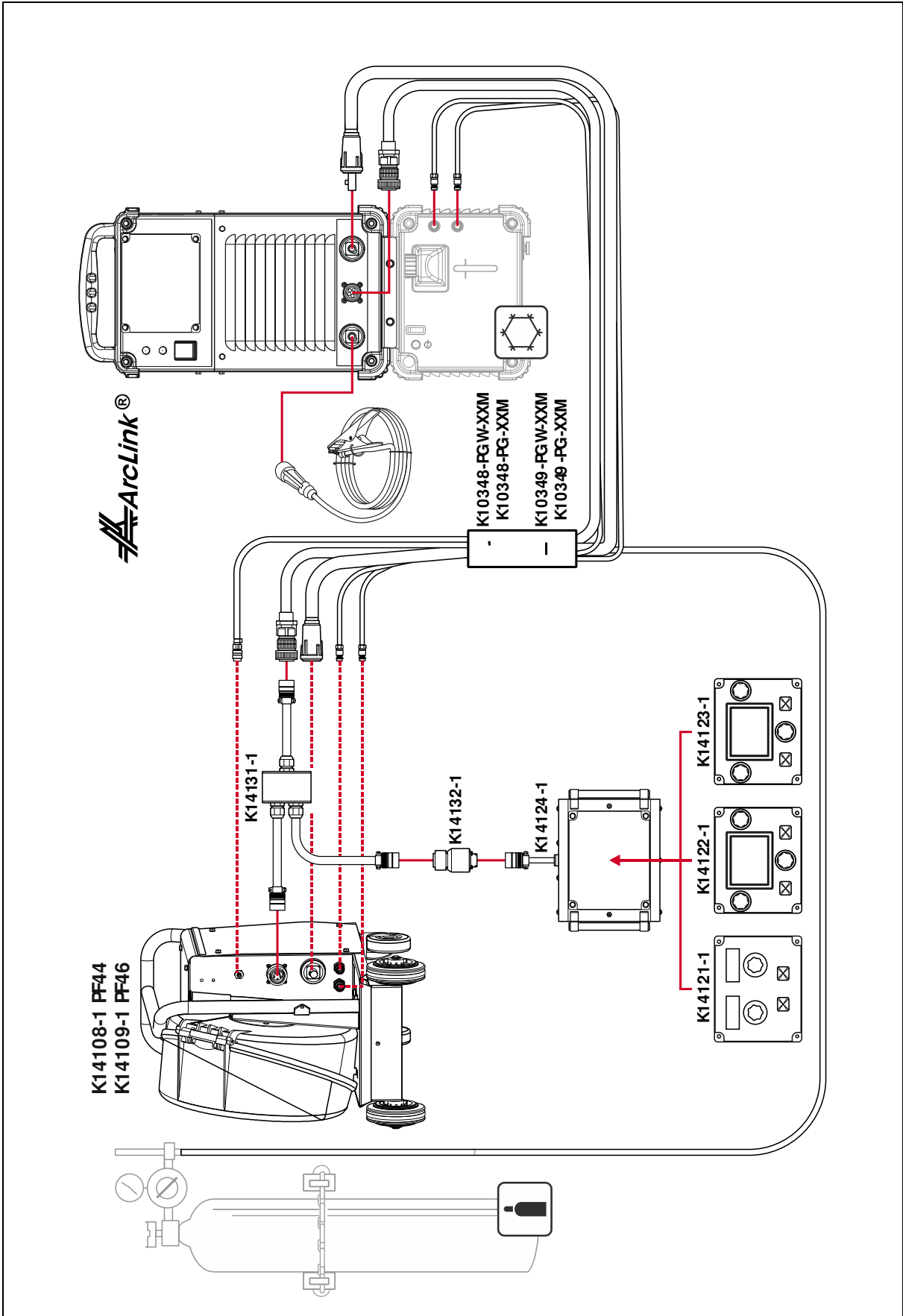
WARNING

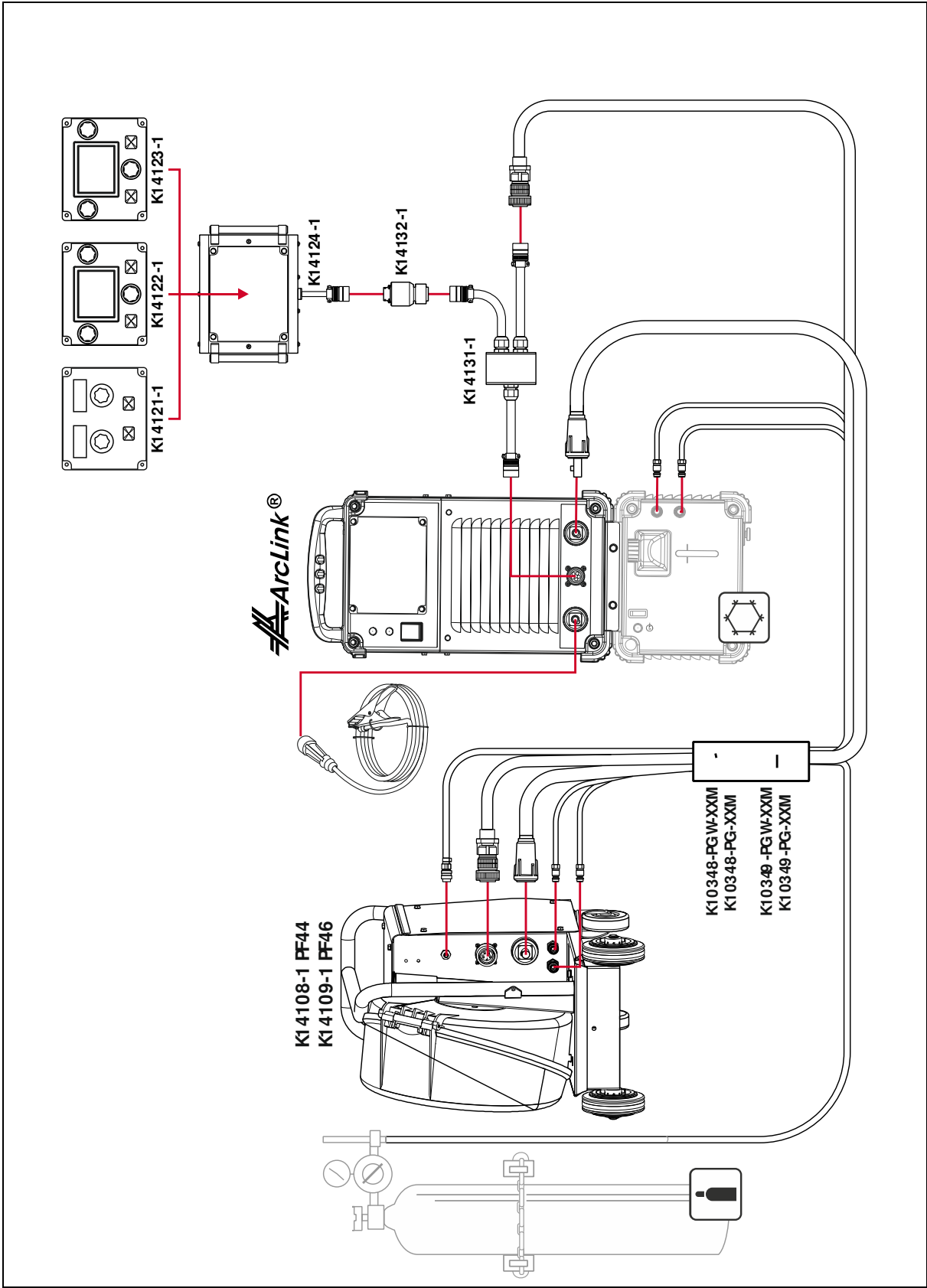
To weld GMAW process with CO₂ shielding gas, CO₂ gas heater should be used.

Connection Diagram









Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)

01/11

This machine has been designed in accordance with all relevant directives and standards. However, it may still generate electromagnetic disturbances that can affect other systems like telecommunications (telephone, radio, and television) or other safety systems. These disturbances can cause safety problems in the affected systems. Read and understand this section to eliminate or reduce the amount of electromagnetic disturbance generated by this machine.



This machine has been designed to operate in an industrial area. To operate in a domestic area it is necessary to observe particular precautions to eliminate possible electromagnetic disturbances. The operator must install and operate this equipment as described in this manual. If any electromagnetic disturbances are detected the operator must put in place corrective actions to eliminate these disturbances with, if necessary, assistance from Lincoln

Electric.

Before installing the machine, the operator must check the work area for any devices that may malfunction because of electromagnetic disturbances. Consider the following.

- Input and output cables, control cables, and telephone cables that are in or adjacent to the work area and the machine.
- Radio and/or television transmitters and receivers. Computers or computer controlled equipment.
- Safety and control equipment for industrial processes. Equipment for calibration and measurement.
- Personal medical devices like pacemakers and hearing aids.
- Check the electromagnetic immunity for equipment operating in or near the work area. The operator must be sure that all equipment in the area is compatible. This may require additional protection measures.
- The dimensions of the work area to consider will depend on the construction of the area and other activities that are taking place.

Consider the following guidelines to reduce electromagnetic emissions from the machine.

- Connect the machine to the input supply according to this manual. If disturbances occur it may be necessary to take additional precautions such as filtering the input supply.
- The output cables should be kept as short as possible and should be positioned together. If possible connect the work piece to ground in order to reduce the electromagnetic emissions. The operator must check that connecting the work piece to ground does not cause problems or unsafe operating conditions for personnel and equipment.
- Shielding of cables in the work area can reduce electromagnetic emissions. This may be necessary for special applications.

WARNING

EMC classification of this product is class A in accordance with electromagnetic compatibility standard EN 60974-10 and therefore the product is designed to be used in an industrial environment only.

WARNING

The Class A equipment is not intended for use in residential locations where the electrical power is provided by the public low-voltage supply system. There may be potential difficulties in ensuring electromagnetic compatibility in those locations, due to conducted as well as radiated disturbances.

MAINTENANCE

WARNING

For any repair operations, modifications or maintenance, it is recommended to contact the nearest Technical Service Center or Lincoln Electric. Repairs and modifications performed by unauthorized service or personnel will cause the manufacturer's warranty to become null and void.

Any noticeable damage should be reported immediately and repaired.

Routine maintenance (everyday)

- Check condition of insulation and connections of the work leads and insulation of power lead. If any insulation damage exists replace the lead immediately.
- Remove the spatters from the welding gun nozzle. Spatters could interfere with the shielding gas flow to the arc.
- Check the welding gun condition: replace it, if necessary.
- Check condition and operation of the cooling fan. Keep clean its airflow slots.

Periodic maintenance (every 200 working hours but at least once a year)

Perform the routine maintenance and, in addition:

- Keep the machine clean. Using a dry (and low pressure) airflow, remove the dust from the external case and from the cabinet inside.
- If it is required, clean and tighten all weld terminals.

The frequency of the maintenance operations may vary in accordance with the working environment where the machine is placed.

WARNING

Do not touch electrically live parts.

WARNING

Before the case of machine will be removed, the machine has to be turned off and the power lead has to be disconnected from mains socket.

WARNING

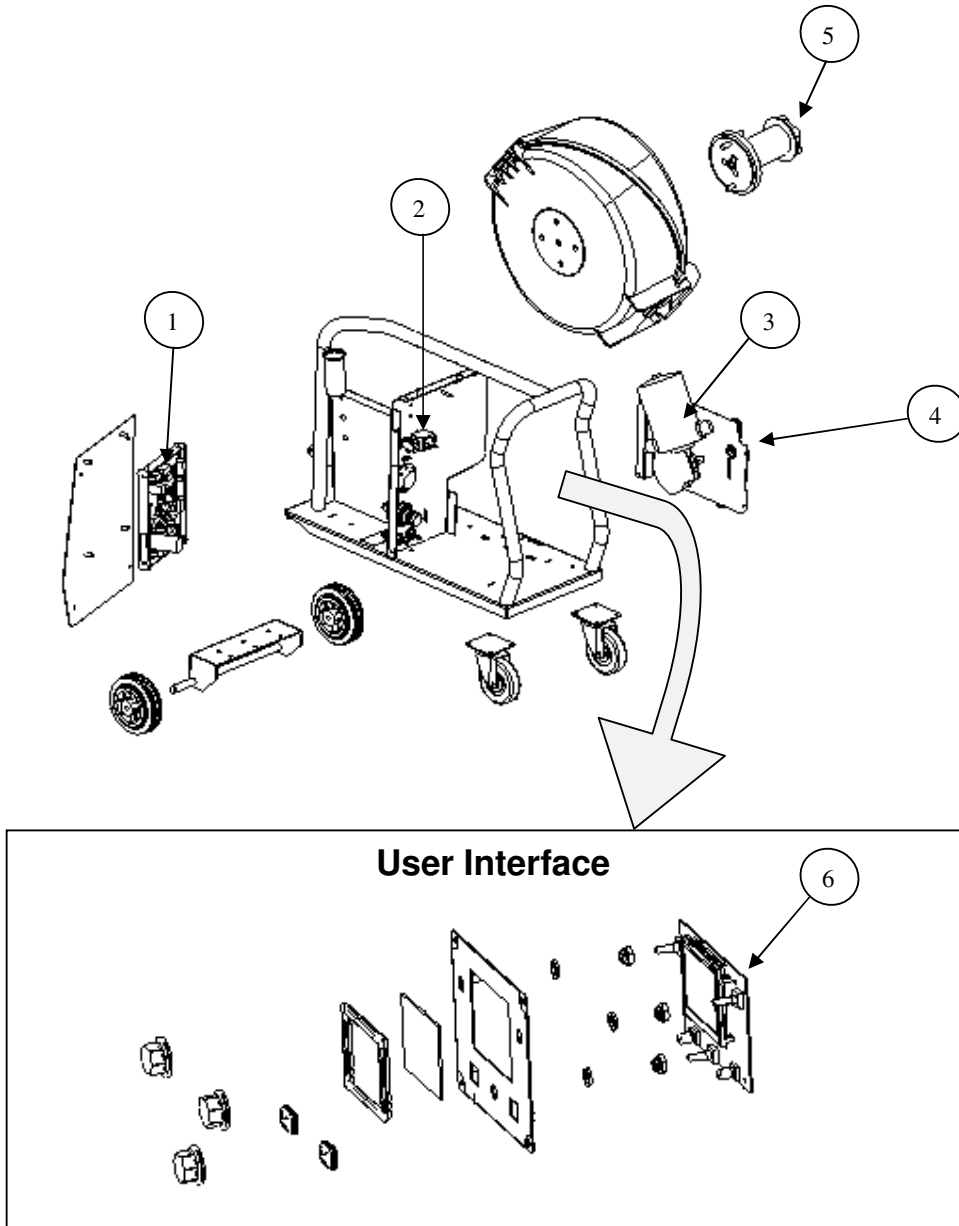
Mains supply network must be disconnected from the machine before each maintenance and service. After each repair, perform proper tests to ensure safety.

MAJOR COMPONENTS LOCATION

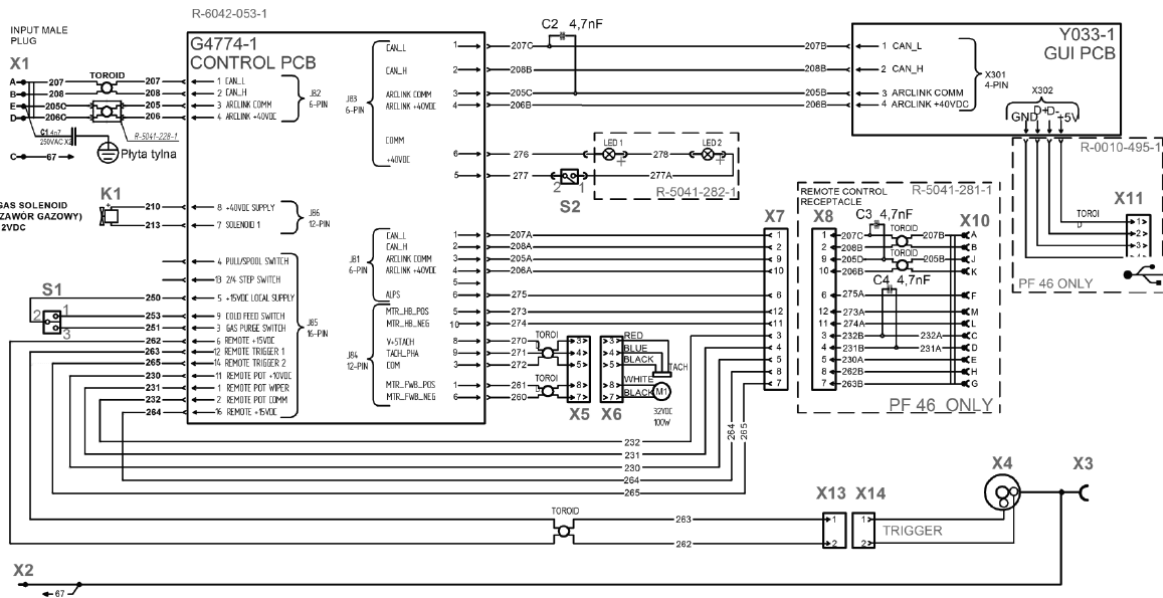
PF44 – PF46

- 1. Motor Board
- 2. Gas Solenoid
- 3. Motor

- 4. Wire Drive
- 5. Reel Hub
- 6. User Interface Board



THEORY OF OPERATION



GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The PF44 and PF46 are a four rolls, digitally controlled, wire feeders that operates on 40 VDC input power. PF44 and PF46 support all welding modes installed on power sources.

Network communications, PC board input power, and arc voltage feedback is received and transmitted through the input male plug X1.

PF46 is equipped with USB that can be used to share welding procedures and settings among many machines and many users.

MOTOR CONTROL BOARD

The motor control board processes the information received from the various user operated switches, (cold inch, gas purge and lighting switch), the data

received from the User Interface and sends the signals to energize the active components such as the solenoid and wire drive motor.

The tach feedback signal is also processed by this board which regulates the motor supply voltage to maintain the required wire feed speed.

USER INTERFACE BOARD

From innovative TFT User Interface is possible to recall welding programs from the power source, pre-set welding parameters, read actual values during welding and define all welding parameters like start, crater, 2-4 steps, burn back, wave controls and many others. Informations and data are exchanged between the User Interface and the motor control board via digital Arclink protocol.

TROUBLESHOOTING AND REPAIR SECTION

- How to use troubleshooting Guide
- Troubleshooting Guide
- Control Board test
- User Interface Board test
- Gas Solenoid test
- Wire Drive Motor test
- Wire Drive Motor Tachimeter test

HOW TO USE TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Service and repair should be performed by only Lincoln Electric Factory Trained Personnel. Unauthorized repairs performed on this equipment may result in danger to the technician and machine operator and will invalidate your factory warranty. For your safety and to avoid Electrical Shock, please observe all safety notes and precautions detailed throughout this manual.

This Troubleshooting Guide is provided to help you locate and repair possible machine malfunctions. Simply follow the three-step procedure listed below.

Step 1. LOCATE PROBLEM (SYMPTOM). Look under the column labeled "PROBLEMS".

This column describes possible symptoms that the machine may exhibit. Find the listing that best describes the symptom that the machine is exhibiting. Symptoms are grouped into three main categories: Output Problems, Function Problems, and LED Function Problems.

Step 2. PERFORM EXTERNAL TESTS. The second column, labeled "CHECKS", lists the obvious external possibilities that may contribute to the machine symptom. Perform these tests/checks in the order listed. In general, these tests can be conducted without removing the case wrap-around cover.

Step 3. PERFORM COMPONENT TESTS. The last column, labeled "RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION" lists the most likely components that may have failed in your machine. It also specifies the appropriate test procedure to verify that the subject component is either good or bad. If there are a number of possible components, check the components in the order listed to eliminate one possibility at a time until you locate the cause of your problem.

All of the referenced test procedures referred to in the Troubleshooting Guide are described in detail at the end of this chapter. Refer to the Troubleshooting and Repair Table of Contents to locate each specific Test Procedure. All of the referred to test points, components, terminal strips, etc., can be found on the referenced electrical wiring diagrams and schematics. Refer to the Wiring Diagrams Section Table of Contents to locate the appropriate diagram.

WARNING



ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill

- Have an electrician install and service this equipment
- Turn the input power off at the fuse box before working on equipment
- Do not touch electrically hot parts
- Prior to performing preventive maintenance, perform the following capacitor discharge procedure to avoid electric shock

Sometimes machine failures appear to be due to PC board failures. These problems can sometimes be traced to poor electrical connections. To avoid problems when troubleshooting and replacing PC boards, please use the following procedure:

1. Determine to the best of your technical ability that the PC board is the most likely component causing the failure symptom.
2. Check for loose connections at the PC board to assure that the PC board is properly connected.
3. If the problem persists, replace the suspect PC board using standard practices to avoid static electrical damage and electrical shock.
4. Test the machine to determine if the failure symptom has been corrected by the replacement PC board.

NOTE: Allow the machine to heat up so that all electrical components can reach their operating temperature.

5. Remove the replacement PC board and substitute it with the original PC board to recreate the original problem.
 - If the original problem does not reappear by substituting the original board, then the PC board was not the problem. Continue to look for bad connections in the control wiring harness, junction blocks, and terminal strips.
 - If the original problem is recreated by the substitution of the original board, then the PC board was the problem. Reinstall the replacement PC board and test the machine.
6. Always indicate that this procedure was followed when warranty reports are to be submitted.

NOTE: Following this procedure and writing on the warranty report, "INSTALLED AND SWITCHED PC BOARDS TO VERIFY PROBLEM," will help avoid denial of legitimate PC board warranty claims.

TROUBLESHOOTING

!! WARNING !! BEFORE CONNECT POWER SUPPLY, MAKE A CAREFUL VISUAL INSPECTION INSIDE THE MACHINE, CHECK ALL THE BOARDS AND HARNESS.

PROBLEMS / SYMPTOMS	CHECKS / ERROR DESCRIPTION	RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION
A VISUAL DAMAGE IS EVIDENT WHEN YOU OPEN THE COVER	-----	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> REPLACE THE BROKEN PART AND PERFORM THE TESTS FOR THE OTHER MACHINE COMPONENTS
NO WIRE FEED AND SOLENOID	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> MAKE SURE THAT THE PF44-46 RECEIVES THE 40VDC POWER SUPPLY THE GUN TRIGGER MAY BE DEFECT 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> PERFORM THE MOTOR BOARD TEST CHECK AND REPLACE THE GUN TRIGGER IF NECESSARY
NO CONTROL OF WIRE FEED SPEED	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> THE TACHIMETER MAY BE FAULTY THE USER INTERFACE BOARD MAY BE MAULTY THE MOTOR BOARD MAY BE FAULTY 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> PERFORM THE TACHIMETER TEST REPLACE THE USER ITERFACE PERFORM THE MOTOR BOARD TEST AND REPLACE IF DEFECT
THERE IS NO WELDING OUTPUT WHEN THE GUN TRIGGER IS PRESSED. THE WIRE FEEDS NORMALLY AND THE GAS SOLENOID IS ACTIVATED PROPERLY	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> THE ARC LINK CABLES BETWEEN POWER FEED AND POWER SOURCE MAY BE DEFECT. THE MOTOR BOARD MAY BE FAULTY THE POWER SOURCE MAY BE DEFECT 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CHECK STATUS LED ON POWER SOURCE FOR COMMUNICATION ERROR CHECK THE ARCLINK CABLES FOR GOOD CONTINUITY REPLACE THE MOTOR BOARD PERFORM THE POWER SOURCE TESTS
THE WELDING VOLTAGE IS NOT CHANGING WHILE TURNING THE USER INTERFACE VOLTAGE ENCODER	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> THE USER INTERFACE MAY BE FAULTY THE MOTOR BOARD MAY BE FAULTY THE POWER SOURCE MAY BE DEFECT 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> REPLACE THE USER INTERFACE REPLACE THE MOTOR BOARD PERFORM THE POWER SOURCE TEST
WELDING PROCESS DOES NOT CHANGE WHEN THE LEFT PUSH BUTTON ON THE UI IS PRESSED	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> MAY BE A SOFTWARE PROBLEM ON UI IS PRESENT THE BUTTON IS DEFECT 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> RE-FLASH FEEDER SOFTWARE REPLACE THE UI BOARD
THE FEEDER RESET ITSELF WHEN THE WELD STARTS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> NOISE CAN BE THE CAUSE OF THIS PROBLEM 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CHECK CAPACITOR C1 FOR GOOD CONNECTIONS TO CONNECTOR X1 PIN E AND FEEDER FRAME (SEE FEEDER WIRIND DIAGRAM)
WITH TRIGGER PRESSED THE ROLLS DO NOT TURN BUT GAS SOLENOID IS WORKING PROPERLY	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> LOOSE OR FAULTY MOTOR CONNECTION MAY BE PRESENT THE MOTOR BOARD MAY BE FAULTY (NO POWER TO THE MOTOR) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CHECK LEADS 261 AND 260 CONNECTIONS FROM MOTOR BOARD CONNECTOR J84 PIN 1 AND 6 TO MOTOR X6 CONNECTOR PIN 7 AND 8 PERFORM THE MOTOR BOARD J84 CONNECTOR TEST
NO WIRE FEEDING BUT THE DRIVE ROLLS ARE TURNING	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> THE DRIVE ROLLS PRESSURE MAY BE NOT CORRECT THE DRIVE ROLLS OR WIRE GUIDE MAY BE NOT CORRECTLY INSTALLED A MECHANICAL RESCTRITION MAY BE PRESENT INSIDE THE TORCH THE SPOOL BRAKE TORQUE MAY BE TOO MUCH 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CHECK THE DRIVE ROLLS FOR CORRECT PRESSURE CHECK THE DRIVE ROLLS AND WIRE GUIDE FOR CORRECT INSTALLATION CHECK THE TORCH LINER, REPLACE IF NECESSARY CHECK THE SPOOL BRAKE TORQUE
THE GAS SOLENOID IS NOT ACTIVATED WHEN TRIGGER IS PRESSED, BUT ROLLS ARE TURNING	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> THE GAS SOLENOID MAY BE FAULTY THE MOTOR BOARD MAY BE FAULTY (NO POWER TO THE GAS SOLENOID) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> PERFORM THE GAS SOLENOID TEST PERFORM THE MOTOR BOARD J86 CONNECTOR TEST
THE COLD INCH/GAS PURGE SWITCH DOES NOT ENABE THE WIRE DRIVE MOTOR BUT WIRE DRIVE MOTOR IS ACTIVATED WHEN GUN TRIGGER IS PRESSED	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A MECHANICAL DAMAGE ON THE COLD INCH/PURGE SWITCH MAY BE PRESENT CHECK FOR LOOSE OR FAULTY LEAD CONNECTIONS BETWEEN THE COLD INCH/PURGE SWITCH AND MOTOR BOARD J85 CONNECTOR 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> REPLACE THE COLD INCH/PURGE SWITCH IF NECESSARY IF THERE IN MECHANICAL PROBLEMS AND ALL CONNECTIONS ARE OK, THE MOTOR BOARD IS DEFECT; REPLACE IT.

These tests and repair should only be performed by Lincoln Electric Factory Trained Personnel. Unauthorized repairs performed on this equipment may result in danger to the technician and machine operator and will invalidate your factory warranty. For your safety and to avoid Electrical Shock, please observe all safety notes and precautions detailed throughout this manual.

ERROR CODES



When an error occur, the error Code number is displayed by the Power Feed TFT screen, like the example in the above picture and at the same time also by the status LED located on the power source front panel.

Power Source error conditions are indicated in the following table:

LED Light Condition	Meaning
	Only machines which using ArcLink [®] protocol for communication
Steady Green	System OK. Power source is operational, and is communicating normally with all healthy peripheral equipment.
Blinking Green	Occurs during power up or a system reset, and indicates the power source is mapping (identifying) each component in the system. Normal for first 1-10 seconds after power is turned on, or if the system configuration is changed during operation.
Alternating Green and Red	<p>If the status lights are flashing any combination of red and green, errors are present in the power source.</p> <p>Individual code digits are flashed in red with a long pause between digits. If more than one code is present, the codes will be separated by green light. Read the error code before the machine is turned off.</p> <p>If occurs, to clear the error try to turn Off the machine, wait for a few seconds, then turn ON again. If the error remains, a maintenance is required. Please contact the nearest authorized technical service center or Lincoln Electric and report the error code read.</p>
Steady Red	Indicate no communication between the power source and device which has been connected to this power source.

Refer to the Power Source Service Manual for the Error Codes list and descriptions.

CASE COVER REMOVAL PROCEDURE

WARNING

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If for any reason you do not understand the test procedures or are unable to perform the test/repairs safely, contact your Local Lincoln Electric Service Department for electrical troubleshooting assistance before you proceed.

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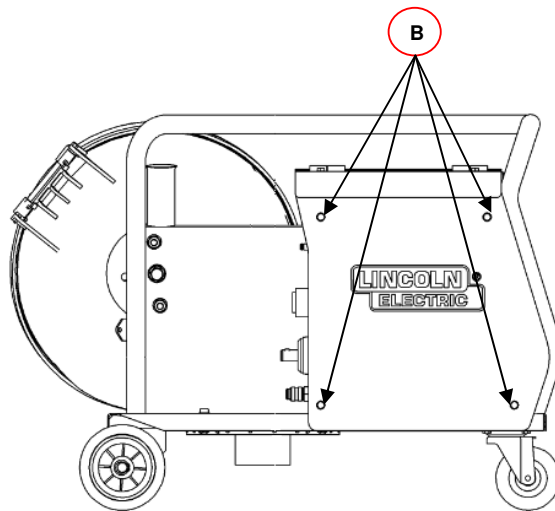
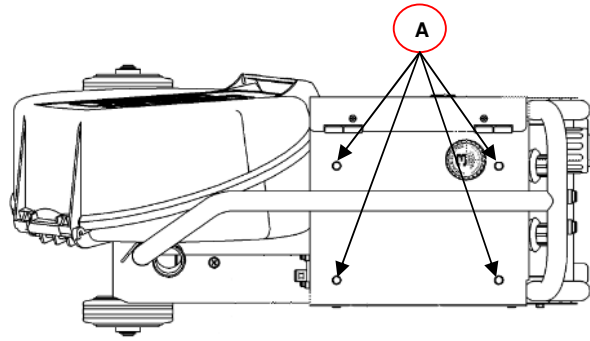
DESCRIPTION

This procedure will aid the technician in the removal and replacement of the case sheet metal cover .

MATERIALS NEEDED

8 mm nut driver

PF44/PF46 - CASE COVER REMOVAL



Procedure:

1. Turn the power source ON/OFF switch to OFF position.
2. **Disconnect Input Power from the power source !**
3. Using the 8mm nut driver, remove the 4 screws (A) from the top of the Feeder cover.
4. Remove carefully the top cover together with the right feeder door.
5. Using the 8 mm nut driver remove the 4 screw (B) from the left side Feeder panel.
6. Be careful, do not pull too much the left side panel; the motor control boards is installed on the internal side of this panel.

CONTROL BOARD TEST

WARNING

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TEST DESCRIPTION

This test will determine if the motor control board is receiving the correct voltage and if it is working properly

MATERIALS NEEDED

Multimeter
Power Feed Wiring diagram

CONTROL BOARD TEST (continued)

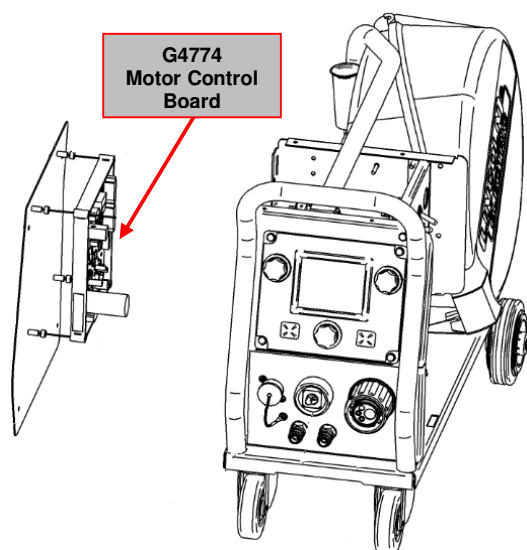


Figure 1 - Motor control board location

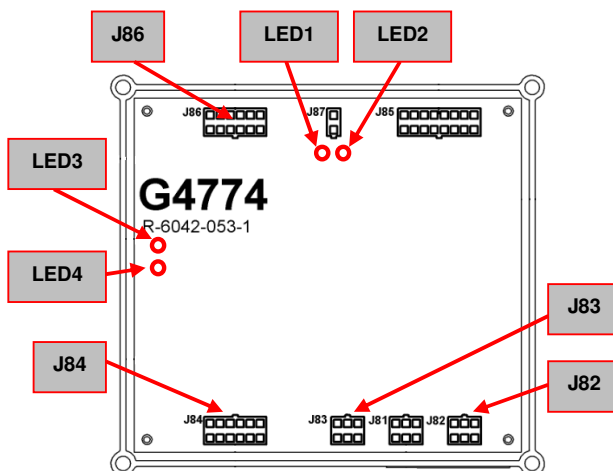
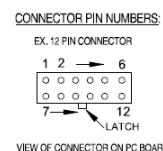


Figure 1a – Motor Board Test point locations

TEST PROCEDURE

⚠ Use always electrically insulate gloves during this test procedure

1. Remove input power from the wire feed unit.
2. Perform the wire feeder case removal procedure.
3. Located the Motor Control Board. See **Figure 1**. Do not remove the plugs from the Motor Control Board.
4. Visually check for burned or damaged components. If any components are physically damaged the motor control board has to be replaced.
5. Apply the correct input power to the wire feeder connecting it through control cable to the power source.
6. Using the multimeter perform the tests as indicated in **Test Table 1**. See **Figure 1a** for correct test points location.



Test table 1 – Motor Control Board test

Test Points	Expected reading	PCB LEDs status and color	Note
J82 pin 4(+) to pin 3(-)	40VDC	-	+40VDC power supply from power source
J86 pin 8(+) to pin 7(-)	0VDC = Gas solenoid OFF 4,5VDC = Gas solenoid ON	-	Press the gun trigger or purge switch to test the gas solenoid power supply. Note: solenoid is supplied with a PWM signal
J84 pin1(+) to pin 6(-)	From 2VDC to 30VDC	-	Press the gun trigger for this test. Expected reading dependent upon WFS setting
J84 pin 8(+) to pin 3(-)	+5VDC	-	Tachimeter voltage supply
J84 pin 9(+) to pin 3(-)	Approx. 2,5VDC when motor is running	-	Tachimeter feedback signal. Press the gun trigger to do this test
J84 pin 9(+) to pin 3(-)	0VDC or 5VDC with motor not running.	-	Depend upon where the motor is stopped
J83 pin 4(+) to pin 3(-)	40VDC	-	User Interface power supply
J83 pin 5(+) to pin 6(-)	40VDC	-	Wire drive lamps power supply
-	-	LED1 Green	Arclink Status LEDs. No errors= LED1 is steady green. If error is present they blink alternately giving an error code*
-	-	LED2 Red	
-	-	LED3 Green	Gas solenoid control chip status light Normal status (after power-up sequence) = blinking 1sec OFF – 1 sec. ON
-	-	LED4 Green	Wire drive motor control chip status light Normal status (after power-up sequence) = blinking 1sec OFF – 1 sec. ON

* Read the error code before the machine is powered off. Error code interpretation through the status LED is detailed in power source manual. Individual code digits are flashed in red with a long pause between digits. If more than one code is present, the codes will be separated by a green light.

USER INTERFACE BOARD TEST

WARNING

Service and repair should be performed by only Lincoln Electric factory trained personnel. Unauthorized repairs performed on this equipment may result in danger to the technician or machine operator and will invalidate your factory warranty. For your safety and to avoid electrical shock, please observe all safety notes and precautions detailed throughout this manual. If for any reason you do not understand the test procedures or are unable to perform the test/repairs safely, contact your Local Lincoln Electric Service Department for electrical troubleshooting assistance before you proceed.

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TEST DESCRIPTION

This test will determine if the User Interface board is receiving the correct power supply voltage and if it is working properly. This test will not indicate if the entire board is functional.

MATERIALS NEEDED

- 7mm nut driver
- Multimeter
- Power Feed Wiring diagram

USER INTERFACE BOARD TEST (continued)

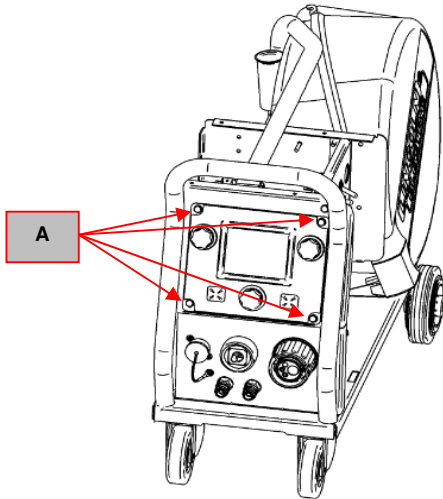


Figure 1b – User Interface removal

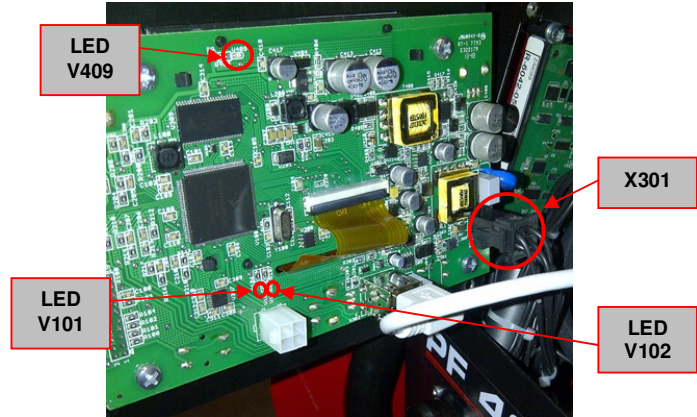


Figure 1c – User Interface component side

TEST PROCEDURE

⚠ Use always electrically insulate gloves during this test procedure

1. Remove input power from the wire feed unit.
2. Using the 7mm nut drive remove the four screws (**A**) that are fixing the User Interface panel to the Power Feed front panel. See **Figure 1b**.
3. Do not unplug the User Interface board from the Power Feeder. Keep it connected as indicated in **Figure 1c**.
4. Visually check for burned or damaged components. If any components are physically damaged the motor control board has to be replaced.
5. Apply the correct input power to the wire feeder connecting it through control cable to the power source.
6. Locate the User Interface board connector **X301** and using the multimeter perform the tests as indicated in **Test Table 1**. See **Figure 1c**.

Test table 1 – User Interface Board test

<i>Test Points</i>	<i>Expected reading</i>	<i>PCB LEDs status and color</i>	<i>Note</i>
X301 pin 4(+) to pin 3(-)	40VDC	-	+40VDC power supply from Control Board
-	-	V409 red ON	3,3 Vdc generated by the User Interface board is present
-	-	V101 green* ON	ArcLink Status LED. Normal status steady green (flashing during power up sequence and mapping)
-	-	V102 red* OFF	Not used.

*These LED status are valid only from software version 007.

For PCB with previous software version:

- LED V101 always OFF
- LED V102 blinking slowly always.

GAS SOLENOID TEST

WARNING

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TEST DESCRIPTION

This test will help determine if the gas solenoid is working properly.

MATERIALS NEEDED

Multimeter
Power Feed Wiring diagram

GAS SOLENOID TEST (continued)

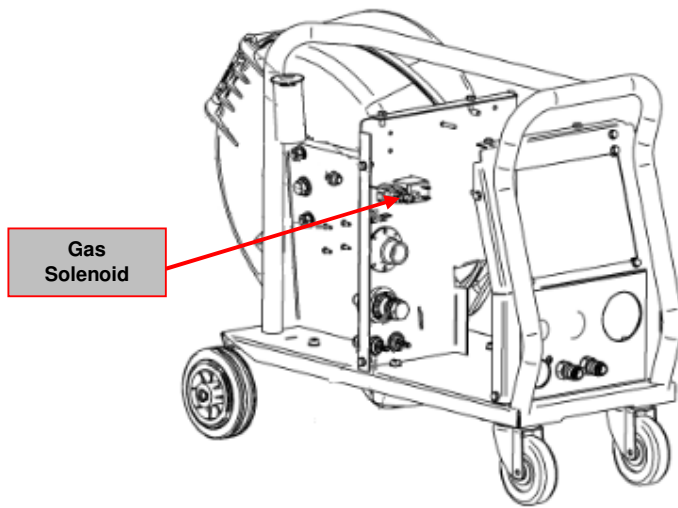


Figure 2 – Gas solenoid location

TEST PROCEDURE

⚠ Use always electrically insulate gloves during this test procedure

1. Remove input power from the wire feed unit.
2. Perform the wire feeder case removal procedure.
3. Located the Gas Solenoid. See **Figure 2**.
4. Apply the correct input power to the wire feeder connecting it through control cable to the power source.
5. With the gun trigger pressed check the supply voltage at gas solenoid terminals (wire 210 and 213). Normal voltage is 4,5VDC. Gas solenoid is supplied with a PWM signal. If the voltage is present but the gas solenoid is not activated, the gas solenoid may be faulty. Correct coil resistance with wire 210 and 213 disconnected is 14ohms +/- 10%
6. If Voltage is not present check first for loose or faulty wires connections between gas solenoid and plug **J86**. See wire feeder wiring diagram. If connections are good, the Motor Control board may be faulty.

WIRE DRIVE MOTOR TEST

WARNING

Service and repair should be performed by only Lincoln Electric factory trained personnel. Unauthorized repairs performed on this equipment may result in danger to the technician or machine operator and will invalidate your factory warranty. For your safety and to avoid electrical shock, please observe all safety notes and precautions detailed throughout this manual. If for any reason you do not understand the test procedures or are unable to perform the test/repairs safely, contact your Local Lincoln Electric Service Department for electrical troubleshooting assistance before you proceed.

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TEST DESCRIPTION

This test will help determine if the wire drive motor receives the correct voltage and if it is capable of working properly.

MATERIALS NEEDED

Multimeter
Power Feed Wiring diagram

WIRE DRIVE MOTOR TEST

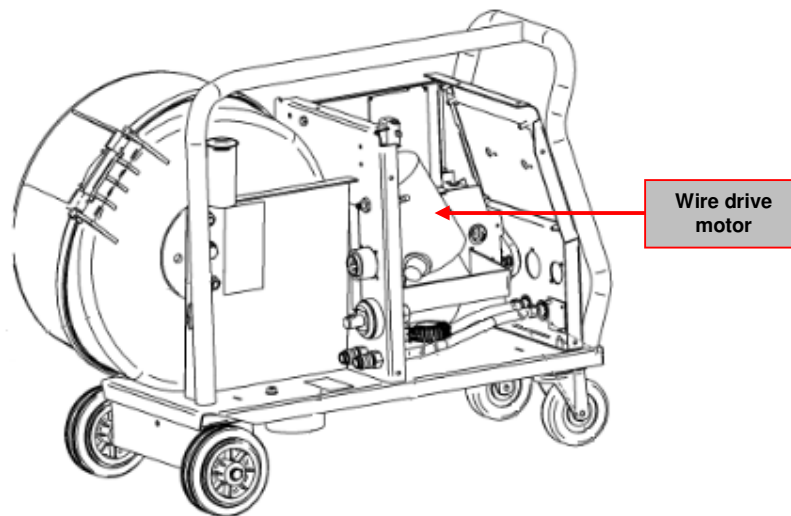


Figure 3 – Wire drive motor location

TEST PROCEDURE

⚠ Use always electrically insulate gloves during this test procedure

1. Remove input power from the wire feed unit.
2. Perform the wire feeder case removal procedure.
3. Located the wire drive motor. See **Figure 3**.
4. Apply the correct input power to the wire feeder connecting it through control cable to the power source.
5. Press the gun trigger and with the motor running check at connector **X6** between pin 7 and pin 8, see wiring diagram, for approximately 2VDC to 30VDC. Reading depends upon WFS setting on user interface panel.
6. If Voltage is not present check first for loose or faulty wires connections between motor control board plug **J84** and connector **X6**. See wire feeder wiring diagram. If connections are good, the Motor Control board may be faulty.
7. If voltage is present but the wire drive motor does not run, the motor may be faulty.
8. If changing the WFS potentiometer setting on user interface the motor does not change the speed, perform the motor control board test and tachimeter test.

WIRE DRIVE MOTOR TACHIMETER TEST

WARNING

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TEST DESCRIPTION

This test will help determine if the tachimeter is correctly supplied by the motor control board and if the tachimeter is sending the correct feedback to the motor control board.

MATERIALS NEEDED

Multimeter
Power Feed Wiring diagram

WIRE DRIVE MOTOR TACHIMETER TEST (continued)

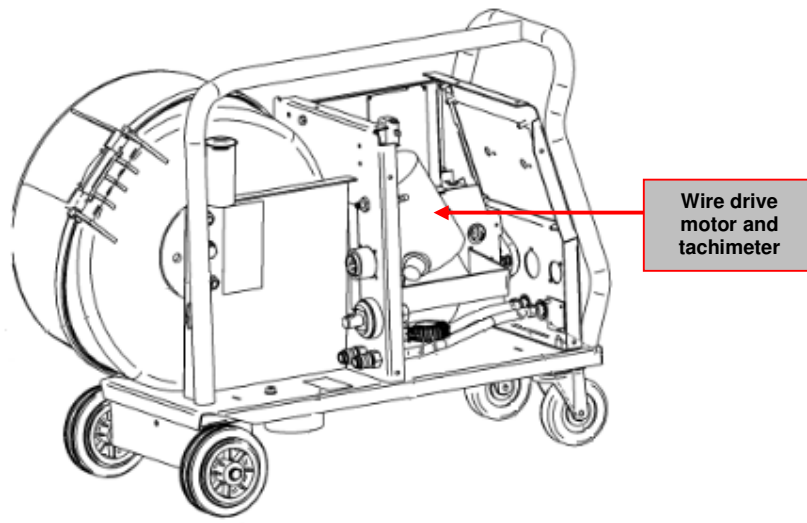


Figure 4 – Wire drive motor and tachimeter location

TEST PROCEDURE

⚠ Use always electrically insulate gloves during this test procedure

1. Remove input power from the wire feed unit.
2. Perform the wire feeder case removal procedure.
3. Located the wire drive motor. See **Figure 4**.
4. Apply the correct input power to the wire feeder connecting it through control cable to the power source.
5. Check at connector **X6** between pin 3 and pin 5, see wiring diagram, for approximately 5 VDC. If the 5VDC are missing check for loose or faulty connection between connector **X6** and plug **J84** on Motor Control board. If connection are good, may be the Motor Control board is faulty.
6. With the trigger pressed and the motor running check at connector **X6** the tachimeter feedback voltage between pin 4 and pin 5. Normal feedback value should be about 2,5VDC. If the correct 5 VDC supply are present but the voltage feedback is missing, the tachimeter is faulty.
7. With the motor not running the tachimeter voltage feedback may be 0VDC or 5VDC depending the position where the tachimeter magnet, mounted on the motor axle, has stopped.

DISASSEMBLY OPERATIONS

MOTOR CONTROL BOARD REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT PROCEDURE

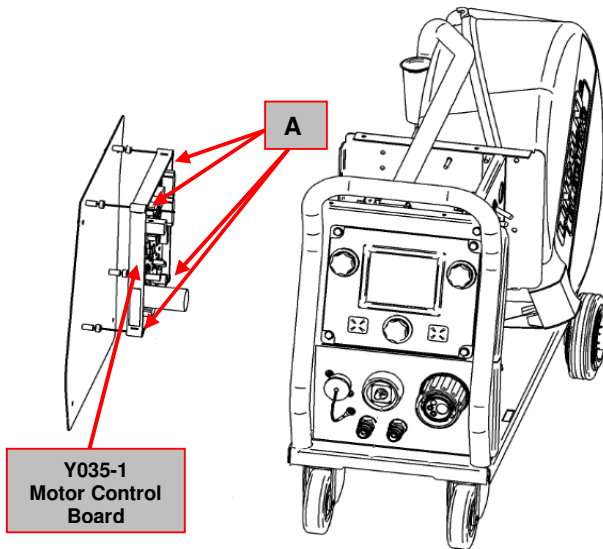


Figure 5

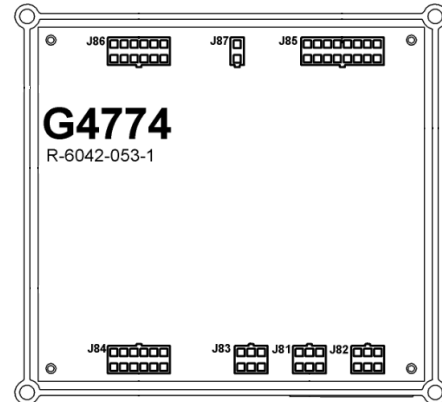


Figure 6 – Motor Control board plugs locations

REMOVAL PROCEDURE

Necessary tools:

- Phillips screwdriver PH02

1. Remove main input power from the Wire Feeder.
2. Perform the wire feeder case removal procedure.
3. Locate the Motor Control board. See **Figure 5**
4. Unplug the connectors **J81**, **J82**, **J83**, **J84**, **J85** and **J86** from the motor control board. See **Figure 6** for plugs locations.
5. Using Phillips screwdriver PH02 remove the 4 screws (**A**) from the motor board corners.
6. Carefully remove the Motor Control board from wire feeder left side panel.
7. **For the new Motor Control board re-assembly operations**, make the previous steps in the reverse order

DISASSEMBLY OPERATIONS

WIRE DRIVE MOTOR REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT PROCEDURE

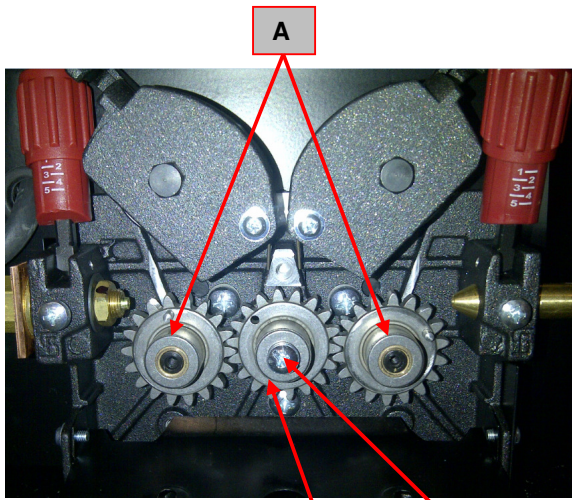


Figure 7

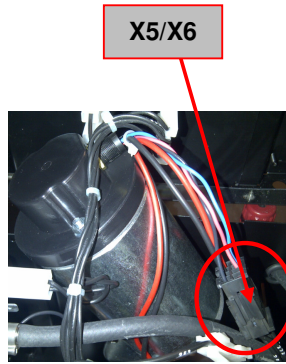


Figure 8

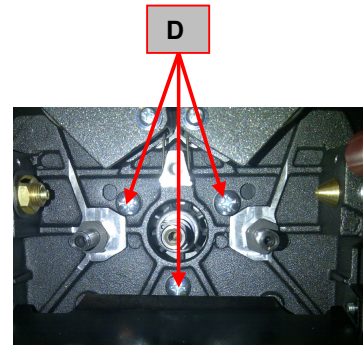


Figure 9

REMOVAL PROCEDURE

Necessary tools:

- Phillips screwdriver PH02

1. Remove main input power from the Wire Feeder.
2. Perform the wire feeder case removal procedure.
3. Remove the drive rolls from the wire drive
4. Remove the rolls gear wheels (A). See **Figure 7**.
5. Using the Phillips PH02 screwdriver remove the screw (B). See **Figure 7**.
6. Remove the motor gear wheel (C). See **Figure 7**.
7. Unplug motor connectors X5/X6. See **Figure 8**.
8. Using the Phillips PH02 screwdriver remove the 3 screws (D), that are fixing the motor to the wire drive. See **Figure 9**.
9. Remove carefully the motor from the Wire Feeder, paying attention to the metal panel that is installed between the motor and the wire drive plate.
10. **For the new Motor re-assembly operations**, make the previous steps in the reverse order

DISASSEMBLY OPERATIONS

WIRE DRIVE REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT PROCEDURE

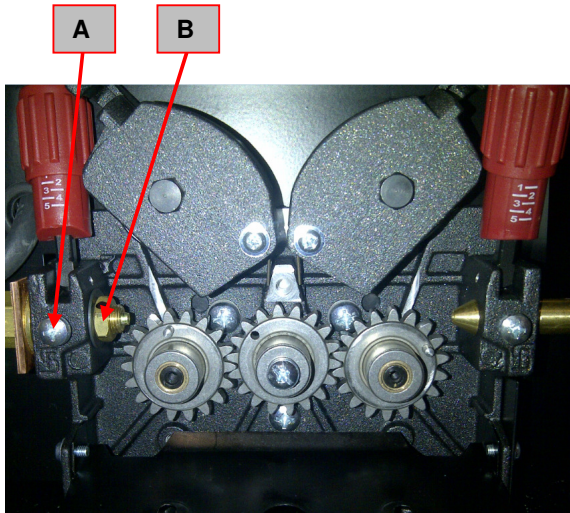


Figure 10

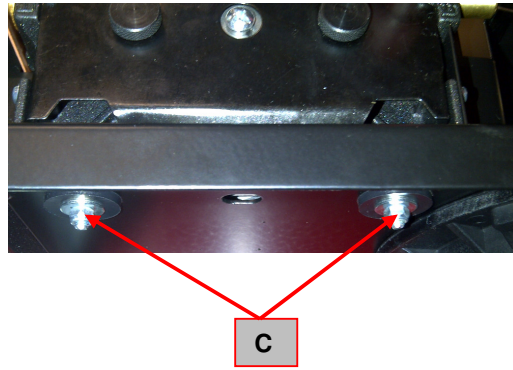


Figure 11

REMOVAL PROCEDURE

Necessary tools:

- Phillips screwdriver PH02
- 8mm nut driver/wrench
- 14mm wrench

1. Remove main input power from the Wire Feeder.
2. Perform the wire feeder case removal procedure.
3. Perform the wire drive motor removal procedure following the instructions provided in the previous page.
4. Using the phillips screwdriver remove the screw (A). See **Figure 10**.
5. Using the 14mm wrench remove the nut (B) and washer. See **Figure 10**.
6. Using the 8 mm nut driver remove the 2 nuts (C), the related 2 screws and washers.
7. Remove the wire drive plate taking care of the plastic insulators that insulate the wire drive plate from the feeder bottom panel.
8. Carefully remove the wire drive plate from the wire feeder, paying attention to the metal panel that is installed between the motor and the wire drive plate.
9. **For the new wire drive plate re-assembly operations**, make the previous steps in the reverse order

DISASSEMBLY OPERATIONS

USER INTERFACE BOARD REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT PROCEDURE

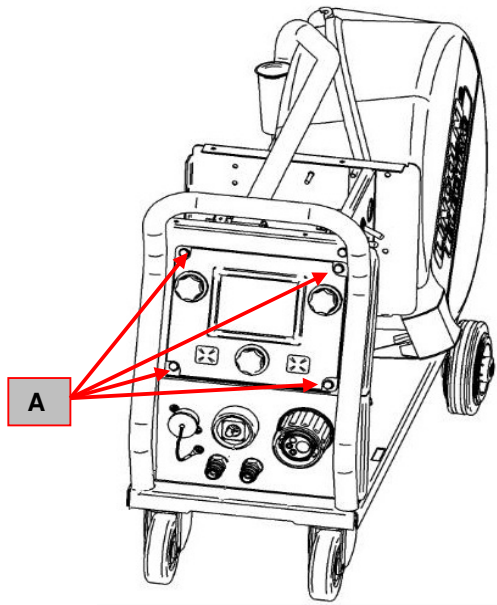


Figure 12

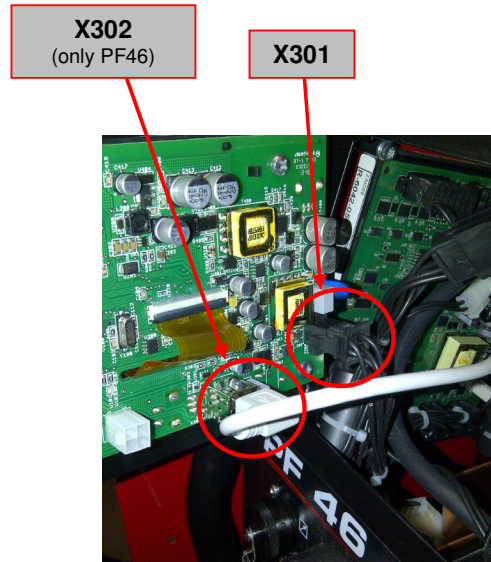


Figure 13

REMOVAL PROCEDURE

Necessary tools:

- 8mm nut driver
- 14mm wrench
- 2 mm allen wrench

1. Remove main input power from the Wire Feeder.
2. Using the 8 mm nut driver remove the 4 screw (**A**). See **Figure 12**.
3. Carefully pull the User Interface panel few centimeters away from the feeder front panel
4. Unplug the connector **X301** from the User Interface board. In case you are servicing a PF46, disconnect also the USB from connector **X302**. See **Figure 13**.
5. Remove the User Interface board from the feeder.

DISASSEMBLY OPERATIONS

USER INTERFACE BOARD REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT PROCEDURE (continued)

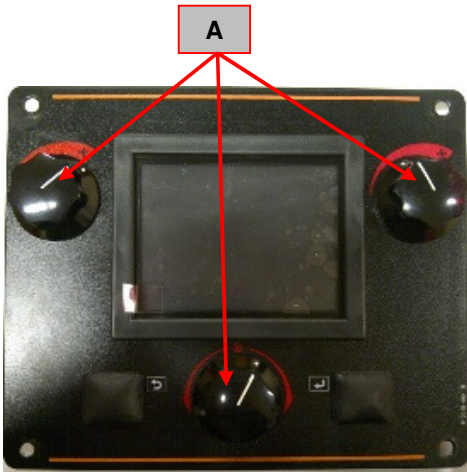


Figure 14

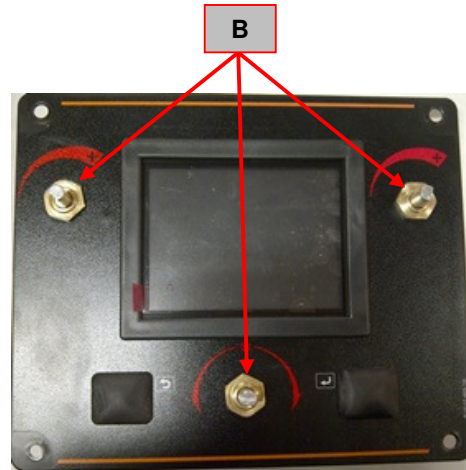


Figure 15

6. Using the 2mm allen wrench remove the three knobs (A). See **Figure 14**.
7. Using the 14 mm wrench remove the three nuts (B) that are fixing the three encoders to the UI panel. See **Figure 15**.

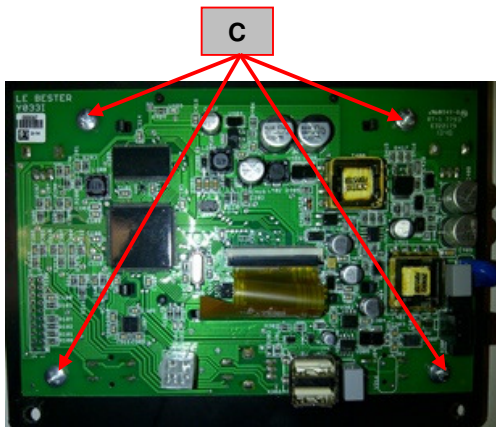


Figure 16

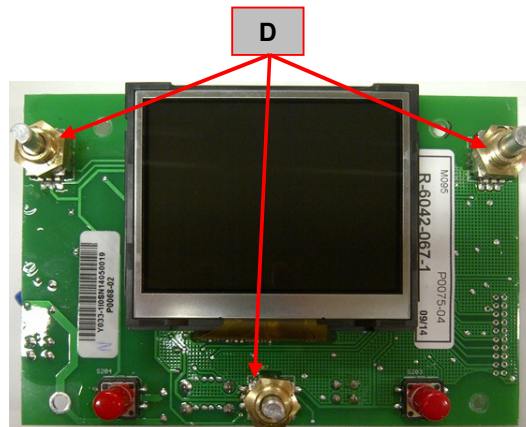


Figure 17

8. Using the phillips PH02 screwdriver remove the four screws (C) that are fixing the UI board to the front UI metal panel. See **Figure 16**.
9. Remove the UI board from the metal metal panel.
10. Using the 14mm wrench remove the three sleeve nuts (D) from the encoders. They have to be installed to the new UI board.
11. **For the new PF 46 UI board re-assembly operations**, make the previous steps in the reverse order

DISASSEMBLY OPERATIONS

GAS VALVE REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT PROCEDURE



Figure 12



Figure 13

REMOVAL PROCEDURE

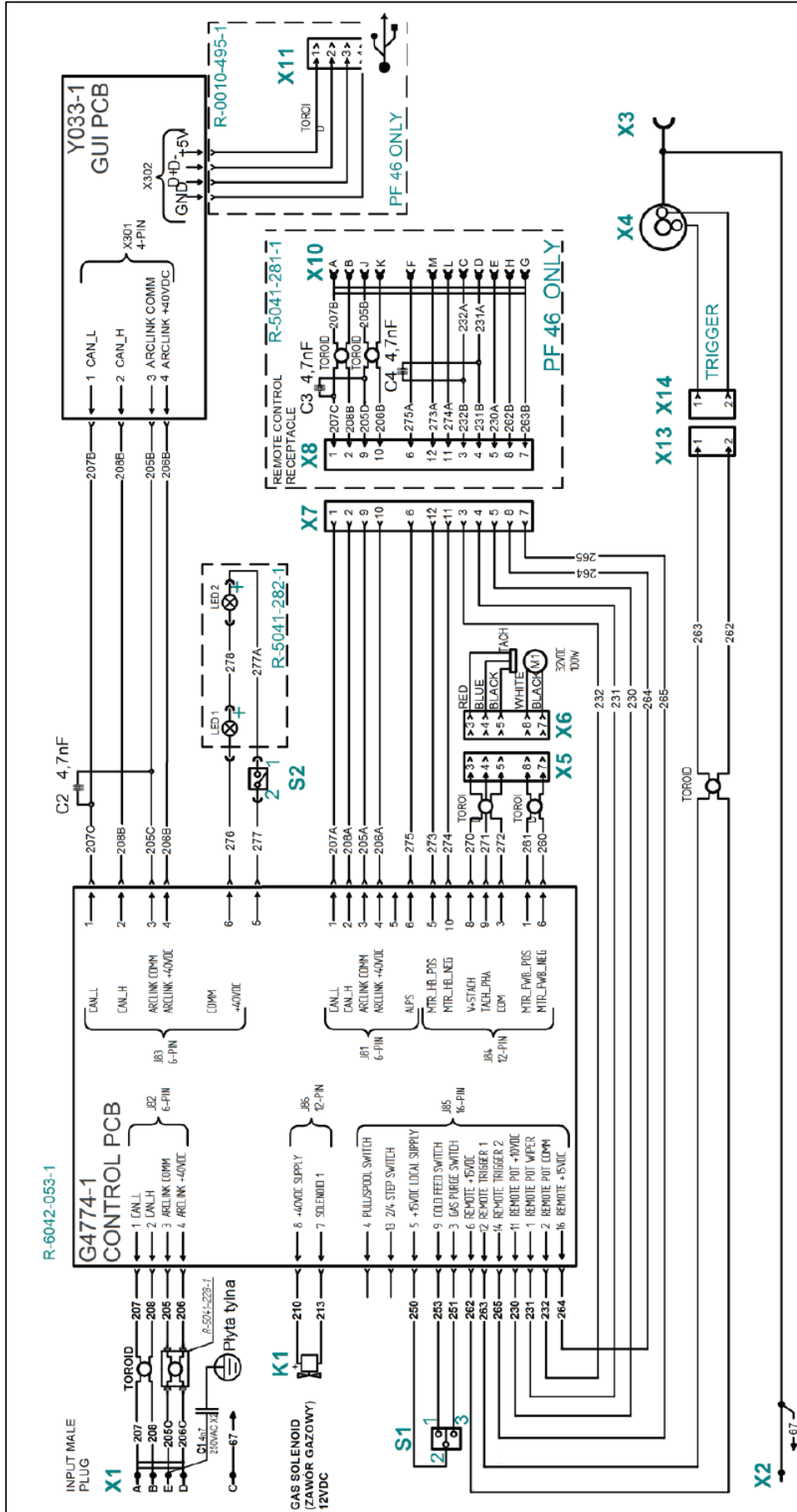
Necessary tools:

- 14mm wrench
- Pincers
- Metal clip 10,5 GER (part number 0656-790-105R)
- Threadlocker liquid

1. Remove main input power from the Wire Feeder.
2. Perform the wire feeder case removal procedure.
3. Disconnect the two gas valve supply leads n° 210 and 213 (A).
4. Using the pincers remove the metal clip (B) and using the 14mm wrench unscrew the couple (C). See **Figure 12**.
5. Using the 14 mm wrench remove the quick connect coupling (D), see **Figure 13**, and remove the gas valve from the wire feeder.
6. **For the new gas valve re-assembly operations**, make the previous steps in the reverse order, using treadlocker liquid on couple thread (C) and quick connect coupling thread (D).

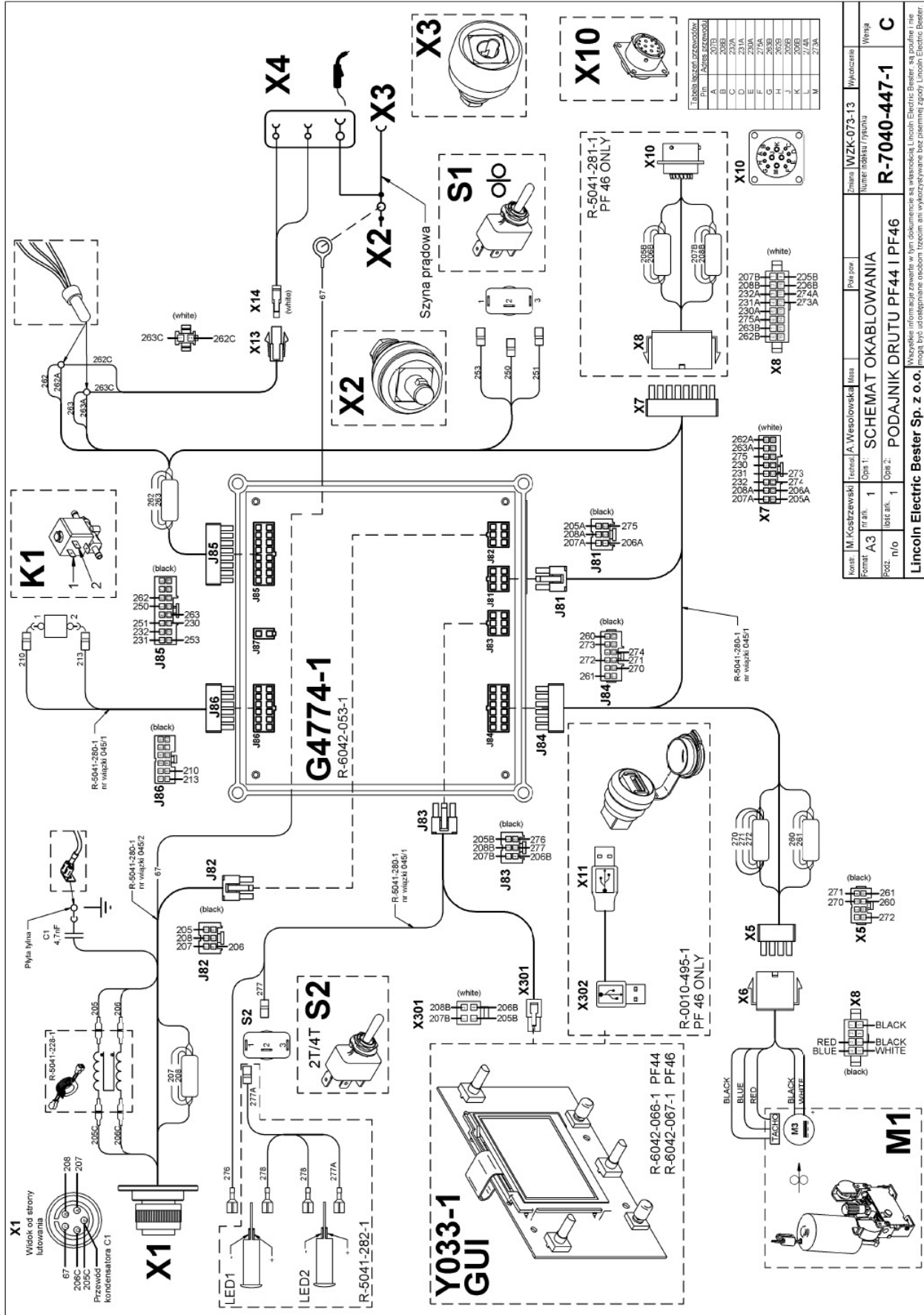
ELECTRICAL SCHEMATICS

Block Diagram : PF44 –PF46



ELECTRICAL DIAGRAMS

Wiring Diagram : PF44 – PF46

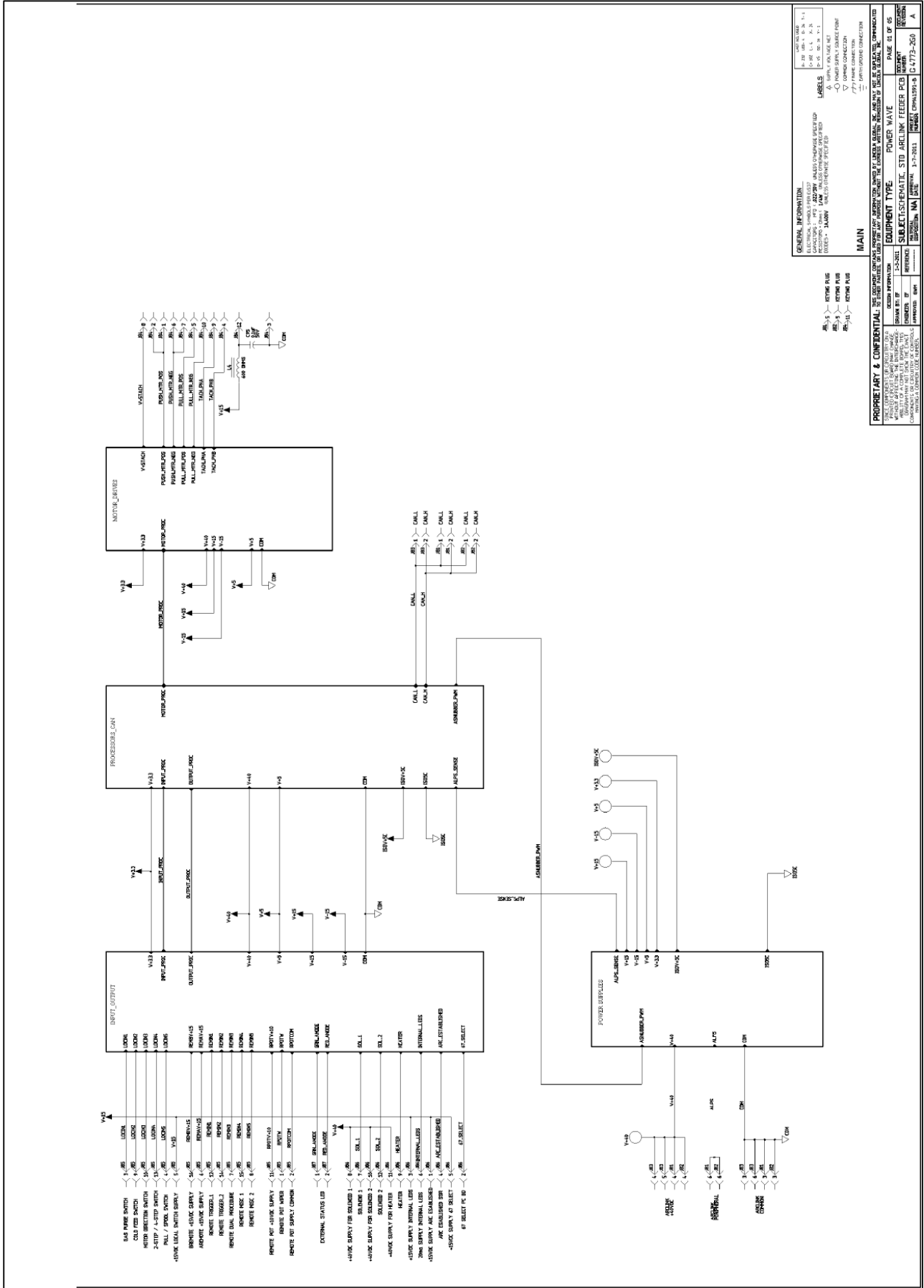


Forma:	A3	Opis 1:	SCHEMAT OKABLOWANIA	Zmiana:	WZK-073-13	Wykalcenie:	
Przeł:		Opis 2:	PODAJNIK DRUTU PF44 I PF46	Numer tabeli / rysunku:			Waga:
				R-7040-447-1			
				C			

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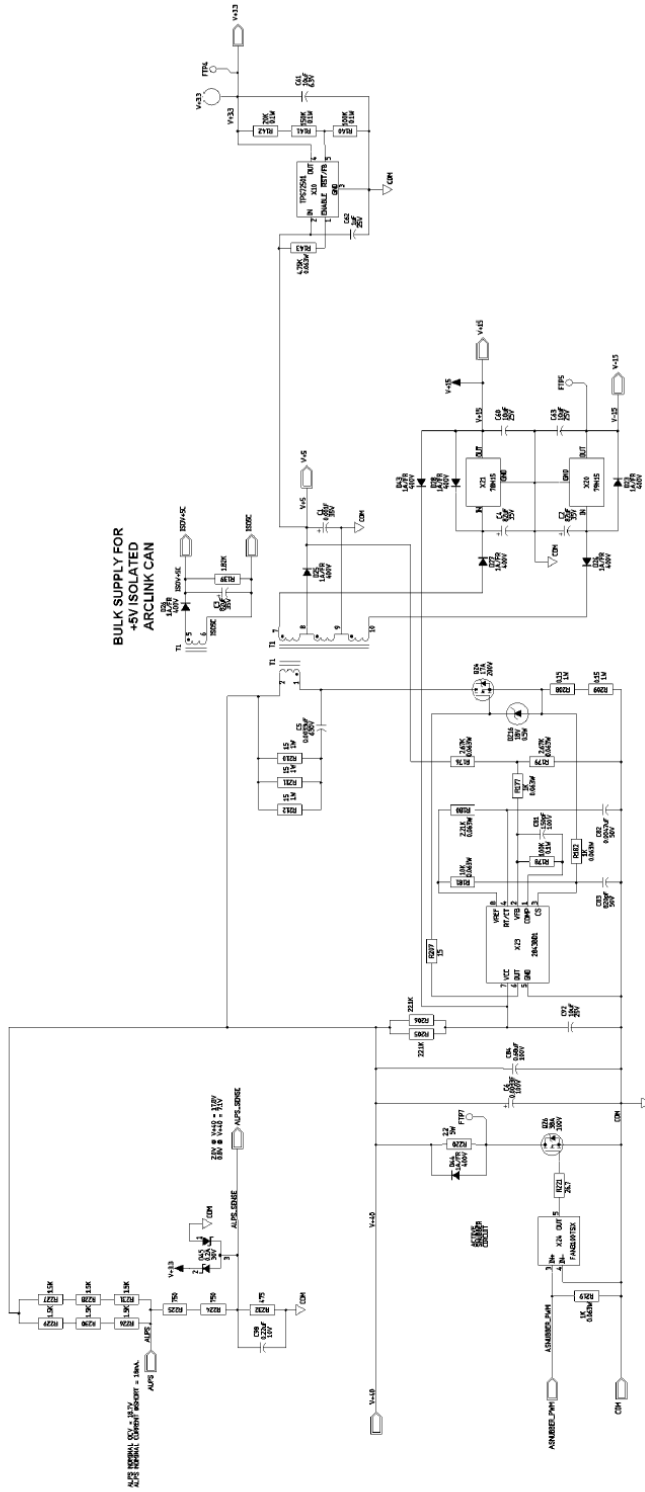
ELECTRICAL DIAGRAMS

MOTOR CONTROL BOARD G4774 SCHEMATIC – Page 1



ELECTRICAL DIAGRAMS

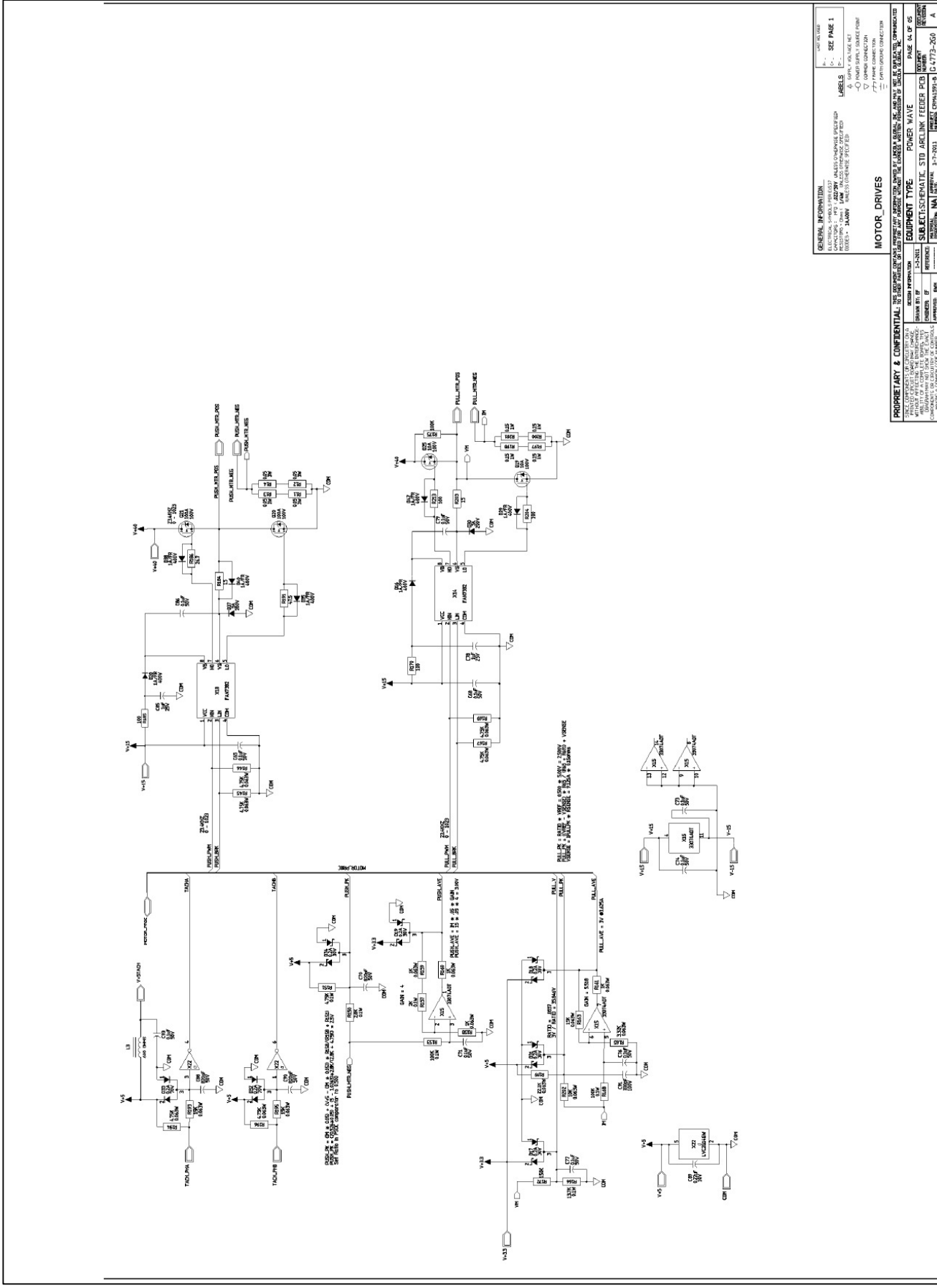
MOTOR CONTROL BOARD G4774 SCHEMATIC – Page 2



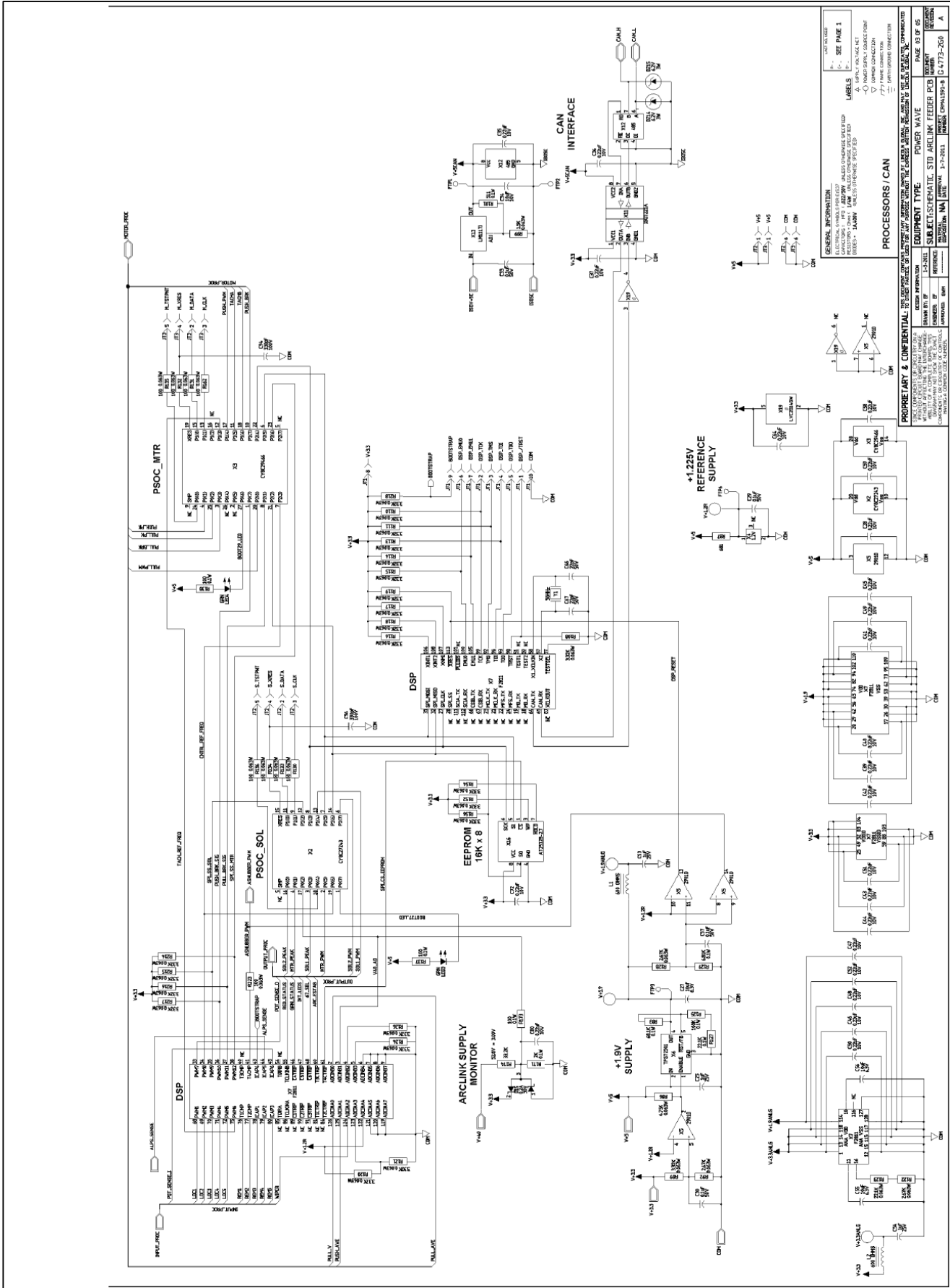
GENERAL INFORMATION DATE: 11/11/2011 DRAWN BY: J. J. J. J. J. CHECKED BY: J. J. J. J. J. APPROVED BY: J. J. J. J. J. TITLE: MOTOR CONTROL BOARD G4774 SCHEMATIC		POWER SUPPLIES POWER SUPPLY: 5V POWER SUPPLY: 12V POWER SUPPLY: 24V	
PROPRIETARY & CONFIDENTIAL THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS THE PROPERTY OF THE COMPANY AND IS NOT TO BE REPRODUCED OR TRANSMITTED IN ANY FORM OR BY ANY MEANS, ELECTRONIC OR MECHANICAL, INCLUDING PHOTOCOPYING, RECORDING, OR BY ANY INFORMATION STORAGE AND RETRIEVAL SYSTEM.		SEE PAGE 1 SEE PAGE 2 SEE PAGE 3 SEE PAGE 4 SEE PAGE 5 SEE PAGE 6 SEE PAGE 7 SEE PAGE 8 SEE PAGE 9 SEE PAGE 10	
SHEET NO. OF 10 SHEET TITLE: MOTOR CONTROL BOARD G4774 SCHEMATIC	DRAWN BY: J. J. J. J. J. CHECKED BY: J. J. J. J. J. APPROVED BY: J. J. J. J. J.	EQUIPMENT TYPE: POWER WAVE SUBJECT: SCHEMATIC, STD. LABELING, FEEDER, PCB, BOARD	PAGE 16 OF 16 PROJECT: MOTOR CONTROL BOARD G4774 SCHEMATIC
REVISION: 1 REVISION DATE: 11-11-2011 REVISION DESCRIPTION: INITIAL DESIGN	REVISION: 2 REVISION DATE: 11-11-2011 REVISION DESCRIPTION: REVISED POWER SUPPLIES	REVISION: 3 REVISION DATE: 11-11-2011 REVISION DESCRIPTION: REVISED CONTROL LOGIC	REVISION: 4 REVISION DATE: 11-11-2011 REVISION DESCRIPTION: REVISED MOTOR CONNECTIONS

ELECTRICAL DIAGRAMS

MOTOR CONTROL BOARD G4774 SCHEMATIC – Page 3

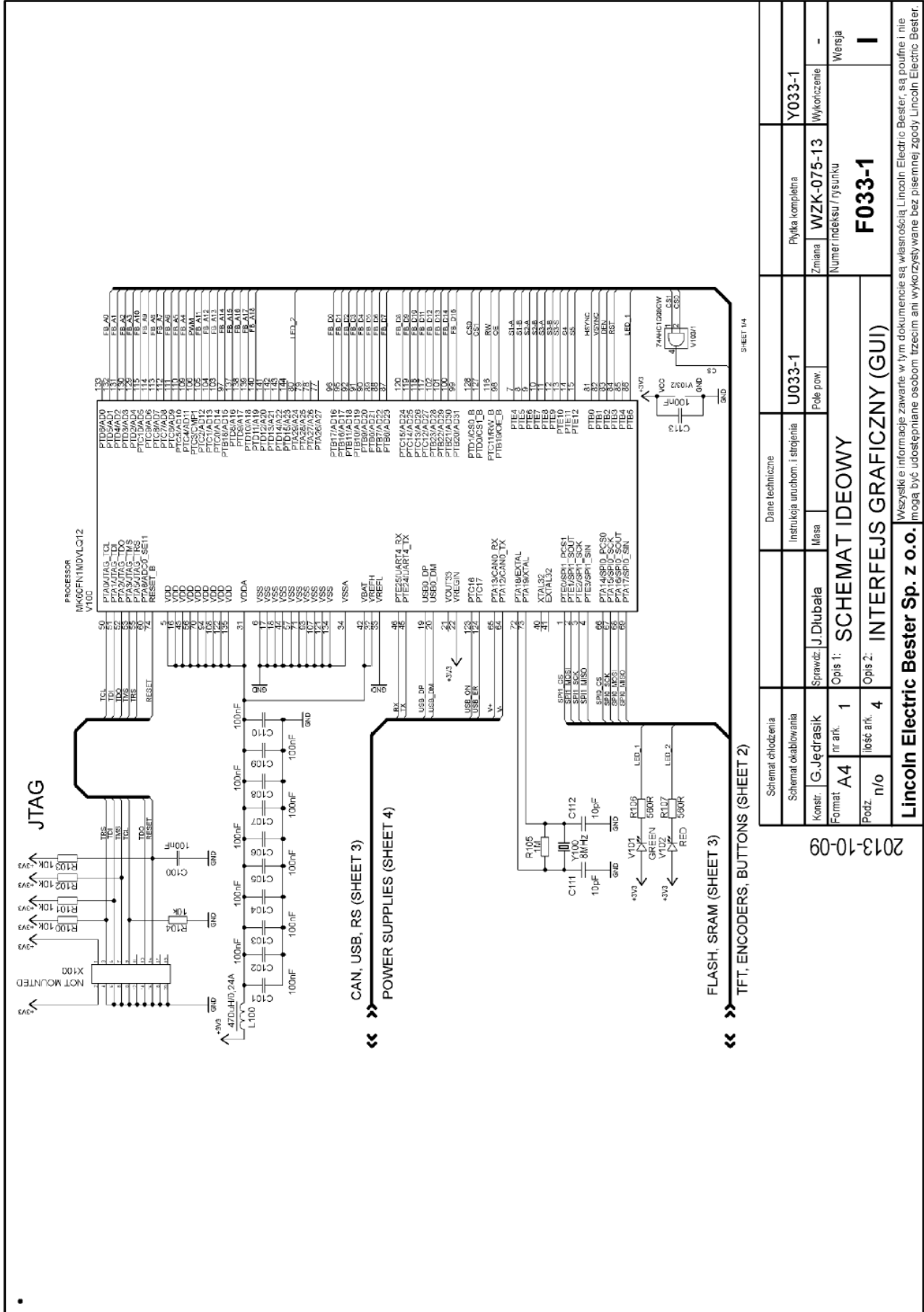


ELECTRICAL DIAGRAMS



ELECTRICAL DIAGRAMS

USER INTERFACE BOARD Y033-1 SCHEMATIC – page 1

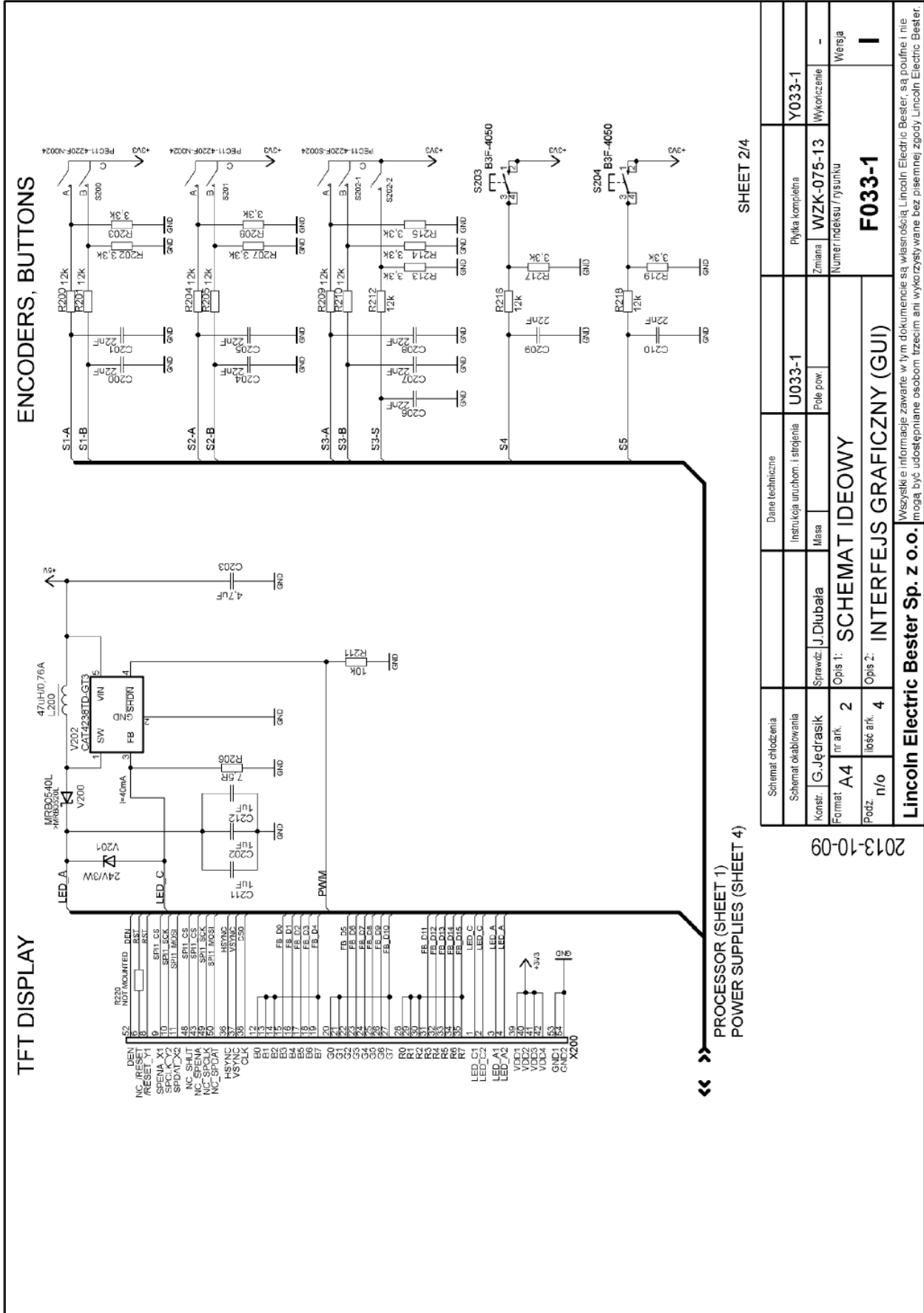


Schemat chłodzenia	Dane techniczne		Płytki kompletna	
Schemat okablowania	Instrukcja uruchom. i sterowania		Y033-1	
Konstr. G.Jędrasik	Sprawdz. J.Dłubala	Masa	Zmiana WZK-075-13	Wykończenie -
Format A4	Opis 1: SCHEMAT IDEOWY		Numer indeksu / rysunku F033-1	
Podz. n/o	Opis 2: INTERFEJS GRAFICZNY (GUI)	Wersja I		

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ELECTRICAL DIAGRAMS

USER INTERFACE BOARD Y033-1 SCHEMATIC – page 2



SHEET 2/4

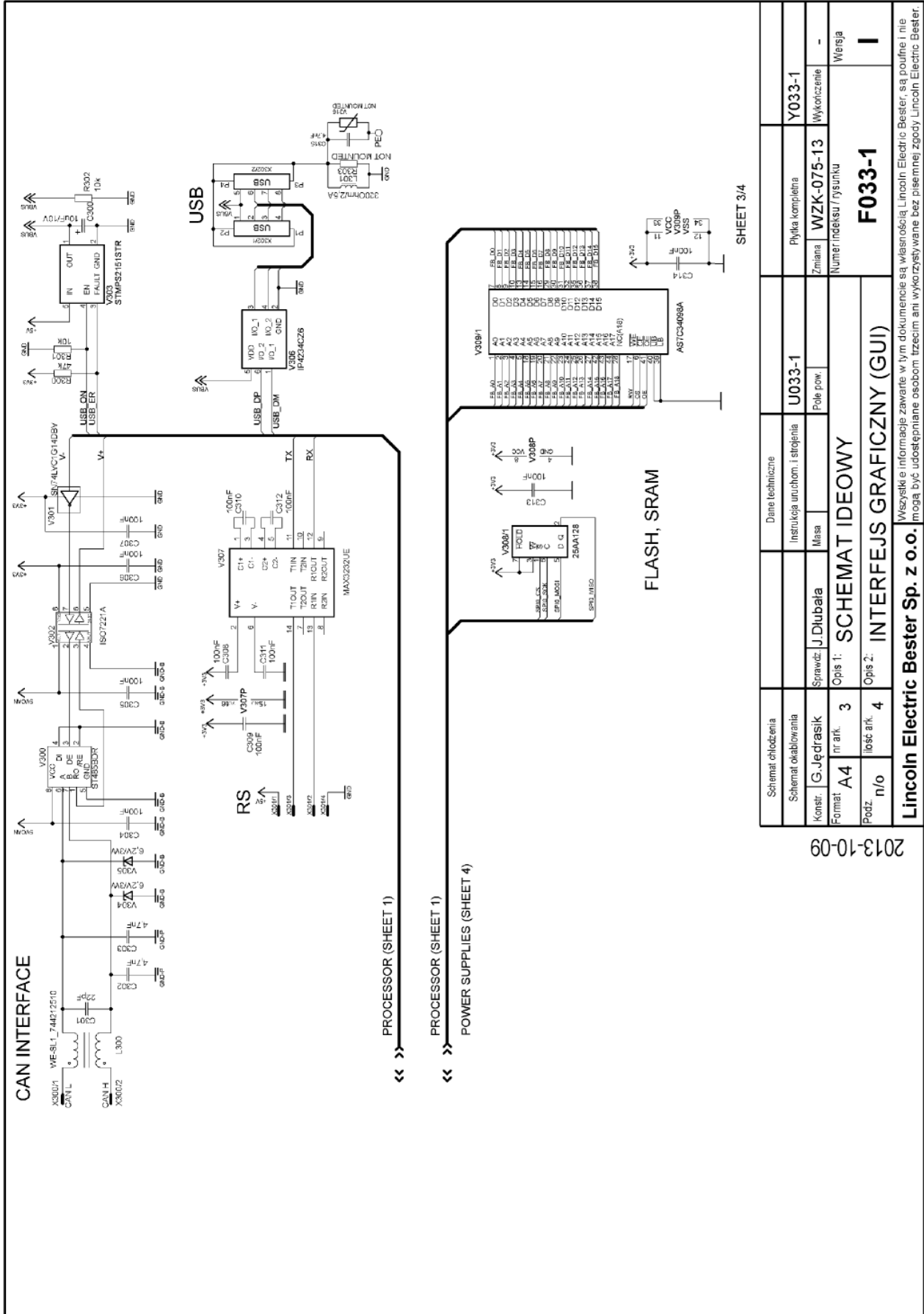
Schemat chłodzenia	Dane techniczne	
Schemat okablowania	Instrukcja uruchom. i sterowania	U033-1
Konstr. G. Jedrasik	Sprawcz. J. Dhubala	Płytki kompletna
Format: A4	nr ark. 2	Zmiana
Podz. n/o	Opis 1: SCHEMAT IDEOWY	WZK-075-13
	Opis 2: INTERFEJS GRAFICZNY (GUI)	Wskazanie
		Numer indeksu / rysunku
		Wersja
		F033-1
		I

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ELECTRICAL DIAGRAMS

USER INTERFACE BOARD Y033-1 SCHEMATIC – page 3

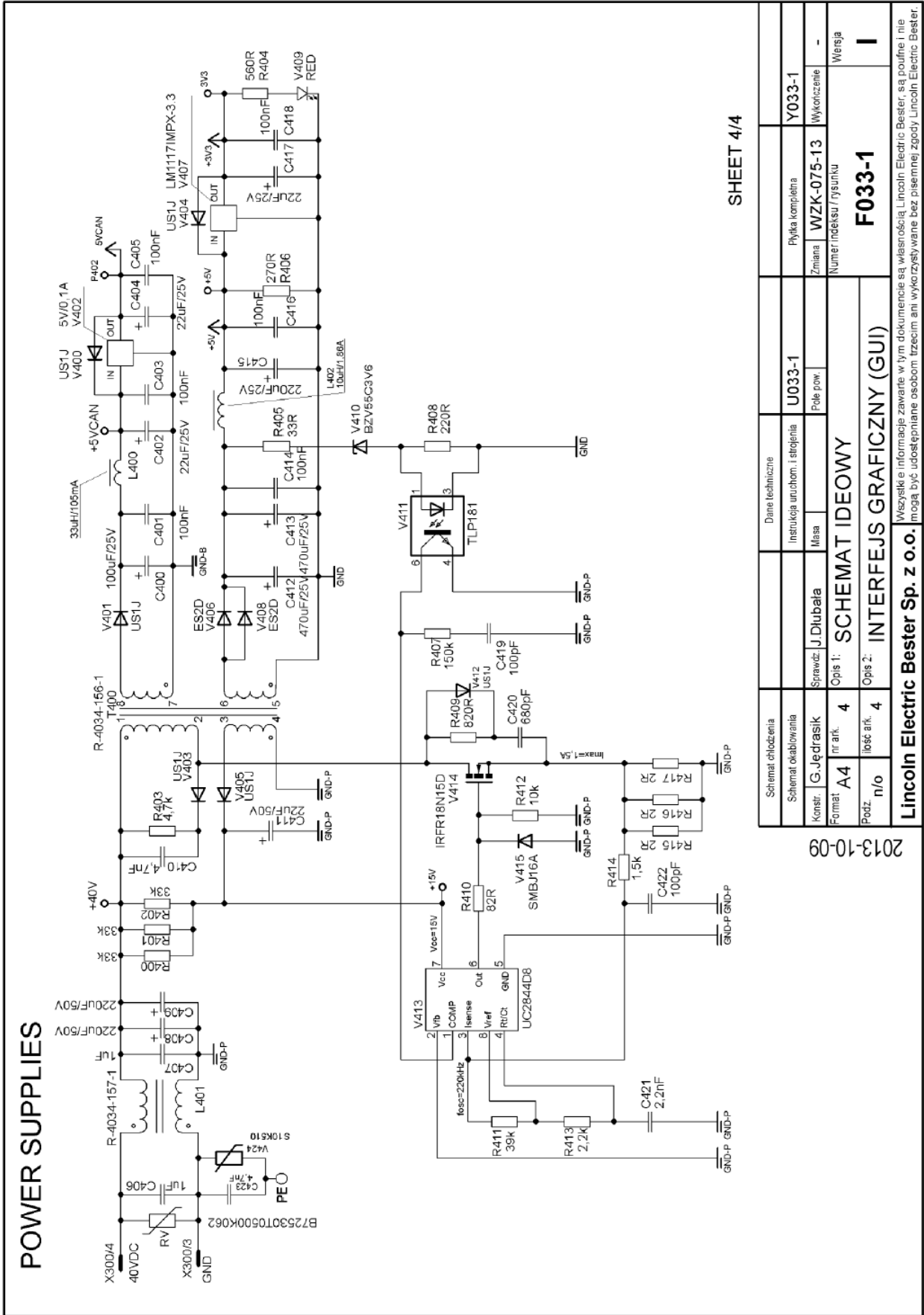


Schemat chłodzenia	Dane techniczne		Płytki kompletna		Y033-1
Schemat okablowania	Instrukcja uruchom. i sterowania		U033-1		Wykorzystanie
Konstr. G. Jedrasik	Sprawdz. J. Dłubala	Masa	Zmiana WZK-075-13	Wersja	
Format A4	nr art. 3	Opis 1: SCHEMAT IDEOWY		F033-1	
Podz n/o	ilość art. 4	Opis 2: INTERFEJS GRAFICZNY (GUI)		I	
Lincoln Electric Bester Sp. z o.o. Wszystkie informacje zawarte w tym dokumencie są własnością Lincoln Electric Bester, są poufne i nie mogą być udostępniane osobom niezecim ani wykorzystywane bez pisemnej zgody Lincoln Electric Bester.					

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ELECTRICAL DIAGRAMS

USER INTERFACE BOARD Y033-1 SCHEMATIC – page 4



SHEET 4/4

Schemat chłodzenia		Dane techniczne	
Schemat okablowania		Instrukcja uruchom. i strojenia	
Konstr. G. Jedrasik	Sprawdz. J. Dziubała	Masa	
Format: A4	nr ark. 4	Opis 1:	SCHEMAT IDEOWY
Podz. n/o	ilość ark. 4	Opis 2:	INTERFEJS GRAFICZNY (GUI)
Lincoln Electric Bester Sp. z o.o.		Lincoln Electric Bester, sa poulne i nie mogą być udostępniane osobom. Iżecim ani wykorzystywane bez pisemnej zgody Lincoln Electric Bester.	

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